هكذا من الأصل

THE LIBRARY, THE UNIVERSITY OF KENT

ished 1785
sday July 3 1975
9,438
ten pence

THE TIMES

Peter Jay interprets the Chancellor's statement, page 21

Labour Party revolt brewing over statutory pay threat

olt is building up in the Labour Party over Healey's anti-inflation proposals. Senior ters are understood to be trying to devise a promise formula after the "Tribune" group said it would oppose any statutory pay controls. Emergency talks will be held today between the Government and the TUC, which plans a tougher voluntary pay policy.

Ministers in search for compromise formula

hael Hatfield
al Staff
or Cabinet ministers are tood to be making an t to devise a compro- ormula on the proposed ry incomes policy in to head off the revolt is building up inside the r Party.

White Paper to be pub- next week, it is thought. t out details of proposed ng legislation allowing for ry controls if a voluntary operating the 10 per cent on wages is seen to ailing. This "back-up" inism, it is hoped, will the objections of some ers and many back- ers who are opposed in ple to statutory controls. also hoped that they will le to go along with en- legislation without com- committing themselves to a ory policy.

ether such a formula will prove successful was in doubt last night. There are already murmurings of ministerial resignations, and the *Tribune* group of about 80 Labour MPs stated yesterday that it would oppose any legislation introducing statutory controls. The group also decided to issue a statement on Monday challenging the proposals of Mr Healey, Chancellor of the Exchequer. Moreover, it was disclosed last night, the MPs propose to set out the arguments that took place inside the Cabinet on Tuesday morning.

The campaign to change the Government's thinking, to be outlined in the White Paper, is being led by Mr Wedgwood Benn, Secretary of State for Energy, Mr Foot, Secretary of State for Employment, and Mrs Castle, Secretary of State for Social Services. Although there were no suggestions last night that they would resign, there is little doubt that a number of junior ministers are on the brink of resignation.

A further move being proposed last night was the request for an emergency meeting of the Labour Party's national executive committee, the custodian of conference decisions, from which the manifesto commitments are drawn. The three Cabinet ministers leading the campaign all sit on the committee. Other Cabinet members include Mr Wilson, Mr Healey, Mr Jenkins, Home Secretary, and Mr Callaghan, Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs.

It is expected that any legislation that the Government brings to Parliament will be debated on the floor of the House when it reaches committee stage. But there were further indications that the Government has reached a legislative log jam when it became known that a guillotine motion is to be imposed upon the committee stage of the Petroleum and Submarine Pipelines Bill on Monday.

The *Tribune* group made it clear that it would vote against the Government if it brought a statutory incomes policy before the Commons. About 30 members met for an hour yesterday and afterwards Mr Eric Heffer, MP for Liverpool, Walton, stated:

We have considered the situation arising out of the Chancellor's statement and our firm position is that if legislation is introduced to bring in a statutory incomes policy which is contrary to the two general election manifesto commitments, we as a group will undoubtedly oppose any such legislation.

The total strength of the group is about 80 and obviously the Government, even although it is likely to be supported by the Conservative and Liberal parties, would be severely embarrassed if all the *Tribune* MPs carried out the threat.

Briton's fate left to President Mobutu

From Michael Knipe
Nairobi, July 2

Before leaving Kinshasa today President Amin of Uganda had further talks with President Mobutu, the Zairean leader, and later confirmed his decision to reprieve Mr Dennis Hills, the British lecturer who was due to be executed on Friday.

He also confirmed that he had appointed President Mobutu as his intermediary for all further dealings with the British Government.

He was quoted by Radio Zaire as saying that if the British Government wished to normalize relations with Uganda it was "absolutely necessary" that it contacted General Mobutu.

[In a comment from Kinshasa, the Zaire national news agency AZAP hinted that Mr Hills would be repatriated to Britain: "Thus, all the problems of detail concerning principally the repatriation of Hills will be settled through the intermediary of President Moburu Sese Seko."]

Speaking in Swahili prior to his departure, the Ugandan leader said his talks with President Moburu had been excellent. He added: "I do not want to say a great deal but I do not want to have any direct dealings with the British." He had talked enough about Mr Hills, he said, and he would not be willing to receive any Briton direct without the latter first going through General Moburu.

President Amin received Mr Dougal Reid, the British Chargé d'Affaires in Kinshasa, last night to confirm his decision to reprieve Mr Hills.

Mr Hills, whose reprieve came only three days before he was to have faced a firing squad, is still being detained in Kampala.

It is unclear as yet whether President Amin is now channelling through President Moburu the political and military demands he previously made. One of these was that Mr Callaghan the British Foreign Secretary, should visit Uganda.

Twelve Italian Roman Catholic missionaries, members of the Order of Verona were expelled from Uganda today. They were refused permission to remain in Kampala an extra day in order to catch a direct flight to Rome.

Airport authorities at Entebbe also refused entry to British journalists who attempted to enter Uganda.

Kinshasa, July 2.—Praising President Mobutu for Mr Hill's reprieve, the newspaper *Salongo* said he had succeeded where the Queen of England, the Pope and many African leaders had failed. In Nairobi, the *Daily Nation* said it was the "most rational thing Amin had done since he assumed power". — Agence France-Presse.





Wimbledon fashions: Billie Jean King, who won yesterday, and M Jacques Chaban-Delmas, former French Prime Minister, who lost in the veterans' doubles. Rex Bellamy, page 6.

Churches move closer on 'mixed' marriage

By Clifford Longley
Religious Affairs Correspondent

Agreement has virtually been reached by a joint commission of Anglican and Roman Catholic theologians on the doctrine of marriage, according to church sources in London. The agreement, which has important implications for "mixed" marriage, might eventually contribute to an easing of tension in Northern Ireland.

The commission, appointed by the Pope and the Archbishop of Canterbury seven years ago, held its final meeting in Venice last week. Its report, although containing some reservations, is understood to outline a common understanding of the nature of marriage, and some recommendations to the two parent churches.

One of them is believed to be a plea for automatic recognition by the Roman Catholic Church of the validity of mixed (ie, Roman Catholic-Anglican) marriages performed in Anglican churches. At present, unless permission is granted by the local Roman Catholic bishop beforehand, the Roman Catholic church regards such marriages as invalid. The commission is thought to recommend that it should view them more favourably and place more confidence in the Anglican church.

In Ireland the Roman Catholic Church's hostility to mixed marriage is often blamed for contributing to the separation of Catholics and Protestants and thus to the tension beween the two communities. Apart from frowning upon such marriages, the Irish bishops have taken a strict line on the religious upbringing of the children, which has led the Protestant churches in their turn to dislike mixed marriages.

The commission has apparently recognized the equal rights and responsibilities of both churches, whereas the traditional Roman Catholic attitude has tended to play down the rights of the non-Roman Catholic partner.

By agreeing on a common theology of marriage the commission has also removed a small obstacle to union between Anglican and Roman Catholic churches. Agreement has been announced on the Eucharist and the ministering, and another joint commission is studying the question of authority.

While recognizing their differences, the two sides of the commission have apparently agreed that both churches must have some way of coping with broken marriages. There are signs that they have moved towards each other in that respect, and for that reason it is felt that the report will not be wholly welcomed in the Vatican, where divorce is a highly sensitive issue.

The report will not be published until the Vatican gives its consent, which may take some time to obtain.

Labour MP to speak for French prostitutes

From Our Correspondent
Lyons, July 2

Mr Raymond Fletcher, Labour MP for Ilkestor, promised a national meeting of French prostitutes near Lyons last night that he would raise their problems with French colleagues in the Council of Europe.

He was in Lyons for meetings of the Council's Assembly, of which he is a vice-president.

Mr Fletcher said he was not concerned with the ladies profession but with their rights and dignity as human beings, as women and as mothers. Having listened to sordid tales of police brutality, repeated prison sentences and tax entanglements, which the prostitutes claimed effectively prevented them from ever leaving their trade, he promised to extend the report he was preparing for the Assembly on women's political rights to include their human problems.

When a 26-year-old speaker displayed extensive bruises and scratches on her arms, which she alleged had been inflicted by the police during a raid, Mr Fletcher said that had Lyons been in Britain he would have raised the matter in the House of Commons.

Our Paris Correspondent writes: About 200 of the prostitutes today drove in coaches from Lyons to Chanonap, in the Puy de Dôme region, to demonstrate before the château belonging to President Giscard d'Estaing's family. The President was not in residence.

They threw tracts protesting against police harassment and fines into the grounds, and demanded mediation.

The prostitutes have made it clear that they will oppose any return to the old maison close system, which has recently been suggested as a solution to their problem.

Mr Healey rules out criminal sanctions

aul Routledge
ur Editor

JC leaders are to have emergy talks with senior Cabinet sters this morning after ing up the outline of a her voluntary pay policy.

special meeting of the TUC omic committee has been d to discuss the trade union ment's response to the cellor's insistence that pay should not exceed 10 per in the next wage round, this will be followed by at Congress House between unions and ministers after weekly Cabinet meeting.

e TUC's policy talks have brought forward from next nesday in the light of the ncy of the economic situa- and union leaders are ex- d to approve a version of flat-rate pay policy of Mr Jones, general secretary of Transport and General kers' Union.

lthough today's talks are exploratory, the exchanges at the highest level. TUC ders will discuss the options greater pay restraint with Healey, the Chancellor, Mr rt, Secretary of State for ployment, and Mrs Williams, cretary of State for Prices d Consumer Protection.

Although he is unlikely to be esent, Mr Jones told his nion's policy-making confer- ce in Blackpool yesterday that e Chancellor had pledged that ere would not be statutory ulation of wages. But Mr aley's plan for a legal pay limit of 10 per cent is ly to run into trouble unless Government meets trade on demands for tougher con- s on prices.

an unexpected intervention the Transport and General kers' Union conference, Mr es said yesterday:

soon as I heard the statement

Continued on page 2, col 3

CBI and unions given assurance

By Malcolm Brown

Mr Healey, the Chancellor, went out of his way yesterday to reassure industrial and trade union leaders that the effects on demand of the Government's incomes policy, whether voluntary or statutory, would not be sufficient to cause concern.

He told CBI and TUC representatives at the National Economic Development Council that on the best estimates available the effects on demand and employment would not be significant.

Mr Healey was apparently keen to explain the Government's reasoning in some detail to the two sides of industry. In a statement read privately to the meeting, part of which was later released for publication, Mr Healey said that the Government hoped to reach a voluntary agreement with the CBI and the TUC which would guarantee that the limits announced for pay increases in the next round were not exceeded.

"If this proves to be impossible the Government will introduce legislation requiring employers in both the public and private sectors to observe these limits."

The Government, he emphasized, was totally opposed to the application of criminal sanctions against trade unionists or workpeople. "Whenever this has been tried in the past it has resulted only in lowering respect for the law", he said.

Neither the CBI nor the TUC teams, led by Mr Campbell Adamson and Mr Len Murray, felt that yesterday's meeting of the NEDC was the proper forum for what are likely to be highly delicate negotiations.

It appears to have been agreed by Mr Adamson and Mr Murray that no purpose would be served by having another joint meeting of the CBI and the TUC in the next few days.

There might be a further meeting of the two sides after they have separately seen the Chancellor.

The CBI is expecting to see Mr Healey early next week, probably on Monday. The employers will press the Chancellor for more detail on his plans for using the Price Code to ensure compliance in the private sector. They will emphasize that the difficult liquidity position of many companies must put a strict limit on what the Chancellor can achieve through the price mechanism without harming investment and employment prospects.

Leading article, page 15

Reserves hint at oil funds outflow

By Melvyn Westlake

City speculation that the oil exporting countries may have begun to withdraw some of their funds deposited in London appears to be borne out by Treasury figures, published yesterday, which show that Britain's gold and foreign currency reserves now stand at their lowest level for 16 months.

The figures reveal a further 4½ per cent drop in the reserves during June, bringing the total loss in the past two months to 13 per cent. Since their peak last November they have fallen by over a fifth.

Moreover, the fall would have been larger in June but for the high level of overseas borrowing by the public sector.

If the steady decline in the pound over recent weeks has prompted oil state withdrawals this could present one of the most dangerous threats to the Government's economic strategy. Fears of an outflow of oil money have been mounting lately.

The oil exporting countries' official deposits in London stood at some £3,500m at the end of March. But there have been persistent reports that this figure has steadily declined since.

When foreigners withdraw money from London it is immediately converted into foreign currencies, and if this is not to depress sterling the Bank of England must draw on the nation's reserves.

The actual recorded drop in the reserves during the month was $293m (£134m), leaving them standing at $6,198m (£2,837m). But this figure was only struck after the inclusion of $261m of borrowed money. Thus, the real outflow amounted to $554m.

How much of this was attributable directly to Bank of England exchange market support for the pound is not officially disclosed. But some estimates put the cost of direct official support for the pound at between $200m and $300m—a rather higher level than initially thought.

A further $46m of the reserves loss resulted from long-term debt servicing payments, with the balance apparently caused by direct transactions between the Bank of England and other central banks on behalf of Government departments.

The latter transactions, however, can be viewed as a kind of disguised support for the pound. This is because almost the whole of any fall in the reserves is, by strict definition, tantamount to support. If such transactions had been put through the exchange market the pound would have declined even further than it actually did.

Yesterday, sterling maintained the improvement that occurred after Tuesday's statement by Mr Denis Healey, the Chancellor, that pay increases would be held at 10 per cent, by law if necessary. The pound's "floating devaluation" rate against 10 other key currencies, from the base-date of December 1971, was unchanged at 27.8 per cent.

The dollar, however, strengthened sharply against all the major European currencies. The pound thus did well to hold its loss against the dollar to 1 cent when it closed at $2.2005.

French police join London terrorist link inquiry

By Staff Reporters

French detectives flew to London yesterday as New Scotland Yard's bomb squad took over the investigation into an arms find in a London flat and its possible connexion with international terrorists.

A passport photograph found with guns and explosives in a top-floor flat in Hereford Road, Bayswater, resembles a French police description of a gunman they called "Carlos Martinez" who killed two Paris police officers and a Lebanese prisoner last Friday.

It is possible "Carlos", whom the French police believe to be connected with terrorist organizations in 10 capitals throughout the world, is hiding in Britain. Last night Scotland Yard refused to comment on reports that a hunt had begun although one neighbour said he saw the man on Monday.

The weapons and explosives were uncovered by Mr Brian Woodhams, aged 27. He told *The Guardian* newspaper on Tuesday night that the cache had been left in the flat of Miss Angela Ortaola, aged 22, his girlfriend.

Miss Ortaola, who works in a Bayswater restaurant, told reporters that she met a man called Carlos a year ago. He described himself as South American and asked her to look after a bag for him.

He collected that but four weeks ago left a black holdall, saying he was going to Paris. Mr Woodhams became suspicious about the bag after he noticed a smell coming from it. Inside he found gelignite, two automatics, coshes and a list of names of eminent people many of them Jewish.

Among the names were those of Lord and Lady Sainsbury, several members of the Sieff family, Mr John Osborne and his wife Miss Jill Bennett, Lady Elliott of Harwood, Lord Drogheda, Mr Norman Del Mar, Sir Bernard Delfont, Mr Harold Sebag-Montefiore, Sir Keith Joseph and Mr Yehudi Menuhin.

Yesterday morning Miss Ortaola and Mr Woodhams went to Harrow Road police station to help investigations begun by Det Chief Supt Declan Hurley, the head of CID in D division.

Commander Roy Habershon, head of the bomb squad, later took over the investigation and the couple remained at Harrow Road throughout the day.

Mr Frederick Emmett, part-owner of a launderette below Miss Ortaola's flat, said a man resembling "Carlos" waited in Hereford Road on Monday.

Mr Emmett was shown a copy of the picture put out by the French police. He said:

I saw him standing at the entrance to the alley leading to the flat. He was there for about a quarter of an hour between 1 pm and 1.15 pm. He was wearing glasses, a green corduroy jacket and an open-neck shirt. Then he walked down the passage and that was that.

Mrs Piena Kelly, a waitress at a cafe nearby, recognized the man in the photograph but could not remember where she had seen him.

Miss Ortaola moved to the three-room flat nine months ago.

On Tuesday French police uncovered an arsenal and forger's equipment in a Paris flat to which "Carlos" returned after the shooting on Friday.

Forged Chilean documents found in the London flat for "Adolf Jose Muller Bernal" are thought by the French to have belonged to "Carlos". They are pursuing two women friends in Paris who left for Algiers and Bogotá on Saturday.

The police search of a flat belonging to Michel Moukabel, the man killed on Friday, found grenades similar to those used by a Japanese group called the Red Army in an attack on the

Continued on page 2, col 6

Magna Carta for loan to US

The British Library reference division is to lend the United States Congress one of its original copies of the Magna Carta for the bicentennial celebrations of American independence. There are four examples of the document extant.

Relief for egg farmers

ain failed to gain from the EEC the full cession it had sought for its egg pro- ers—a ban on imports, mainly from mandy and Brittany, which have sened a situation in which egg prices e dropped. But in a move which will ult in a degree of relief for British ducers, the European Commission pended import subsidies on eggs and eased export rebates. Page 4

r Cairns removed

Whitlam, the Australian Prime ister, yesterday dismissed Dr Cairns n his post as Environment Minister. reason was said to be an "unsatisory" explanation of his alleged involvet in multi-million dollar loan raising vities overseas Page 5

npaid tax interest

sons for the Finance Bill provisions the payment of interest on unpaid tax e outlined to the Commons committee the Bill by Mr Joel Barnett, Chief retary to the Treasury Page 12

nort-time at peak

rt-time working in industry in April at its highest level for 23 years. Today's partment of Employment *Gazette* orts that 237,000 workers were laid off periods during the month Page 19

nmigrant employment

r job opportunities for the children of migrants was blamed at a police chiefs' ference yesterday for clashes involving police. Sir Geoffrey Wilson, chairman he Race Relations Board, speaking else- ere, said that few employers or unions taken positive steps to end crimination Page 4



Royal parade: The Queen with Lieutenant-General Sir Chandos Blair after inspecting the Royal Scots Guards when she arrived at the Palace of Holyrood House, Edinburgh, yesterday. Last week General Blair went to Uganda by air to seek a reprieve for Mr Dennis Hills

Revolt by peers: A motion in the Lords today challenging the selection of the delegation to the European Parliament is expected to win strong support 2

Fines report: Five thousand people marched on Westminster yesterday to lobby MPs for a better deal for one-parent families 2

Abortion Bill: General support for proposed changes in the law was declared by the General Synod of the Church of England 3

Portugal: Workers challenge Government order that control of Renescensa radio station should be returned to church 4

Norton aid: Firm indications that no extra Government assistance will be forthcoming for Norton Villiers Triumph motor cycle company emerged last night. 19

Threat to stately homes

High taxation and rising costs are threatening thousands of historic homes and urgent action is needed to ensure that the national heritage is not undermined, conservation groups told the Commons Select Committee on the Wealth Tax yesterday. The Duke of Edinburgh said on television that unless stately homes were treated in a special way they would become ruins Page 3

Leader, page 15
Letters: On the Polytechnic of North London from Lord Annan; on the Crossman diaries from Mr A. R. Isserlis; on British exports to Europe from Sir Frederick Catherwood and Sir Derek Ezra
Leading articles: The politics of Mr Healey; North London Polytechnic
Features, pages 9 and 14
Lord Longford reviews Lord Thomson's autobiography, *After I was Sixty*; Bernard Levin asks whether British psychiatrists will speak out against Soviet abuse of their profession; Shopping, by Philippa Toomey
Arts, page 11
John Percival on John Neumeier's Mahler ballet; John Higgins on the restaging of *Peter Grimes* at Covent Garden; Jeffery Daniels on Luca Giordano (Heim Gallery)
Books, page 8
Michael Ratcliffe on the wartime correspondence of Churchill and Roosevelt; Michael Wolff on the Cecils; David Williams on the young D. H. Lawrence
Diary, page 14
Interview with William Manchester, author of 1,397-page book about America during the past 40 years
Obituary, page 17
James Robertson Justice, Professor Joseph Proudman
Sport, pages 5-7
Cricket: John Woodcock reports MCC's match with the Australians, Middlesex and Leicestershire reach Benson and Hedges Cup final
Business News, pages 19-23
Stock market: Equities were active but lost early gains. The FT index lost 0.2 to 315.3, having touched 325.5 earlier
Financial Editor: Renold, stocks and inflation; what counts now at Sheffield Twist; justifying the premium at Mercury Securities

Home News	2-4	Class list	17	Letters	15	Sport	5-7
European News	4	Court	17	Motoring	27	TV & Radio	27
Overseas News	4, 5	Crossword	26	Obituary	17	Theatres, etc	10, 11
Appointments	17	Diary	14	Parliament	12	Trips	17
Arts	11	Engagements	17	Premium Bonds	4	25 Years Ago	5
Books	8	Features	9, 14	Sale Room	3	Weather	2
Business	18-23	Law Report	23	Science	4	Wills	17

US colonel missing in Beirut

Washington, July 2.—Armed men dragged a United States Army colonel from a taxi in Beirut on Sunday and he has been missing since, the State Department said today.

He was identified as Colonel Ernest Morgan, attached to the Central Treaty Organization (Cento) in Ankara. He was making a transit stop in Beirut on his return from Cento exercises in Pakistan.

On Monday the pro-Palestinian newspaper *Al-Moharrer* wrote: "Resistance movement members last night arrested a foreigner" near the airport roundabout. "He was not carrying any identity papers."

Two Marxist guerrilla movements, asked about the report, said they knew nothing of the colonel. Sources close to Al Fatah, the biggest guerrilla organization, said they had been inquiring into his whereabouts for two days.—Reuter.

SAVILLS



LISTER HOUSE
WIMPOLE STREET, W.1.
WITH PLANNING CONSENT FOR A MEDICAL DIAGNOSTIC CLINIC

Long lease for sale by tender
CLOSING DATE, NOON, 31ST JULY, 1975
FOR TENDER DOCUMENTS & PARTICULARS APPLY
JOINT SOLE AGENTS:

SAVILLS
20 Grosvenor Hill,
Berkeley Square,
London W1X 0HQ.
Tel: 01-499 8644

JOHN D. WOOD
23 Berkeley Square,
Mayfair,
London W1X 6AL.
Tel: 01-629 9050

SAVILLS

HOME NEWS

Action more urgent than unity facade, Tory spokesman says

By George Clark
Political Correspondent

Government proposals for tackling inflation, as they stand now, are incomplete and inadequate, Sir Geoffrey Howe, QC, the Shadow chancellor, said yesterday.

"Fudged decisions would be disastrous", he said. "The overriding objective of defeating inflation needs to be supported by the determination of a united government.

"It is more important to secure the implementation of the economic measures now necessary than to maintain the facade of unity within a deeply divided Labour Cabinet."

Sir Geoffrey was reflecting a general feeling among Conservative MPs that economic events had compelled Mr Healey, Chancellor of the Exchequer, to make a hurried statement roughly outlining his policy, but that the promised "economic package" was still far from being settled.

They sensed that the Prime Minister and Mr Healey had slightly retreated from their firm position of last Monday when they met representatives of the unions and employers at a meeting of the National Economic Development Council yesterday, and when Mr Healey discussed government plans with Mr Murray, TUC general secretary.

Labour left-wingers quickly seized upon Mr Healey's statement to NEDC that there would be no question of punishing working people for any breach of the 10 per cent wage rise limit.

Mr Healey, they said, had spoken of legislation to impose a legal requirement on employers to comply. That could bring union representatives into court with employers, and there would still be the possibility that unions refusing to obey court orders would be liable to punishment for contempt of court.

Sir Geoffrey told Conservative women at Caxton Hall, London, that the Government had at last recognized the need for action, but so far Mr Healey had made only a declaration of intent.

Conservatives would apply one simple test: Is the Government acting wholeheartedly in the national interest? There has never been any doubt of Conservative support for prompt and determined action to overcome inflation, but action must be comprehensive.

Sir Geoffrey said that, in any event, Britain must pay a heavy price for 16 months of extravagance, deception and inaction. Mr Healey's announcement had made plain the cynicism and deceitfulness of Labour's attitude in the two 1974 elections. Socialist leaders were being forced by the facts to tear up the myths they had done so much to create.

Referring to the deeply divided Labour Cabinet, Sir Geoffrey said he could appreciate the desire to find a common ground of understanding for the Government's policies, but this was not the occasion for an endless search for agreement.

"There is a grave risk that such an agreement will repeat the errors of the disastrous social contract. The Government should not, in the course of this bargaining, bind itself to promises that ought not to be given in exchange for promises that cannot be fulfilled.

It was a serious omission that the Chancellor had proposed no reductions in public spending programmes, either now or in the future.

Chancellor opposed to criminal sanctions

Continued from page 1

from the Chancellor, I contacted Mr Len Murray, the TUC general secretary. I confirmed our policy decision (in support of the social contract) and made it quite clear this is where the TGWU stands and will stand.

I said we will want clarification of parts of the statement made by the Chancellor. As late as 1.30 am today Len Murray, who had been in touch with the Chancellor, telephoned me and he said quite clearly that the Chancellor had confirmed to him that there would be no statutory regulation of wages. This is a quite firm statement made by the Chancellor to the general secretary of the TUC.

Urgent talks were being arranged with the Government, but he was "the servant of this conference" and he intended to remain in Blackpool until it ended tomorrow. After that he will be free to take part in negotiations with the Government, and it is likely that the pace of consultations will accelerate early next week when the crucial debate on wages is due to take place at the mineworkers' conference in Scarborough. An emergency meeting of the TUC general council may be called, and this could be followed later in the month by a special conference of trade union executives to give rapid endorsement to the tougher version of the social contract as the unions' contribution to the fight against inflation.

Mr Jones gave an assurance "absolutely and definitively" that the union's policy decision taken two days ago in support of voluntary wage restraint tied to strict price controls would be pursued in the talks with ministers. "We will try to ensure that these policies are accepted. There are two sides to the social contract—ours and the Government's. We expect the Government to honour their side just as they are entitled to expect us to play our part."

A left-wing move to have Mr Healey's pay plan debated by the conference was defeated after the TGWU leader had made his statement. A group of militants had drawn up an emergency resolution demanding that the union dissociate itself from any new deal between the TUC and the Government if it involved trade union acceptance of Mr Healey's proposals, but the conference chairman, Mr Leonard Forden, ruled that it could not be debated because delegates had already heard Mr Jones's statement, and only about 150 of them had voted against him being given the opportunity to speak on the issue.

After the morning's debates, Mr Jones said: "We don't want implied threats to be used as a bargaining position in the process of working out a voluntary policy." He added that in their talks with ministers, the trade unions would insist that in no circumstances should penalties against workers be imposed.

I am now opposing the idea that the Government should lay down the principle of wage enforcement and penal sanctions against unions. We want to work out a voluntary policy—one that can be recommended to trade unions. But we are bound to take into account the country's economic circumstances.

We don't want to bring down the Government. I think we can get fairly close to a flat-rate figure for the lower paid. I think that the majority of our trade union colleagues would agree that there has to be an approach that is seen to be fair. We are not in a simple situation. It is no use simply repeating old ideas and old slogans that may have been appropriate some years ago.

Mr Jones added that he still regarded the majority of the Cabinet as socialists, and he said that the White Paper being published by the Treasury next week was not an Act of Parliament but a document setting out government intentions which could be changed. "We must try to persuade the Government", he concluded.

Ready market for rarities in modern art but not for anything below the best

£210,000 for Monet painting, £170,000 for Braque

By Geraldine Norman
Sale Room Correspondent

The market in modern paintings has been shown up in the past two days as the weakest sector of the art market. There are buyers for top quality but not for lesser items.

There have been three sales: one of indifferent quality at Christie's on Tuesday morning, a high quality single collection sale at Sotheby's on Tuesday night, and one of indifferent quality at Sotheby's yesterday.

Yesterday's sale at Sotheby's paralleled Christie's the day before: 30 out of 83 lots were unsold and another 22 were sold below estimate.

At Christie's roughly half the sale was unsold, although only about five lots sold below estimate. In both cases the most distinguished work found a buyer at a high price.

At Sotheby's yesterday a rare painting of about 1900, "Bathers" by Cézanne, went to the Beyeler Gallery of Switzerland at £160,000 (estimate £75,000-£95,000). At Christie's a Degas pastel of dancers had made £94,500 (estimate £60,000-£75,000).

Sotheby's sale on Tuesday night was exceptional in many ways. It comprised a single distinguished French collection; the collection was practically unknown to connoisseurs; and as the paintings had not been on loan to exhibitions they were in outstanding condition.

The sale had clearly fired imaginations; although Christie's and Sotheby's morning sales were sparsely attended by normal standards, Sotheby's had packed three rooms for the evening sale and there were more bidders standing.

The most distinguished paintings went to very high prices. Monet's Rouen Cathedral to £210,000 (estimate £125,000-£150,000); a large Braque still life of 1941 to £170,000 (estimate £140,000-£160,000); and three Fauve Vlaminks at £130,000, £118,000 and £101,000 (two above estimate and one below). Two late Pissarros brought £120,000 and £80,000.

Competition was strong for the real rarities, with many new private collectors after top quality. Lower down the scale there was much less interest. In fact 10 of the 50 paintings were unsold—including three Bonnards and two Soutines.

The message of those sales seems to be that there is much less money about; buyers are prepared to compete for rarities but not for anything short of the best.

Of course, by no means all the lesser items failed to find buyers, but the pattern was a little unpredictable.

Chagall has generally been shunned; Sotheby's had a large and decorative painting which was unsold at £75,000. The German school seemed unpopular—two nice Kirchners unsold. And the surrealists seem to be dipping again, to judge from unsold works by Ernst and Tanguy.

Works of the 1960s and 19 are always a bit difficult to at auction, the prices be steep and the artists not established. They h generally failed to sell over past two days. Christie's se red Ford as a buying in n for neo-realist depictions motorcars, while Sothe opted for Hertz.

On the whole the ninete century, especially the im sionists, have proved stro than the twentieth. But a number of secondary work Renoir have failed to buyers. Looking for artists seem to have fetched st prices, one could mention haps Utrillo and Boudin.

Sale Room, pa

Peers will challenge European delegation

By Our Political Correspondent

Lord Perth, the former Conservative minister who is now a crossbencher in the House of Lords, is likely to get strong support in the House today for a motion which challenges the right of the chief whips and leaders of the two main political parties to select the peers for the British delegation to the European Parliament.

A government motion setting out the names of six Labour and four Conservative peers who are to be in the new delegation, following the decision of Labour to take seats in the European Parliament, is being opposed by the Liberals and the crossbenchers with a few Labour and Conservative peers backing them, because there has been no consultation about dropping Lord Gladwyn, a Liberal, and Lord O'Hagan, a crossbencher, who have been attending Strasbourg since January, 1973.

Lord Perth is moving that Lord Gladwyn and Lord O'Hagan should be reappointed and that the House of Lords Committee of Selection should meet at once to select eight from the original government list to make up the full complement of 10. That would still leave a vacancy in the delegation of 36 from the Lords and the Commons which could be filled by a Scottish Nationalist, Mrs Winifred Ewing, whose name, although selected with the approval of the Government, has not yet come before the Commons for approval.

If the Lords amendment is carried, the Government and Opposition Chief Whips will be deprived of their power (in consultation with the Parliamentary Labour Party on the government side, and with the Shadow Cabinet on the opposition side) to nominate the party representatives. According to one minister last night, the Government may respond to any revolt in the Lords by proposing in the Commons that Mr Russell Johnston, Liberal MP for Inverness, another serving member at the European Parliament, should be dropped to make way for Mrs Ewing.

That would seem to imply that the Government would use its numbers in the Commons to undo any rearrangement in the Lords which changed the balance that the Government wanted to achieve in the delegation; that is to have 18 representatives from Labour, 16 from the Conservatives, one Liberal and one Scottish Nationalist. Some peers were forecasting yesterday that the dispute on what is a comparatively minor matter could well provoke a serious clash between the Lords and the Commons.

The Conservatives have not imposed a three-line whip in support of the government motion, which of course deals with Conservative representation as well as Labour's, and there were signs yesterday that a number of Conservative peers would vote with Lord Perth.

Parents and children march on Westminster

By Pat Healy
Social Services Correspondent

One of the happiest of mass demonstrations took place in London yesterday when five thousand parents and children marched on Westminster to demand action on the Finer Report on One Parent Families. But the seriousness of their purpose clearly went home; the Labour Party whips were stung into producing a briefing paper for the backbench MPs, declaring that the Government had act swiftly.

The demonstration was organized by Gingerbread to mark the first anniversary of the publication of the Finer report, which they claim has not been implemented.

Miss Ruth Cohen, national groups organizer of Gingerbread, said that one-parent families were angry because a year after the report little had been done. They wanted action on the recommendations that one-parent families should have a cash allowance, that a system of family courts should be introduced, and that there should be better day-care facilities and housing policies for them.

The Labour Party briefing said that Gingerbread was wrong in claiming that the Government had largely ignored those recommendations. It said the Government had responded swiftly, and produced a long list of action taken.

It said the Government had rejected the particular form of cash benefit proposed by Finer, but had instead raised all existing benefits, and was introducing family allowances for the first child in one-parent families

Mr Meacher, Under-Secretary of State for Social Security, talked to a deputation from Gingerbread for about an hour and then addressed a meeting of parents.

He enraged his audience by expressing sympathy but stating bluntly that the resources simply were not available yet.

Tory group opposes state aid for parties

By Penny Symon
Political Staff

Taxpayers' money should not be used to finance the activities of political parties outside Parliament and the resentment and suspicion of the electorate at this imposition would be justified, two Conservative backbenchers, Mr Douglas Hurd, MP for Oxon, Mid, and Mr Nigel Lawson, MP for Blaby, say in written evidence to the Houghton committee which is examining the proposal that provision for the parties should be made from public funds. The money would assist them with organization, propaganda and possibly party newspapers.

Although Conservative Party managers have not committed themselves to the principle, a group of backbenchers is emerging which feels that the proposal would have an adverse effect on political life, illustrated by the evidence from Mr Hurd and Mr Lawson, both of whom have worked in the offices of the Prime Minister and the Leader of the Opposition, and in the Conservative research department.

Mr Hurd headed Mr Heath's political office from 1968 until last year, and Mr Lawson was a special assistant to Sir Alec Douglas-Home when he was Prime Minister.

The committee has just begun to collect views and Mr Hurd and Mr Lawson have requested that they be allowed to give oral evidence. Their written evidence says that at a time of exceptional inflation political parties found it hard to keep up the level of activities to which they had been accustomed, but they were not unique in this, the same was true of almost every voluntary organization.

"No doubt the National Trust, the church, the Red Cross and every charity in the land would welcome at this time an infusion of public money", they say. There were two important differences between political parties and other voluntary organizations at a time of inflation, which worked contrary to the proposal for state help.

The MPs say: "The difference is that many p rightly regard the po parties as partly respo for the inflation. The s is that unlike other vol organizations they have power through their rep tatives in Parliament to themselves taxpayers' mo see them through their di ties. It is precisely beca part of their general trus have this unique pow discriminate in their that they must be caref to abuse it."

It was argued, they say the proposal for subsidies help smaller parties found it difficult to cha the position of the two parties: "But if the s parties are to succeed the have the vitality which enable them to raise thei funds and the proposal, from helping new parties, tend to ossify the existing system. If the criteria a subsidies to be paid to mists such as the comm or National Front that add to the unpopularity scheme."

The introduction of scheme could lead, the MI to political parties fi candidates at elections. win seats in Parliament qualify for state ha which would presumab based, in part, on the number of votes gathered

Substantial difficulty, say, could arise over th nition of a political part to whom the cheque sho made out because: " political party as we k is really two parties, a one and the one in Parli To give money to p parties can only be co as a strengthening of th party at the expense of Parliament, and a wea of parliamentary democr

Mr Ronald Hayward, secretary of the Labour has made it clear that hi intends to submit evide the committee in support proposal.

Derbyshire miners support claim for £100 a week

Derbyshire miners' leaders last night decided in principle to support the call for £100 a week for coalface workers and attacked Mr Healey's proposed 10 per cent freeze.

An area council meeting at Chesterfield of al lthe 17 Derbyshire National Union of Mineworkers' delegates representing 12,500 men overwhelmingly approved a "general accord" to support the claim from March 1976.

Mr Peter Heathfield, Derbyshire NUM area secretary, said afterwards: "We feel this is the correct objective for men working on the coalface. There was general accord on this, although there was no definitive resolution. There was a great deal of anger by delegates about Mr Healey's proposal and the U-turn by the Labour Govern-Chesterfield of all the 17 sensible negotiations we can avoid confrontation."

Farm workers will go ahead with a 30 per cent pay claim, Mr Reginald Bottini, general secretary of the National Union of Agricultural and Allied Workers, said yesterday.

Nothing would deter the union this summer from pursuing the £40 claim determined at its national delegate conference, he said. The basic weekly minimum wage is £28.50 at present.

"Mr Healey's proposed 10 per cent wage limitation will provide only trivial increases for the low-paid like farm workers, for whom it is a smack in the eye", Mr Bottini said.

Mr Geoffrey Drain, general secretary of the National and Local Government Officers Association, said his first reaction to the Chancellor's statement was concern for the lower paid. The impact on those least able to bear the brunt of inflation was alarming, he said.

Loyalist anger grows after fresh batch of releases

From Christopher Walker
Belfast

Mr Rees, Secretary of State for Northern Ireland, faces a fresh confrontation with angry "loyalist" politicians over his policy of continuing the release of suspected Provisional IRA men from the Maze prison at Long Kesh.

Apparently unmoved by the mounting wave of criticism from the Protestant community, Mr Rees yesterday freed another 10 republicans, bringing to 291 the total he has released since the original ceasefire declared by the Provisional IRA last December.

Immediately, the official Unionists, the most moderate of the loyalist parties, accused him publicly of encouraging another wave of sectarian killings.

The protest was one of many which has come from the loyalist side, and which are expected to reach a new pitch as the time draws closer for the release of the last 150 men, all believed by the Army to be major security risks. Government officials acknowledge the difficulties which will be faced when only the hard core Provisionals remain, but believe that despite the obvious dangers Mr Rees will have no alternative but to continue with releases.

Since the present programme of executive releases was resumed on June 10, after a halt caused by the murder of a Londonderry policeman, a surprisingly high total of 44 men have been freed. This leaves 260 republicans still held without trial. The last remaining loyalist detainees were freed just before Easter.

The question of detention faces the Government with the familiar dilemma of having to reconcile the diametrically opposed views of the loyalist majority and the Roman Catholic minority.

For that reason, he has repeatedly refused to restart signing interim custody orders against loyalist members of extreme paramilitary groups.

'Holocaust' warning: A "holocaust of unimaginable proportions" could await Britain and Northern Ireland if the British Government abrogated its responsibility here, the president of the Methodist Church in Ireland, Dr Hedley Plunkett, said yesterday at the Methodist Conference in Liverpool.

The conference was debating a resolution, which was approved, that the British had a moral and legal responsibility to keep the peace in Northern Ireland.

Seamen's strike ballot will take at least three weeks

By Tim Jones
Labour Staff

The Government will have to wait at least three weeks before it knows whether there will be a national seamen's strike. Because many of the 40,000 members of the National Union of Seamen are scattered across the world, union officials will have to wait for some time before all the strike ballot votes are in.

The employers, represented by the General Council of British Shipping, said they thought the union's rejection of the 37.3 per cent pay award was incomprehensible.

The council said: "The award comes at a time when major sections of the shipping industry are facing a period of intense recession and when the shipping companies have made a substantial pay settlement in respect of their officers as well as completing a major restructuring of the latter's leave and hours arrangements."

In the council's opinion, shipping managements and the union have a moral obligation to accept the award, made by the Advisory, Conciliation and Arbitration Service.

Under the first part of the offer, which would have become operative today, average weekly earnings would have increased by more than £12 from the present rate of £59 with another £6 to follow in January.

French police join terrorist inquiry

Continued from page 1

French Embassy in The Hague last year. Moukabel is thought to have been the linkman sent to France to establish the network to which "Carlos" belonged.

The French police officers who arrived in London were described as members of the *Direction de la Surveillance du Territoire*, a counter-espionage force similar to the British Special Branch.

Last night officers from New Scotland Yard interviewed reporters from *The Guardian* who were connected with the story.

Jewish response: A spokesman for the Herut Movement, an international Zionist Organization, said yesterday: "There have been attacks on Jewish people in this country before and one has to face the realities of the possibility of more attacks on Jews" (the Press Association reports). "All one can do is be vigilant and coo with the police and auth as much as possible."

Mr Menuhin said: "I surprised. Lists of thi appear from time to tin stems from a desire by who seek to destroy certa tions of society."

Lord Drogheda, former man of the Royal Opera Covent Garden, said: "I know why we should hav singled out. We don't to a special group

Five patrol craft to protect North Sea rigs

By Henry Stanhope
Defence Correspondent

The Government has ordered five offshore patrol vessels to guard Britain's oil and gas installations in the North Sea. The 1,250-ton vessels will be built by Hall Russell, of Aberdeen, at a cost of £2,750,000 each.

The order, presaged in a government announcement last February, was confirmed yesterday by Mr Rodgers, Minister of State for Defence.

The vessels will be lightly armed and will carry out tasks including fishery protection when accepted into service with the Royal Navy from 1977 onwards.

The dimensions of the boats show them to be slightly larger than the Jura, the fishery protection vessel on loan from the Department of Agriculture and Fisheries in Scotland.

The ministry's plans for patrolling offshore rigs has been criticized because of the proposed use of small, lightly armed, craft. But the Navy has pointed out that they will be largely a peacetime force, designed more to cope with possible terrorist action than all-out attacks. In wartime, the rigs would become a priority call on the resources of the whole Navy.

Correction

A report (July 1) of the proceedings of the general synod of the Church of England wrongly described Prebendary Henry Cooper, of the diocese of London, as official exorcist of the diocese. He is in fact adviser on these matters to the Bishop of London and a number of other bishops.

Homosexuals to seek further reforms

By a Staff Reporter

A draft "Bill" to provide for equal treatment under the law for homosexual and heterosexual behaviour is published today by the Campaign for Homosexual Equality.

The most important practical provisions would be to reduce the age of consent for sexual conduct in private between male homosexuals from 21 to 16; to provide a less restrictive interpretation of "in private" than applies under present law; and to end legal discrimination against homosexual behaviour in the Armed Forces.

The campaign says its "Bill" ought to apply to Scotland and Northern Ireland, which were not covered by the Sexual Offences Act, 1967, which permitted homosexual conduct in private between consenting male adults.

It has been drawn up by the campaign in association with the Scottish Minorities Group and the Union for Sexual Freedoms in Ireland.

A booklet arguing the case for reform is also published today by the three groups. It says that the present law, while intended to protect young men from emotional damage, in fact causes suffering to male homosexuals by treating their sexual behaviour as criminal except in narrowly defined circumstances.

The "Bill" provides that certain kinds of behaviour shall be classed as criminal in civilian and Service life only if comparable conduct involving people of different sexes would attract criminal sanctions.

Other clauses seek to place the homosexual obscenity laws on a level with those for heterosexuals, and would make it as lawful for homosexuals to advertise for partners as it is for heterosexuals.

The booklet does not make special reference to female homosexuals, which it says are placed largely on a par with heterosexuals under the present laws.

No Offence, the Case for Homosexual Equality at Law by Bob Sturgess (Campaign for Homosexual Equality, Scottish Minorities Group, Union for Sexual Freedoms in Ireland, 28 Kennedy Street, Manchester M2 4BG, 40p).

Boy bitten by adder dies in hospital

A Scottish boy aged five has died after being bitten by an adder in the Trossachs at the weekend.

Raymond Leitch, of Lichlow Crescent, Hunterhill, Paisley, was on an outing with his parents when he was bitten. He died in a Glasgow hospital on Tuesday.

Pool danger: More than 200 snakes were taken out of a swimming pool at an empty mansion in Purley, Surrey, yesterday into which they had slithered to escape the heat.

Among them were 43 adders, and police alterted by a resident nearby feared danger to children.

An RSPCA inspector removed the snakes after firemen had pumped the pool dry and they were released in the grounds of the house in Purley Downs Road.

Inspector John Ambrose of the RSPCA said: "It is wrong to kill a healthy adder because they are so useful in destroying vermin. Although the bite is venomous, the adder will not normally attack unless something is done to it."

Thatcher appointment

Mr Gordon Reece, who has been advising the Conservative Party in a private capacity on aspects of broadcasting since 1967, has been appointed by Mrs Thatcher to her private office for 12 months. He will advise her on her activities outside Parliament.

No guidelines by Lord Chancellor for rape cases

By Our Legal Correspondent

The Lord Chancellor, Lord Elwyn-Jones, will not be laying down policy guidelines for judges to follow when sentencing men convicted of rape.

He told an all-party deputation of MPs led by Mr Jack Ashley that judges regularly attended sentencing conferences designed to ensure that there was some uniformity of approach in passing sentences

Lord Elwyn-Jones made it clear that sentencing in the higher courts was the responsibility of the Lord Chief Justice

The MPs had originally approached the Lord Chancellor after the suspended sentence passed by Judge Christmas Humphreys on a double rapist last month.

Move to save part of town seen as a test case

By Our Planning Reporter

Efforts to have a large part of Frome, Somerset, declared a conservation area are to be intensified because of Mendip council's decision on Monday to reconsider its comprehensive redevelopment plans.

Although Frome is relatively obscure, it is widely seen as a test case for the future of other small towns whose historic character is threatened.

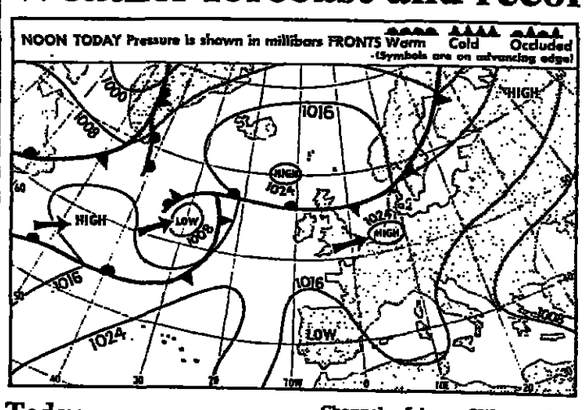
Conservationists argue that in European Architectural Heritage Year it is places of that kind, rather than well-known national monuments, on which attention should be focused.

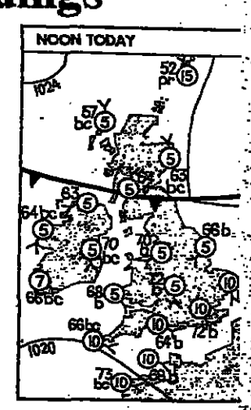
The area comprises about 150 late seventeenth-century houses in and around Trinity Street, built to house workers from the woollen mills near by. It is said to be one of the earliest examples of planned industrial housing in Britain.

After a quarter of a century of blight caused by uncertainty over their future, many of the houses are derelict and empty. But Save Britain's Heritage, a conservation pressure group, claims that rehabilitation would cost only half as much as redevelopment and would provide 150 homes as against 110.

The Department of the Environment and Somerset County Council are believed to be sympathetic towards the conservationists' case.

Weather forecast and recordings





Today

Sun rises: 4.49 am Sun sets: 9.20 pm
Moon rises: 12.43 am Moon sets: 3.29 pm
New Moon: July 9.
Lighting up: 9.50 pm to 4.19 am.
High water: London Bridge, 9.18 am, 5.9m (19.4ft); 9.33 pm, 5.7m (18.7ft). Avonmouth, 1.56 am, 10.1m (33.2ft); 2.29 pm, 10.1m (33.1ft). Dover, 6.38 am, 5.2m (17.0ft); 7.2 pm, 5.3m (17.5ft). Hull, 1.18 am, 5.7m (18.6ft); 1.26 pm, 5.9m (19.2ft). Liverpool, 6.32 am, 7.4m (24.4ft); 7.10 pm, 7.3m (23.8ft).

A weakening trough of low pressure will affect central and S Scotland, N Ireland and N England during the day.

Forecasts for 6 am to midnight:
London, SE England, central S England: Sunny periods, perhaps scattered showers later in day; wind light, variable; max inland temp 24°C (75°F).
East Anglia, Midlands, N Wales: Mostly dry; sunny periods; wind light, variable; max temp 25°C (77°F).
Channel Isles, SW England, Wales: Sunny periods, perhaps scattered thundery showers later; wind E, light; max inland temp 23°C (73°F), cooler on coasts.
E, NW, central N, NE England, Lake District, Isle of Man: Sunny periods, becoming rather cloudy from N; wind variable, becoming N, light; max temp 19 to 22°C (66 to 72°F).
Orkney and Shetland: Sunny intervals; scattered light showers soon dying out; wind N, light or moderate; max temp 13°C (55°F).
Outlook for tomorrow and Saturday: Mostly dry with sunny periods but scattered showers in S at first. Becoming cooler generally.
Sea Passages: S North Sea: Wind variable, light; sea calm.
Strait of Dover, English Channel (E): Wind E, light or moderate; sea slight.
St George's Channel: Wind light, E; sea calm.
Irish Sea: Wind W, light; sea calm.

Yesterday

London: Temp, max 7 am to 7 pm, 23°C (73°F); min, 7 pm to 7 am, 14°C (57°F). Humid pm, 43 per cent. Rain, 24h pm, nil. Sun, 24 hr to 14.0 hr. Bar, mean sea le pm, 1,024.7 millibars, steadi 1,000 millibars=29.53 in.

WEATHER REPORTS YESTERDAY MIDDAY: c, cloud; f, fair; r, rain; s, sun.

	C	F		C	F		C	F		C	F
Algiers	s	30	86	Cologne	c	18	64	L. Palmas	s	24	75
Amsterdam	s	20	68	Copenhagen	s	23	73	Lisbon	s	28	82
Athens	s	34	93	Dublin	s	21	70	Locarno	c	28	82
Barcelona	s	26	79	Edinburgh	s	24	75	London	s	27	81
Beirut	s	32	90	Florence	s	26	79	Luxembourg	r	20	68
Belfast	s	21	70	Funchal	s	25	77	Madrid	s	33	91
Berlin	s	26	79	Geneva	s	18	64	Majorca	s	28	82
Biarritz	s	23	73	Gibraltar	s	25	77	Malaga	s	33	91
Birmingham	s	24	75	Guernsey	s	20	68	Malta	s	28	82
Bristol	s	23	73	Helsinki	c	24	75	Manchester	s	24	75
Brussels	s	18	64	Innsbruck	r	11	52	Moscow	c	20	68
Budapest	s	32	90	Istanbul	s	27	81	Munich	s	18	64
Cardiff	s	22	72	Jersey	s	21	70	Naples	r	22	72
New York	s	29	84	Nice	s	24	75	Nicosia	s	37	99
Oporto	c	21	70	Oslo	s	21	70	Paris	s	24	75
Reykjavik	c	8	46	Rome	s	26	79	Rotterdam	s	19	66
Salzburg	r	19	66	Stockholm	s	27	81	Tel Aviv	s	27	81
Tenerife	s	26	79	Venice	s	30	86	Vienna	s	19	66
Warsaw	s	24	75	Zurich	c	16	61				

At the resorts

24 hours to 6 pm, July 2

	Sun hrs	Rain in	Max temp °C	°F	
S COAST					
Eastbourne	14.2	—	21	70	Sun
Bridlington	14.5	—	20	68	Sun
Clacton	13.9	—	19	66	Sun
Margate	13.5	—	17	63	Sun
S COAST					
Hastings	13.2	—	19	66	Sun
Eastbourne	14.5	—	19	66	Sun
Brighton	15.0	—	19	66	Sun
Worthing	14.3	—	18	64	Sun
Bognor R.	14.0	—	18	64	Sun
Southsea	14.1	—	19	66	Sun
Sandown	13.8	—	18	64	Sun
Bournemth	13.1	—	18	64	Sun
Exmouth	9.4	—	20	68	Sun
Torquay	12.9	—	19	66	Sun
W COAST					
Morecambe	13.5	—	25	77	Sun
Blackpool	14.5	—	23	73	Sun
Ilfracombe	9.7	—	20	68	Cloud
Newquay	11.3	—	23	73	Sun

Pollen count: The pollen cou London yesterday was 79.

Published daily except Sundays, January 1, De 25 and 26, and Good Friday by Times New Limited, London, WC1X 8EZ. Second Class paid at New York, NY. Subscription US$150 by Air Freight at $250 by direct Air Mail. S Abad, Sussex, New York, NY. 10017. Mem

Telephone: 346 9200.

Airmail and Air Edition Subscription rates on r

Overseas selling prices

Austria, Sch 15; Belgium, BFr Canaries, Pes 40; Denmark, DKr Finland, Fmk 2.50; France, Fr Germany, DMk 2.00; Greece, D Holland, Dfl 1.75; Italy, Lire 460 Luxembourg, Lfr 20; Madeira, Esc Malta, 5c; Norway, Kr 4.00; Por Esc 22; Spain, Pes 40; Sw Kr 3.25; Switzerland, SFr 2.50; Canada, $1.00; Yugoslavia, Din 2

هكذا من الأصل

هكذا من الأصل

OME NEWS

all for urgent action to save istoric homes threatened y wealth tax and rising costs

John Young
ning Reporter
e threat to thousands of ric houses in Britain from combined effects of high ion and rapidly rising tenance costs was empha- yesterday to the Commons t Committee on the Wealth

joint committee of the ty for the Protection of ent Buildings, the Ancient uments Society, the gian Group, the Victorian ty and the Civic Trust ded that the proposed tal transfer and wealth s, intended to reduce ualities in the distribution apital and income, should be allowed to undermine national heritage.

It is necessary to distinguish veen wealth which produces ncome and can be freely dis- d of, and wealth in the of historic buildings which, rom being a financial asset, ire an income from other ces for their upkeep", the t committee stated.

overnments had recognized the cost of repairs was quently beyond owners' ns, and since 1953 grants been made for about 3,000 dings. Smaller houses and os in some conservation as were now eligible, and a local authorities had made money available, although not as many as had been hoped.

The combination of rising costs and the decline of individual financial resources had begun to undermine the system of collaboration. Recently a disturbing number of owners had refused grants offered by the historic buildings councils because they could not contribute their share of the cost.

A limited number of buildings had been acquired by the Government or local authorities, but the expenses of acquisition and upkeep were formidable. Between 1970 and 1974 one house, Tatton Park, had cost Cheshire County Council £60,000 a year. The National Trust had for some time refused to accept historic buildings unless accompanied by endowments to ensure their future financial viability.

Most historic houses had until now been maintained by the surrounding agricultural estate or from other assets, the joint committee pointed out. A substantial part of those would have to be sold to meet the proposed capital transfer tax and would also be gradually eroded by the wealth tax.

"The knowledge that a family may not in the future be able to keep its connexion with a historic building will lead many owners to give up the struggle to pay for repairs, maintenance and upkeep of gardens", the joint committee added. "There will then be dozens, if not hundreds, of historic buildings coming on the market within a few years, the contents of which will have been sold piecemeal."

The joint committee welcomed the Government's decision to grant conditional exemption on death for buildings of outstanding historical or architectural interest. But unless provision was made for maintenance, much of the national heritage would fall into decay, it said.

As there was little likelihood of any significant increase in public expenditure for that purpose, the only practicable answer was to ensure that endowment funds and gifts should be free from capital transfer tax, on condition that the capital and income were applied exclusively to the upkeep of the building.

Wealth tax would affect a large proportion of listed buildings, the joint committee said. It was unfair, and would shortly be impossible, for owners to shoulder the whole burden of maintenance out of taxed income, and it should therefore be allowed as a deduction against income, as was the case in Holland, Denmark and France.

Behaviour of college a scandal Lord Annan says

By Our Education Correspondent

Affairs at the Polytechnic of North London are a public scandal, Lord Annan writes today in a strong defence of Mr Terence Miller, the polytechnic's director.

He says in a letter to *The Times*: "Six times between 1971-74, meetings of the Court of Governors have been disrupted, five ending in pandemonium."

Lord Annan, who is Provost of University College, London, says meetings of the academic board have been disrupted five times.

In the course of 18 disruptions, two occupations, the breaking open of files, the stealing of documents and the constant libelling of members of staff, not one student has ever been expelled or disciplined, nor the staff who supported the disruption ever brought to task.

In an attack on the students he says that although the student union's income totals £68,000 no accounts were published until 1974 and then they were meagre and uninformative. He says the union has long been in the hands of the International Socialists, and intimidation by the militants has alienated the mass of students from it.

Lord Annan says that far from Mr Miller being an overbearing tyrant, he has been subject to "brutal and brazen treatment" by militant students and their supporters among the academic staff. He has been physically assaulted and his attempts to reestablish academic standards have been derided and flouted. He adds: "Worse still some governors have supported these students."

A year ago Lord Annan published his report on troubles at the Essex University in which he referred to the unscrupulous and wrecking tactics of a small minority of students. Earlier this year he condemned students for staging "idiotic sitins" in their campaign for higher grants.

His intervention into affairs at the Polytechnic of North London comes at a time when the governors, after voting for Mr Miller's suspension, have set up a committee to look into his actions.

The trouble has been caused by a private letter Mr Miller wrote to the Department of Education and Science asking for bigger cuts in student representation on the academic board than he recommended as a member of a committee looking into the matter.

Letters, Leading article, page 15



Three Anglican bishops who are attending their last General Synod before retiring pictured outside Church House, London, yesterday. They are the Bishop of Bath and Wells, the Right Rev E. B. Henderson; the Bishop of Bristol, the Right Rev O. S. Tomkins and the Bishop of Portsmouth, the Right Rev J. H. L. Phillips.

Study course urged for Asian doctors

By John Roper
Medical Reporter

There should be a three-month course in English, clinical medicine and British social customs for Asian doctors before they take the new examinations in English and clinical competence, Dr Dhani Prem, president of the Standing Conference of Asian Organizations in the United Kingdom, said yesterday.

Dr Prem, a Birmingham family doctor, said that the General Medical Council should make it possible for the examinations to be taken in Asia as well as in Britain. If Asian graduates failed the examination after a three-month course, there would be something wrong and the GMC would be justified in refusing to register them.

He said the publicity about the failure rate in the first examination of 68 applicants (in which 60 per cent did not pass) may have given a false impression that many overseas doctors already working in Britain in hospitals and in general practice might be giving a substandard service. Doctors already in Britain had passed their practical test by giving satisfactory service for many years. Only new doctors were in question.

Dr Gilbert Lawrence, signing himself as an overseas doctor in London, in a letter in the current issue of *On Call*, the journal of the Junior Hospital Doctors' Association, says that the basic problem has not been grasped.

He says that every medical school, including those in Britain, produces three grades of doctors: the very good, the good and the not so good. The very good group from developing countries, having acquired a post-graduate degree at home, go to the United States, because there are more and better training centres in that country and remuneration is higher.

They are also reluctant to come to Britain after being told that the common belief among British consultants is that an overseas doctor is bad unless he is proved good. It is the not so good group who mainly come now to Britain.

Dr Lawrence says Britain must create an atmosphere to keep British-trained doctors at home and also to create opportunities where good overseas-trained doctors are seriously considered for good training posts.

Duke's warning of stately ruins

Our Arts Reporter

The Duke of Edinburgh says a television broadcast today t the people who live in tain's historic country ses will have to be treated a special way: "Or we have ply got to let the houses come ruins and in 1,000 rs people will dig them up l say, 'What marvellous ses these people used to e in'".

The Duke, taking part in a dio discussion tonight after final programme in the ames Television series *A ce in Europe*, says that lies such as the National st and the Historic Build- s Council act as "a kind of pital or first-aid arrange- nt". They could deal with casualties but not the ease.

le says: "Once the disease got in, once the cancer has in, all you can do is to try set up hospitals to deal with casualties, but you are not ually going to deal with the ease and none of these anizations is really getting the root of the problem".

One of the great difficulties, duke, President of the ited Kingdom Council for ropean Architectural Her- ge Year, says, is that those ses and their collections re considered originally to be cultural assets to the people who built them and the collections. "Now they are considered economic assets and once you make this division you never catch up again."

The duke takes up a point about the wealth tax which Lord March and Kinrara, whose home is Goodwood House, brings into the discussion. According to the Government's Green Paper the levy on contents will be deferred, "clicking up" year by year. The result, Lord March and Kinrara says, is that owners would sell after a couple of years and the contents "disappear into an American museum or a shaikh's palace".

The duke says this could be taken to absurd length, with owners taking out their assets, such as books, and burning them. "It would solve all your problems", he tells stately home owners from Britain and Europe who are taking part in the debate.

He suggests the formation of local amenity trusts, and allowances, rather than grants, for owners. If objects were sold, a flat rate could be paid on the proportion of the sale; if not sold, they could be exempted from tax.

If owners really wanted to look after and spend money on their properties, the Duke says, they should have a certain allowance to do it; if not "Then of course pay your 98 per cent income tax if you are going to live in the south of France and if you are going to flog all your pictures".

There is a danger, he says, that there would be no further patronage of the arts, "because if we are not interested in the past and what artists have done before, who is going to be interested in what artists do in the future?"

Opening historic houses to the public was not always to do with making money: Windsor Castle had been open for years and the duke did not think it really necessary to have it open.

He says: "The purpose of opening it was because it was there and the people there wanted to share what was there with the people who wanted to come in".

Heritage Year was not just about country houses and parks, but was to do with villages and street furniture and places of work. "Why", the Duke asks, "are you assumed to switch off your aesthetic sense the minute you go to work? We have got this background, this scenario and it is a pity to destroy this background altogether".

Synod backs abortion changes Bill

By Clifford Longley
Religious Affairs Correspondent

General support for Mr James White's Abortion (Amendment) Bill was declared by the General Synod of the Church of England yesterday, with the hope for its early enactment. But almost every speaker in favour of the Bill had reservations about its precise terms.

The debate, the second on abortion in this session of the general synod, disclosed strong emotions on the side of supporters of the Bill, matched by appeals for calm and rational judgment from opponents.

The Bishop of Liverpool, the Right Rev David Sheppard, said emotion could be dangerous when trying to give moral advice to people. Abortion was always evil, he said, but sometimes there were greater evils.

Several members of the medical profession criticized the details of Mr White's Bill, recalling the reservations expressed by the British Medical Association.

An Anglican nun, Sister Marion Eva, who is a qualified anaesthetist, proposed an amendment sympathizing with the intention behind the Bill, but stating that it did less than justice to the complexity of the problem. That was defeated on a show of hands, about two thirds of the members of the synod voting against it.

The motion, which was carried, declared that Mr White's Bill went some way towards correcting manifest abuses of the operation of the abortion law. Without necessarily endorsing every part of the Bill it declared the synod's support for "the Bill's progress towards early enactment".

It went on to commend to members of the Church of England the efforts of people and organizations working to improve the law and practice of abortion and to provide social help and compassionate care for mothers and their children before and after childbirth.

The synod opposed discrimination or victimization against doctors who could not, in conscience, assist in or recommend abortion, and "praised their witness to the sanctity of human life".

Mr Robert Edwards, of Southwark, who proposed the motion, said emotion was justified in the face of 150,000 abortions a year. A nation could no longer call itself civilized if it allowed such a thing.

MPs sponsor walk

MPs are sponsoring the Speaker, Mr Selwyn Lloyd, in a 17-mile charity walk over the South Downs on Sunday in aid of the NSPCC.

Children begged like dogs to eat, father says

From Our Correspondent
Sheffield

John Auckland, convicted of killing two of his children, told an inquiry in Sheffield yesterday that his children begged for food like little dogs when he came home from work because his wife, barbara, was not feeding them.

He said: "I was tired after a day's plastering. I had to prepare my own meals. John and Mandy were eating my meals".

When he returned from a long weekend away, he said, cot sheets had not been changed and no washing or cleaning had been done. Susan had a small bruise and his wife said the child had fallen off the settee.

There was always money available for food, he said, and once a week he took a £10 shopping order from a mobile grocery van, writing out the order himself because his wife could not do it. During their marriage, he said, she had left him at least ten times.

Statements were read to the inquiry from neighbours and friends who said that after his marriage Mr Auckland suffered from nerves and developed a vile temper. He went out drinking regularly but would not allow his wife to go out and she was several times seen with bruises for which she made various excuses.

Mr Auckland was brought to the inquiry from prison where he is serving a five years' sentence for the manslaughter of his daughter, Susan, aged 16 months last year, six years after he killed a daughter Marianne, aged nine weeks.

The inquiry into the circumstances as to why Mr Auckland aged 31, of Queen's Drive, Shafton, Barnsley, after conviction for child killing, was allowed to have custody of his three children when his wife left him, was ordered by Mrs Castle, Secretary of State for Social Services.

Independence declaration makes £40,000

By Geraldine Norman
Sale Room Correspondent

A copy of the first printing of the American *Declaration of Independence* sold at Christie's yesterday for £40,000. It was bought by two American dealers in partnership, K. Nebenzahl of Chicago and H. P. Kraus of New Yor. Of 21 copies of the printing which have survived, two are still recorded as being in private hands. The one sold yesterday had been sent from America by a descendent of the original recipient, John Steward, of Goshen, New York.

On the face of it, to end an item of clear American interest to London for sale seems curious, but there is more to it than meets the eye. In 1969 another copy of the same document was sold in the United States for $440,000 (about £170,000). That no doubt encouraged yesterday's vendor to sell; she sent her Declaration first to Parke Bernet in New York, who put it up for sale two years ago. Lack of bidders forced them to buy it in at $120,000.

Yesterday Christie's were cautiously estimating £40,000 to £60,000 and at the lower price they found buyers.

Christie's sale included a group of *ballads in manuscript* by John Gower dating from around 1400. It is the only known manuscript and was sent for sale by Lady Sutherland; the price was £10,500 (estimate £10,000 to £15,000) paid by Pickering and Chatto.

Two of the national museums made purchases at Sotheby's yesterday. The Tate Gallery acquired a sculpture by Alberto Giacometti, "La Trace des Heures", at £23,500 (estimate £25,000 to £35,000). Leslie Waddington bid on their behalf. The British Museum paid £28,000 through the same dealer for the visitors book kept by the London Institute of Contemporary Arts between 1950 and 1965. As well as signatures, it contains drawings by several visiting artists including Picasso, Moore, Miro and Sutherland.

Christie's second sale was devoted to Old Master and modern prints. The top price was £22,050 (estimate £15,000 to £20,000) paid by the Norton Simon Foundation for a first edition of Goya's "Tauromaquia"; a year ago the same foundation paid £21,000 at Christie's for another set of the Goya prints.

Sotheby's Belgravia were selling decorative arts of 1880-1950. They obtained £2,400 (estimate £500 to £1,000) for a large bronze and ivory figure of a dancing girl by Chiparus. A single oak hall chair designed by Charles Rennie Mackintosh for Hill House, Helensburgh, made £2,100 (estimate £600-£1,200) while a straight-back Mackintosh chair for the same house made £1,400 (estimate £600 to £1,200).

ducationists to dvise on isadvantaged

y Our Education orrespondent

Leading educationists have greed to serve on the governing body of the centre for nformation and advice on educational disadvantage which the overnment set up last year.

The centre, under the chairmanship of Sir Alec Clegg, the mer chief education officer the West Riding of Yorkre, will have 26 governors. ey include:

Dudley Fiske, chief education cer for Manchester District ncil, Mr R. L. Helmore, princiof St Albans College of Further ication, Mrs Elie Clayton, presit of the National Union of chers, Dr Mia Kellmer-Pringle, ector of the National Children's eau, Mr Max Morris, a former sident of the NUT, Miss Sheila ght, chairman of the Associa- of Metropolitan Authorities, Conrad Rainbow, chief educa- officer for Lancashire, and Alfred Yates, director of the ional Foundation for Educaal Research.

Announcing the names of the ernors in the House of Comns yesterday Mr Mulley, Secary of State for Education Science, said that their first eting would be on Monday. expected the body would mote good practice in the cation of the disavantaged, ng into account the distinct ds of ethnic minorities.

Airlines reluctant to switch to Gatwick

By Arthur Reed
Air Correspondent

The British Airports Authority has told the Government that it is not prepared to invest in a fourth terminal at Heathrow airport, London, while the capital's second airport, at Gatwick, remains neglected by the airlines.

The authority is spending £65m on developing Gatwick's capacity to 16 million passengers a year from the five million who use it now. But most airlines remain unconvinced about transferring services from Heathrow, with its web of connecting flights to all parts of the world.

The authority has begun talks with the Heathrow-based airlines, hoping to persuade some to transfer part of their services to Gatwick. They are being told that Gatwick will have to provide overspill capacity when Heathrow becomes saturated in the early 1980s, and that the sooner they accept this situation the better.

Mr Don Turner, the Authority's planning director, said: "Once Maplin was cancelled, it became inevitable that Heathrow and Gatwick between them would have to share the future growth in London's scheduled services.

"Transfers to Gatwick are inevitable, and they should start once the capacity is available there, from 1977 when the current development plan is completed. We must work with the airlines to achieve a carefully-planned operation to build up Gatwick at a sensible rate, and avoid undue congestion at Heathrow."

The Authority's immediate worry is that the Government might announce shortly that British Caledonian will be swallowed up in British Airways after being nationalized. BCAL services would be transferred to BA's Heathrow base, leaving Gatwick, with its vast new passenger terminals and car parks, greatly underemployed.

Arsonist 'left free to start £19,000 fires'

From Our Correspondent
Lincoln

A judge yesterday criticized a system that allowed a convicted arsonist enough freedom to cause £19,000 worth of damage in another bout of fire raising.

Before imposing a five-year jail sentence on Paul Brown, aged 28, at Lincoln Crown Court, Judge Richard Hutchinson said: "One understands that doctors want to try to rehabilitate patients, but less than two years after committing arson it appears this man was allowed to move around completely unsupervised.

"It does not look as if any great care for the safety of the public was exercised in this case. As sentencers judges often think that a restriction order imposed on a mental hospital patient is more secure than in fact is."

Mr Brown had admitted starting three fires in a fertilizer factory at Saxilby, Lincolnshire.

He had been committed to St John's Hospital, Lincoln, in 1973, after being convicted of four cases of arson in the Vale of Belvoir, and an order was made restricting his movements.

Pathologist found baby had 42 broken bones

From Our Correspondent
Bristol

A pathologist who examined the body of a girl aged six weeks found a horrifying number of injuries, a jury at Bristol Crown Court was told yesterday. He found 20 to 30 separate bruises, a burn in the middle of the chest and 42 broken bones.

"It is not always as easy to break a baby's bones as you might think because they have a certain pliability about them". Mr Thomas Field-Fisher, QC, told the jury. "These injuries were not the result of mere carelessness or rough handling."

He was prosecuting in a case in which David John Leverton, aged 26, lorry driver, of Marshfield Road, Fishponds, Bristol, pleaded not guilty to the murder of his daughter, Clare. Mr Field-Fisher warned the jury that baby battering was a highly emotive subject and advised them to treat the case objectively. Mr Leverton, he said, lived with Mrs Rosemary Dykes, who had two other children by her marriage. Mrs Dykes found Clare dead in her pram on December 6 after Mr Leverton had gone to work.

The post mortem examination showed she died of an abdominal haemorrhage, an extensive rupture of the liver and multiple fractures. The abdominal injuries which ultimately caused the death had been caused by a severe blow in the pit of the stomach, which crushed the liver and pancreas against the spine.

The trial continues today.

urder attempt arge remands

man and a youth appeared court at Manchester yester- accused of the atempted der of a policeman, and e remanded in custody until orrow.

atrick Seamus O'Neil, aged and John Cleary, aged 17, of Dublin, were charged the atempted murder of ector Emlyn Watkins, of Greater Manchester Police, y on Tuesday. Reporting rictions were not lifted.

Film censors to face private summonses

Sir Frank Milton, Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, has granted summonses at Bow Street court to Mr Raymond Blackburn, former MP, against Lord Harlech, president of the British Board of Film Censors, Mr Stephen Murphy, the board secretary, and Classic Cinemas over the film *Language of Love*.

The separate summonses against Lord Harlech and Mr Murphy allege that each aided and abetted the offence of "unlawfully and scandalously" showing to the paying public the film which depicted "grossly indecent" performances.

Mr Blackburn alleges in the summons against Classic Cinemas that it "unlawfully and scandalously" showed the film to the paying public "to the outrage of public decency".

Advisory council pleads for more regional television

From Ronald Kershaw
Leeds

A strong plea for more regional contributions to the national BBC television network is contained in the submission by the BBC North Regional Advisory Council to the Annan Committee on the Future of Broadcasting published yesterday.

The council wants a governor with specific responsibility for the English regions, and for more staff, equipment and money to be made available.

It says: "We consider the life of the regions, where after all the majority of the population lives, has rarely been exhaustively explored by radio and/or television. The time is ripe. The provinces are already in the midst of a renaissance in the arts. . . . In many other fields of work and leisure there is gathering vitality."

The primary task is considered to be the making of regional programmes for regional viewing, but the council adds: "Regionally inspired programmes cannot be confined to regional viewing."

Regional programmes must be as good as national programmes, it says, and to maintain such standards and make use of the potential of the regions it suggests regional "minimum creative units".

A minimum requirement, it says, is the right of access to the appropriate equipment, allowing sophisticated national techniques to be used regionally.

The council says that London and the South-east should be treated as a region

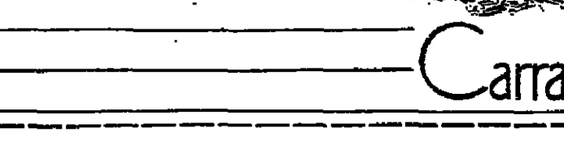
ospital dispute ended

he week-long dispute at riston Hospital in Swansea, ch led to a strike by 400 llary workers, ended yesay.

he dispute was over the ged victimization of Mr neth Price, branch secretary he National Union of Public loyees, at the hospital. Mr e, who last week received tter from West Glamorgan lth Authority alleging breaches of discipline, said he was being singled out for dismissal because of his part in two pay-bed disputes earlier this year.

Yesterday Mr Stuart Hastings, the union's area organizer, said the health authority had agreed to allow Mr Price's case to be dealt with under the Whitley Council's national appeals procedure. A spokesman for the health authority confirmed that was so.

The year's most coveted cruises.



These are no ordinary cruises. They're floating feasts. A heady mixture of pleasure, adventure and discovery.

No expense has been spared to make your stay aboard as carefree as human ingenuity can make it.

For more details and the free Carras brochure talk to your local ABTA Travel Agent or send off the coupon today.

'Cities of the Sea'

The first Carras cruise 26th July to 16th August, starts its 3-week itinerary in Marseille. Then takes you to Livorno, Genoa, Bonifacio, Pollensa, Barcelona, Cadiz, Lisbon, Portimao, Amalfi, Taormina, Cephalonia, Lepanto, Ithaca, Corfu, Kotor, Dubrovnik and finally, Venice.

'The Hospitable Waves'

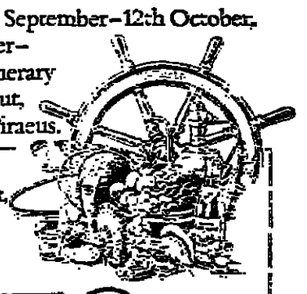
The second Carras cruise, 16th August to 6th September, starts its 3-week itinerary in Venice. Then takes you to Corfu, Cephalonia, Piraeus, Odessa, Yalta, Sochi, Batum, Trebizond, Sukhum, Istanbul, Athos, Porto Carras, Delos, Mykonos, Kotor, Dubrovnik and finally, Venice.

'Sailing into Byzantium'

The third Carras cruise, 6th September to 28th September, starts its 3-week itinerary in Venice. Then takes you to Ravenna, Gytheion, Beirut, Haifa, Limassol, Paphos, Patmos, Chios, Istanbul, Trebizond, Sinop, Istanbul, Athos, Porto Carras, Thessaloniki, Volos, and finally Piraeus.

'Crown and Crescent'

The fourth, fifth and sixth Carras cruises, 28th September–12th October, 12th October–26th October and 26th October–9th November. These start their two week itinerary in Piraeus, then onto Istanbul, Alexandria, Beirut, Latakya, Beirut, Haifa, Heraklion and, finally Piraeus.



To: Thomas Cook Ltd., U.K. General Sales Agent, General Sales Agencies Department, 45 Berkeley Street, London W1A 1EB. Telephone: 01-499 4000.

Please send me more details about Carras Cruises 1975.

Name _____

Address _____

1.2

Carras

HOME NEWS

Inflation a threat to law and order, Home Secretary says

From Clive Borrell
Eastbourne

A warning that inflation could lead to a breakdown in law and order came from Mr Jenkins, Home Secretary, last night.

Speaking to delegates of the Association of Chief Police Officers at their annual conference at Eastbourne, he said: "At the present time our understandable preoccupation is, individually and nationally, with the economic challenge which faces us and the damaging and potentially divisive and indeed destructive problems of inflation.

"Inflation in itself at a high rate discourages individuals from holding on to a proper sense of perspective and generates a feeling of uncertainty about the future which touches all aspects of public affairs.

"The rule of law and the preservation of individual liberty are not in themselves immune from the effect of this public unease.

"Your job and mine is to maintain the full measure of public support for the rule of law."

Referring to anxiety about the law on rape, Mr Jenkins said: "Public shock, outrage and confusion is understandable and needs to be met by an adequate and comprehensible response if an apparent threat to the rule of law is not to assume a significance out of proportion to its seriousness."

The position of the law on rape was not clear-cut. He had formed a small independent advisory group to report in the early autumn on whether a change in the law was desirable.

"I believe that a combination of urgency and cool rational analysis is necessary here," Mr Jenkins said.

Turning to the question of introducing an independent element into the investigation of complaints against the police, Mr Jenkins said that consultations had been concluded, and he would be making a detailed announcement of his conclusions.

"I can say that, while the essential features of the outline scheme announced last July will be retained, I shall announce some changes in the details in the light of views that have been expressed."

He listed basic principles to be retained: "That investigation of complaints in the first instance should remain in the hands of the police; that police officers should not be placed in double-jeopardy; and that the chief officer's responsibility for the discipline of his force should not be undermined."

Immigrant violence blamed on poor job opportunities

From Clive Borrell
Eastbourne

The "smouldering backcloth" of resentment by some teenagers from immigrant families whose ambitions were frustrated by poor job opportunities led to clashes with the police, Deputy Assistant Comsioner Wilford Gibson, of the Metropolitan Police, told the annual meeting of the Association of Chief Police Officers at Eastbourne yesterday.

In order to appreciate the reasons for current problems regarding some immigrants, he said, it was necessary to establish where they had settled, and why. As the indigenous white population moved to growth areas, they had left large declining neighbourhoods in parts of London together with the unpleasant menial jobs they no longer wanted. It was into these areas that a considerable number of immigrants had settled.

The first generation immigrants consisted in the main of the ambitious and adaptable elements. It was with the children of those immigrants, however, that the main problems lay. Many of those young people could not feel a loyalty either to Britain or to their parents' birthplace and it was upon them that the psychological burden of immigration fell most heavily. Mr Gibson continued:

In some cases their employment expectations are frequently ambitious, far in excess of their likely achievements. Disappointment is therefore inevitable, but they are reluctant to lower their sights. This usually results in a feeling that racialism is the cause of their lack of opportunity and the pursuit of this concept often takes an aggressive form, mainly directed towards a society and its institutions which, so far as they are concerned, is the cause of their frustrated ambitions. The police uniform itself therefore to them becomes a symbol of authority in that society, which they believe is responsible for all their grievances. It is against this smouldering blackcloth of resentment that the police and some young immigrants appear to be on occasions in a conflict situation.

This had created an almost insoluble paradox in that the measures required to defuse a tense situation in some circumstances were in direct conflict with the measures traditionally used by police in Britain to contain crime and preserve order.

Race, creed or colour should not be allowed to create special privileges or apparent privileges, Mr Gibson added, and the law should be seen to be equally applicable to all, although the methods of obtaining this equality of application would need constant reappraisal.

Call for more action to end race discrimination

By Peter Evans
Home Affairs Correspondent

Few employers or unions have taken positive steps to end discrimination, Sir Geoffrey Wilson, chairman of the Race Relations Board, said yesterday.

Introducing the board's annual report, he said it had tried hard in the past year to persuade managements to act but results had generally not been encouraging.

He warmly welcomed the Government's intention to set up an equal opportunities commission for race with powers similar to those that Parliament had approved for women in the sex discrimination Bill.

"These powers, vigorously used, should provide a much more powerful stimulus to employers and others in a position to discriminate than anything in the 1968 Act.

"If employers can be persuaded to adopt equal opportunity policies on a substantial scale, it should do much to reduce the frustrations which are beginning to build up in many urban areas."

The report said that last year the board registered an increase of a fifth in new cases, and the highest total since 1970. It disposed of 1,050 cases, forming opinions of discrimination in 224 of them, a higher number than in any year since the Act came into force.

Sir Geoffrey said the raw figures revealed nothing about the true extent of discrimination in Britain, but he thought they represented growing expertise by staff and members. There was some slight evidence that discrimination was decreasing, although far too slowly.

Report of the Race Relations Board for 1974 (Stationery Office, 75p).

Liberals' proposal: A Liberal Party report yesterday called for a new government department, preferably headed by a minister of Cabinet rank, to work for racial equality and equal opportunity throughout society.

Instead of the Race Relations Board and Community Relations Commission existing separately, there should be a Community Relations Executive. Like the new Equal Opportunities Commission combating sex discrimination, it should report to the minister.

The Future of Community Relations (Liberal Party Publication Department, 7 Exchange Court London WC2, 10p.

WEST EUROPE

Fanfani loss of support among party leaders

From Patricia Clough
Rome, July 2

Signor Amintore Fanfani, the Christian Democrat Party secretary, was losing support among leaders of his party today as the tense session of its executive wore on into its third day.

The length of the meeting and the intensity of the discussions behind the scenes among party leaders indicate the great difficulty the leadership is having in deciding how to face the big electoral setback on June 15.

One by one leading party figures long regarded as Signor Fanfani's allies have disagreed with his proposal to leave the post-electoral renewal — the favourite word is "refounding" —of the party to a congress to be held at the end of the year. This would leave Signor Fanfani in charge of the party in the intervening months and, even more significantly, in charge of the preparations for this "refounding".

Spurred on by the unruly left wing, which resigned from the executive to force a rapid decision, members of more moderate factions are now demanding that the problem should be tackled by the national council to be summoned as soon as possible.

They have been careful to emphasize that they are not seeking a scapegoat, but the national council has the power to remove Signor Fanfani from the secretaryship and the left wing could hardly be prevented from asking it to do so.

Members of various factions are reported to have pressed Signor Fanfani to resign of his own accord during private talks yesterday but he is said to remain determined to stay unless voted out of office.

One problem worrying Christian Democrats is that of the regional governments and provincial and municipal administrations formed after the elections. In numerous cases the Socialists have the choice of teaming up with the Communists to form a left-wing administration or the Christian Democrats in a centre-left one. There is no doubt that the Socialists often prefer the first possibility.



Overflowing Danube: Swollen by five days of freak, summer storms, the Danube broke its banks in southern Bavaria and many parts of Austria yesterday. Shipping on much of the waterway was halted because the river had risen to a level of 23 feet, making bridges impassable. The Austrian authorities issued a "high water alarm" to alert residents of towns like Ybbs, in the photograph above, of the danger. In Vienna, the city's emergency staff met to work out possible evacuation measures if the Prater district and other areas were immersed. Late last night the Handelskai, a street running along the river, was flooded.
The heavy rains took a heavy toll of lives. A landslip crushed a cottage in Opponitz, 70 miles southwest of Vienna, killing two women; falling trees killed four people and a woman was drowned; two teenage hikers from Vienna were found frozen to death in the Carinthian mountains near the Yugoslav border and a Vienna-Basle passenger train, diverted to a secondary track because of a landslip, jumped the track at St Pölten and coaches overturned, injuring three passengers.

Portuguese protest on control of radio

From Michael Binyon
Lisbon, July 2

Pickets stayed all day outside the entrance to the Renescensa broadcasting station after a Government announcement last night that control of it should be returned to the Roman Catholic Church.

The announcement came after a meeting between General Vasco Gonçalves, the Prime Minister, the Minister of Social Communications and workers' representatives. It was challenged immediately by a group of workers who have been in control of the station

A crowd gathered outside the building in the centre of Lisbon and pledged that the struggle would continue. Some remained all night. Today they said they were ready to resist any attempt to force the workers out of the building.

Representatives of the journalists and printers of the Socialist newspaper *República* were again called to a meeting this afternoon with officers from the information section of the Armed Forces Movement to try to resolve the dispute, which has prevented publication for a month. The two sides met jointly for the first time yesterday, but after eight hours talks were adjourned without result.

This morning Copcon, the internal military security force, took over the main building of the state-owned Lisbon and Oporto Telephone Company, where 4,500 telephonists have been intensifying their two-week-old strike for higher wages.

The Government has refused to meet their demands. Copcon today ordered the strikers to work normally. Troops sealed off the street and checked everyone entering and leaving the building. A Copcon statement accused the strikers of refusing to negotiate.

There were angry scenes at railway stations in and round Lisbon today. Demonstrations organized by Maoists and the far left against a 50 per cent increase in fares, introduced yesterday, prevented people buying tickets and ticket inspectors on the trains were threatened. At one of the main stations in Lisbon this morning railway employees formed lines to protect passengers going to the platforms, while Maoists waited in groups outside.

During the evening rush-hour, Copcon was called to a suburban station to prevent clashes. Members of the security forces held animated discussions with protesters, who handed out leaflets saying the rise in fares was an attack on the working class. It was impossible to buy a ticket and everyone travelled home free.

Lisbon, July 2.—Portuguese police have captured four more of the 89 former secret police agents who escaped from a security prison on Sunday. Only 33 of them were still at large today.—Agence France Presse.

Some relief for Britain's egg farmers

From David Cross
Brussels, July 2

The European Commission today turned down the British Government's request for an import ban on eggs from the rest of the Community to protect British poultry farmers.

However, in a move to check a flood of imports, mainly from Britanny and Normandy, the Commission agreed to suspend import subsidies temporarily. At the same time it decided to increase existing export rebates to encourage sales outside the EEC.

The temporary abolition of import subsidies from next week until November 1, should produce some relief for British producers who have seen prices fall by between 3p and 4p a dozen in the past week or so. The present import subsidy, which is designed to offset the effect of the *de facto* devaluation of the pound, is worth nearly 2p a dozen.

Whether the increase in the export subsidy for all Community egg sales will produce results remains to be seen.

The Commission's rejection of a complete import ban, which is legally possible under the terms of Britain's accession to the Community, was largely due to its general objection to any move which interferes with free trade flows within the Community.

M Pierre Lardinois, the Commissioner for Agriculture, has said several times in the past that the increase in British imports of eggs from France was a natural consequence of Community membership.

In addition, the problems of British egg producers are shared by farmers in other parts of the Community and the Commission has wanted to act as even-handedly as possible.

Priest injured by police is recovering

From Our Correspondent
Madrid, July 2

A Basque priest who was seriously injured during interrogation by the political police is on the way to recovery, ecclesiastical sources said in Madrid today.

Father Eustasio Erquicia who is under treatment at a Bilbao hospital, had been showing steady improvement since early June, one month after he was admitted with serious multiple injuries, the sources stated.

He was allowed to take the sun briefly in the hospital garden a few days ago. No charges have yet been announced against the priest, who was arrested in Bilbao on May 8.

In Madrid, the sources said, Father Juan Manuel Basurgo, another Basque priest, had been detained at the Carabanchel prison for failing to pay a fine of 100,000 pesetas (£826) imposed on him without trial for a sermon.

Eight are killed in French plane crash

Nantes, July 2.—A Beech craft of the French regional airline, Touraine Transport, crashed tonight on take-off at Nantes, killing all eight people on board.—AP.

London man robbed of £30,000 jewelry

Cagnes-sur-Mer, July 2.—Thieves ransacked the Côte d'Azur holiday home of Mr Peter Raymond, a London hairdresser, taking jewelry worth more than £30,000.

Swiss to restore duty-free litre

Geneva, July 2.—As from tomorrow, travellers arriving in Switzerland will again be entitled to bring with them one litre of spirits duty-free.

The quantity was reduced to half a litre on March 15, but this caused so many angry scenes at customs posts that the litre entitlement has now been restored on the ground that half-litre bottles are not commonly sold.

Herr Brandt's visit

Moscow, July 2.—Herr Willy Brandt, the former West German Chancellor, arrived today on a visit at the invitation of Mr Brezhnev, the Soviet party leader.—Reuter.

Reformer smokes cannabis before police

From Patricia Clough
Rome, July 2

With all the publicity his followers could drum up, Italy's leading civil rights campaigner, Signor Marco Pannella, today had himself arrested for using and possessing drugs.

The declared purpose of the operation was to spur the Government to change Italy's archaic drug laws. Signor Pannella and his tiny Radical Party want legislation within three months to legalize the sale and use of Indian hemp (cannabis), which they say is non-habit forming, punish pedlars of other drugs with 25 years jail and provide for the cure, rather than the imprisonment, of addicts.

At present those who smuggle, sell, use or possess drugs are all punished indiscriminately with three to eight years jail

The scene this morning was stage-managed with all the showmanship which has won Signor Pannella and his 2,000-odd supporters their campaigns for divorce and the recognition of conscientious objectors and forced political parties to face up to the problem of abortion.

Present in the shabby, smoke-filled headquarters of the Radical Party were more than 100 Italian and foreign reporters and cameramen, and representatives of the police and carabinieri drug squads, specially invited by telegram.

After the Radicals had explained the purpose of their action, Signor Pannella disclosed that the cigarette he was smoking contained Indian hemp; and he pulled out a twist of silver paper, saying that it contained a gramme and a half of the drug.

He handed over the items to the two drug officers who took them off to the police station pending an analysis of their content. Later he too was taken to the station, where he was formally arrested

He warned the police that if he was let out of jail on provisional liberty, he would immediately use drugs again. At the same time a colleague, Signor Gianfranco Spadaccia, announced that he would join supporters in other cities in a hunger strike until the date for discussion of a drug Bill in Parliament has been fixed.

OVERSEAS

British cash sought by African homelands

By Robert Fisk

A group of bankers and South African chiefs arrived in London yesterday to try to persuade British companies to invest in the tribal homelands of South Africa.

At a crowded press conference, at which there were repeated references to the regions' "political stability", they gave assurances about the financial safeguards and concessions available to investors, which now include government grants covering 100 per cent of the cost of new buildings and 50 per cent of the remainder of capital requirements.

It became clear that while considerable trouble had been taken to work out the complex system of grants for businesses, no attempt had yet been made to draw up any financial safeguards over minimum wages for workers.

In at least one homeland, the Transkei, where the law still allows the authorities to imprison without trial, no trade unions are to be permitted when independence is declared next year.

Chief Kaiser Matanzima, the Transkei leader, who said that he wanted the British people to take precedence in investing their wealth in the homeland because "Great Britain is the colonial father of the Transkei", said that he regarded trade unionism as "a damaging factor" to investors and workers.

"We have learnt a lesson from other countries where the trade unions are concerned", he said. "In Great Britain, you have strike after strike. Is that to the advantage of the industrialist? It that to the advantage of the worker?"

Dr J. Adendorff, managing director of the Bantu Investment Corporation which this year received 65m rand (about £35m) from the South African Government for investment in the black homelands, said that industrialists were guaranteed against losses suffered from "political action". This guarantee was given, he said, "because we are so sure we have political stability in South Africa".

Critics of the South African Government have alleged that the nine black homelands, which have for several years been developing towards a form of political self-determination, are to be turned into little more than client states of South Africa.

They say that Dr Vorster's Government is encouraging investment to prevent the growth of black nationalism which would threaten the republic's security.

At yesterday's press conference, however, Chief Matanzima whose Transkei National Independence Party has a major in the Transkei Legislative Assembly, insisted that the territory would "soon become completely sovereign and independent".

He added: "You can be assured that the Transkei will never go into all the trouble that you find elsewhere, such as nationalization and other things which may seem worrying to people who may want to invest."

Mr Franko Maritz, managing director of the Xhosa Development Corporation, said that the Transkei people were "a strong labour force, trainable and able to be promoted to top jobs very quickly".

The homelands needed textile factories, because of the abundance of wool and cotton, more chemical factories, and food processing plants, light engineering industries. The concessions to investors first announced in South Africa a fortnight ago, also included tax relief which amounted to Government payment of a company's wage bill for three years and a half.

Chief Matanzima and Chief Cedric Phatudi, leader of the Lebowa homeland, said that they did not want cheap labour processes in their regions, although Chief Phatudi, who said that Lebowa wanted more land from the South African Government, acknowledged that "we are not yet decided on our minimum wages".

Questioned by reporters at the press conference, Matanzima said he proposed to repeal most of the emergency legislation applying to the Transkei, although he would probably keep the option of internment without trial because of "communist infiltrators".

The bankers, who claimed to have several British companies already interested in their concessions, although they would not give their names, are attending a seminar for British industrialists in London today.

The banned African National Congress issued a statement in London last night saying that their people in South Africa have no real political rights, no trade union rights and that "most respected leaders" are in jail for life.

"We call upon you" the statement said, "to stop perpetuating this system to your own advantage, whether through investment, trade deals, so-called trade unions contacts or government recognition."

Dr Kissinger to meet Soviet Foreign Minister

From Patrick Brogan
Washington, July 2

Dr Kissinger is to meet Mr Gromyko, the Soviet Foreign Minister, in Geneva on Thursday and Friday next week, "for an exchange of view on matters of interest to both sides".

The Secretary of State does not usually confine his visits abroad to one country, and there is therefore the strong possibility that he is about to resume some form of shuttle diplomacy.

He will have other things to talk to Mr Gromyko about besides the Middle East. The Salt-II talks have just resumed in Geneva, and the European security conference is expected to open at the end of the month.

The Middle East is, however, the most pressing issue. The Israelis may consider that the meeting is a reminder to them that if they do not now give way to American pressure and concede what Egypt demands, the alternative may be a wholly hostile gathering, should the Middle East peace talks resume.

President Ford has denied delivering any ultimatum to Israel over the next stage of its withdrawal from Egyptian territory.

Beirut has first day of peace after fighting

From Paul Martin
Beirut, July 2

Beirut had its first relative peace today after more than a week of war in the streets as Mr Rashid Karami's "rescue" Government tried to assert its authority.

Apart from a few incidents of small arms fire and the occasional mortar in "front line" areas, the capital was quiet.

Since the new six-man government took over last night security forces have continued removing street barricades and driving a wedge between warring forces. Armed men remained in the streets in sensitive areas, but it appeared that the Government had been successful in pushing them back to their own quarters.

Mr Camille Chamoun, the new Minister of the Interior, had ordered security forces to "shoot to kill" snipers or those who disobeyed the order to cease fire. Armoured personnel carriers, manned by heavily armed security forces, were in the streets of the capital to help enforce the order.

Shops began to open and sandbags descended on food stores emptying them in a few

Rhodesian African leaders in Lusaka for talks

From Our Correspondent
Lusaka, July 2

A 12-man nationalist delegation from Rhodesia headed by Bishop Abel Muzorewa, the president of the African National Council, arrived in Lusaka today for talks with President Kaunda of Zambia on the Rhodesian constitutional deadlock.

The first group to arrive also included Mr Joshua Nkomo, the former leader of the Zimbabwe African People's Union, Mr Lazorus Nkala, Mr Morton Malianga, Mr Willie Musarurwa and the Rev Webster Mutamba.

A second group of nationalists is due to arrive in Lusaka later tonight.

They will be joined at the talks to begin tomorrow by the Rev Ndabaningi Sithole, the former leader of the Zimbabwe African National Union, who arrived in Lusaka this morning from London.

The nationalists are expected to brief President Kaunda on their discussion with Mr David Ennals, Minister of State Foreign Office.

Informed ANC sources in Lusaka said that high on the agenda would be the question of internal rivalry in the ANC and the merger of four nationalist movements into the ANC in December. The question of deciding a site for constitutional talks with Rhodesian Government officials would also be discussed.

There is speculation in Lusaka that the presidents of Mozambique, Tanzania and Botswana will also arrive.

Bishop Muzorewa paid a visit to President Kaunda for all of several white settlers from Rhodesia to come to see for themselves in Zambia, and said this move had "a great psychological impact on the whites".

After discussions with President Kaunda the ANC delegation will go to Dar es Salaam for talks with President Nyerere of Tanzania and other African state who are expected to

Guerrilla training report rejected

Johannesburg, July 2.—A South African Army Brigadier's claim that between 2,000 and 3,000 blacks from South-West Africa are being trained as terrorists in Angola was rejected today by General R. F. Armstrong, acting chief of the South African Defence Force.

He said that the claim by Brigadier J. Marais, head of the South-West Africa Command, was a "personal assessment

Warders strike in Canadian jails

Ottawa, July 2.—Prison officers at Canadian jails began a 24-hour strike in memory of a Montreal warder killed by a prisoner on Fri

Less than 100 of the 3,000 warders at 49 jails will report for work, a union spokesman said. More than 3,000 troops and police will be on duty in the prisons. The strikers demand a return of capital punishment for the killing of warders.—Reuter.

£500 Premium Bond prizewinners

£500 winners in the July Premium Bond draw are:

AZ 910680
1 AL 557071
1 AP 374163
1 AN 764007
2 AP 862538
2 AT 738671
3 AN 378761
4 AZ 963965
5 AN 852294
1 BR 895962
1 BS 105992
2 BF 613858
2 BT 567787
3 BK 853620
3 BL 598756
3 BS 241818
4 BL 735606
4 BS 081458
5 BT 209804
1 BU 216821
2 BP 400321
4 BW 553093
4 RW 303073
5 BL 724397
6 BL 729407
6 BN 605812
7 BZ 526243
8 CN 553877
1 CS 327297
1 CU 340968
2 CS 315429
2 CS 309247
1 DN 275888
1 DS 275054
1 DW 399052
2 DB 518906
2 DR 523331
3 DN 248389
3 DR 523331
4 DE 433616
4 DL 744877
4 DP 758988
4 DR 083409
4 DT 253985
5 DB 851284
5 DH 201838
5 DF 220818
6 DW 596958
6 DW 973557
7 DS 352259
8 DL 200265
1 EN 171880
1 ET 067930
1 EU 031313
2 EK 034125
2 EK 904375
2 EN 659186
2 EW 501550
3 EL 789005
3 EN 329851
4 EN 161987
4 EK 648637
1 FN 399772
1 FN 178039
1 FN 856394
2 FL 293155
2 FP 618304
2 FS 144206
3 FE 901016
3 FS 219908
4 FN 062128
4 FS 012878
5 FN 042128
5 FW 229133
1 HP 023988
2 HP 257287
2 HW 835666
3 HN 168912
3 HP 174829
4 HK 321785
4 HL 356052
5 HN 155170
5 HR 477755
1 HT 223451
5 HW 553690
1 JN 272310
2 JR 845104
3 JP 559741
4 JW 105019
5 JP 850053
6 JP 595776
4 JR 764612
4 JR 826879
4 JW 551941
5 JK 891034
5 JN 579188
5 JR 625363
6 JN 381367
6 JW 519906
7 JZ 076778
1 KF 300031
1 KN 160785
5 KS 719315
6 KF 822000
6 KN 330552
6 KS 634879
6 KW 986860
7 KN 587584
7 KR 914878
7 KS 732650
7 KT 554776
8 KT 351340
8 KW 339250
9 KN 889203
9 KT 870771
9 KW 016086
9 KS 041756
9 KU 031555
1 LK 712822
3 LW 772873
3 LZ 305817
4 LK 238535
4 LN 837940
5 LF 436745
5 LS 509953
6 LE 602730
6 LP 805610
7 LB 051205
7 LR 281701
7 LT 088429
7 LW 063534
7 LT 310228
8 LK 390470
8 LS 295728
7 QW 541208
7 QZ 080876
8 QF 417739
8 QR 875208
8 QW 318594
9 QD 585387
9 QZ 235641
1 MS 737851
1 MT 885659
1 MW 076170
2 MF 001126
2 MK 772850
2 MZ 005643
5 MB 012954
5 MP 581460
6 MF 560066
6 MK 550066
6 MT 872224
6 MZ 508505
NZ 219134
1 NK 301918
2 NB 580760
2 NK 399935
2 NP 363743
5 NF 875757
1 PB 716780
1 PF 976277
1 PK 187573
1 PR 312617
2 PB 380042
3 PF 365774
3 PW 653003
4 PF 713553
4 PL 340024
4 PP 841862
5 PF 419537
6 PT 693711
7 PB 054029
7 PS 000639
7 PT 388822
8 PT 851195
8 PK 857038
7 PN 416218
7 PP 910157
7 PS 597765
8 PK 210051
8 PL 859747
8 PP 614925
9 PB 773837
9 PL 893671
9 PP 530259
9 PS 101363
9 PT 431303
9 PT 625541
9 PW 437549
9 PZ 878330
QW 677144
1 QW 647178
2 QW 647178
3 QT 527329
3 QZ 630569
5 QB 598811
6 QK 050853
6 QW 265354
7 QW 541208
7 QZ 080876
8 QF 417739
8 QR 875208
8 QW 318594
9 QD 585387
9 QZ 235641
1 RP 763302
3 RF 564366
1 RW 915339
4 RN 817710
4 RW 503651
4 RT 621913
1 RK 301918
4 RW 503651
5 RW 915339
6 RR 155088
6 RF 833937
7 RF 833937
7 RL 170719
7 RN 369743
7 RW 503651
8 RP 012599
8 RP 034929
9 RP 034929
9 RS 380635
RS 380635
SF 597364
SS 309450
SW 265354
1 SS 508218
1 SZ 471145
2 SB 179615
2 SK 678925
2 SS 001252
5 SN 184869
4 SB 085814
4 SL 935982
5 SK 813291
5 SN 047185
6 SB 071885
6 SN 043320
6 SS 554496
7 SL 137809
7 SS 513339
7 SZ 887477
8 SN 279264
8 SP 894769
8 SZ 300789
9 SB 040376
9 SP 593143
9 SZ 888943
10 SW 265354
4 TN 581472
5 TS 178923
6 TL 814581
6 TN 567029
6 TN 830391
7 TP 002371
8 TL 467165
8 TT 804207
9 TW 016679
10 WT 781909
10 WT 531809
9 TZ 541270
10 TZ 567849
10 TZ 551043
1 VN 140332
1 VN 868625
1 VT 281358
2 VB 034451
2 VW 778196
3 VW 503651
4 VW 503651
4 VF 236383
5 VT 205977
5 VW 503651
6 VN 177859
6 VS 965752
6 VW 193439
6 VW 503651
7 VP 337421
8 VZ 455851
9 VW 503651
7 VK 170719
7 VW 704981
7 VW 793934
8 VL 124855
9 VP 034929
9 VR 351406
10 VR 139342
10 VS 690726
10 VW 503651
10 VW 458916
10 VW 503651
10 VZ 887914
10 VZ 653897
11 VZ 568865
11 VZ 059056
12 VZ 497634
1 WK 529391
1 WZ 242473
2 WN 622365
2 WT 035152
2 WZ 044450
3 WZ 044450
4 WB 091320
4 WW 599447
5 WB 510254
5 WL 621683
6 WB 156122
7 WB 510254
7 WF 721115
7 WL 622834
7 WW 599447
8 WB 516868
8 WR 765170
9 WB 510254
9 WL 286541
9 WS 039870
9 WW 599447
8 WW 478831
8 WZ 317755
9 WK 038454
9 WW 016679
10 WT 781909
10 WT 531809
10 WN 530546
10 WP 478831
10 WW 458788
11 WB 285022
11 WB 351814
11 WK 238888
11 WP 045275
11 WP 838838
11 WS 094533
11 WW 513458
11 WW 553688
12 WB 717444
XK 767557
1 XL 631463
2 XW 500958
2 XL 714591
2 XP 121884
3 XP 511050
4 XW 500958
5 XP 845654
5 XR 786233
6 XL 631463
6 XP 845654
6 XW 388491
10 XZ 214845
11 XW 500958
11 XZ 653897
12 XZ 627865
12 XZ 497634
YK 651256
YW 706147
YZ 078978
1 YW 788661
1 YZ 225714
1 YZ 088437
3 YZ 297498
3 YZ 520475
3 YZ 572291
4 YP 843653
5 YN 589731
5 YW 739898
5 YK 118446
6 YK 964116
7 YK 118446
7 YT 944372
8 YT 252545
9 YT 650588
9 YZ 243785
9 YF 488133
9 YN 739898
9 YS 038870
10 YT 437926
10 YT 989885
10 YW 127452
ZK 941174
1 ZF 233960
2 ZL 306010
2 ZP 305698
3 ZS 211681
8 ZW 973056
6 ZB 020416
6 ZR 851170
9 ZT 166738
9 ZZ 575859
8 ZL 650578
8 ZN 268248
8 ZW 973056
9 ZZ 036737
9 ZL 216333
9 ZP 030977
10 ZS 740231
10 ZT 755240
11 ZT 819778
11 ZW 195033
11 ZW 243565
12 ZF 164832
12 ZT 660744
13 ZN 170265
13 ZR 382718
14 ZR 581170
15 ZZ 685656
14 ZB 685611
14 ZP 447525
15 ZS 164037
15 ZB 410421
15 ZR 400784
16 ZF 619902

Science report

Health: The effects of low birth weight

Small babies may be undersized because they were born prematurely or because they have grown more slowly than usual during a pregnancy of normal length. The slow growth is thought to be due to some impairment of the intrauterine nutrition of the foetus, often associated with a disorder such as raised blood pressure in the mother.

What is the long-term effect of a low birth weight? The generally accepted view is that babies who are small-for-dates have become adjusted to their small size, and will grow up to be small children and small adults; but that view has been challenged by two doctors at the John Radcliffe Hospital, Oxford.

They studied the feeding methods and growth of 191 babies born in the hospital, and followed them for the first two months of their lives. Some were small-for-dates, some large-for-dates, others apparently normal. Some were entirely breast-fed but more than four-fifths were being bottle-fed by the end of their second month. Solid foods were being given to 138 of the infants at that time.

The milk intake of the babies was assessed in terms of their weight, in millilitres of milk per kilogramme body weight, and on this criterion the small-for-date babies had by far the highest average intake. That impression was confirmed by their gain in weight. Over the two-month period, the small babies gained more than the large ones, so that their final weights were much closer than their birth weights.

That effect was more marked among the breast-fed babies than in the bottle-fed. The tendency is, then, for babies who are larger or smaller than average at birth gradually to become medium, and such a reversion to the mean seems to be facilitated by breast-feeding.

Clearly, therefore, formulas for infant feeding should not be based too strictly on the birth weight, and it seems that the breast-fed infant may be trusted to take what he wants from his mother.

By Our Medical Correspondent
Source: *Lancet*, June 28, 1975 (1393).

China asks for accreditation to the EEC

By Our Diplomatic Correspondent

China has now formally requested accreditation for an ambassador to the European Community. He is Mr Li Lien-pi, the present Chinese Ambassador to Belgium.

This move, which was discussed during the recent visit to Peking of Sir Christopher Soames, the European Commissioner for External Relations, expresses in a personal way the rather warm feelings which China has shown towards the Community for some time.

It stands in contrast, moreover, with the still distinctly critical attitude of the Russians towards Brussels. The Soviet Union has taken care to avoid any diplomatic recognition of the Community, though it has to deal with its presence in a number of ways.

Chinese support for the Community reflects, in part, its opposing view with the Soviet Union in all matters of foreign affairs. In particular Peking supported British membership of the Community.

هكذا من الأصل

هكذا من الأصل

OVERSEAS

ough r Cairns dismissed lands r 'unsatisfactory' enial over Arab loan

berra, July 2.—Dr Jim s was dismissed from his as Environment Minister after providing Mr Whitthe Prime Minister, with unsatisfactory" explanation s alleged involvement in million dollar loan-raising ives overseas.

government statement said Mr Whitlam had asked Sir Kerr, the Governor-al, to terminate Dr 's commission as a govern-minister.

Whitlam was not satisfied r Cairns's denial that he written a letter offering a per cent commission to an rabian broker to raise a Saudi Arabian loan. The r, which the Prime Minister been shown at the weekend, radicted Dr Cairns's state-s to Parliament about his ey-raising methods.

Cairns, who is 60, was ty to Mr Whitlam, who had him 24 hours' notice to his explanation of the r. The Prime Minister also nded yesterday that Dr ns explain the reported lvement of his stepson p, his electoral secretary, ttempts to raise loans for a ate land development com-y involved in a housing pro-near Melbourne.

fore his dismissal was nced Mr Malcolm Fraser, Liberal Opposition leader, reporters in Sydney that whole overseas loans affair the makings of an Austra-Watergate. He said he eved Mr Whitlam's Govern-t was disintegrating.

r Fraser called for a full open judicial inquiry which ld have access to records authority to cross-examine permanent heads of the asury, the Department of erals and Energy and the ne Minister's department.

r Cairns has seldom been from controversy in his tical career. The appoint-nt of Miss June Morosi, who born in Shanghai, to his sonal staff, and most ently, his reported involve-nt in secret efforts to secure b loans, kept him in the dlines.

n a written statement about dismissal, Dr Cairns said Whitlam's decision was bitrary and unfair", and dis-sed with the most basic ocratic rights of the indi-ual. "There is no evidence soever to prove that I ed the letter, and I should given the chance to be ged by my peers—the Cabi-and the Parliamentary ty."

e added: "This is not the to victory for a Labour ernment."

Mr Whitlam released a copy of a letter he had sent to Dr Cairns in which he described his deputy's explanations as unsatisfactory and said that, as he did not intend to resign, he must advise the Governor-General to terminate his commission.

Political sources said that although Dr Cairns was being removed from the ministry, he retained at least temporarily the post of deputy leader of the Australian Labour Party. Only a month ago, he was demoted from federal Treasurer (Finance Minister) to the environment post in a Cabinet reshuffle. He had held the Treasury portfolio for six months.

"Doctor Jim" was born in the working-class Melbourne suburb of Carlton to British migrant parents. His father came from Glasgow, his mother from Blackpool.

In 1932, he started work as a 60-hour a week junior clerk, then three years later joined the police force. He also studied commerce at university and, after brief wartime army service, received his degree. He spent a year at Oxford as a Nuffield Fellow.

In 1947 he joined the Labour Party and eight years later was asked to contest the Melbourne seat of Yarra against a popular opponent from the right-wing breakaway Democratic Labour Party.

He won narrowly after a bitter campaign and has held the seat—since renamed Lalor—comfortably ever since.

Dr Cairns was voted into his party's Shadow Cabinet in 1958, building up his base among left-wing unions. His alliance with the comparatively conservative Mr Whitlam, who won power for Labour in late 1972, was never easy.

His six months as Treasurer saw few signs of an improvement in the country's economy and he did not even stay in the post long enough to present a budget.

Amid rising inflation and unemployment, as well as controversial attempts to raise loans from Arab countries, he was demoted last month to Minister for the Environment, though retaining the post of Deputy Leader.

The Labour Parliamentary Party will meet in caucus soon to elect a successor to Dr Cairns in the ministry. Portfolios are allotted by the Prime Minister. Observers said Dr Cairns, a parliamentarian for 20 years, could apply for the vacancy and could possibly have sufficient support to reclaim the post.—Reuter and Agence France-Presse.



Mounted New York police disperse a crowd of former colleagues blocking Brooklyn Bridge after losing their jobs.

New York becomes 'stink city'

New York, July 2.—A wild-cat strike by dustmen protesting at thousands of planned layoffs under the city's "crisis budget" left New York's streets littered with an estimated 30,000 tons of rubbish today.

Vowing that New York would become "stink city", union leaders had warned that if any dustmen were laid off, the rest would refuse to work. The workers carried out the threat, staging what a city official called "the best organized wild-cat strike I've ever seen".

There was enough uncollected rubbish round the streets today to construct two piles the height and width of both towers of the 110-storey World Trade centre.

In poorer neighbourhoods the refuse grew in fetid heaps and residents worried about the potential health hazard of rubbish rotting under a sweltering July sun.

Mr Robert Groh, the Sanitation Commissioner, said that because of the high temperatures, in the 80sF, they might have to call out the National Guard tomorrow to clear the streets.

The Republican-led City Senate refused to give Mr Abraham Beame, the mayor, who is a Democrat, new powers to raise enough money through taxes to cancel the dismissal of 19,000 municipal employees, among them nearly 3,000 of the 10,600 dustmen.

The resultant "crisis budget" took effect yesterday and it included layoff notices for 5,000 police, one sixth of the force, and for 1,650 firemen.

Sporadic outbreaks of violence were reported. Three white policemen, apparently angered by their dismissals, were charged with assaulting a black youth. Other policemen blocked traffic on the Brooklyn Bridge.

New York law prohibits strikes by public employees. Mr Richard Vizzini, fire union chief, urged his members to "take care of your health". As a result, there were reports of firemen reporting themselves "sick" as they returned from fires.

A dispute over pay started a strike of state employees in Pennsylvania. At least 50,000 were off work yesterday and many of the state's offices were closed or sparsely manned. Mr Milton Shapp, the Governor, offered 3.5 per cent rises, but most of the unions want 10 per cent.—AP.

Mrs Gandhi indicates irrevocable move away from democracy

From Peter Hazlehurst
Delhi, July 2

Mrs Gandhi, the Indian Prime Minister, and a senior Cabinet colleague have both indicated that India is moving irrevocably away from the path of parliamentary democracy and freedom, the dream of the late Jawaharlal Nehru, when he embarked the country on its "tryst with destiny" on independence 28 years ago.

Mrs Gandhi said today that Indians had been given too much liberty under the old democratic system, and Mr V. C. Shukla, Minister of State for Information and Broadcasting, declared that the present political trend could not be reversed.

Mrs Gandhi said today that under the tenets of democracy India had given too much liberty to the people in the past; and whether it was the Opposition or newspapers "they" had tried to misuse democracy and weaken the nation's confidence.

Speaking to members of the Youth Conference at her home in Delhi today, Mrs Gandhi made a bitter attack on her opponents. She said that ever since her late father's tenure in office, members of the Opposition had travelled to the United States to seek help to divert India from a socialist path.

"This was not a minor but a deep-rooted conspiracy to remove India from the socialist path it had chosen", the Prime Minister said.

She declared that the Opposition had been accusing the Government of eroding democracy in the country, but even today there is more democracy in India than any other developing country.

In the meantime, apart from a scuffle involving four demonstrators in the centre of Delhi, the capital was calm today. The Prime Minister's popularity began to rise today as prices of food and other essentials dropped as a result of the Government's regulations against hoarding.

Newspaper editors who were summoned to Delhi after they published white spaces to indicate that their papers were being censored, were admonished by Mr Shukla. According to my informant, Mr Shukla told the editors: "These steps are irreversible. The press, like everyone else, will just have to live with them.

It is understood that Mrs Gandhi is being advised by her son, Sanjay Gandhi, and her private secretary, Mr B. K. Dhavan, a former official from the Delhi metropolitan administration and a cousin of one of her major aides, Mr Yashpal Kapoor. In the past Mrs Gandhi has been surrounded by advisers from Kashmir, her native state, but in recent times more Punjabis have been inducted into the inner camp.

Fire inquiry at Briton's Greek estate

From Our Correspondent
Athens, July 2

Judicial authorities on the Greek island of Euboea have opened an inquiry into a fire that broke out on Monday night on the estate of Mr Francis Noel-Baker, the former Labour MP for Swindon.

Mr Noel-Baker's 9,000-acre estate, which is mainly forest land, has, since May, been the target of vociferous demonstrations demanding expropriation. The estate was purchased by Mr Noel-Baker's great-grandfather in 1832.

The fire, which damaged outbuildings on the estate, broke out after a large demonstration on Monday night at the village of Prokopi. A crowd estimated in the thousands gathered to hear speeches demanding the expropriation of the estate and attacking Mr Noel-Baker as an apologist of the former dictatorship.

eking denies support for hailand insurgents

om David Bonavia
king, July 2

Mr Kukrit Pramoj, the ime Minister of Thailand, id in Peking tonight that hinese leaders had denied that ey gave support to pro-mmunist insurgents in Thai-nd.

He told a press conference hat the question of a Thai anguage broadcasting station aid to operate from the hinese province of Yunnan, ad been raised before his pre-nt visit and that the Chinese d denied its existence.

The Thai leader, who yester-y signed an agreement open-diplomatic relations with na, is later this week to it Yunnan.

The question of Chinese pport for insurgent move-nts in South-East Asia is a cial one in the new period relations between those ntries and Peking. China ularly exchanges messages solidarity with the Thai rgents, but Mr Kukrit said had been told that China ld never given any support de our country".

fr Kukrit also said that he informed the Chinese bers that the United States been asked to withdraw troops and close its bases Thailand by late March t year. The Chinese had med "neutral" over this tter, he added.

n answer to a question he his hosts had admitted t Chinese troops had been into Laos in the past to ld roads but had all been drawn.

a answer to another question Kukrit seemed to leave open the possibility that the Chinese Communist Party could continue to maintain realtions with Thai communists as this would not constitute interference by one country in the affairs of another as referred to in the agreement.

The talks in Peking had not realt with the question of Soviet ambitions to acquire military bases in South-East Asia, against which Mr Teng Hsiao-Ping, the Chinese Deputy Prime Minister, gave a specific warning in a banquet speech on Monday.

Mr Teng had been invited to visit Thailand and had accepted "in principle", Mr Kukrit said.

Referring to the shooting on the border between Thailand and Cambodia, he said that it was not a confrontation between the two countries, but were skirmishing between border guards.

He had asked Mr Chou En-lai, the Chinese Prime Minister, to convey a message to Prince Norodon Sihanouk, the Cambodian head of state who is at present in North Korea. Thailand would be happy to make friends with him and hoped he would soon return to Cambodia.

Asked whether Thailand was in touch with Mr Khieu Samphan, the Khmer Rouge leader, Mr Kukrit said: "I do not know where he is. I am given to understand that he is part of Prince Sihanouk's Government."

Asked about his meeting yesterday with Chairman Mao Tse-tung, he said: "I learnt a great deal fro mthe Chairman and I do not think I shall ever be the same person again."

Labour leaders in crisis talks with Señora Perón

From Jane Monahan
Buenos Aires, July 2

Against a background of continued strikes in important industrial cities in the interior, Argentine labour leaders are still trying to thrash out a formula for peace between the Government and their own restless union members.

The stoppages are in protest against a presidential veto on freely negotiated wage agreements, announced on Saturday. The labour leaders are expected to meet Señora Perón, the President, again today, after having failed to reach agreement yesterday.

Señor Casildo Herreras, the secretary-general of the labour confederation (CGT) and Señor Lorenzo Miguel, leader of the Peronist labour movement and of the powerful Metalworkers' Union, are expected back in Buenos Aires. There was still no explanation yesterday why they had remained outside Argentina throughout the crisis between labour and the Government.

Some political commentators believe that it was a deliberate move to avoid turning the crisis into a clash of personalities, while others attribute the labour leaders' absence to reasons of security.

On Sunday the father-in-law of a CGT spokesman who appeared on television the day before, had his home blown up with bombs. On Monday evening police protection round the CGT national headquarters in Buenos Aires was withdrawn on Government orders.

24 killed in Turkish bus collision

Ankara, July 2.—At least 24 people were killed and 30 injured, 10 of them seriously, early today when a bus carrying Turkish holidaymakers collided with another packed bus near Afyon, 125 miles south-west of Ankara, officials said.—Reuter.

New Zealand to ban whale imports

Wellington, July 2.—New Zealand will ban imports of whale products, Mr Joseph Walding, the Minister of Overseas Trade, said today. In a statement, he declared that the Government was concerned about the depletion of world whale stocks.—Reuter.

Mr Ford faces clash over ending oil price control

From Frank Vogl
US Economics Correspondent
Washington, July 2

President Ford is preparing for a confrontation with Congress and in spite of the prospect of tough and bitter opposition from many Democrats, he will propose the abolition of price controls on domestic crude oil and natural gas.

This measure, which could boost United States energy production, cut domestic consumption and possibly deter the main oil producing countries from making further world price rises, will also be highly inflationary.

Opposition to the proposal in Congress will centre on the inflationary impact, but the President, fortified by having four vetoes of congressional Bills sustained this year, is determined to press ahead with his proposal.

He firmly believes that it is desperately urgent that tough measures should be taken to stimulate United States oil output and cut consumption, and he is furious that Congress has so far failed to act on the comprehensive energy programme he proposed at the start of the year.

The President recently pushed through oil import tariffs, in spite of widespread congressional opposition. Yesterday a number of oil companies announced petrol price rises, claiming they were a direct result of the tariffs.

With petrol prices likely to move ahead again in the coming weeks because of the tariffs, congressional opposition to price de-control will be extremely stiff.

Mr Frank Zarb, head of the Federal Energy Administration, summarized the key aim of the move by noting that "while this (price de-control) means higher costs for consumers in the short run, achieving energy independence will ultimately mean freedom from arbitrary pricing actions of foreign oil producers and freedom from the costs of sudden supply cut-offs".

He estimates that United States crude oil production could be 1,400,000 barrels a day greater in 1985 if current price controls are phased out. At present about 60 per cent of American oil output is controleed at $5.25 (£2.40) a barrel, compared with the free market price of about $11.50 a barrel.

Regulations control the price of all oil produced from wells that were in operation in 1972 and whose production in the current month is equal to, or less than, tht production in the 1972 base period. Controls do not apply to oil production in the current month above the amount produced in the 1972 base month.

Bulgaria gives frontier pledge to Greece

m Mario Modiano
ia, July 2

ulgaria reassured Greece nally today about the in-ability of the Greek-Bul-ian frontier in the event of reek-Turkish war.

he pledge, given during an cial visit to Sofia by Mr stantine Karamanlis, the ek Prime Minister, was ificant. It means that, if ssary, a large number of ek troops guarding the 300-e Bulgarian border could be ased.

he importance of the Bul-ian guarantee was enhanced reports that the United es warned Turkey recently it would "oppose any kish move against Greek itory". Greek sources ed that the American warn was officially conveyed to Government in Ankara.

Ir Karamanlis was received Sofia with a cordiality meant emphasize the durability of -West détente and the fact he is the first Greek Prime ister to visit Bulgaria, a ntry which by dint of history and culture is Greece's traditional enemy.

For centuries Greek-Bulgarian relations have ranged from bad to tolerable. This is the first time they have been described as very good.

Mr Todor Zhivkov, chairman of Bulgaria's State Council, told Mr Karamanlis today: "The consolidation of peace and security in the Balkans depends on the state of relations of our two countries." He hoped that East-West détente would last and that political détente in Europe would be followed by "practical measures for military détente".

In a toast to Mr Karamanlis, he expressed concern that there were still too many points of tension in the area and referred especially to the Greek-Turkish crisis. He said: "Our country did not take, and never will take, advantage for its own gain of differences which emerge in the relations of other countries. We demonstrated this clearly and categorically during the most acute phase of the Cyprus crisis."

Greek officials saw in this a pledge by Bulgaria not to take any action along the border that might inhibit Greece from pulling out troops to reinforce its defences against Turkey. Mr Zhivkov was also belying reports that Bulgarian troop movements at the time of the Turkish invasion of Cyprus almost a year ago had deflected the Greek military effort from defending Cyprus.

Mr Zhivkov, who as party secretary, has the effective power in Bulgaria, gave his support for an independent and sovereign Cyprus. He repeated the Soviet proposal for an international conference to help to find a durable solution on Cyprus.

Earlier, Mr Zhivkov and Mr Stanko Todorov, the Bulgarian Prime Minister, had formal discussions with Mr Karamanlis and his ministers and diplomats on bilateral and international questions. Mr Karamanlis tonight explained the purpose of his visit to Sofia which wound up a Balkan tour that included Bucharest and Belgrade.

He said: "By activating bilateral relations in the Balkans we can achieve in fact a multilateral network of harmonious and constructive relations and turn the Balkans into a prototype for the rest of the world."

The consolidation of Greek-Bulgarian détente naturally increases Greek self-confidence in the present phase of confrontation with Turkey. The memories of the first Balkan War of 1912 have not been erased from the minds of the leaders who met in Sofia today. The guard of honour for Mr Karamanlis at Sofia airport today wore the cavalry uniform with the feathered fur cap of the Bulgarian volunteers of the Russian-Turkish war of 1876.

A Greek diplomatic success here would assume particular significance in the light of American reassurances that Washington would react against any Turkish move against Greek territory. The fear of a Turkish attack on Greece or of Turkish action that would make war inevitable, has dominated Greek thinking for more than a year.

Acropolis shrines to be taken down and rebuilt

Athens, July 2.—Parts of the structures on the Athens Acropolis will have to be dismantled and reassembled to save them from destruction, according to Mr Trypanis, the Minister of Culture and Sciences.

Replying to questions, he told Parliament last night that he had already received pledges of financial and technical support from Unesco.

Mr Trypanis said that the shrines on the Acropolis needed "in large part" to be taken down, restored, and then reconstructed. This would especially comprise the removal of metal pins installed within marble pillars in an erroneous attempt to strengthen them. The pins instead caused rust and fractures because of expansion and contraction through changes in temperature, he said.—Reuter and AP.

25 years ago

From The Times of Monday, July 3, 1950 —

Unity in action

Only eight days have passed since the Korean crisis burst upon the world. If, as is likely, those who rule the Communist camp thought of the invasion chiefly as a test of the western Powers' determination to resist aggression, they have already had their answer. . . . Within less than three days the whole scene was changed with President Truman's announcement that the United States Navy and Air Force were ordered into action. Within another twenty-four hours British warships in Japanese waters were operating with the American; and Commonwealth countries were pledging full support for the Security Council resolution which authorized members to render immediate help to South Korea. Then came the news that American infantry were moving up to the fronts.

The dominant fact of the situation is the united resolution of the free Governments . . . to face all the great and evident risks of their action.

SPORT

Rowing

Ibarra's long voyage in search of Diamonds

By Jim Railton

With no Eastern European entries this year, British crews start favourites for three of Henley Royal regatta's six elite events. The British national training team eight, after their victory over the East German "seven-man" eight in the Guinness Trophy at Nottingham last Saturday, must be capable of taking the Grand from the American and Canadian club crews.

The world and European bronze medallists, Baillieu and Hart, should have no difficulty in the double sculls, assuming Baillieu's full recovery from a back injury. The Prince Philip looks favourable for the London University coxed four, assuming that their energies are not depleted after doubling up in their Ladies' Plate eight in which they also start favourites.

Interest today centres particularly on two first round races in the Diamond Sculls. After travelling some 14,000 miles between them, Ibarra of Argentina, fifth in the world last year, meets the world silver medallist, Dietz, this morning in the first round of the competition. The 24-year-old Argentinian came over especially for the Diamonds and, short of funds, returns home next Tuesday to prepare for the world championships in August.

His coach, Alberto Demiddi, the former world and European champion and winner of the Diamonds in 1971, told me yesterday: "This surely should have been the semi-final round of the competition. Dietz should have been seeded as well as Ibarra. It is a long way to come for one race as far as Dietz is concerned."

Demiddi reflects confidence on the chances of his strong 24-year-old protegé, so equally does Al Rosenberg, the coach to the 1964 Olympic and the 1974 world championship eights who now has Dietz under his wing. Although Ibarra is an unknown quantity this season, Dietz has been moving fast, winning at Ratzeburg and giving the East German Winter a tough race in Nottingham last Saturday. It should be some contest.

Rugby League

Morgan sent off in vicious game to end England tour

Brisbane, July 2.—England's tour of Australasia ended on a sour note here tonight when Michael Morgan was sent off as the team slumped to a 21—10 defeat by Brisbane. It was one of the most vicious games ever seen at the Lang Park ground here, and the England players left the field at the end to boos.

Players kicked, kneed, punched and elbowed their opponents and there were several brawls. Finally the referee, who might have sent men off following earlier incidents, dismissed Morgan two minutes before the end of the match. The England coach, Alex Murphy, criticized Scamp strongly after the game.

"The referee was terrible", he said. "He didn't even look like having control of the game. Morgan was flattened only two minutes after the start. The referee ignored many incidents and then sent Morgan off just before the end. I cannot follow his rulings at all."

The first Brisbane try came in the eighth minute when fly half Geoff Richardson intercepted a pass from the England captain, Millward, and sprinted 50 yards, beating the cover defence, to score beside the posts. Smith scored Brisbane's second try in the thirty-second minute when he brushed aside some weak English tackles.

England responded a minute before the interval when Dyl finished off a fine backline movement to score. Noonan scored again two minutes after halftime after smart running and passing by Nash and Millward. The final try of the match was scored at the end by Veivers, following through a high kick by Richardson which was fumbled by the England defence.

To the delight of a partisan crowd of 9,000, Brisbane scored three tries to England's two and Wayne Stewart scored six goals from nine attempts. Geoffrey Richardson scored the first Brisbane try in the eighth minute and Keith Smith scored another late in the first half.

Just on the interval Leslie Dyl scored a try for England, who then trailed 3—14. Derek Noonan scored for England two minutes after the resumption, but Gregory Veivers went over for Brisbane almost on the final whistle. George Fairbairn kicked two goals for England.

The England team relax on the Queensland Gold Coast tomorrow before flying out of Brisbane on Friday for Port Moresby and five days in Papua, New Guinea. There they will play one match.

BRISBANE: G. Thomas; K. Smith, H. Cameron, P. Leis, W. Stewart; G. Richardson, R. Strudwick, N. Hornery, L. Platz, D. Morris, S Bullow, J. Lang, G. Veivers.
ENGLAND: G. Fairbairn, G. Dunn, L. Dyl, D. Noonan, K. Fielding, R. Millward, S. Nash, M. Morgan, G. Nicholls, P. Cookson, E. Chisnall, K. Bridges, D. Chisnall.

In Auckland, Wales have named a strong team for tomorrow's match against the New Zealand Maoris at Rotorua. After winning their first three matches in New Zealand, Wales have been beaten in their last two matches. They played poorly when defeated by New Zealand last Saturday and by Auckland last night, when they were swamped 31—5.

The team for tomorrow's match includes 10 of the players who were in the side against New Zealand. The Maori side includes four current internationals—P. Orchard, Williams, Proctor and D. Sorenson.—Reuter.

WALES: W. Francis; G. Sullivan, D. Watkins (captain), F. Wilson, R. Mathias; D. Treasure, P. Banner; B. Butler, D. Evans, B. Wanbon, J. Mills, C. Dixon, K. Coslett. Reserves: J. Mantle, D. Willicombe.
NEW ZEALAND MAORIS: J. Wilson; P. Ah Kuoi, P. Orchard, W. Sorenson, D. Williams, R. Harris, D. Kev; I. Proctor, A. Hansen or E. Orchard, M. Netzler, K. Sorenson, D. Sorenson, R. Bolton (captain). Reserves: P. Gurnick, P. Malete.

Cycling

Merckx takes overall lead

Merlin-Plage, July 2.—Eddy Merckx of Belgium took over his habitual position as leader of the Tour de France cycle race here today. Merckx, riding with great determination, crushed the opposition in the sixth stage, a 9.9 mile individual time trial. He finished 27 seconds clear of the second-placed Yves Hezard of France and 33 seconds faster than his closest rival, Francesco Moser of Italy.

Moser, who led from the start a week ago when he beat Merckx by two seconds in the prologue time trial in Belgium, now trails overall by 31 seconds. "It really hurt to lose by two seconds," a grinning Merckx said afterwards. "particularly in front of my own crowd, but in a way it helped us. For the past week it has been Moser's team and not mine that has had to bear the weight of the race. So we are now fresher with only two stages to go before the mountains", he added.

Merckx said: "Racing the way I am now, I don't think I have worries for the mountains. I was waiting for today impatiently because I wanted to get my confidence back and see who my rivals are."

The layout of the seaside course, with its long straights and largely flat profile, suited Merckx, who chose to ride with a lower gear than almost all his rivals. "Time trial is always the moment of truth. You cannot cheat with your form on a run like this", Merckx said as he put on the race leader's yellow jersey for the 88th time in his six tours.

It was certainly the moment of truth for all the fancied mountain climbers who hoped to keep close enough to Merckx to be able to beat him where the roads are steepest and the Belgian weakest. None of the top mountain men, however, could get within 50 seconds of the world champion today—the closest being the Frenchman Bernard Thevenet, who consolidated his fourth position overall by clocking 20:25 to Merckx's 19:33. But he now trails Merckx by over two minutes. Thevenet's compatriot Raymond Poulidor, 39, and competing in his 13th tour, is now sixth, over two and a half minutes back.

Joop Zoetemelk, of the Netherlands—said before the tour to be the man most likely to prevent Merckx from taking a record sixth victory—dropped another one and a half minutes today and now lags by over three minutes. But Luis Ocana, of Spain, who lost three minutes on the first stage, appears to be coming back into the form which brought him victory in the 1973 tour. He finished seventh today in 20:26, but nevertheless still trails overall by about four minutes, which is almost an insurmountable handicap.

SIXTH STAGE: 1, E. Merckx (Belgium), 19min 55.38sec; 2, Y. Hezard (France), 20:00.03; 3, K. Knudsen (Norway), 20.03.25; 4, F. Moser (Italy), 20:06.48; 5, J.-P. Danguillaume (France), 20:08.92; 6, B. Thevenet (France), 20:25.31. GB placing: 12, B. Hoban, 20:38.93.
OVERALL: 1, Merckx, 22:55.39; 2, Moser, 22:54.10; 3, M. Pollentier (Belgium), 22:54.48; 4, Thevenet 22:58.46; 5, H. van Springel (Belgium), 22:56.11; 6, R. Poulidor (France), 22:56.11.—Agencies.

Rugby Union

Romanians on month-long mystery tour

Wellington, July 2.—The first tour of New Zealand by a Romanian Rugby Union team begins in less than a month, but the New Zealanders still do not know the names of the players or officials. The last word out of Bucharest on what is rapidly becoming a mystery tour was in March—four months ago.

"We've had no information on the personnel in the team party at all", the New Zealand Rugby Union's deputy chairman, Ces Blazey, said today. "We've sent an urgent cable seeking some details. We need these things so we can tell local unions who are trying to prepare programmes", he said.

The only firm arrangements on the month-long tour have been made from the New Zealand end. These include international and internal flight bookings. "We've got no particular problem, as long as we get some names", Mr Blazey said.

The Romanians are due to arrive in Auckland on July 31 for an eight-match tour. They play their first game in Gisborne against Poverty Bay on August 6.—Reuter.

Victor Marks, an Oxford University batsman who is on Somerset's books, scored 100 in 86 minutes against the Army at Aldershot yesterday.

Athletics

World record holder at Crystal Palace

One of the fastest men in the world, the American sprinter, Steve Williams, will run in the athletics meeting sponsored by Philips at Crystal Palace tomorrow. The West German sprinters who were due to compete have dropped out and the organizers have filled the gaps with world class performers.

Williams holds the world 100 metres record at 9.9sec but has a wind-assisted time of 9.8sec. Opposing him will be three 10sec men, Don Quarrie, of Jamaica, Jim Gilkes, of Guyana, and Steve Riddick, of the United States. Williams won the AAA 100 metres at Crystal Palace last year. All four will also run in the 200 metres, an event in which Williams was beaten into second place by Quarrie in the United States championships.

The American, Kenny Randale, who has run the fastest 400 metres in the world this year, runs in the 300 metres, opposing David Jenkins, of Britain, and the European champion, Karl Honz, of West Germany.

Washington, July 1.—Hale Irwin's $40,000 win in the Western Open pushed his 1975 United States tour earnings up to $175,627, the US Professional Golfers' Association announced today. Jack Nicklaus led the list with $180,799, followed by John Miller with $130,670.

SPORT

Tennis

Mrs King goes through the flames

By Rex Bellamy
Tennis Correspondent

The best books are always worth reading again. When Billie Jean King beat Evonne Goolagong (as she was then) in the final of the United States championship last September, they held us spellbound to the last shot of a lustrous match. We hoped that one day they might face each other on another such occasion. It is to happen at Wimbledon.

Yesterday Mrs Cawley, the former Miss Goolagong, beat Margaret Court 6—4, 6—4 in 66 minutes and Mrs King—three times within a point of going 0—4 down in the third set—won six successive games to defeat Christine Evert 2—6, 6—2, 6—3 in an hour and 36 minutes.

Mrs King, five times champion, will be contesting her ninth singles final at Wimbledon. Mrs Cawley beat Mrs King in the 1971 semi-final round and won the championship. But Mrs King defeated her in the 1972 final. If Mrs King wins again, she will equal the record of 19 Wimbledon championships won between 1914 and 1934 by another Californian, Elizabeth Ryan, who never won the singles. Two titles this week would, of course, leave the record exclusively in Mrs King's hands.

That would be appropriate. She has won every championship that matters. But Wimbledon, the greatest of them all, has pushed her to the peaks most often. It is at Wimbledon that we have had most cause to admire her footwork and stroke production, her quick-witted tactical sense, her unflinching self-confidence and hunger for success. But Mrs Cawley, too, has something to prove. A fortnight ago she married. Can she achieve as much with a husband as she did without one?

A year ago Miss Evert won the title without having to beat any of the players who joined her in the semi-final round this time. That raised a small doubt about her true stature as a champion on grass. The debilitating stomach bug that afflicted her during the week before Wimbledon raised another. Her close match with Betty Stove raised a third. We knew Miss Evert was only 20 and still improving. But would she strike her best form soon enough to dispel those doubts? We know the answer now.

True, she achieved a lead that, if not impregnable, seemed commanding. But she did so without maintaining the level of performance we have come to associate with this mercilessly tidy match-player. Mrs King's form was usually more decisive; poor in the first set, good in the second, and moderate and superb in turn in the third.

Mrs King knew she had to attack, but discreetly. But in the first set her volleying was all over the place and she might as well have been wearing boxing gloves for all the touch she had when attempting drop shots. In the third game there was an uncommonly long rally as the players fenced for an opening. It was the kind of tennis we expect in Paris rather than Wimbledon. There was a buzz of surprise among the crowd, as if something extraordinary was going on. There were a lot of baseline exchanges: and Mrs King settled down to them so well that, in the match as a whole, she rallied just as well as Miss Evert, who plays that kind of game as if born to it.

But Mrs King was soon in trouble, largely because her volleying did not even approach the standard Miss Evert's resilient ground strokes demanded. Miss Evert was equally aware that her lobs to the backhand had to be carefully measured because of the dismissive authority of Mrs King's overheads.

In the first game of the second set Mrs King attacked successfully and broke service. Suddenly she began to play as if Miss Evert had merely been keeping the title warm for her. But when serving at 2—1 and deuce, Mrs King was surprised when Miss Evert trotted up to the forecourt and hit a winning volley to frustrate the incoming volleyer. The shock was such that Mrs King immediately served a double-fault to lose her service. But she won the next four games for the set.

There were four deuce games at the start of the third set, which was the most exciting of the afternoon. Mrs King had a total of five break points but could win none of them. Miss Evert had three break points for 4—0, a situation that prompted Mrs King to consider how embarrassing it would be to lose the set 0—6. But Mrs King stood firm, held her service for 1—3 with a smash and two forehand volleys, and thus launched a decisively spectacular assault that snatched victory from the flames.



Mrs Cawley after her victory over Mrs Court: she, too, has something to prove in the final.

Both were playing well in the middle of the third set. Much of the tennis was exhilarating. A critical moment came when Mrs King had her third break point for 4—3. Miss Evert played a stop volley that rose from the turf and hovered in the sunlight. I have never seen a tigress spot her first good lunch for a month. But the reaction must be rather like that of Mrs King. Her eyes seemed to glitter as if illuminated from within. She hurtled to the forecourt and passed Miss Evert with a forehand. The mighty assembly roared. They knew that here was a true champion making her last challenge for the title and sparing nothing.

Only two games remained. But the last rally of all was a beauty, with Mrs King making two remarkable "gets" and Miss Evert, doubtless bemused by the difficulty of putting the ball away, finally mishitting an overhead off the frame. "I was so much on the edge of the ledge today that I have not fully realized I am still in the tournament," said Mrs King later. "I do not quite know how I won."

From Mrs Cawley's point of view it was somewhat ominous that Mrs King got a lot of bad tennis out of her system and eventually settled down to play a crisply assertive game: deep, skimming approach shots supported by cutting volleys or booming smashes. But Mrs Cawley herself played some highly skilled and attractive tennis: and it was more flexible and more consistent than Mrs King's.

It must be disconcerting to play Mrs Cawley. She is so nervelessly gifted, so boldly facile in responding to crises. There were two such yesterday, because Mrs Court had three points for a 5—3 lead in the first set—when the third chance beckoned, she served two successive double faults—and two points for a 4—2 lead in the second set (in that game another double fault gave Mrs Cawley a third break point, which she won with a dipping backhand service return). In a total of 10 service games Mrs Court served nine double faults, which meant that, on average, she was tossing away a point almost every time she served. Mrs Cawley does not need the encouragement of such unearned income.

Mrs Court tore a calf muscle at the end of March and the injury recurred later. At Wimbledon she has played with measured dignity, relying on her wits, skill and reach rather than her strength and agility. She probably achieved more than she expected, if less than she hoped. She played well yesterday, except for those double faults. At the net she leaned this way and that, as gracefully obstructive as a willow on a narrow path. Mrs Court had her chances, too. She broke service in the first game of each set. In the second set she was twice a break up. In the last game of the match she led 40—0.

Mrs Cawley was quick and alert, as if conscious that a daydream yesterday could mean oblivion today. There were times when she was all sturdy artistry, her racket a brush as she painted pictures in the sun. Yet that brisk walk (just a hint of a swagger) suggested that there was something of the soldier in her, too. She did not flinch under fire. By some magic she turned many of the bullets into boomerangs. What a final it will be if she and Mrs King reproduce the splendour they spread before us at Forest Hills.

Today, for the first time three left-handers appear in the semi-final round of the men's event. The exception is Ashe. If he can serve effectively on the wearing turf, he should beat Roche. Connors should beat Tanner. The women's doubles have suddenly become rather interesting. Roche, worried about a stomach muscle and anxious to have himself for today, agreed with Mrs King that they should scratch from the mixed event. This means that if Mrs King is to finish Wimbledon with an outright record, she must win the singles and share the doubles with Rosemary Casals. There would be nothing new in that—but this time it would mean more.

"I was used to the grass and had the feel of the ball", he said. "I was playing very well and I'm sure I could have beaten Ashe. I think I was in with a chance of winning the tournament. You have to be lucky to win a championship of that standard but I was playing very well."

Women's singles

Semi-final round

Mrs L. W. KING (US) beat Miss C. M. EVERT (US) 2—6, 6—2, 6—3.
Mrs R. CAWLEY (Australia) beat Mrs B. M. COURT (Australia), 6—4, 6—4.

Men's doubles

Fourth round

V. Gerulaitis and A. Mayer (US) beat G. Battrick and G. R. Stilwell (GB), 6—3, 6—4, 6—2.
Gerulaitis and Mayer beat J. Fassbender and H. J. Pohmann (West Germany), 8—9, 3—6, 6—3, 6—3, 6—3.

Semi-final round

C. Dowdeswell (Rhodesia) and A. J. Stone (Australia) beat R. D. Crealy (Australia) and N. Pilic (Yugoslavia), 2—8, 3—6, 3—6, 9—8, 6—3.

Mixed doubles

Second round

A. METREVELI and MRS O. MOROZOVA (USSR) beat N. Pilic and Miss M. Jausovec (Yugoslavia), 6—4, 7—5.

Third round

M. C. RIESSEN (US) and Mrs B. M. COURT (Australia) beat P. J. Cramer (SA) and Mrs I. Hume (GB), 6—1, 6—2.
A. J. Stone (Australia) and Miss B. F. Stove (Netherlands) wo A. D. ROCHE (Australia) and Mrs L. W. KING (US), act.
METREVELI and MRS MOROZOVA beat R. A. Lewis and Miss G. L. Coles (GB), 6—3, 6—1.
R. A. Hewitt (SA) and Miss R. Casals (US) beat R. L. Case (Australia) and Miss F. Durr (France), 6—3, 2—6, 6—4.

Today's order of play at Wimbledon

CENTRE: A. R. Ashe v A. D. Roche; J. S. Connors v R. Tanner; Miss F. Durr and Miss B. F. Stove v Miss R. Casals and Mrs L. W. King; M. C. Riessen and Mrs B. M. Court v D. McMillan and Mrs D. E. Dalton.

ONE: R. A. J. Hewitt and Miss R. Casals v A. J. Stone and Miss B. F. Stove; E. W. Ewert and Miss M. S. Mikstedt v A. Metreveli and Mrs O. Morozova; J. Kodes and Miss M. Navratilova v J. M. Yuill and Miss R. A. Whitehouse; Plate: J. El Shafei v J. M. Lloyd or A. G. Neely.

TWO: Plate: G. Gerulaitis v D. A. Parun; R. L. Scott v V. Patrick; Miss D. L. Fromholtz v Miss S. Mappin; V. Gerulaitis or D. A. Parun v E. L. Scott or G. Battrick; Miss F. Durr or Mrs M. M. Pinter v Miss D. L. Fromholtz or Miss S. Mappin.

THREE: Plate: R. J. Simpson v T. Koch; R. D. Crealy v J. D. Bartlett; Miss A. M. Coe or Mrs J. A. Bentzer; Miss V. A. Burton or Mrs P. Peisachov v Miss L. J. Charles or Miss H. Anliot; Miss A. M. Coe or Mrs J. A. Bentzer v Miss C. M. O'Neil.

FOUR: Plate: Miss F. Durr v Mrs M. N. Pinter; L. Alvarez v L. Molina; Miss M. B. Wiksteds v Miss F. Mihal; L. Alvarez or I. Molina v R. D. Crealy or J. D. Bartlett.

FIVE: Juniors: C. J. Lewis v J. Vahler; Miss G. R. Stevens v Miss A. Peyce; Miss D. Cegster v Miss L. Mottram; Miss A. Baldiers or Miss M. Tyler v Miss P. Dupuy or Miss N. Y. Chymiriova.

SIX: Plate: J. M. Lloyd v A. C. Neely; Miss V. A. Burton v Mrs P. Prisachov; Junior: Miss P. Dupuy v Miss N. Y. Chmyriova.

SEVEN: Plate: Miss R. C. Giscafre v Mrs P. M. Doerner; Miss L. C. Charles v Miss H. Anliot.

EIGHT: Juniors: R. Zarate v U. Eriksson; Miss S. Hagey v Miss I. Korsten; Miss A. Baldiers v Miss M. Tyler; J. Lewis or J. Vanier v R. Zarate or U. Eriksson.

NINE: Juniors: S. C. Mondragon v R. Ycaza; Miss R. Marsikova v Miss A. Gerain; Ashok Amritraj v C. J. Kaskow; S. C. Mondragon or R. Ycaza v V. Maher or B. McKown; Ashok Amritraj or C. J. Kaskow v B. D. Drewett or N. Odizor.

TEN: Juniors: W. J. Maher v B. McKown; Miss D. Eastburn v Miss S. Hanika; G. Ocleppo v A. M. Jarrett; Miss D. R. Stevens or Miss S. Pegen v Miss S. Hagey or Miss I. Korsten; L. Farpas or R. C. Bevan v G. Ocleppo or A. M. Jarrett.

ELEVEN: Veterans: J. D. Budge and C. Mulloy v B. Akerlson and B. Hromquist; H. J. Barnicoat and J. J. Fitzgibbon v H. K. Richards and R. C. Sorlten; A. E. G. Bailey and A. C. Kendall v L. Borgelin and B. Patty; J. Drobny and E. Morea v C. D. Oakley and G. L. Ward.

FOURTEEN: Juniors: L. Farpas v R. C. Bevan; Miss V. Anderssen v Miss B. Jordan; B. D. Drewett v N. Odizor; Miss R. Marsikova or Miss A. Gerain v Miss D. Eastburn or Miss S. Hanika; Miss V. Anderssen or Miss B. Jordan v Miss C. Geuster or Miss L. J. Mottram.

Golf

Nagle sets course record to win Seniors professional title again

By Lewire Mair

Kel Nagle, who had said earlier in the week that a score in the low sixties was very much on the cards yesterday returned a score of 64 (four under par) to break the Longniddry course record and win the Seniors Professional Golf championship, sponsored by Ben Sayers-Strathclyde Hotels. His four round aggregate of 268 was two shots better than that of Ken Bousfield and four better than that of the third round leader, John Panton.

Nagle, who has won the Seniors three times in the past five years, now looks forward to a visit in September to the Bide-a-Wee Club in Portsmouth, Virginia, where he will play Charles Sifford for the world senior title.

Winner of the New Zealand PGA championship at the start of this year, the 54-year-old Nagle chose not to play on the Japanese circuit because of a middle ear infection. On recovering, he came over to Britain to compete in the Penfold, an event in which he missed the 36-hole Cup. While he played much better in the Martini, returning a 66 in the second round, Nagle came up to East Lothian directly after his week at Westward Ho! in order to get in some practice: "After the way I played at the Penfold, I really needed to get things worked out. There were par four holes at St Georges where I could not get up in two. I just wasn't hitting the ball solidly."

Though he missed a putt of two and a half feet at the 12th en route to his morning 66, Nagle began yesterday afternoon by holing a 30ft putt for his three at the 399-yard first hole. Four holes later, a 25-ft putt went down for a three at the 350-yard fifth, all of which gave the Australian plenty of confidence.

Nagle has, he says, been suffering over the past five years from a complaint which he terms "a whippy left hand". When the pressure is on, he suddenly finds himself unable to keep his left wrist steady when putting, especially when there is a putt of about five or six feet involved. "Mind you", he said, smiling, after he had given a demonstration of his affliction, "it's not going to do me any good to dwell on it like this . . ."

Nagle had been much impressed yesterday with the lovely putting stroke of his playing partner, Bousfield: "Ken has got a super rhythm. He was unlucky not to hole several more putts out there."

Bousfield, who, like Nagle, had started the last round on 204, was out in 33 to the former Open champion's 31. Though Nagle went three ahead on the 11th, holing from six feet for a three, Bousfield reduced the deficit to two at the 12th, where Nagle drove into sand, and in attempting to hit a pitch and run out of the bunker with his mine iron, fluffed his ball out short of the green. Straightaway—and this was the crucial moment of the afternoon—Nagle hit back, floating a five iron into 18 feet at the short 13th and making a two where Bousfield needed four.

Leading totals

268: K. D. C. Nagle (Australia), 67, 71, 66, 64.
270: K. Bousfield (Coombe Hill), 70, 69, 65, 66.
272: J. Panton (Glenbervie), 67, 71, 65, 69.
274: E. C. Brown (Bathgate), 75, 68, 68, 65; J. Martin (Pine Valley), 69, 66, 70, 69.
276: C. O'Connor (Royal Dublin), 68, 74, 68, 66.
278: D. J. Rees (South Herts), 69, 75, 69, 67; R. M. Mandeville (West Herts), 72, 68, 66, 73.
280: R. De Vicenzo (Argentina), 69, 74, 68, 69.
281: M. Faulkner (Shillingles Park), 73, 71, 68, 69; S. S. Scott (Roehampton), 73, 72, 65, 71.
283: R. Halsall (Royal Birkdale), 73, 68, 72, 70.
285: A. D. Locke (South Africa), 72, 71, 72, 70.
288: G. Gledhill (West Sussex), 75, 75, 70.
289: E. C. Lester (Astbury), 74, 74, 70, 71; W. Lees (Shipley), 74, 76, 69, 70; K. W. C. Alwyck (Woodlands Manor), 71, 75, 72, 73; P. Murphy (Royal Dublin), 70, 74, 69, 76.
290: I. Crowe (Holiday Inn, Bermuda), 77, 69, 70, 74.
291: C. El-Saved Sherif (Egypt), 73, 75, 75, 68; W. Atkinson (Wheatley), 72, 73, 72, 74.
292: R. J. Taylor (Brickendon Grange), 76, 72, 67, 77.

Class winners (54 holes)

Class A (50-54 years): K. Nagle (Australia), 204.
Class B (55-59 years): B. J. Panton (Glenbervie), 203.
Class C (60-64 years): S. S. Scott (Roehampton), 210.
Class D (65-69 years): D. Bell (King James VI), 221.

Hosts favoured despite internal trouble

From John Hennessy
Paris, July 2

Wimbledon may have its charm at this time of the year, but I would prefer the undulating charm of the St Cloud Country Club, especially on a day such as this. With only a gentle zephyr to induce the trees to wave an inviting welcome, the 70 or so golfers assembled here for the women's European championship are as near to heaven as it is possible to be in the world of sport.

Thirteen countries have entered, as in 1973 the last time the event was held, but few people seem disposed to look beyond the host nation for the winners, except the English and the Scots, whose optimism is not entirely based on chauvinism. The Scots in particular, have a score to settle with the past. They failed to survive the stroke-play stage on the first day at Ravelstein, Belgium, two years ago and were relegated to the also-rans in the second flight. Now with a team spearheaded by Maureen Walker (released from university affairs), the rising Suzanne Cadden and Sandra Needham, they have their eyes on the trophy.

England, too, have a special incentive as the holders. Their hopes rest on Ann Irvin, Julia Greenhalgh, Ann Stant and Beverly Huke, who has emerged from the shadows once more this year to win the English championship. Miss Huke has one distinguished old friend and admirer here, Catherine de Prado, who, as Catherine Lacoste, won a precocious victory in the United States Open eight years ago. Mrs de Prado, herself, is making one of her rare appearances, after marriage and two calls to the nursery.

But for all the waving of the flags of St George and St Andrew now hoisted on their appropriate poles in front of the elegant club house after a tasteful opening ceremony, France remain the hot favourites, in spite of some squalid fighting within the team that has deprived them of Brigitte Varangot. Women's golf here is, for administrative purposes, subservient to the men's, and those closely connected with the women's game, notably Lally Segard (formerly the Viscomtesse de Saint Sauveur), find themselves little more than decorative ciphers.

The effect is that Mrs de Prado, at one end of the quarrel, has an added determination to prosper here and thereby answer those who are calling for her head. Thus she has just made a round trip of 1,000 miles to St Jean de Luz to consult her Svengali from early days, Raymond Garaialde. There is fire in her dark eyes, and I fear the British, among others, are likely to pay the price for this fracas in French golf administration.

However, the French team does not begin and end with Mrs de Prado, not while they can still call on, for instance, Anne-Marie Palli, Martine Giraud, and Odile Garaialde, wife of the top French professional, and daughter-in-law of Raymond. Perhaps it is as well for the others that Miss Varangot has been forced to take French leave. The championship occupies four days, one day of stroke play, with the first four to count in each team of five, and three days of team match-play.

Boxing

Bugner will box on and live in Britain

From Neil Allen
Boxing Correspondent
Kuala Lumpur, July 2

Just a brief human postscr as a thunderstorm here remir me of all the excitement missed yesterday at the "fight a lifetime". Today Britai lacklustre challenger, Joe Bugr held one more press confere to confirm that he would c tinue to live in Britain.

The statement was thou necessary because Bugner's w understandably under strain w watching a closed circuit cla showing in Leicester of Bugn 15-round defeat for the w heavyweight championship; suggested that she and her h band would be better off livin the United States. I gath from Bugner that she had disturbed by the remarks of s of the paying public at the showing of a contest during w he found it difficult to take initiative.

Bugner, his right eye coloured but otherwise unmar said he had spoken on the phone to his wife and told not to worry about her emoti reaction. He added: "Of cc I have never been intereste leaving Britain, it's my cou Why else would I just have bc a £100,000 house. My wife 'I'm sorry I've got you trouble by saying these thi but I just told her not to wo

Bugner and his manager, Smith, made it plain that Bri European champion will cor to box. But they will mak decision as to whether B will keep his European t

They are open to offers to the best Americans and B himself said he would pref box Joe Frazier, who has lined up as the next challeng Ali. Mr Smith said that B could well box for another fi eight years as he is "a young who doesn't get himself b about". That, at least, heartening description for Bugner as she waits for the h coming of her husband.

Manila, July 2.—An Ame boxing promotion official arrive here tomorrow to ir facilities and possible sites match on October 1 betwee and Frazier, a Filipino officia today. Luis Tabuena, chairm the Games and Amusements B who have jurisdiction here professional boxing, said F Arum, president of Top Organisation and legal coun the promoter, Don King, scheduled to fly in tomorro

Yachting

Nan of Gare shines in light weather

Clyde Week this year will be remembered by Scottish yachtsmen for its halcyon weather because they can recall plenty of regattas in which the wind has blown strongly from the south-west, accompanied by pouring rain to conceal the beauty of the surrounding hills. By contrast, the days have been warm and sunny with satisfactory sailing in moderate breezes in which the technicoloured spinnakers have been reflected in the water in an heraldic lace of colour.

Yesterday's regatta by the Royal Northern Yacht Club was a fair test of racing in a south-westerly of 10 knots and the only American-designed eight metre on the Clyde, Nan of Gare, by the master, Olin Stephens, claimed her second trophy this week in the Rothesay Cup. Nan has always shone in light weather.

The Gourock soling, Athene, achieved her second win for the B. T. Quaich. The international dragon, Crackerjack, did even better when she added the Bryce Allan Trophy yesterday to the two pots she has won already.

RESULTS: Eight-metre class: 1. Nan of Gare (P. M. Wilson); 2. Inismara (T. M. N. Salvesen); 3. Athene (P. J. Young Soling: 1. Athene (P. J. Simpson); 2. Staccato (G. M. Watson); 3. Gusto (R. MacDougall). Dragons: 1. Crackerjack (C. S. Roberts); 2. Mahlong (W. B. McFee). Flying XVs: 1. Namu Too (D. B. McNaught); 2. Good Vibrations (S. S. Bentley). Piper: 1. Stormpiper (J. R. Gibb); 2. Mona (M. W. Rose); 3. Kelpie (J. G. Thomson). Hunter 22: 1. Toccata (C. Duncan); 2. Catspaw (J. Knox). Lochlong: 1. Zillah (R. A. MacGrowther); 2. Palmina (P. R. Kerr). Gareloch: 1. Zogorrus (Cdr M. F. Everett, RN); 2. Hermes (Mr and Mrs R. Morison).

Gray brothers work their way through the fleet

By John Nicholls

The fifth race of the Dunhill Fireball class European championship was won by Felix Buchle and Guido Gross of Switzerland at Hayling Island yesterday. They have sailed consistently well all week and they lead the 40 other competitors on points.

Kenneth Brackwell and Michael Treadwell, who started the week well, had an even worse result yesterday—disqualified—than they had on Tuesday. Along with several other boats they were over the line before the start and failed to answer a recall signal.

To make matters worse, they were also involved in a protest with Nicholas and Crispin Read-Wilson over a port and starboard incident, which could end in the Read-Wilsons being disqualified. So all Brackwell's hard work in the race, in which he fluctuated between seventh and third places and finished fifth, was wasted.

The Read-Wilsons were also over the line at the start, but they returned to recross it properly and set off last in pursuit of the fleet. By the end of the third windward leg they had climbed to tenth place, where they finished.

Buchle was followed across the finishing line by one of the French entries, sailed by Bernard Ancel and Claude Petit. The best-placed British boat yesterday was that of the brothers, Ian and Keith Gray, who finished third after gaining many places for the second day in succession. They were fifteenth after the first beat and progressively worked through the fleet all round the course.

They do not yet appear among the leaders on points because of two lowish results at the beginning of the series. But if they can continue their present form in the next two races they are by no means out of the running for the title. Buchle's win and Brackwell's disqualification have thrown the championship wide open.

Yesterday's race was held in gorgeous summery conditions, with a force three south-easterly breeze allowing fast sailing throughout the first two rounds. Later in the race the breeze lightened a little and veered, requiring the windward mark to be repositioned.

Ancel led for the first two legs, but strangely lowered his spinnaker at the gybe mark and was overtaken by Buchle. The Swiss boat led for the next two rounds until she, too, was overtaken on the same reaching leg by Ancel and Frank Davies, who later faded to eleventh place at the finish. Buchle regained his lead on the fourth beat and had no further difficulty in maintaining it to the finish.

FIFTH RACE: 1, F. Buchle and G. Gross (Switzerland); 2, B. Ancel and C. Petit (France); 3, I. and K. Gray; 4, A. and Mrs M. Bell (Ireland); 5, R. Jobbins and P. van Loock; 6, P. Brookes and M. Millard (Australia).

OVERALL (with discard, subject to protest): 1, Buchle, 20.7 pts; 2, Read-Wilson, 27 pts; 3, K. Brackwell, 28.7 pts; 4, Bell, 29.7 pts; 5, P. Sandy, 31.7 pts; 6, P. Gault (France), 42 pts.

Fourth race to Mackenzie: O'Gorman lea

Hamish Mackenzie, helmir won the fourth race in the burgh Cup series for I yachts in the Forth yest Second home was the def Gilmour Manuel, in Tarka this place brought him be third overall after the c behind the Irish boat, Gala: Alphida, who were seventh thirteenth respectively yest

After the now customar recalls the fleet got awa Kis was first to go to the for a lift and had a half r lead at the weather followed by Tarka, Indros, G Caprice and Titan, who were to each other. Nick Trum Titan, moved up to third gybe mark but had to retir Tarka hit her, and Walter well, from the Clyde, came the leeward mark third in C Sir Gordon Smith, in Kali to the south on the secon and moved up 10 places to

Tony O'Gorman has now to first overall with two re go, 1.4 points ahead of hi mate, Conor Doyle, in A with Tarka third a furth points behind. The series is ing a useful workout for th boats as they are going on Gold Cup in Sweden in a for

RESULT: 1, Kis (H. I. Ma Royal Forth); 2, Tarka (J. G. Royal Forth); 3, Caprice (Caldwell, Royal Northern); 4, K G. Smith, Royal Thames); 5, (P. J. and W. S. Tophurst, Burnham); 6, Galatea (P. Gifford, Aldeburgh).

Faces looking like maps of a lost world

By Geoffrey Green

As the second week of Wimbledon unwinds the boundaries of the place contract. More and more the centre court becomes the final harbour. The outer reaches begin to lie fallow in the popular conception and the crowds thin out. It is like breaking the ice in a party of strangers, yet there is always something going on; always something to catch the interest of the wanderer, the outsider without the required open sesame to the Hall of Fame.

Although the scene is largely reduced to a framework during these last days, Wimbledon and its surrounds give an effect of immense permanence. To possess any kind of a past is to own a season ticket to the future and to the past. The game itself may have been dragged screaming into the twentieth century, belatedly perhaps, by the onset of open professionalism, the emergence of major sponsored circuits, the evolvement of ATP, WTT and all the rest in this age of alphabetical symbols.

But "yonder ivy-mantled tower" still stands unmoved, which would lift the heart of a former tennis correspondent of these columns who, in those very terms, wrote about it delightfully and lovingly, one wholly wet afternoon many years ago—wet both outside and inside at the press bar. The creepered walls of the courts, too, hide the scars of time, especially when washed by the sunshine.

While Mrs Cawley and Mrs King were holding the immediate spotlight at the centre of the stage, there was much else going on in the wings. Yesterday, for instance, away in the outfield, as it were, the veteran gentlemen's doubles tournament got under way, some of it, to be sure, in need of oil for creaking joints. But in that field stood four singles champions of their day—Jean Borotra, Donald Budge, Jaroslav Drobny and Budge Patty. Their names set the mind off at a tangent. And with them, too, was a former Prime Minister of France in shorts—J. M. Chaban-Delmas, playing in a bleached sun hat which partly hid his eyes as perhaps befits a former politician.

Of all these, Patty, the champion of 1950, was the least changed. He is still upright, still clean-limbed, still dark of hair, holding back the scales of avoirdupois and of time. His famed forehand volley still a refreshing memory as he turns his wrist like turning a key in a door lock. He was partnered by Bergelin, the great Swedish stylist, a singles quarter-finalist of other days, now thinning on top but still smiling, the present tutor and Svengali of the young Borg. Surviving much cheerful banter from Drobny on the sidelines, these two reduced Nath and Pandhi to a slow-moving Ganges to win 6—2, 6—1. All these faces resembled well-lined maps of a lost world, with lakes that were eyes.

All this represented the day before yesterday. But here also in the outfield was tomorrow—the junior singles championship—for boys and girls. One or other of them may one day wear a champion's crown. The All England Plate, too, took another step forward amid the gentlest applause, with scarcely a breath whispered on it in the newspapers.

But in those ranks were men like the American, Gerulaitis—one of the early seeds uprooted in the main championships—El Shafei, Moore (the hirsute South African), Bob Hewitt, Koch (the Brazilian) and others. Any tournament would be pleased at their entry. Meanwhile, the men's doubles championship reached its final stage with two unseeded players left improbably to dispute the title, won last year by Newcombe and Roche. Bread, love and dreams can be found outside the centre court by the free man.

Tout claims he sold tickets for £100 each

Ticket touts used their wives and children to queue for extra tickets at Wimbledon yesterday. They were hoping to collect up to £100 a time for the women's semi-finals.

One long-serving tout claimed he sold four tickets for a staggering £400 to an American Embassy official.

"That was last night and he won't even get his money back if it rains. He came down in a big yankee car and paid me in tenners", said the tout.

He added that this year was his most successful for 15 years at Wimbledon and his profit was already more than £1,000.

Spectators started queuing at midnight and by 7 am all 300 available centre-court seats had been accounted for.

Girls dominated the queue, including two Australian sisters who had hitch-hiked around Europe.

"We worked our schedule out to get us to Wimbledon for the second week", said Margaret and Angela Baird, who left Sydney on New Year's Day.

Hockey

England to start out-of-season tour of Jamaica

By Joyce Whitehead

Sixteen English players fly off to Jamaica today to play six or seven matches. They return on July 17. This out-of-season tour was the idea of Jamaica. In the West Indies, strong opposition is hard to find and with the World Cup tournament only two months away, they invited an England team to play the Jamaican party six times and possibly to play another match against the touring team from Hamburg.

Seven matches in 14 days in the temperature of Jamaica will take some doing. The players are also paying their own fares to and from Jamaica. Six of the 16 toured in the United States last summer.

The manager of the team is the English national coach, Miss Stuart Smith (not the same as the coach to the England team, Miss J. M. Potts). The captain is Miss E. Huggins, of Cheshire, and the assistant manager and umpire is Miss P. Shenton, formerly of Shropshire, now of Lancashire. They are a young and keen team, proud to be wearing an England touring team badge, many for the first time. The players are:

E. Hussins (Cheshire), C. Best (Oxfordshire), W. Baker (Cheshire), K. Sedge (Lancashire), C. Brewers (Cheshire), J. Brooks (Lancashire), C. Burman (Leicestershire), S. Capel (Yorkshire), J. Calshaw (Cheshire), C. Burdett (Leicestershire), H. Griffiths (Lancashire), F. Gare (Cheshire), N. Kilby (Surrey), S. Walker (Stockport League).

Football

George goes to Derby County for £80,000

Charlie George, Arsenal's former England Under-23 forward, has signed for the Football League Champions, Derby County—just 24 hours after he was expected to move to Tottenham Hotspur. The move was completed in London yesterday at a fee of around £80,000.

"George has had a lot of problems in recent years and has not been able to produce his best form", said the Derby manager, Dave Mackay, after George had signed. "Nobody can give their best with problems on their mind. But that is all behind the lad now and I feel he will do well at Derby."

Coventry rugby club, faced with five Saturday matches next season when England matches are being televised, are to ask their opponents to switch from Saturday to Sunday to try to overcome the counter-attraction. The opponents involved are Harlequins, Wasps, Neath, Waterloo and New Brighton.

Croquet

BUDLEIGH SALTERTON: Southwest of England championship: Open singles: Preces, first round: D. J. Bullock beat R. A. Caddy +5. Second round: B. C. Perry beat Prof B. G. Daisley +5; Miss F. Joly beat Sir L. Newton +20; W. R. Bullock beat A. J. Cooper +3; H. G. T. Bolton beat Dr R. Burkmall +12; Lt-Col D. M. S. Pritchard beat Mrs E. Retherham +5; Mrs D. M. C. Pritchard beat R. F. Rothwell +8. Longman Cup: Level singles: Second round: P. R. Devitt beat D. S. Alford +5; Mrs E. Weitz beat Miss J. Cooper +14; K. S. Schofield beat R. H. Lee +14; L. S. Butler beat L. D. Adams +19. Mrs C. H. Vincent beat Mrs P. Newton +13; C. Edgcumb beat J. G. Warwick +5; G. H. Barns beat R. F. A. Crewe +13; R. H. G. Carder beat C. W. Haycroft +1 on time. Stone Challenge Cup: Ti. singles and aver): First round: Dr C. W. Evans (9) beat Mrs Cheesemanpee (13) +13; G. Hyde (9) beat Mrs P. Wyatt (14) beat Mrs R. F. A. [illegible] +4; C. Gilmour (12) beat [illegible] +2; [illegible] beat [illegible] +1; [illegible] beat [illegible] +2; [illegible] beat [illegible] +1; [illegible] beat [illegible] +1; [illegible] beat [illegible] +1

هكذا من الأصل

RT

...ooch makes strong claim for ...ace in England's Test team

...Woodcock
Correspondent

The Australians, with all ...st innings wickets in hand, ...runs behind MCC.

...m Gooch, of Essex, who ... 22 later this month and ... build of a heavyweight, ...convincingly enough against ...tralians at Lord's yester... ...come into the reckoning ...ace in England's team for ...r Test match starting at ...on a week today.

...g in at 11 for three with ...n full cry and the ball ...about just a little, Gooch ...75 in only 85 minutes. It ...splendidly belligerent and ...licated piece of batting, ...t by none of the inhibitions ...hose English batsmen who ...ept aside by Thomson and ...ast winter will feel for a ...when they play Australia. Gooch's first full season ...he has yet to discover what ...ult game cricket can be. If ...d luck to him.

Woolmer and Slocombe ...ying well. Young England ...*ite an encouraging day.* To ...*no* and Gooch, Thomson is ...e than a broad shouldered ...an who once upon a time ...extremely fast but is cur... having trouble with Eng...ches and English umpires. ...s no-balled nine times yes...

Thomson has bowled 48 ...ss overs in the last five ...gainst Hampshire and MCC ...en no wicket for 194 runs. ...all come back to him one ...o doubt, when all hell will ...loose: but he looks a long ...*om it at the moment.*

...e Lloyd and Gooch were ... 109 together, in a rescuing ...rship, there was no mis... which had been to Austra...ld which had not Lloyd ...as vulnerable as Gooch ...d assured. Lloyd still shows ...gn of shellshock Gooch on ...her hand matches Lillee's, ...che with a bristling crea...f his own. He is big and ... an embryonic Milburn. Gooch came in Lillee had ...moved Lumb, Johnson and ...ey in 11 balls. No sooner ...alters, at third slip, dropped ...than Marsh, at first slip, ...him. Marsh was having a ...the field to enable Robin...keep wicket at Lord's. ...ason and Cowdrey were both ...the same way, leg before ...e back foot to balls quite well up to them. Cowdrey's kept low, meaning that in his three first-class innings since carrying Kent to victory over the Australians he has scored only four runs. That's cricket for you.

If Lillee's reputation and Thomson's meant anything to Gooch he never showed it. Anything short on the offside he treated with no ceremony whatever, and when, in quick succession, Gilmour and Thomson bowled him a legside full toss he hit them both for six. In his 75 he had 12 fours and two sixes and gave us much hope for the future. By the time Gilmour bowled him in the second over of the afternoon most people on the ground had made it their business to find out that Gooch plays for Essex. He is a cockney too.

One unconvincing appeal for leg before was the nearest Thomson came to a wicket. I saw it reported the other day that he is homesick which seemed like hearing that Muhammad Ali was missing his privacy. I would be more inclined to believe that Thomson is pining for the pitches of Australia, with their much greater resilience. Yesterday Lillee, at mid-on, appeared to be trying to get him going, but abortively.

Lloyd was fifth out, at 140, when he drove at Gilmour and was bowled. It is exactly a year ago that Lloyd scored 214 not out for England against India. Since then, in England and Australia, he has had 46 first-class innings, in which he has passed 50 only six times and never got to 85. The Australians must be wondering how England's selectors come to be persevering with him. Slocombe, like Gooch, batted with a confidence that Lloyd must have envied him.

Slocombe's present trouble is that he keeps getting out in the 20s. It happened yesterday for the seventh time in his past nine innings, when he hit a long hop back to Higgs, the leg spin bowler. Slocombe plays with a conspicuously straight bat. Woolmer batted nicely, too, sweeping and driving well until he was caught at slip, also off Higgs.

Days like this, when the temperature is in the 80s and the young men do well and a leg-break bowler has some reward (Higgs took 4 for 36 in 11 overs) make pleasant memories. This one ended with Laird and McCosker paying some respect to Hendrick, Arnold, Woolmer and Pocock for the last 80 minutes, and looking like getting out only when Bairstow allowed a high chance, given by Laird off Hendrick to go through his gloves.



Test prospect: Gooch is 22 and has the build of a heavyweight.

MCC: First Innings

D. Lloyd, b Gilmour	40
R. G. Lumb, c Marsh, b Lillee	2
G. W. Johnson, l-b-w, b Lillee	3
*M. C. Cowdrey, c & b w, b Lillee	26
G. A. Gooch, b Gilmour	75
P. A. Slocombe, c and b Higgs	28
R. A. Woolmer, c Chappell, b Higgs	55
†D. L. Bairstow, c Robinson, b Walters	4
P. I. Pocock, c Marsh, b Higgs	17
G. R. Arnold, not out	7
M. Hendrick, c Lillee, b Higgs	1
Extras (l-b 1, w 1, n-b 14)	16
Total	245

FALL OF WICKETS: 1—6, 2—11, 3—11, 4—120, 5—140, 6—177, 7—186, 8—231, 9—240, 10—242

BOWLING: Lillee, 19—1—65—3; Thomson, 15—5—51—0; Gilmour, 13—2—52—2; Walters, 9—1—12—1; Higgs, 11.1—3—36—4.

AUSTRALIANS

R. B. McCosker, not out	32
S. M. Laird, not out	28
Extras (b2, n-b 1)	3
Total (no wkt)	53

R. Edwards, *G. S. Chappell, K. D. Walters, †R. D. Robinson, R. W. Marsh, G. J. Gilmour, J. R. Thomson, D. K. Lillee, J. D. Higgs to bat.

Umpires: K. E. Palmer and W. E. Phillipson.

...iddlesex through in the last over

...an Gibson

...INGHAM: Middlesex beat ...ckshire by three runs.

...ldlesex narrowly reached the ... of the Benson and Hedges ... Edgbaston. Only in the last ...as the match decided. You technically say that it ...ded upon the last ball, be... if Perryman had hit it for ...arwickshire would have won. ... Perryman's first ball, and ...was certainly improbable, as ...was banging away in a fierce ...which largely destroyed War...re's hopes.

...man made a brave try, but ...ed to score only a couple ... the Warwickshire captain, ... the other end, just the man ... six in a crisis. He came in ...e and never received a ball. ...ther hot day: another good ... another fast outfield; an... bag full of runs. That was ...prospect at the start, and ...lesex cannot have been dis...ed when they were asked to ... The brightness was dimmed ... *they lost three for 57. Smith* ... bowled by Brown, Brearley ...hit at the wicket off Rouse, ... Featherstone was leg-before ...rown.

...is good effort by the War...shire opening bowlers per... justified the decision to put ...ldlesex in. Not that there was ... of that "early life" in the ...h, but Middlesex knew they ...ld have to score plenty, and ...ey rushed it. It was only the ...nteenth over when Feather... e was out.

However, Radley and Gomes put things right with a fourth wicket stand of 136, in 30 overs. Gomes, who is left-handed, batted with intelligence and skill. He has a beautiful late cut: a stroke we do not often see today, in its true sense. He put in an accurate piece of bowling later, and R. T. Simpson gave him the gold award.

Radley, who went on to his century, was, as usual, a mixture of the classical, the baroque and the Old Kent Road. Middlesex scored 247 in their 55 overs, gaining *quite a few of them—in retrospect, the crucial few—by their* running between the wickets.

This is something at which Radley excels. Warwickshire were therefore required to make a score almost as high as has ever been made by a winning side batting second in a Benson and Hedges match. If you follow me. I hope it is right. It is difficult to keep up with all these competitions. When we reach the Corset Cup, and the Toilet Paper Trophy, it will be time for me to retire. Jameson and Amiss put on 100 in 23 overs, and Kallicharran played another delightful innings.

Warwickshire seemed to be winning until that last spell from Price and some unnecessary fluster among their own batsmen, lost them their grip. Murray and Kallicharran seemed just the pair to *do it, but Murray was caught at* cover, fifth out at 229, from a curious half-hearted shot. Kallicharran was then 52, but was caught at the wicket soon afterwards, after Price had delayed his delivery so long that it had become almost a psychological war. After that Warwickshire did not have the batsmen to see them through.

MIDDLESEX

M. J. Smith, b Brown	7
*J. M. Brearley, c Murray, b Rouse	0
C. T. Radley, c Hemmings, b Brown	14
N. G. Featherstone, l-b-w, b Bourne	103
R. B. Kanhai, c Gomes, b Vernon	8
J. Whitehouse, b Vernon	13
†D. L. Murray, c Radley, b Selvey	36
W. A. Bourne, l-b-w, b Price	4
P. H. Edmonds, run out	3
S. J. Rouse, run out	0
*D. J. Brown, not out	0
R. D. Perryman, not out	0
Extras (l-b 5, w 2)	12
Total (9 wkts, 55 overs)	244

FALL OF WICKETS: 1—16, 2—123, 3—142, 4—168, 5—229, 6—233, 7—235, 8—242, 9—242.

BOWLING: Price, 11—2—38—3; Selvey, 11—0—55—1; Vernon, 11—0—70—2; Edmonds, 11—1—36—0; Gomes, 11—0—33—1.

WARWICKSHIRE

J. A. Jameson, run out	65
D. L. Amiss, c Smith, b Gomes	55
A. I. Kallicharran, c Murray, b Price	52
R. B. Kanhai, c Gomes, b Vernon	8
J. Whitehouse, b Vernon	13
†D. L. Murray, c Radley, b Selvey	36
W. A. Bourne, l-b-w, b Price	4
P. H. Edmonds, run out	3
S. J. Rouse, run out	0
*D. J. Brown, not out	0
R. D. Perryman, not out	0
Extras (l-b 5, w 2)	12
Total (8 wkts, 55 overs)	247

M. W. W. Selvey, J. S. E. Price did not bat.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1—8, 2—11, 3—57, 4—153, 5—196, 6—230, 7—244, 8—247.

BOWLING: Brown, 10—0—65—2; Rouse, 10—1—26—2; Bourne, 11—1—59—1; Perryman, 11—0—39—1; Hemmings, 11—2—41—1; Jameson, 2—0—10—0.

...eicester home in comparative luxury

...erry Harrison

LESTER: Leicestershire beat ...shire by five wickets.

...cestershire raced breathlessly ...heir third Benson and Hedges ... in four years at Grace Road ...day on the back of ...geous batting performances *Christopher Balderstone* and ... Tolchard. Their partnership ...n 14 overs snatched the game ... from Hampshire but their ...bution was greater than that. ...derstone, at the crease for 50 ... anchored the innings, con... the run rate and deservedly ... the man-of-the-match award ... Trom Greenidge. Tolchard ...easily have collected a medal ...f. His distinction was the ...g of Roberts, the man who ...d to hold the game in his ...l. Two sparks of aggression *Tolchard* probably turned the ...re the uncommitted had ...lished who was who in the ...ning. Richards had gone in ...he had an average comfort... ...er 100. July has begun with ...lours from Australians, one ... neither regions from Thom... the other when the fifth ball ...ckenzie's first over cut back ...truck his off-stump a sicken... ...ow.

...enridge who has only once ...d more than 34 for Hamp... shire this season, immediately steadied the ranks and struck back, starting with a six. The first material support he received was from his captain, Gilliatt, but Greenidge ruled the roost. His 50, out of 65, included seven fours and a six. At lunch he was on 77 out of 120 for three in 34 overs but Leicestershire were content.

Sainsbury, surprisingly, speeded up events later and Greenidge came alive again in the 90's. His best shot was his last, down the wicket and airborne, cover driving Higgs. Next ball he failed to cut one on his leg stump and he left, eighth out, having scored 111 out of 188.

With Roberts roaring in from the car park end, Hampshire's 216 suddenly looked a long way off. His opening four overs cost only one run and removed Dudleston, who had scored three centuries in the previous 12 days. He was much too fast for Steele, Balderstone and Davison who were not sure whether it was Shrove Tuesday or Sheffield Wednesday.

At the end of his second set of overs, his figures were 7—4—9—1 and Leicestershire were behind the clock. He started his last set with 10 overs left, 66 needed with a ferocious maiden. But Balderstone was taking runs off Jesty now and when Tolchard steered and hooked Roberts to the boundary, the control changed hands. Roberts faded and eventually Leicester were home with the comparative luxury of five balls to spare.

HAMPSHIRE

B. A. Richards, b McKenzie	2
C. G. Greenidge, b Higgs	111
R. V. Lewis, c Cross, b McVicker	7
*J. M. Barnard, c and b Jesty	0
†R. M. C. Gilliat, b Illingworth	23
P. J. Sainsbury, b Steele	26
A. J. Murtagh, c Tolchard, b Illingworth	4
G. R. Stephenson, b Booth	15
J. M. Rice, b Higgs	17
R. S. Herman, c Davison, b Booth	1
A. M. E. Roberts, not out	1
Extras (l-b 7, n-b 4)	11
Total (53.4 overs)	216

FALL OF WICKETS: 1—2, 2—57, 3—58, 4—109, 5—162, 6—170, 7—188, 8—203, 9—213, 10—216.

BOWLING: Steele, 11—1—36—1; Illingworth, 11—2—32—2; McKenzie, 9—4—41—1; Higgs, 9.4—0—45—2; McVicker, 6—0—26—1; Booth, 7—0—27—3.

LEICESTERSHIRE

B. Dudleston, c Rice, b Roberts	2
J. F. Steele, b Jesty	15
J. C. Balderstone, not out	101
B. Davison, c Lewis, b Sainsbury	34
*R. Illingworth, b Rice	12
†R. W. Tolchard, b Herman	35
G. F. Cross, not out	1
Extras (l-b 5, w 2, n-b 3)	10
Total (5 wkts, 54.1 overs)	217

P. Booth, N. M. McVicker, G. D. McKenzie, K. Higgs did not bat.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1—7, 2—35, 3—77, 4—115, 5—202.

BOWLING: Sainsbury, 11—1—39—1; Herman, 11—1—39—1; Roberts, 10.1—5—16—1; Jesty, 11—0—67—1; Rice, 11—0—36—1.

Umpires: J. F. Crapp and D. G. L. Evans.

...morgan v Camb Un

AT SWANSEA

...AMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY: First Innings

...myth, c Davies, b Solanky	2
...rden, c Khan, b Needham	40
...Aworth, c Francis, b Lloyd	105
...buck, Richards, b Lloyd	33
...Murrills, st Jones, b Lloyd	10
...Rignell, l-b-w, b Lloyd	16
...Coverdale, not out	80
...Russell, run out	0
...J. Jackson, l-b-w, b Ellis	0
...Hayes, l-b-w, b Ellis	0
...brook, not out	12
...ra (b 6, l-b 4, w1, n-b 6)	17
...tal (9 wkts dec)	303

...OF WICKETS: 1—3, 2—114, 3—159, 4—206, 5—235, 6—239, 7—239, 8—239, 9—239.

...LING: Solanky, 13—3—36—1; ...16—5—44—0; Lloyd, 20—2—... Needham, 22—5—49—1; ...ce—10—59—2.

...LAMORGAN: First Innings

Ellis, not out	17
Jones, not out	11
...tras (b4, l-b 1, n-b 1)	6
...tal (no wkt)	34

...Francis, G. Richards, L. W. ...P. Needham, J. W. Solanky, ...Khan, T.K. Davies, B. J. ...R. Hill to bat.

...ires: C. J. N. Venables and ...Lanks.

...er matches

...ROGATE: D. H. Robins's XI ... 8, (100 overs) 0. Lowe 55, ... Ragge 78, D'Oliveira 68 ... Venables 48 for 5.

...ERSHOT: Oxford University ... dec, W. Napier 80, C. ... 62, L. D. Purdon 57, Pte D. ... 4 for 99): The Army 65 for 5.

Today's cricket

TOUR MATCH
LORD'S: MCC v Australians (11.30 to 6.30).

OTHER MATCHES
HARROGATE: Yorkshire v D. H. Robin's XI (11.30 to 6.30).
ALDERSHOT: Army v Oxford University (11.30 to 6.30).
SWANSEA: Glamorgan v Cambridge University (11.30 to 6.30).

SECOND XI COMPETITION
LUTTERWORTH: Leicestershire II v Middlesex II.
GUILDFORD: Surrey II v Sussex II.
CARDIFF: Glamorgan II v Northamptonshire II.
STRATFORD: Warwickshire II v Gloucestershire II.
STREET: Somerset II v Worcestershire II.

MINOR COUNTIES
RADLETT: Hertfordshire v Cambridgeshire.
TELFORD: Shropshire v Staffordshire.

Second XI competition

GUILDFORD: Sussex II, 359 for 9 dec (*M. J. J. Faber 112, N. Widdom 67, R. Baker 4 for 75*); Surrey II, 39 for no wkt.

LUTTERWORTH: Middlesex II, 169 for 9 dec (G. D. Barlow 61) and nought for no wicket; Leicestershire II, 167 (D. Humphries 61 not out, W. Daniels 6 for 54).

At the end of his second set of overs, his figures were 7—4—9—1 and Leicestershire were behind the clock. He started his last set with 10 overs left, 66 needed with a ferocious maiden. But Balderstone was taking runs off Jesty now and when Tolchard

Minor counties

TELFORD: Staffordshire, 295 for 6 dec (Nasim-ul-Ghani 81, M. J. Ham 62); Shropshire 80 for 5.

India to play four Tests in West Indies

Port of Spain, Trinidad, July 2—India will tour West Indies next February to play four Test matches and six other first-class matches, the West Indies Cricket Board of Control announced here today. India would tour again in 1979 and be hosts to the West Indies in 1980, the statement added.

The first Test next year starts in Barbados on March 10, the second in Trinidad on March 24, the third in Guyana on April 7 and the fourth in Jamaica on April 21.

Schools results

*Bishop's Stortford 133-7 dec; Kimbolton 127; *Emanuel 275 and 155; High Wycombe RGS 222 and 114-9 (I. Payne 8-47); MCC 190, *Reed's 75; MCC 137-9 dec, *Kingston GS 143-8; XI Club 192-5 dec, *Ryde (I.o.W.) School 176-6.

*Bancroft's 138, Brentwood 139-7; *Burton-on-Trent GS 197-2 dec (N. Hall 72, I. Yates 75 not out); King Edward's, Stafford 137-8; *City of London School 176-2 dec (I. Nastings 125), Staff XI 118-8; Daniel CA 135, *Woodbridge 141-2 (K. Collins 74); *Raynes Park HS 194-4 dec, Hampton GS 134; *Battersea GS 151-8 dec, Tiffin 68-9.

*denotes home side.

Racing

Ruling Class can take seat of power

By Michael Phillips
Racing Correspondent

The most valuable race at Brighton today is the Park Top Handicap, run over a mile and a quarter. It is named after probably the best horse to have run at Brighton in recent years, the mare who won the Coronation Cup at Epsom and the King George VI and Queen Elizabeth Stakes at Ascot in 1969. Her moment at *Brighton had come earlier in her* career when she won the Challenge Cup there. Park Top also finished second in the Prix de l'Arc de Triomphe.

There is no filly of comparable class in today's field, but there was never meant to be. Nevertheless *Ruling Class is clearly useful* in this grade and she is my selection. She finished second in her first race this season at York, and then she finished third in the Ebbisham Handicap at Epsom, in front of, among others, Flaming Peace.

I had hoped that Flaming Peace, the filly in whom I have an interest, would have run better than she did when she appeared again at Ascot. But she let us down. Exactly a year ago Flaming Peace won the Arundel Stakes at Brighton. She is capable of doing better than she has done this season, but Ruling Class must be *the logical choice. Calibina, runner* up to Mount Street in the Brighton Mile looks the danger to Ruling Class on what we have seen this season.

Lammergeier may well be capable of giving the champion jockey, Patrick Eddery, another winning *ride in the Arundel Stakes. Her* two previous races were at Newmarket and York where she was taking on much tougher opposition. The other race for two-year-olds, the Henfield Stakes, ought to be won by Summer Speed, who finished third behind Ippolyti at Chepstow in May. Ryan's Pride failed to win a seller at Goodwood *in the same month.*

In recent years we have heard much more about the exploits of Arthur Stephenson than those of his cousin, Willy, who is still the only Englishman to have trained the winner of the Derby and the *Grand National. But it was Willy* who stole the show at Brighton yesterday when he saddled Barsheba to win the Friend-James Memorial Handicap and Autoway to win the Woodingdean Stakes.

Barsheba's victory was particularly pleasing as far as Stephenson *was concerned. He trained* her dam, the good mare Barwin, her grand dam and her great grand dam, and, to cap it all, he owns Barsheba's sire, Kibenka, who stands on his Tudor stud in Hertfordshire. Barsheba was well ridden by Stephenson's own apprentice Stephen Hives. Barsheba finished strongly for him *and just managed to pip* Mabblessed, who made such a valiant attempt to lead from pillar to post.

Autoway was all the rage in the ring before the Woodingdean Stakes and he never looked like letting his supporters down, even *though he did hang to his right* as soon as he had taken command of the situation. His owner Mrs Roderick Graham, Stephenson and Denis Ryan, the jockey in this instance, hoped to win the Preston Park Handicap as well with Pikey, but he never looked like catching *the redoubtable course specialist* Belper. And nor did Sob Story for that matter.

Belper certainly got the cheer of the day.

Tsarevitch to show his potential by beating Le Chat

By Michael Seeley

John Hattersley, a Yorkshire businessman, has not enjoyed much luck with his smart stayer, *Girandole, recently. A bad run in* the Ascot Gold Cup was followed by an unlucky third in the Northumberland Plate at Newcastle on Saturday, when the four-year-old was hemmed in *and denied* a clear run for the best part of three furlongs. But, Hattersley may have a change of fortune at Great Yarmouth this afternoon where his promising two-year-old, Tsarevich, takes on Le Chat in the Somerleyton Stakes.

I took an immediate liking to Tsarevich when I saw him in his *stable at Beach Hurst in the* spring. Though rather on the leg, Tsarevich is full of scope and quality. By Iron Ruler out of the Arctic Prince mare Hibernate, he is a half brother to the one-time 1,000 Guineas hope, Tzaritsa, and also to Destiny Day, a useful two-year-old in Ireland in 1967, when he came over to York to win the coveted Prince of Wales's Stakes.

Tsarevich, a $17,000 (about £7,400) purchase at the Keeneland sales, looked worth every penny of that price when justifying favouritism on his first appearance in a 15-runner maiden race on this course in the middle of June. The colt had to work hard for his success that afternoon, as Heracles, racing on the far side of the course, held the upper hand until Hide forced Tsaverich's head to the front in the last stride.

Le Chat will provide more than useful trial tackle this afternoon. The Bruce Hobbs trained filly, a fluent scorer at Lingfield Park on Derby trial day, gave a spirited *account of herself behind Western* Jewel at Kempton later in the month.

As Western Jewel went on to finish fourth to Rory's Rocket in the Queen Mary Stakes at Royal Ascot, Tsarevich will have to be at his sharpest to cope with Le Chat, but I am relying on his potential to pull him through. The only other runner, Somers Point, finished so far behind Square Halo on his first appearance at Folkestone that it is difficult to give him a chance in this company.

At Nottingham on Monday, Ben Hanbury and his landlord, Lester Piggott, gained an easy win in the selling handicap with the 6-4 favourite, Court Circus. This afternoon in the Marina Selling Handicap Plate they are attempting to repeat *their success with Knave of Hearts.* As this appears to be a less competitive affair than the Sandown Park selling race in which Knave of Hearts finished fourth to Faithful Mata, the master's wizardry may enable the three-year-old to gain the day.

In the centrepiece of today's card, the Eastern Counties Handicap, Piggott has the mount on Midsummer Lad for Hanbury. But, although the four-year-old showed that he is holding his condition well when narrowly beaten by Pirate Bell at York, at today's weights Midsummer Lad may not be able to cope with Jacanta to be ridden by Myrddin Thomas. Jacanta has lifted her game lately and recorded a fast time when beating Ezra at Liverpool last week.

The formidable team of Piggott and Henry Cecil can strike in the Swaffham Stakes with the Warwick winner, Ticklish, who has Falling Gold—lucky to beat Conning Tower at Leicester—and the well galloped Upper Echelon to beat in the mile and a quarter race for maiden three-year-olds.

Hanbury can take his second race of the afternoon with Euro Star whom Frank Durr rides in the Dereham Handicap Plate, a six furlong sprint. Euro Star beat all but Ainsley Boy at Pontefract *recently and can get the better* of Scarlet Wonder and Catch O' The Season this afternoon.

STATE OF GOING (official): Brighton firm. Carlisle: Hard. Great Yarmouth: firm. Beverley (tomorrow): firm. Haydock Park (tomorrow): *good to firm. Sandown Park* (tomorrow): good to firm on round course, good on straight course.

Cumberland Plate can go to Mister Geoffrey

By Jim Snow

Evidence of the slow but steady decline in prestige and value of some of the older races on the *calendar is seen in the quality of* the field for today's mile and a half Cumberland Plate at Carlisle. There will be seven runners for a handicap that in importance was once not so far behind the two-mile Northumberland Plate. And in the old days a prize of £1,000 *or £1,500 was something worth* winning. But, while Newcastle's famous race has gone forward and last Saturday was worth £13,000, Carlisle's biggest event is worth £1,500.

Handicaps of this value are today two a penny. The old order changeth, Tennyson said, yielding place to the new, and this I fear is the case with the Cumberland Plate, although the poet was thinking of the death of King Arthur and not of a small race meeting in the north-west. Last year's Cumberland Plate was won by Pirate Bell under 8st 6lb, and he turns out for the double with a 10lb penalty for his victory at York on June 13 in a strongly contested £2,000 mile and a half handicap.

The following week Pirate Bell ran a good race under a 7lb penalty to be fourth in the Bessborough Stakes at Royal Ascot to Fool's Mate. He was not beaten far in a field of 19, and is certainly not without a chance of defying top weight today. The apprentice allowance will bring him down to 8st 10lb, only 4lb more than he carried in 1974.

This will be a tight betting race, for not one of the six runners can be left out. Asset ran well for a long way in last week's Northumberland Plate, but his trainer, Gordon Richards, would have preferred to *have seen him held up* longer before he made his effort.

Brighton results yesterday

2.0 (2.2) **ROCK GARDENS STAKES** (£516: 5f)

Bien Etonne, ch f, by Jimmy Reppin—Ranjita (Exors of late G. van der Ploeg), 3-8-7 R. Marshall (11-2) 1
Boscobel, ch f, by Sovereign Path—Hidden Key (Lord Fairhaven), 3-8-7 G. Lewis (13-1) 2
Gray Ghost, gr c, by Yellow God—Pearlemor (D. Prenn), 3-8-10 B. Taylor (10-11 fav) 3

ALSO RAN: 6-1 Western Goddess (4th), 8-1 Ribramble, 10-1 God Willing, 20-1 Chitose, Kings Talisman, Radstone, 33-1 Sunny Bloom, 50-1 Call-Me-Sally. 11 ran.

TOTE: Win, 65p; places, 15p, 34p. 12p. W. Marshall at Fordimabridge. Mk. 1'.l. 1min 2.85sec.

2.30 (2.31) **WOODINGDEAN STAKES** (2-y-o: £662: 7f)

Autoway, ch c, by Astec—Sam's Daisy (Mrs R. Graham), 8-11 D. Ryan (6-1 fav) 1
Assurance, br c, by Astec—Shawlie (G. Balding), 8-11 J. Curant (7-2) 2
Muriska Prince, b c, by Murrayfield—Tallaska (Mrs J. Lee), 8-11 G. Starkey (14-1) 3

ALSO RAN: 4-1 Royal Dart (4th), 7-1 Spoofer, 20-1 My Boy To, 33-1 Crimson Coon. 7 ran.

TOTE: Win, 20p; places, 15p, 25p; dual forecast, 50p. W. Stephenson, at Royston. 2l, 6l. 1min 25.16sec.

3.0 (3.0) **FRIEND JAMES HANDICAP** (£1,137: 1m)

Barsheba, b m, by Kibenka—Barwin (Mrs C. Kerling), 5-7-13 S. Hives (95-40) 1
Mahblessed, b c, by So Blessed—Bibi Mah (R. Strudwick), 4-8-13 .. R. Edmondson (7-2) 2
Firetail, gr c, by Birdbrook—Dicky Bird (Mrs D. Russell), 4-8-13 .. W. Carson (9-4 fav) 3

ALSO RAN: 11-2 Colonel Nelson (4th), 7-1 Sugar Moss. 5 ran.

TOTE: Win: 30p; forecast: £1.15. W. Stephenson, at *Royston. Nk, 3l.* 1min 34.80sec.

3.30 (3.31) **PRESTON PARK HANDICAP** (£778: 1m 4f)

Belper, ch h, by Busted—Maurine (Lady Manton), 6-10-0 Ron Hutchinson (11-10 fav) 1
Seb Story, b m, by Weepers Boy—Reita (Lady Aitken), 5-7-7 D. Cullen (100-30) 2
Pikey, b c, by Polyfoto—Dixie Rose (Mrs R. Graham), 3-8-5 D. Ryan (5-1) 3

ALSO RAN: 9-2 Caspardale (4th), 4 ran.

TOTE: Win, 30p; forecast, 46p. J. Dunlop, at Arundel. 4l, 1l. 2min 32.39sec.

4.0 (4.1) **HAILSHAM HANDICAP** (3-y-o: £676: 6f)

Chaplin, b g, by Silent Screen—Juliet's Song (Mrs J. Cook), 7-10 J. Reid (6-1) 1
Gold Mark, ch c, by Jimmy Reppin—Jull Girl (S. Harmsworth), 8-9 Ramshaw (2-1) 2
Sylvan Lady, gr f, by Welsh Saint—Palah (Mrs M. Slade), 8-4 A. Murray (13-2) 3

ALSO RAN: 11-10 fav Ephesian (4th), 20-1 Debbie Jane. 5 ran.

TOTE: Win, 60p; forecast, £1.08. D. Smith, at Winchester. ¾l, 3l. 1min 10.65sec.

4.30 (4.31) **PEVENSEY STAKES** (£670: 1m 2f)

Deep River, b c, by Tudor Melody—Lucky Stream (Mrs J. Parsons), 3-8-10 Madden (5-6 fav) 1
Calhive, b f, by Caliban—Honey House (R. Porter), 3-7-3 G. Fox (11-2) 2
Darcy Dale, b f, by Derring Do—Wasdale (Miss E. Rigden), 3-7-8 W. Carson (7-4) 3

ALSO RAN: 20-1 Barbary Prince (4th), Mexilhoeira, 33-1 Otago Gold. 6 ran.

TOTE: Win, 35p; places, 17p, 15p; dual forecast, 22p. B. Wise, at Polesate. 4l, 2l. 2min 3.20sec. Ardema did not run.

TOTE DOUBLE: Barsheba and Chaplin, £7.80. TREBLE: Autoway, Belper and Deep River, £3.80. Jackpot: £302.90. Tomorrow's pool at Brighton guaranteed £2,000.

Stewards Cup weights

There are 96 entries for the Stewards Cup, to be run over six furlongs at Goodwood on Tuesday, July 29. The leading weights are:

Boone's Cabin 5yrs 10st 4lb, Rapid River 5-9-13, Wily Willy 4-9-10, Steel Heart 3-9-7, Street Light 4-9-7, Polly Peachum 4-9-6, Dutch Gold 6-9-5, Step Ahead 3-9-5, Hillandale 3-9-3, Auction Ring 3-9-3, Mrs Tiggywinkle 4-9-2, Mayday Melody 5-9-1, Tackerton 4-9-0, Paris Review 3-9-0, Tolspring 3-8-13, Highest Trump 3-8-13, High Award 3-8-13, Alphadamus 5-8-13.

Brighton programme

2.0 HENFIELD STAKES (2-y-o : £510 : 5f 66yd)

101	04	African Beat (E. Widdicombe), G. Dingwall, 9-0	G. Baxter	7
103	0	Call-Me-Morials (M. Rees), A. Jones, 9-0	T. Rogers	5
106	0030	Personage (Mrs C. Silver), B. Swift, 9-0	P. Cook	1
107	022044	Pink Note (Exors of late G. van der Ploeg), R. Hannon, 9-0	J. Curant	4
108	02	Ryan's Pride (D. Ross), H. Price, 9-0	A. Murray	6
110	000	Blackfoot Girl (J. Payne), R. Smyth, 8-11	G. Ramshaw	4
114	03	Summer Speed (Mrs J. Bailward), H. Candy, 8-11	W. Waldron	2

2-1 *Ryan's Pride*, 3-1 Pink Note, 7-2 African Beat, 6-1 Summer Speed, 8-1 Blackfoot Girl, 12-1 Personage, 16-1 Call-Me-Morials.

2.30 KINGSTON HANDICAP (£462 : 6f)

204	334-000	Hightown Lad (B. Geary), R. Hannon, 3-9-2	J. Curant	14
206	003-	Varsity Match (B. van Cutsem), B. van Cutsem, 6-8-13	W. Carson	1
211	040000	Koala (D) (G. Balding), Balding, 10-8-5	J. Smith	7
216	0000-04	Blondestreak (Mrs M. Wickins), R. Akehurst, 5-8-5	G. Baxter	13
217	0-04301	*Jack Jiggs (C) (P. Saunders), B. Wise, 3-8-2*	R. Ballantine	10
219	300-000	Regina Wilhelmina (G. Kirton), A. Dalton, 3-8-0	G. Duffield	2
220	(00001	Wrenaldo (E. Brooks), S. Supple, 3-8-0	P. Cheam	9
221	00-00	Golly Darling (K. Howells), A. Jones, 3-7-7	T. Rogers	3
222	004-000	Perfect Sparkler (Mrs L. Dingwall), Mrs L. Dingwall, 4-7-10	A. Bond	5
223	00-0	Petite Toi (Mrs S. Bone), A. Dalton, 3-7-10	P. McAleney	8
226	441330-	Hopping Hill (D) (Mrs G. Westley), T. Corbett, 10-7-8	R. Fox	6
227	30-0000	Brave Dan (M. Bolton), Bolton, 3-7-7	K. Pinnington	12
228	030-00	Martella Park (J. Elliott), Mrs L. Dingwall, 5-7-7	Cain	11
229	400-000	London Girl (J. O'Leary), M. Haynes, 3-7-7	P. O'Leary	11

11-4 Wrenaldo, 3-1 Varsity Match, 5-1 Jack Jiggs, 6-1 Hightown Lad, 8-1 Blondestreak, 10-1 Koala, 12-1 Hopping Hill, 14-1 others.

3.0 PARK TOP HANDICAP (3-y-o fillies : £1,127 : 1¼m)

302	13-23	Ruling Class (B. Samuel), J. Hindley, 8-11	A. Kimberley	3
305	1410-00	Flaming Peace (C) (Mrs J. Wright), P. Walwyn, 8-10	P. Eddery	2
309	001-00	Sailing Ship (J. Mullion), R. Armstrong, 8-7	W. Carson	5
306	13-4202	Caliblne (E. Badger), P. Cole, 8-0	R. Fox	4
307	021310	Gypsy Forecast (D) (C. Hill), M. Delahooke, 8-0	P. Cook	1

7-4 Calabina, 9-4 Ruling Class, 5-2 Flaming Peace, 6-1 Gypsy Forecast, 10-1 Sailing Ship.

3.30 ARUNDEL STAKES (2-y-o fillies : £69?- : 7f)

401	01	Maybelline (C. Dingwall), Dingwall, 8-13	G. Baxter	6
402	30	Bay Tree's Girl (D. Toomey), R. Smyth, 8-8	T. Cain	3
405	30	Lammergeier (D. Blackburn), T. Corbett, 8-8	P. Eddery	2
407	0	Melisa (Lord Carnarvon), P. Nelson, 8-8	R. Fox	5
409	40	Mouraquilla (Mrs R. Lomax), 8-8	W. Carson	1
410	-2	Nostalgia (Mrs H. Price), H. Price, 8-8	A. Murray	7
411	00	Peejay (Mrs M. Johnson), P. Cundell, 8-8	P. Cook	4

9-4 Lammergeier, 100-30 Nostalgia, 9-2 Bay Tree's Girl, 6-1 Mouraquilla, 8-1 Maybelline, 10-1 Peejay, 12-1 Melisa.

4.0 POYNINGS HANDICAP (£704 : 7f)

503	120-002	Gently Does It (C) (Sir D. Clague), P. Nelson, 3-9-2		

BOOKS

Raking the ashes

Son and Lover
The Young Lawrence
By Philip Callow
(Bodley Head, £6)

How well by now we know it all. Dingy, murky Eastwood; the psychological scars left by that devouring mother-love; Haggs Farm; all the girls, Jessie and Louie and Helen and Obergruppenführerin Frieda; Davidson Road School, Croydon, grim and earnest, with all the do-as-you-please mayhem of present educational methods still unguessed-at; the famous rows, with Murry, with Forster, with almost the whole dramatis personae sooner or later; Rananim, Lawrence's Utopia, which always receded as you marched towards it like a mirage, like Coleridge's Pantisocracy. Yes, oh yes, how thoroughly the volcanic ash left by the fires of genius has been raked over. We ought to declare a 10-year moratorium on biographies of D. H. Lawrence, author of one of the most over-rated *(Lady Chatterley)* and one of the greatest *(Women in Love)* novels of this century.

This is not to say that Philip Callow, in *Son and Lover*, doesn't write well and perceptively about the young Lawrence. He does. He is a good writer himself, and his manner, whilst not being in any way imitative of Lawrence, is in the Laurentian mode. His book is one by a man having an intuitive understanding of Lawrence's moods and methods.

So far as this is possible, Callow tries to present to us a Lawrence author of his own *Lehrjahre*. He searches through the novels for passages of dialogue and narrative which can stand as transcriptions from life. He blends in with these the voices of Jessie Chambers, Louie Burrows, Ada Lawrence and the rest, as these can be heard in published reminiscences. All this makes for authenticity.

"Nobody can have the soul of me. My mother has had it, and nobody can have it again." These are Lawrence's words, and Callow, rightly, founds his book on their essential truth. At the same time he's fairer, and more generous, to Arthur Lawrence, the collier father, than many others have been. Arthur, kept outside the domestic sanctuary by the possessive tyrannies of the schoolmistress he'd married, used the pub too often as a refuge. But I see vitality and a rough, untutored sort of creativeness in Arthur. Lawrence wouldn't have become the idol of English A-levels he is if his had been a virgin birth and he'd had only Lydia Beardsall's genes to rely on. At the same time Callow rightly refuses to dismiss Ernest Weekley simply as an irrelevant and rather comical old fogey. Able, decent, dignified, cuckolded, Weekley earns the place in the story.

The importance of Frieda is much stressed. "Frieda's influence on his work was supreme." Certainly the influence was powerful, but Callow finds it much more beneficent than I would. Frieda was responsible for the rubbish. With the arrival of Frieda Callow thinks "his confidence in his own powers became absolute". Yet Frieda was the one who wrote: "I don't really believe in *Sons and Lovers*; it feels as if there was nothing *behind* all those happenings, as if there were no Hinterland der Seele." Here speaks the obtuse Obergruppenführerin.

Callow ends his book with the Cornish hegira of the late war years. This was a desperately unhappy time for Lawrence, and Callow describes the tortures, tantrums and humiliations with fine understanding. I believe the strains and agonies of this period warped and diminished permanently Lawrence's greatness as an artist. After the war the rubbishy element in his work, nourished by Frieda, begins to grow and take hold like weeds in a rich and fertile garden.

Even as early as 1923, in *Kangaroo*, you find a passage like: "If a man is to be brought to any sort of heel, better a spurred heel than the heel of a Jewish financier." And this is rubbish, say what you like. So Philip Callow is right to finish where he does.

Now for that moratorium.

David Williams

Black and white but red all over

Newspaper Money
Fleet Street and the search for the Affluent Reader
By Fred Hirsch and David Gordon
(Hutchinson, £3.75 and £1.75)

Paper Voices
The Popular Press and Social Change 1935-65
By A. C. H. Smith
With Elizabeth Immirzi and Trevor Blackwell
(Chatto & Windus, £4.50)

These two books are refreshingly different from most of the other works on the subject which either sneer at the gutter press, defend it, or laud the serious papers, taking the whole subject so seriously that the results are often both subjective and pompous.

Newspaper Money is a comparatively slim volume of 141 pages, and it includes many tables interesting to any student of the newspaper business. And I do mean business. This is a sane, balanced book full of carefully homeworked data on circulations, advertising and the revenues they yield compared with the awful truths of costs. Despite the fact that most of these are relevant only for the five years up to the end of September, it is easy to track the bad years and the good, and particularly interesting to see how closely the income and costs began to come together.

The book is concerned mainly with the serious, upmarket press and the "quality" press which attracts advertisers because its pages are closely scanned by the rich. Contrasts with the "popular" press are pointed up, both in economic and customer-appeal contexts. But the authors, both spawned by *The Economist*, are so much in love with the serious papers that they become totally subjective and illogical when seeking a remedy, a redress of the imbalance of readers between serious and popular papers, to say nothing of the "unfairness" of advertising support for one title rather than another. Apparently *Guardian* devotees, they outline the suggested cure they have already put to the Royal Commission. Briefly, a newspaper selling between 50,000 and a million copies would get a "prize" from the Treasury, a bounty for putting on 10,000 extra readers but only if advertising revenue did not exceed 75 per cent of total income. Since the bounty is suggested at £100,000, it is hardly high enough to tempt newspaper managements to encourage such changes as would draw the extra sales—the result would inevitably be both unprofitable and uneconomic and would undoubtedly displease as many readers as it might please.

The object is to give the "best" papers, in the opinion of the authors, wider circulation. This is where the subjectivity overrides common sense. Given no *Sun* or *Daily Mirror*, would their readers desert to *The Guardian* and *The Times*? No. They would just go without newspapers altogether (no offence to the *Daily Mail* and *Daily Express* or to the other serious papers, since I was merely using examples). The *Financial Times*, with its own highly specialized market, might survive some straddling of two worlds but would it slim down its high proportion of advertising revenue to earn a mere £100,000—if it could win the extra 10,000 readers? It would be insane so to do and to end not being sufficiently loved by readers or advertisers. And, believe me, the nakedness that magnetizes *Sun* readers does not reproduce well on pink paper. In any case, would any editor or management be prepared to risk his freedom for a Government subsidy so paltry?

Newspapers have tried, over and over again, to be most things to most men and women. Their deaths are hardly remembered except by rueful investors. Much as the Hirsch-Gordon idea is worth airing in discussions while so many titles struggle for survival, it just is neither a solution nor even a practical idea.

Paper Voices tries to relate two newspapers' changes in leader or gossip columns, features and news to world events. Two papers, the *Mirror* and *Daily Express*, were chosen and their contents were studied, dissected and criticized or commented upon during the war through to a more affluent Britain. Without pomposity, the author manages to be very funny in showing, with quoted passages, the subtly changing attitudes to altering social behaviour and class structure. The *Mirror*, with a reasonably high proportion of graduates on its staff, sarcastically demolishes the Newsom and Robbins reports on equal education by applauding them while praising the posher papers which criticized them. The *Express*, which likes to hide such unBritish characteristics as criticism and pessimism under its daily optimism, took little notice of either report except to state that the country could not afford to implement such radical ideas. Social change, as met or defied head-on by what were then Britain's two daily best-sellers, is interesting in itself. Translated by these two titles, it becomes both amusing and interesting.

Sheila Black



Arriving for the Second Quebec Conference, September, 1944.

The vital friendship

Roosevelt and Churchill
Their Secret Wartime Correspondence
Edited by Francis L. Loewenheim, Harold D. Langley and Manfred Jonas
(Barrie & Jenkins, £10)

"The bride arrives here noon today", Churchill informed Roosevelt from Algiers on May 31, 1943. "I thought Anthony would make a better best man than I. I am therefore reserving for myself the part of heavy father."

The "bride" was Charles de Gaulle, the "bridegroom" Henri de Giraud. Churchill and Eden were effecting the shotgun wedding that would unite under one policy and determination the ruffled factions of French resistance embodied in the rival Generals: to do so was essential not only for the planned invasion of metropolitan France but for the immediate well being of French North Africa. Churchill's feelings about De Gaulle are hardly unfamiliar but what may come as a surprise to English readers is that by the side of Roosevelt's they are positively—and consistently—indulgent. Not only did the President seldom make jokes of any kind in the course of his correspondence with Churchill, but two weeks later he was writing

I am fed up with De Gaulle. . . . I am absolutely convinced that he has been and is now injuring our war effort and that he is a very dangerous threat to us. . . . I agree with you that the time has arrived when we must break with him.

That they did not would be due to the pragmatic and emotional nature of Churchill's political temperament, for on every page of what the three American editors are quite justified in calling "one of the most extraordinary collection of letters in modern history", the President moves on an altogether different, loftier and more secretive plane. The supreme difference between the two men was constitutional: Roosevelt was Head of State, Churchill was not, yet it was Roosevelt, not Churchill, who had circumspectly to submit himself, twice, for reelection, during the period of their great collaborative friendship.

Both were transparent figures, the Prime Minister in the sense that he found it impossible to hide his feelings, which expressed at all times an historical consciousness of extreme sensitivity, the President in that, though virtually unbreakable, he was a man of glass. There is something peculiarly disembodied about Roosevelt in his dealings with Churchill, partly accountable for by failing health, partly by the invisible presence of Congress, partly by the authorship of his communications, frequently not his, though always seen, approved and often amended by him; Churchill's words were his own. Yet if Roosevelt's powers of expression were more enigmatic and anonymous, he was deeply moved, as who would not be, to receive messages like this:

Of course I made it clear to the French that we shall continue whatever happened and that we thought Hitler could not win the war or the mastery of the world until he had disposed of us, which has not been found easy in the past and which perhaps will not be found easy now. (June 12, 1940)

This is a reading edition, to scholarly standards. The editors have chosen 548 items from a mutual exchange of more than 1,700 messages and notes which began, on Roosevelt's initiative, after Churchill's appointment to the Admiralty in September, 1939. The presentation is excellent: there are good, readable maps, a useful chronology and bibliography, and notes which tell us what we want to know on the page where we should hope to find it. *Roosevelt and Churchill* may be picked up and enjoyed at any point in its professionally sustained narrative: the letters were not written for publication—Roosevelt would have been horrified at the idea—but their urgency is real enough, and that is why they are so absorbing now.

If it contains no major revelations, the anthology offers uncountable fresh details and substantiates overwhelmingly two historical factors that have sometimes been questioned by modern historians. First, no one could read it without feeling that in spite of the serious and unsolved disagreements between them—politically, on India and Italy, strategically on the Mediterranean and the push for Berlin—the warm personal friendship that grew up between Roosevelt and Churchill was perhaps the greatest single factor contributing to Allied victory in the West. An unprecedented degree of mutual access, consultation, and near-unanimity of intent is evident throughout these 700 pages and clearly cut through many a crisis of collaboration lower down the shared chain of command.

Second, it is hard to see how—short of declaring World War Three—either of them could have done more to ensure the postwar political independence of Poland against the determined unscrupulousness of Stalin, variously referred to as the Bear, Uncle Joe or plain UJ. The last six months of the Roosevelt-Churchill correspondence are dominated not by the common effort to destroy Germany and Japan, which was proceeding almost without them, but by their efforts to accommodate Stalin, establish the United Nations and settle as democratically as possible the affairs not only of Poland but of Greece, Romania, Yugoslavia and France. As geography had informed the manner of the war's beginning, so geography dictated its end, sealing the fate of Russia's immediate neighbours and preserving for the preferable confusions of freedom the French and the Greeks. By that time, Churchill was out of office and Roosevelt was dead. "We must be firm", says the last, convalescent, note on April 11, 1945, "and our course thus far is correct." UJ would have liked that.

Michael Ratcliffe

After I was Sixty: the autobiography of Lord Thomson is reviewed by Lord Longford on page 14.

Finders keepers

Tim Heald

Beachcombing for Beginners
By Norman Hickin
(David & Charles, £3.50)

The Fortune-Hunter's Guide
By Peter Haining
(Sidgwick & Jackson, £2.75)

The titles of these two books tell almost all. The first is concerned with serendipity for the sake of serendipity—a lay man's guide to wentletraps, Venus's flower baskets, egg cases of Port Jackson sharks and a species of limpet called "fornicata" which changes from male to female as it gets older. It is about finding things on the beach and collecting them simply and solely because they give pleasure. The second is about Welsh—and fool's-gold, and oil struck by the Duke of Devonshire in Derbyshire in 1919, a box of diamonds sunk off Hartlepool because the dead owner had willed it, and pearl fishing in Scotland. It is about finding things which will bring riches untold and undreamt of.

Mr Hickin, I feel, is the realist. Those familiar with his study of the Wyre Forest will immediately recognize his excellent scraperboard drawings and his painstakingly enthusiastic approach to the environment.

He is obviously an assiduous walker of shores and describes them from Norfolk to New Zealand with first hand knowledge, but more important he is also an observant and knowledgeable one. There are some peculiarly telling examples of how an informed curiosity will reveal extraordinary finds not apparent to those who look around with a less practised and inquisitive eye. In Kenya, for instance, he was intrigued by a "small biscuit-shaped whitish object" protruding from the sand in a way which struck him as odd. When he unearthed it he found a human skull.

Such dramatic finds are uncommon in Mr Hickin's book for he is able to take pleasure in the commonplace, but in Mr Haining's world a certain drama is essential. One of his first illustrations is entitled simply "Lord Kilbracken using a metal detector" and it is symptomatic.

This is not in any way to decry his book which is full of deliciously esoteric offerings. A man in Little Wymondley, Hertfordshire, once dug up 577 sixteenth-century silver groats and Ben Pond of Andover finds £1,000 worth of coins, silver and jewelry on the beach every year. "You too" is the implication though I confess to being a little daunted by the curious local rhymes which always accompany claims of treasure trove:

Near the brook of Bell
There is a well
Which is richer than any man can tell

runs one while another claims,

If Auchindownie cock disna craw,
And Balmain horn disna blaw,
I'll tell ye where the gowd mine is in Largo Law.

If you believe that you will believe anything.

Fiction

A Cry of Angels
By Jeff Fields
(Gollancz, £3.95)

It seemed to me that there was something faintly—and pleasantly—familiar about *A Cry of Angels*. There is a young genius of an architect Jayell, who prefers to work for the poor, Earl, an orphan boy brought up by his great-aunt, who runs a boarding house for a collection of eccentric old people. Then there's Phaedra Boggs, the gorgeous local girl who loves Jayell, and the equally gorgeous Gwen, who marries him, and JoJohn, a gigantic drunken Indian. There's a crabbed ancient store keeper who has adopted Tio, who is black. It reminds me of one of those Frank Capra films where everyone is dorry and lovable, employing the services of several Barrymores and James Stewart.

This story takes place in dreadful Quarrytown, Georgia, where the only product is granite for tombstones, a failing enterprise now run by the richest man in town, the black undertaker, "Doc" Bobo. The poor whites and poorer blacks live in Ape Town under the cruel reign of Doc and his dog boys—a kind of Georgian Tonton macoute.

The childhood of the boy Earl in the old people's home, protected by JoJohn, forms the backbone of the novel, which is Jeff Field's first. He has a very nice touch with characterizations and descriptive passages. The terrifying end of Doc Bobo, killed by the mob, is enough to make the scalp crawl, but the ending, fortunately for us, is happy, if improbable.

Philippa Toomey

Chalky, by Matthew Vaughan (Secker & Warburg, £2.90). A rather self-conscious attempt to write a Victorian novel, the protagonist being Chalky, deserted child of a prostitute, orphanage-raised, befriended by an Anglican clergyman, a disciple of Newman. Chalky rises to become an army officer, dying during a punitive expedition in Africa. Slender plot, characters one dimensional—but not uninteresting. A good try.

Women in the Wall, by Julia O'Faolain (Faber, £3.50), missed earlier this year, is a fine and learned novel of the Dark Ages, getting the feel of that savage chessboard more vividly than anybody since Helen Waddell's *Peter Abelard*: than which there is no higher praise.

The Moneychangers, by Arthur Hailey (Michael Joseph with Souvenir Press, £3.60). Arthur Hailey of *Hotel*, *Airport*, *et alia simillima*, favours big, materialist, exposé subjects with casts of thousands and big screen possibilities. His new novel has a subject fit for his talents, the romance of big money: high corporate politics low forgery, credit card campaigns with slogans almost as morally offensive as "Take the waiting out of wanting", arguments for going back to the gold standard, and some, unintentionally, highly risible obligatory sexual scenes, plus all the other ingredients.

Stamping Ground, by Maurice Leitch (Secker & Warburg, £3.10): tale of rural Ulster in the 1950s, conveying the claustrophobia, primitive savagery, and black stupidity of a closed community as boomingly as a distant drum in the marching season.

An austere mould

The Later Cecils
By Kenneth Rose
(Weidenfeld & Nicolson, £6.50)

There were seven of them—the children of the great Lord Salisbury who was three times Queen Victoria's Prime Minister. Each proved remarkable, none was to leave more than the faintest imprint upon events. Yet their lives, spanning a hundred years of social and political upheaval, are worthy of commemoration in this charming and affectionate family portrait.

Linky (Lord Hugh), "the most nimble-minded Cecil of all", discovered that the inflexibility of a High Tory combined with the intensity of a High Anglican stood him in better stead as a disconcerting Provost of Eton than as a destructive parliamentary tactician. His oldest brother Jim, the fourth Marquess, though he sat in three Conservative cabinets, was considered by his father to be "not morally insensitive enough" to fight a marginal seat. Bob (Lord Robert), of League of Nations and Peace Ballot fame, was told that he lacked both the egotism and the malice necessary to write successful memoirs. Fish (Lord William), who "genuinely hated" being Bishop of Exeter, bicycled round his diocese in a perpetual haze of absent-mindedness which earned him the sobriquet Love-in-a-mist.

Only Nigs (Lord Edward) gambled wildly and ran into debt and thus broke the austere mould of Cecilian rectitude. But he, as it turns out, possessed at least something of the statecraft and administrative skills associated with his Cecil forbears. Lady Maud, too, would have shown to advantage had she been born into the age of equal opportunities. But in her marriage to the Earl of Selborne she more than compensated for the occasional doze during her official receptions with an intrepid spirit that courageously resisted inequality and injustice in South Africa as in England.

But it was Tim (Lady Gwendolen) who best typified the later Cecils. First her father's amanuensis, then his biographer, she possessed a formi able intellect that was tota untrained and unordered. S dressed in rags held togeth by diamonds. When she stepp off the pavement heedless the traffic and collided with taxi-cab her brother Edw explained:

Tim says she has a right to c the road where she likes. principles of my family are inconvenient, not to dangerous.

Neither inconvenience danger could divert them f their chosen path. The C possessed an absolute certa that they were right. In they were sustained by a and sincere Christian be But Christ, as Hugh was constrained to point out, " not a gentleman", and family's intense dislike of middle classes—or rather the commercial greed they ciated with them—was r far below the surface.

I don't deny their intelli [Robert wrote on one occ *but they are squalid some and I'm never at my ease them. And then they have uncomfortable furniture.*

M. C. M. was the f code for Middle Class Mc (Neville Chamberlain was and even in the next g tion the fifth Marquess w dismiss the late Iain Ma with patrician contemp "too clever by half" and at a colleague whose accer lied a humble birth and cation: "He makes us al so common."

The Later Cecils confirr position Kenneth Rose lished with his earlier p of Curzon as a biograp admirable detachment ar crimination. He writes style and distinction. H gant prose, backed by chosen photographs (seve Lewis Carroll) and a ge index, reflects that spacious age when the of excellence and an sense of public service the later Cecils a posit honour that they might claimed as a right but they chose to earn by m

Michael

Crime

The 100 Kilo Club
By Simon Gandolfi
(Wildwood House, £2.95)

The 100 Kilo Club, for those of you who did not know, as I did not, comprises that select band of individuals who have successfully smuggled a consignment of hashish weighing 100 kilograms. Gandolfi can tell us about it because, although he never became a member, he has smuggled hash (and hes gone to prison for it, in Denmark, in moderately quixotic circumstances).

His book is chiefly valuable then as an authentic record of drugs country, that amorphous territory mostly inhabited by under-thirties and stretching from Goa to the Gulf of Alaska. But knowing the facts is not enough. You must be able to put them over unimpeded. Gandolfi can. In direct prose in the Hemingway tradition he shows us what it's like down there. "Dirt and sweat oozed along the folds of his neck like chocolate sandwich filling."

That description is not of a pot-smoker but of a junkie, someone on heroin. And Gandolfi distinguishes sharply between the two. If he implies mild astonishment at the life patterns of Squaresville, he states a plain and strong distaste for the pushers of the hard drugs that provenly destroy. He rises thus sometimes beyond mere authentic description, perhaps even nudging into sentimentality (*vide* Hemingway). But he has enough of the writer's instinct to keep this tendency well in check, and for the most part his story of a smuggler beginning to grow old and a United States anti-narcotics agent on the way to becoming a lush and of the odd relationship between them is wryly attractive. At times it is, too, simply exciting and it is always fascinatingly revealing.

PS: While reading, try give an altogether quantity of misprints.

A Case of Spirits, by Pete sey (Macmillan, £2.25). puzzle whodunit with researched background Victorians' seance craz sauce of cheeky humou entertainment.

Help I Am Being Held P by Donald E. Westlake (£3.15). Neat comedy thr in middle-of-road Unite prison. Professional, int chuckle-making, enterta

Let Him Go Let Him T Mary Penoyre (Barker, Assassinate-the-Minister young semi-Establishme don and Solent setting sionally flips but most stylus firmly in groove.

By Hook Or By Crook, b Lathen (Gollancz, £2.80 any ups or downs in Wa revelations formula. T. it's Persian carpets wisecracks.

Gently With Love, Hunter (Cassell, £2.50 ties of affection expose ing murder mystery wi fisherfolk background. in cleverly appropria style, by painstaking Sup dent.

Equal Antagonisms, by Pereira (Collins, £2.65). plex bitten biter bites coast intrigue over author's typescript biography. Interesting of artist heavily over with twists and turns. Pi

A Show of Violence, b Woods (Macmillan, £2.25 won't murder suspect bo You read and read to fi And a Yorkshire back and a court climax.

Kosygin Is Coming, b Ardies (Angus & Rob £2.80). Jokey agents i intriguingly set in Smooth, bouncingly fas

H.R.F.K

The National Book League

1925-1975

On the occasion of its 50th Anniversary the National Book League would like to thank all donors who have contributed to the success of the first stage of our £250,000 Appeal including:

ATV NETWORK LIMITED · BARCLAYS BANK LIMITED · THE BARING FOUNDATION LIMITED · BOOK TOKENS LIMITED · MRS JAMES DE ROTHSCHILD · EDINBURGH CORPORATION · E M I LIMITED · ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA LIMITED · THE FOLIO SOCIETY LIMITED · THE GABLES CHARITABLE TRUST · MR RICHARD GORDON · MR GRAHAM C GREENE · THE GROCERS TRUST COMPANY LIMITED · MR PAUL HAMLYN · L P K CHARITABLE TRUST · MR JOHN LE CARRE · THE MANOR CHARITABLE TRUSTEES · THE NATIONAL MAGAZINE COMPANY LIMITED · NEWS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED · SIR TERENCE RATTIGAN · THE RAYNE FOUNDATION · SIR ERIC ROLL · N M ROTHSCHILD & SONS LIMITED · MRS RUTH SANDELSON · THE ESTATE OF E SHIPTON · THE SLATER FOUNDATION LIMITED · SLATER WALKER SECURITIES LIMITED · SOTHEBY & COMPANY · SUTHERLAND EDUCATION COMMITTEE · TIMES NEWSPAPERS LIMITED · THE TWENTY SEVEN FOUNDATION · S G WARBURG & COMPANY LIMITED · WHITBREAD & COMPANY LIMITED · H H WINGATE CHARITABLE FOUNDATION · THE WOLFSON FOUNDATION

A full list of donors may be obtained from the National Book League

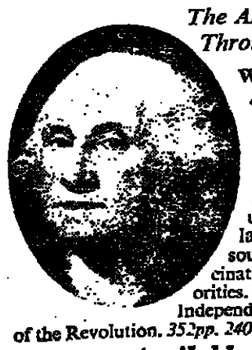
It would also like to express its gratitude to those organisations in the book world who have backed it so magnificently over the years, and The Arts Council of Great Britain, for their constant support.

The Appeal has just passed £125,000. The Director would be delighted to give trustees and others full details of the work of the organisation. Those wishing to send donations are asked to complete the attached form:

Name
Address
.....
Amount/Please send covenant form
To: The Lord Goodman C H, President National Book League, 7 Albemarle Street, London W1X 4BB (Tel. 01-493 9001)

THE FATE OF A NATION

The American Revolution Through Contemporary Eyes



WILLIAM P. CUMMING & HUGH RANKIN

A brilliantly illustrated account of the American Revolution, based on pictures, maps and documents of the time, many of them hitherto unknown with a text drawn largely from contemporary sources assembled to form a fascinating story by two leading authorities. To be published on American Independence Day, the 200th anniversary of the Revolution. *352pp. 240 illus., 36 in colour £10.95.*

Available on July 4th

PHAIDON

Pamela Hansford Johnson

THE GOOD LISTENER

'A thoroughly enjoyable read . . . admirably written now' *Auberon Waugh, Evening Standard*

'Holds and convinces . . . it deserves readers' *C. J. Driver, The Guardian*

'Hits the jackpot with a stunning performance' *Nina Bawden, Daily Telegraph*

'A whole gallery of convincing characters, entangled in web of drifting relationships' *Francis King, Sunday Telegraph*

£3.50

MACMILLAN LONDON

THE FOREST SAGA

by William Seymour

Long a beautiful feature of the English landscape, for have played an important part in the economic history Great Britain.

An article in the July issue, on sale 40p

HISTORY TODAY

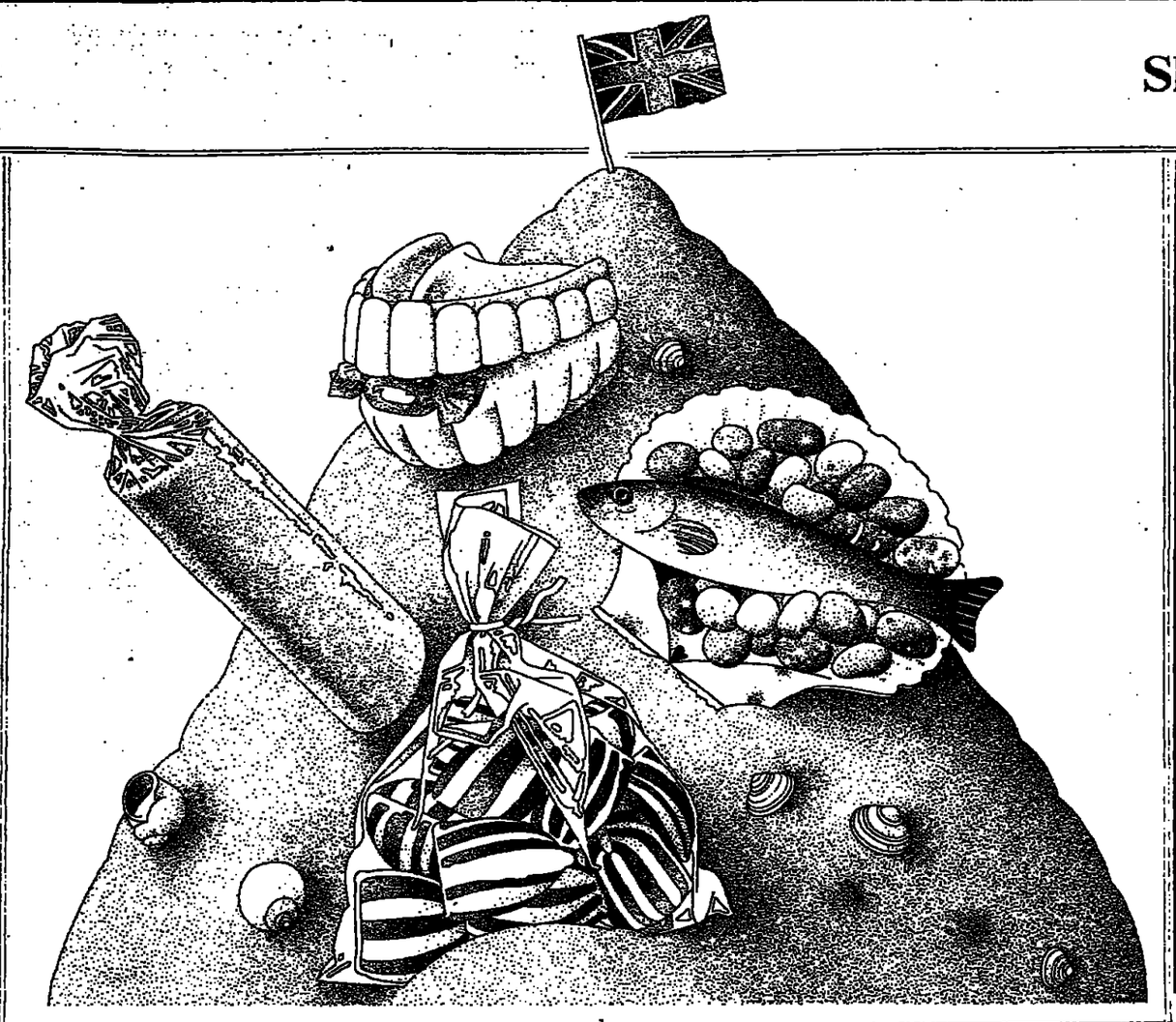
هكذا من الأصل

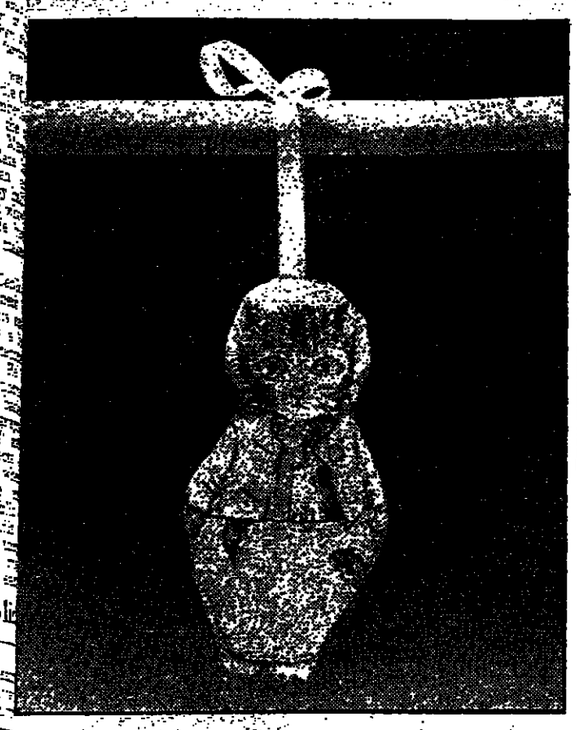
هكذا من الأصل

Shopping/Philippa Toomey

Thanks for the memory

My pleasure in a holiday is rekindled when I contemplate the ot I have hailed back—sometimes buying another suitcase do so. Some of our British souvenirs are a national disgrace om the point of view of design and price, but there are plenty at are beautiful, useful, and even funny. Among my own vourites are *Make your own Castle of Culzean*, a book conning a cutout model of Robert Adams's 18th century design now lying in ruins around me—what it needs is the uninterpted and intelligent attention of a 10 year old (£1.50 Thurman blishing/The National Trust of Scotland) and a polaroid otograph of a very small lion and me wrapped in a warm ubrace at Woburn (50p). Each to his own taste, so here are few to look out for on your wanderings.





Tom Kitten looks lonely without Hunca Munca and Peter Rabbit, three in a boxed set of authentically coloured Beatrix Potter lavender bags from The National Trust. £1.02 a box, 34p singly, 8p and 5½p postage.

A day trip to Brighton produced some edible souvenirs: a set of pink and white sugar teeth clenched on a toffee (60p), a shining blue fish against some lifelike pebbles in a shell (70p), a stick of genuine Brighton rock (30p) and some giant humbugs for your friends in politics (25p), from shops between the piers. (I have spared you the life-sized pink sugar rat.) Regency Brighton has some lovely presents too, including a set of playing cards with contemporary cartoon figures for the court cards (£1.20 boxed set of 2) from the Royal Pavilion souvenir shop, which I highly recommend. Cheapest and prettiest is a pastiche Regency design on wrapping paper, two shades of yellow or blue on pink, 5p a sheet from K. J. Bredon's Bookshop, East Street, which is a treat in itself.

Centenary for Gilbert and Sullivan, and Spode has this amusing 10½in plate, with one character for each of the operas, starting with Angelina and ending with Ludwig, decorated in turquoise, green, black and old gold with a gold edge. £17.10 in a presentation box from Harrods Kendal Milne, Manchester, Grants, Croydon, Beales of Bournemouth and other fine china shops.



Nothing to do with Us—but everyone here desperately wants one of these PVC aprons, with a front page of *The Times*, dated 1850, approximately £2 from Selfridges, Heals, Harrods, John Lewis and selected gift shops.

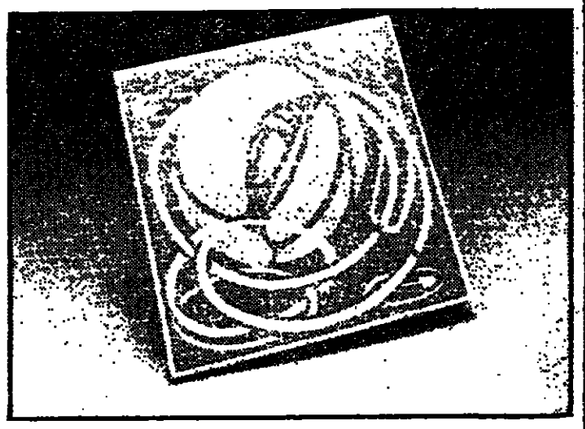
Scotland has some wee, tartan horrors in the way of souvenirs, but this is a pink rose on a pale green background, a tile made from a fabric design of Charles Rennie Mackintosh, whose work deserves far more appreciation, 49p from the excellent Scottish Craft Centre, Canongate, Edinburgh, which is full of good things.

Liberty's centenary is celebrated in more ways than this mug (£1.85) in pale green with an exquisite *chinoiserie* design, and a visit to the six period rooms set in the basement of the shop in Regent Street might prove an addition to a London holiday. With it are three mugs celebrating 80 years of The National Trust (£1.50 each) and one of the most modest of their souvenirs, not illustrated, is a set of tiny book plates with a basket of trailing fruit and flowers in black and white, designed by John Sutcliffe, at 9p per book of 25 (postage 5p).

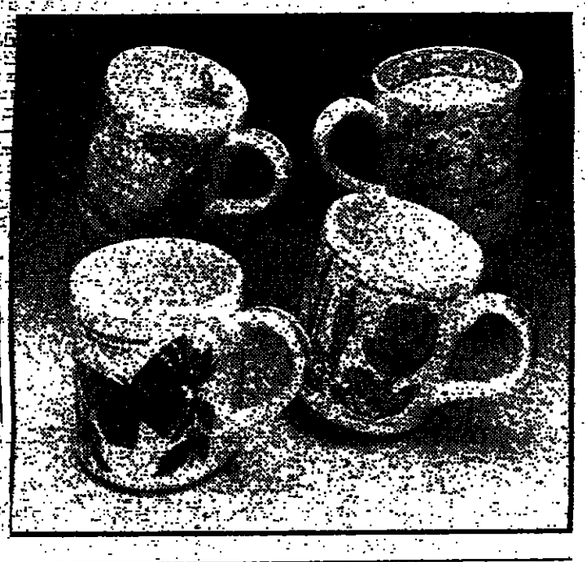


A Scottish work of art—a traditional Shetland Fair Isle sweater, handknitted in pure wool (size 36, £29.50) bordered scarf (£7.80) and matching hat (£2.90) designed by Margaret Stuart in brown, black and natural colours, from The Scottish Merchant, 16 New Row, London WC2. A small number of these beautiful things in stock, but orders happily accepted.



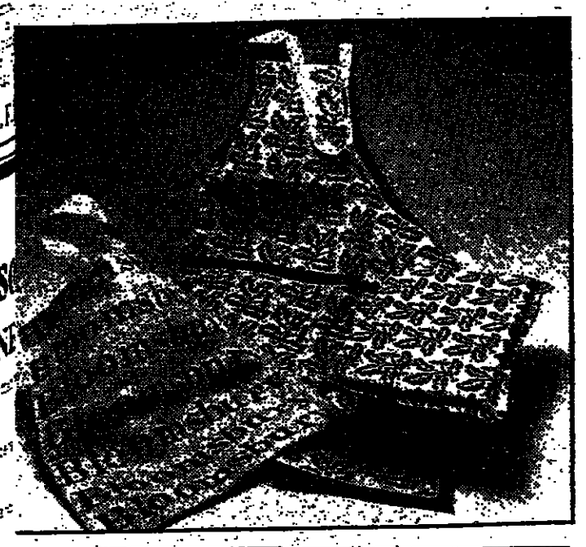


The National Trust articles are available by post from The National Trust, Western Way, Melksham, Wiltshire SN13 8DZ. No postage is quoted for the other articles, because it's more fun to buy them off the hoof, isn't it?



Severely practical. The National Trust's splendidly sturdy hessian gardening apron and matching, waterproofed kneeler (£1.90 and £1.60, postage 16½p and 14½p). With them, a literary shopping bag at 95p, dark red on natural, from deep in the heart of Bloomsbury—Russell-Meade, 9 Brunswick Shopping Centre, Brunswick Square, WC1.





An exact facsimile of a side plate from the Sèvres State dinner service presented to Gertrude, Duchess of Bedford by Louis XV in 1763, in dark blue and gold on white with sprays of flowers in their natural colours. As it's a tin plate, 30p from Woburn—an ideal souvenir, pretty, witty and useful.



Truly British—an umbrella from James Smith and Sons, 53 New Oxford Street, female £4.75, male £8.50. Giant matchbox (44p) and all British Mending Kit (just what we all need for sudden emergencies (21½p) and little golden lions striding along with union jacks on a blue tea cloth (85p). All are widely available in souvenir shops.

Photographs by Trevor Sutton
Illustration by Norman Messenger

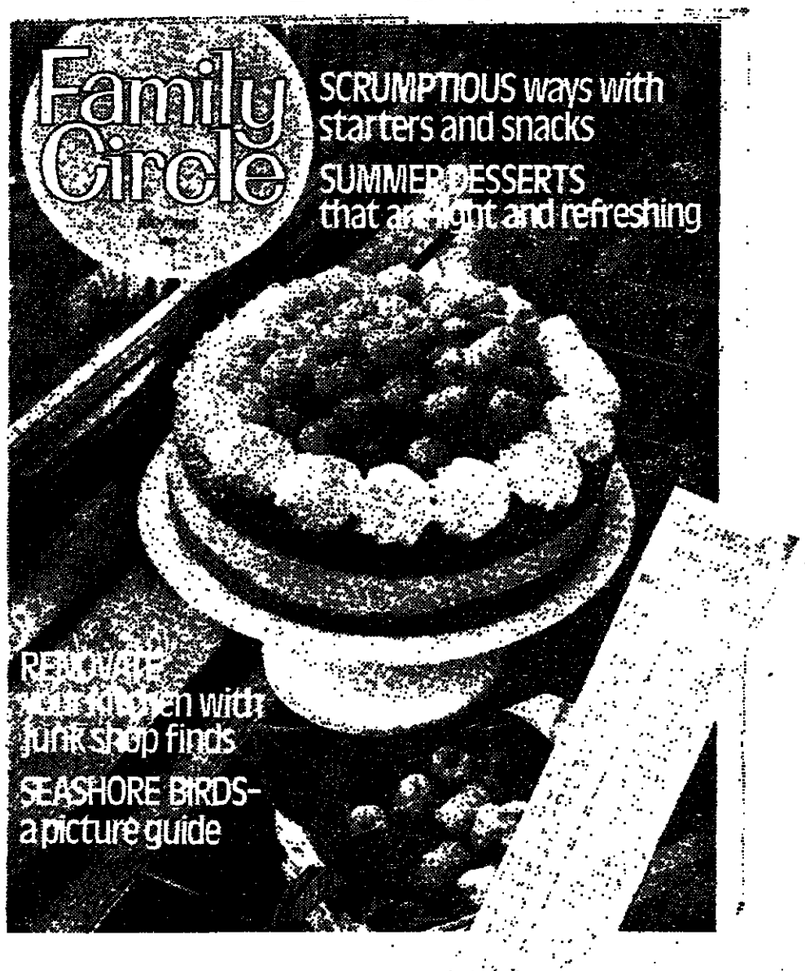
Problem

THE PSYCHIATRIST AND THE PIANO

Who does the psychiatrist with a problem turn to? How do you grow a forest in the middle of London? How do you exorcise a ghost who keeps tapping on the water pipes? The answer's quite simple: Problem. The problem solving agency. This week we supplied fitted cupboards for a race horse owner (did we want stabling), a piano and a pianist, a car to bring an emergency case from the country, and the usual hordes of translators, seamstresses, window cleaners, vets . . . If you've got a problem, we're hardly got the solution. Join Problem. Send for our leaflet to 179 Vauxhall Bridge Road, London, S.W.1. Or give us a ring.

01-828 8181

The last 14p you spend in your foodstore will make your housekeeping go further.



Your copy is at the checkout now.

In July 'Saving Graces'-recipes and ideas that stretch your housekeeping. Tasty starters you can use as picnic treats. All you need to know about stain removal—charts and full instructions enclosed.

You'll get more out of Family Circle magazine than anything else at your foodstore.

Appointments Vacant
also on page 25

GENERAL VACANCIES

The Middlesex Hospital
LONDON, W.1

ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT
Salary £3,003-£3,846 p.a.

to take charge of the offices of the Department of Venereology. Applicants must have previous experience in a hospital or clinic, be good organizers and able to train and maintain a happy and efficient clerical staff. Further details and application form available from Establishment Officer. Tel.: 01-636 8333, ext. 7462. Closing date: 16th July, 1975.

NORTH WEST THAMES REGIONAL HEALTH AUTHORITY

PRESS AND PR ASSISTANT

needed to widen the activities of a busy office. Candidates should have had several years news reporting experience on a newspaper or in broadcasting, they should also have an understanding of current newspaper design and production methods. The person appointed will be expected to share on-call duties out of office hours including weekends.

Salary scale—Senior Administrative Assistant, £3,534 rising to £4,344 per annum plus £512 per annum London Weighting Allowance.

Further particulars and application form available from REGIONAL PERSONNEL OFFICER, NORTH WEST THAMES REGIONAL HEALTH AUTHORITY, 40 EASTBOURNE TERRACE, LONDON W2 3QR, QUOTING REFERENCE NUMBER 941.

CLOSING DATE 28th JULY.

Wanted urgently an experienced
AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHIC DARKROOM TECHNICIAN

Experience in photo navigation will be an advantage.

Applicants must be fully conversant and experienced in all colour, false colour, infra-red and monochrome film processing and printing, print laydowns, mosaics (rectified and unrectified) Zeiss SEG 5 rectifier, enlargements, reductions plus all up to date related techniques.

Please reply in own handwriting with full curriculum vitae, copies of all testimonials and diplomas, 6 passport photographs, salary required and earliest starting date. Successful applicant will be based in Nairobi, Kenya.

Please reply to Geosurvey International Limited, P O Box 30750, Nairobi, Kenya.

A PLANNING OPPORTUNITY
c. £4,000 W. London

A successful multinational organization requires a No. 2 in European H.Q. Some travel in Britain and E.E.C. involved.

You'll be 25-30, self motivated, able to communicate with Financial, Data Processing and Manufacturing Management. You're HND or equivalent experience in manufacturing or marketing and modern financial planning techniques are ideal qualifications. If you're good at business economics or management accounts —excellent.

Please write to:
Peter Somerville,
MANAGEMENT RESOURCES LTD.,
Grosvenor Gardens House, SW1.
Tel.: 01-828 7000

WINE BAR MANAGER, educated, responsible, 21-28, wanted for tiny bar, London. No evenings, no weekends. Salary and commission and genuine partnership prospects.—Write, with details, T. A. Layton, 24 Duke St., London W1M 5AA.

ENGLISH TEACHERS required for Milan and Turin in the autumn. Knowledge of Italian an advantage. Experience unnecessary. Basic wage £50 p.w. Contract 9 mths.—Box 2280 M, The Times.

WITTY, creative and meticulous? Up to two years' experience in journalism? SHE magazine needs you as a sub-editor. Phone Sally Adams on 01-834 2331.

ACADEMIC BOOKSELLERS. Assistant needed: up to approximately £1,975 p.a. incl., depending on qualifications; 5 day week. Ring Mark Bone of The Economists' Bookshop, at 01-405 5531.

CREATIVE COUPLE for Suffolk college, with practical and teaching skills.—Box 0124 S, The Times.

MANAGEMENT TRAINEES. "A" Levels? Unique opportunity to train in the restaurant entertainment business in Mayfair. Training in Personnel, Control, Marketing, Buying, Production, Bar, Kitchen. P.R., etc. 01-499 6334.

YOUNG MAN

to work in a young and friendly department of medical and scientific staff undertaking research and teaching in community health and medical care. Duties include driving, clerical work and operation of projection equipment, would suit a person awaiting a place at University. Department housed in separate building near to the main hospital. Applications should be sent to Miss J. Burstow, Department of Community Medicine, St. Thomas's Hospital Medical School, 60 Sancroft Street, London, SE11 5NG. Tel. 735 9692.

EXCEPTIONAL JOB

offered to school or university leaver as executive with substantial Trust Company developing social and other projects outside commerce. Prime attributes are an attractive personality with wide interests. Emoluments and prospects compare favourably with those obtainable in commerce. There should be chances of interesting travel overseas.

Reply very fully and enclose recent photograph (returnable) Box 0141 S, The Times.

PAID HOLIDAYS. French wine Harvest, 18 to 30 years. English fruit and hop picking, 16 to 30 years. Concordia has vacancies in Sept. and Oct. Send s.a.e. for particulars immediately to avoid disappointment to Concordia, 11a Albemarle St., London W1X 4BE.

SOUTHERN GERMANY. — Young Mathematics teacher (male, female or couple) required for four children aged up to 15.—Application and references to Wilhelmine Countess Degenfeld, Schloss Erbach Geisslingen and Steige D.7334.

TRAINEE DAY CHEF. Mayfair. No exp. necessary but 6 "A's" 5 5Mar, 5-day week. Possibly had exp. in directors' kitchens? Salary comparable to chef's with full exp. once initial ability is shown. Lge. Production, Friendly family business. Start at £2,000 neg.—01-493 4615.

LEGAL APPOINTMENTS

TAXATION SPECIALIST

Norton, Rose, Botterell & Roche have a vacancy in their Taxation Department providing an opportunity for a young Solicitor who wishes to specialise. Wide range of corporate and individual taxation including foreign and international aspects. Preferred age 25-30. Apply in writing to:

R.H.R.C.
Kempson House,
Camomile Street,
London EC3A 7AN

ALANGATE Legal Staff. These specialist consultants to the profession offer a confidential service to employers and staff at all levels. Telephone for appointment or write to Mrs. Rodnick, Mrs. Edwards or Mrs. Harkness, 01-405 7201, at 6 Great Queen St., London W.C.2 (off Kingsway).

COWARD CHANCE require solicitors for a wide range of international and domestic finance work, including a wide variety of Eurocurrency loans and ship mortgage finance. Applicants should have good degrees and preferably one or two years' experience in commercial practice. Please apply, giving full details of your education and career, to G. L. Wareham, Coward Chance, Royex House, Aldermanbury Square, London EC2V 7LD.

TEMPLE SOLICITORS seek all-rounder locum, July to September. Possible permanent post thereafter. 353 8134.

ACCOUNTANCY

OPENINGS at all levels in the Profession.—Gabriel Duffy Consultancy, Kensington. 01-937 9821.

PUBLIC AND EDUCATIONAL APPOINTMENTS

REQUIRED FOR SEPTEMBER

FULL TIME TUTORS

in: "A" Level Biology, Chemistry, Physics and English ("O" and "A").

PART TIME TUORS

in: "A" level Mathematics "A" level History and "O" level Sociology.

Mature students, informal atmosphere and no duties apart from teaching.

Write, with brief details, to:

THE PRINCIPAL,
UNIVERSITY TUTORIAL COLLEGE,
105 Great Russell Street, W.C.1.

GRADUATE HISTORIAN
RESIDENT POST

required for September, preferably public school, Oxbridge man, to teach History to A level. Supplementary interest in Rugby football and or Outdoor Activities desirable. Minimum two years appointment. Excellent salary for right man.

Apply the Headmaster, Lime House School, Dalston, Cumbria. Tel. Dalston 710235.

E.F.L. TEACHER required immediately, Mornings, Wimbledon. Ring Mrs. Hyde, 01-946 2332.

REQUIRED FOR SEPTEMBER. Schoolmaster to teach French to Boys Prep School. Help with games. Very pleasant cottage for married man.—Headmaster, Rose Hill School, Wotton-under-Edge, Glos.

TEACHER OF ENGLISH as a second language required from 22nd Sept. for "Secretarial Training with English" course. All students have intermediate standard in English. Experience of teaching written language by grammatical approach and of modern oral methods equally important. Ability to teach commercial terminology and elementary business studies an advantage. Salary £5,500 to £5,000 p.a. according to qualifications and experience. Twelve weeks holiday annually. Apply in writing to Mr J. Fairhurst, Language Tuition Centre, 26-32 Oxford Street, London W1A 4DY.

COMPUTER STAFF

Westfield College
(University of London)

ARTS BASED COMPUTER PROGRAMME ADVISOR

Westfield College requires someone to provide an advisory programming service for the Arts Faculty. Some research projects involving computing are already in progress, but the potential for applying computing techniques to Arts Research is still largely unrealized. The successful applicant will be a graduate who is enthusiastic about computer techniques and who is capable of effectively communicating this interest to others; the post carries an important educational function. Salary on the scale £3,437 or £2,814 to £5,913 (including London Weighting and threshold payments), depending on age and qualifications (under review).

Applications to Dr. J. Buchingham, Personnel Officer, Westfield College (TT), Kidderpore Avenue, Hampstead, London, NW3 7ST, from whom further details may be obtained.

SALES AND MARKETING

JOAN FERNIE PERSONNEL
113 Park Street, W.1

Four vacancies have arisen for male Trainee Managers. Retail experience essential. Salary between £2,000-£5,000 p.a. inc. Mart. Telephone for appointment in first instance

01-408 2310, 2415, 2494 or 01-395 7165-7184

CJ RECRUITMENT ADVERTISING
35 New Broad Street, London EC2M 1NH
Tel: 01-588 3588 or 01-588 3576
Telex No. 887374

Career development opportunities offering promotion prospects to accounting management

CJRA

PART-QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANT

Up to £4,500

N.W. LONDON

MARKETING DIVISION OF A MAJOR INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATION IN THE PROCESS INDUSTRY NOTED FOR ITS ADVANCED MANAGEMENT PHILOSOPHY, ACCOUNTING METHODS AND TRAINING. T/O £170 MILLION. Applications are invited from Part-Qualified Accountants, aged 23-32, who will have up to three years' experience in a demanding environment. Responsibilities of the successful candidate will include financial accounts, stock control, customer accounts, operations audit and ad hoc projects. He will be part of a dynamic team. Travel to operational units/clients within the U.K. is involved.

ALSO REQUIRED ARE 2 YOUNGER PART-QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANTS WHO WILL HAVE SIMILAR POTENTIAL AND PROSPECTS. SALARY £3,600.

Fringe benefits are of the high standard associated with the process industry.

Applications in strict confidence under reference PQA8300/TT for the senior vacancy and PQA8301/TT for the latter vacancies will be forwarded unopened to our client unless you list companies to which they should not be forwarded in a letter marked for the attention of the Security Manager:

CAMPBELL-JOHNSTON ASSOCIATES (MANAGEMENT RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS) LIMITED
35 NEW BROAD ST., LONDON EC2M 1NH. TEL: 01-588 3576 or 01-588 3588. TELEX: 887374

PUBLIC AND EDUCATIONAL APPOINTMENTS

The Polytechnic of Central London

SCHOOL OF THE SOCIAL SCIENCES AND BUSINESS STUDIES

LECTURER II IN ECONOMICS

£3,021 to £4,827 (under review) plus threshold agreement.

Applications are invited from specialists in any main branch of Economics, but an ability to offer Public Sector Economics might be an advantage. Relevant practical experience desirable.

LECTURER II IN GEOGRAPHY

£3,021 to £4,827 (under review) plus threshold agreement.

Preference will be given to specialists in Economic Geography

LECTURER II IN HISTORY

£3,021 to £4,827 (under review) plus threshold agreement.

Applications are invited from specialists in (a) 19th and 20th Century British and European History, and (b) American History. The appointment may be for one year only.

In each case applicants should hold a good honours degree in the appropriate discipline, and preferably a post-graduate qualification. Ability to teach to honours degree level is essential. Research will be encouraged. Preference will be given to candidates who can offer teaching in one or more of the following integrated study areas which are offered on the B.A. (Social Sciences) modular degree: Planning, Environment, Development, Industrial Relations, Education, Public Administration, Social Policy. The appointments will take effect from 1 September 1975 or as soon as possible thereafter.

Details and application form from:
THE ESTABLISHMENT OFFICER,
THE POLYTECHNIC OF CENTRAL LONDON,
309 REGENT STREET,
LONDON W1R 8AL
01-580 2020, EXT. 212
CLOSING DATE 25 JULY 1975.

UNIVERSITY APPOINTMENTS

Ahmadu Bello University
NIGERIA

Applications are invited for posts of SENIOR LECTURERS, LECTURERS AND ASSISTANT LECTURERS IN DEPARTMENT OF LIBRARY SCIENCE. Candidates should have a good honours degree and a higher degree in Library Science, relevant professional qualifications and appropriate teaching or professional experience. Preference will be given to those with specialization in the following: Library Administration, Reference Service, Documentation and Classification. Salary scales: Senior Lecturer, N6,815 to N8,730 p.a. (£4,775 to £6,021 p.a. sterling); Lecturer, N5,350 to N6,905 (£3,690 to £4,762 p.a. sterling); Assistant Lecturer, N3,980 to N5,540 p.a. (£2,745 to £3,633 p.a. sterling). £1 sterling equals N1.43. The British Government may supplement salaries in appropriate cases, family passages, various allowances, superannuation scheme, biennial overseas leave. Detailed applications (two copies), including a curriculum vitae and naming three referees, should be forwarded by airmail, not later than 4 August, 1975, to the Registrar, Ahmadu Bello University, Zaria, Nigeria. Applicants resident in U.K. should also send one copy to Inter-University Council, 20-21 Tottenham Court Road, London, W1P 0DT. Further particulars may be obtained from either address.

UNIVERSITY APPOINTMENTS

University of Newcastle
NEW SOUTH WALES

LECTURER IN DRAMA

Applications are invited for the position of Lecturer in Drama. Applicants should have a higher degree with emphasis on the theatre and drama of one or the European nations. They should also be able to provide evidence of practical skill in some of the crafts of the theatre.

Salary for the position is $A11,955-$A15,945 per annum. Commencing salary will depend on the qualifications and experience of the successful applicant. Further information regarding teaching duties may be obtained from Professor R. J. Jordan, Head of Department, in the University.

Conditions of appointment, including superannuation, method of application and other particulars may be obtained from the Association of Commonwealth Universities (Appts.), 36 Gordon Square, London WC1H 0PF.

Applications close 16 July, 1975.

The Commission of the European Communities

is organising an open competition on the basis of tests to draw up a reserve list of

Assistant Translators
of Danish, Dutch, English, French, German and Italian language

—to translate texts of a legal, economic, administrative and technical nature.

Place of employment: BRUSSELS or LUXEMBOURG

Candidates (maximum age—32) must:

- have completed a university course and obtained a degree;
- have certain appropriate experience;
- have a perfect knowledge of one of the official languages of the Communities (Danish, Dutch, English, French, German and Italian) and an extensive knowledge of two other of these languages.

Full details and the OBLIGATORY OFFICIAL APPLICATION FORM are contained in the Official Journal of the European Communities No. C/149 dated 4/7/75 which can be obtained after 7/7/75 from:

a) E. E. C. Information Office, 20 Kensington Palace Gardens, London W8 4QQ.

b) Commission of the European Communities Recruiting, Appointments, Promotions Division, 200 rue de la Loi, 1049 Brussels (Belgium).

c) H. M. Stationery Office, P.O. Box 569, London S.E.1 at a price of 21p. Please give number of the Journal.

Closing date for receipt of completed applications: 14/8/75.

assistant to company secretary

The TOOTAL Group employs assets of over $100m in manufacturing and marketing a wide range of textiles internationally and has more than 20,000 employees.

In addition to the usual secretarial functions, the Group Secretary's responsibilities include properties, pensions, insurance, patents and trademarks and advice on legal matters to all sections of the organisation.

Promotion has created a vacancy for a person capable of giving attention to legal and administrative detail while appreciating the wider commercial implications. The post calls ideally for a graduate who has a legal qualification or who has qualified as a Chartered Secretary. The right age group is probably 27-35. This post will offer wide experience and excellent career prospects. Salary and conditions first class.

Please write briefly in first instance giving basic information to:

Group Appointments Manager,

TOOTAL LIMITED
56 Oxford Street, Manchester M60 1HJ

Assistant Catering Officer—Grade 2

We are looking for a male or female who has OND/HND or Supervisory experience to work in this large Teaching Hospital District.

The work is varied and interesting and you may be looking after your own unit—responsible to the Group Catering Manager or working in a large hospital responsible to a Catering Officer. The post offers excellent experience in a career which gives a great deal of job satisfaction.

Salary £2,107 to £2,407 p.a. including London Weighting and Threshold Agreement (salary increase pending).

For informal chat please telephone Mr. P. Lloyd, Group Catering Manager, Tel. 01-262 1280 ext 397. Application forms obtainable from and returnable to District Personnel Officer, St. Mary's Hospital, Praed Street, London, W.2 by 14th July, 1975.

St. Mary's Hospital, W.2

NW NORTH WEST DISTRICT
Kensington and Chelsea & Westminster Area Health Authority (T)

IRAN/TEHRAN BANKING

An interesting managerial position in Tehran is offered by an important Bank in Iran to an Iranian young man aged 28/35 having a good knowledge and/or experience of banking and accountancy.

Applications in own handwriting, giving full personal details, two referees and home telephone number to

Box 2866 M, The Times

Appoint The Times to fill your Engineering vacancies

Have you vacancies in the Engineering field you wish to fill? If so, "The Times" is the ideal medium for your recruitment advertising. Because, apart from "The Times" being well known as a highly effective medium for recruitment adverising in general, on 10th July, 1975, we are running another successful Recruitment Feature devoted solely to Engineering entitled:

FOCUS ON ENGINEERING VACANCIES

The Featutre will be read by specialised personnel involved in all aspects of Engineering.

For example: 7,000 Civil and Structural Engineers read "The Times"; as do 5,000 Mechanical Engineers, 7,000 Electronic and Electrical Engineers, 6,000 Draughtsmen and 9,000 other assorted Technical Engineers.

In fact, your recruitment advertisement in the July Feature will be seen by over 40,000 skilled personnel in the Engineering field.

You can find the right person for the job for as little as £8.90 per scc (semi-display) or £10.50 per scc full display. Copy must be received by 12 noon, Wednesday, 9th July.

Advertise in "The Times". Where it pays you to advertise.

For further information and advertising details, ring The Times Appointments Team 01-278 9161. Manchester 061-834 1234.

ENTERTAINMENTS
ALSO ON PAGE 11

When telephoning use prefix 01 only outside London Metropolitan Area

OPERA AND BALLET

COVENT GARDEN 240 1911
THE ROYAL OPERA
Tonight & Mon. 7.30 Death in Venice. Tomor. & Tues. 7.30 Così fan tutte. Sat. 7.30 Falstaff. Wed. 7.30 Peter Grimes. Special performance in aid of Sadler's Wells Theatre Appeal Fund. Bainbridge, Begg, Cahill, Harper, Pashley, Allen, Dobson, G. Evans, Howell, Lanigan, Robinson, Vickers. Cond. Davis. Seats Avail.

COLISEUM (01-836 3161)
ANTONIO
& THE NATIONAL DANCE COMPANY OF SPAIN. Evenings at 8. A breathtaking and colourful spectacle.

GLYNDEBOURNE FESTIVAL OPERA. Until August 6 with the London Philharmonic Orchestra. Today & Sat. at 5.30 The Rake's Progress (Stravinsky). Tkts. £10.80 today. Returns only. Tomorrow & Sun. at 5.30 Così fan tutte (Mozart) returns only. Box Office: Glyndebourne, Lewes (Ringmer 812411). Tkts & Info: 14 Trinity Pl., Wigmore St. (01-935 1010).

SADLER'S WELLS TH. Rosebery Ave., E.C.1. 837 1672. Today and tomorrow only at 2.30
BALLET RAMBERT
Special programme for young people
TAKE A RUNNING JUMP
BALLET RAMBERT LONDON SEASON
Opens Monday. Now booking.

CONCERTS

ROYAL FESTIVAL HALL. Tonight at 8. LSO. Lorin Maazel. Tchaikovsky: Symphony No. 1. Shostakovich: Symphony No. 5.

THEATRES

ADELPHI THEATRE 856 7611
Evgs. 7.30. Mat. Thurs., Sat. 3.0
JEAN HERMIONE
SIMMONS GINGOLD
JOSS ACKLAND in
A LITTLE NIGHT MUSIC
"Music that ravishes the senses." show blazes with genius."—Guardian. Seats available for Matinee Today.

ALDWYCH 836 6404
Return by public demand of RSC in Tom Stoppard's award-winning
TRAVESTIES
"Should on no account whatever be missed." Obs. Evgs. 7.30. Mat. Sat. & Wed., July 9 at 2.30. Ends July 12. Recorded booking inf. 836 5332.

AMBASSADORS 836 1171. Mon.-Th. 8.15. Fri. 6, 8.15. Sats. 6.30, 8.45.
Geoffrey SUMNER Jane DOWNS
Terence ALEXANDER Joyce HERON
Bill KERR Marguerite HARDIMAN
Helen GILL Ray COONEY
in London's Hit Comedy
THERE GOES THE BRIDE
Seats £2.50, £2, £1 OR all inclusive top price theatre tickets plus dinner at a delightful nearby restaurant £5.50 per head.

AMBASSADORS. Also late-night revue at 11.15 p.m. to 2. Seats £1.50.
HINGE & BRACKET
SIXTY GLORIOUS MINUTES

APOLLO. 437 2663. Evenings 8.0 Mats. Thurs. 3.0. Sats. 5.0 & 8.30
MARGARET ALEC
LEIGHTON GUINNESS
A FAMILY & A FORTUNE

ARTS Theatre Club. 836 3334. Great Newport St. (tel: Leicr. Sq.—Underground). Inquiry temp. Membership avail. 15p. Evs. Tuesday to Sunday at 8.
KENNEDY'S CHILDREN
"The play is fantastic."—Observer.

CAMBRIDGE THEATRE. 836 6056
Michael DENISON, Derek GRIFFITHS, Val PRINGLE, Norman BEATON in
THE BLACK MIKADO
"THE BEST MUSICAL OF 1975 AND PROBABLY 1976 & 1977 AS WELL!"—Sunday Times. Evgs. 8.0. Wed., Sat. 5.0 & 8.15.

CHICHESTER. 0243 86333. Tonight & July 4, 5, at 7.0 AN ENEMY OF THE PEOPLE. "Tremendous undiluted overwhelming, uproarious fun"—S. Times. "Worth travelling miles to see"—D. Exp. Today & July 5 at 2.0 CYRANO DE BERGERAC. Jose Ferrer's Carnival Production triumphs". D. Exp.

COMEDY. 930 2578. Evgs. 8. Sats. at 5.30 & 8.30. Mats. Thur. 3
HAYLEY MILLS
FRANCIS LEIGH
MATTHEWS LAWSON
A TOUCH OF SPRING
Directed by Allan Davis
"THIS JOYOUS COMEDY."—Ev. News.

CRITERION. 930 3216. Evgs. 8. Sats. 5.45 & 8.30. Mats. Thurs. at 3.0
GERALDINE McEWAN RODERICK COOK
JAMIE ROSS
'OH COWARD!'
"Coward has always had brilliant interpreters—but none more brilliant than these."—S. Times.

CURTAIN THEATRE. 247 6788. Rose Bruford College presents JOURNEY OF THE FIFTH HORSE. Tonight, Fri. & Sat. 7.30.

DRURY LANE. 836 8108. Evgs. 7.30. Matinees Weds. & Sats. 2.30
MICHAEL CRAWFORD in
BILLY
A NEW MUSICAL
"MICHAEL CRAWFORD A WHOPPING WONDERFUL STAGE STAR."—News of the World. "HE AND HIS SHOW ARE A TREAT."—S. Express.

DUCHESS. 836 8243
Evenings 8.0. Fri., Sat. 6.15, 9.0.
ALIVE ON STAGE
OH! CALCUTTA!
OVER 2,000 PERFORMANCES
BREATHTAKINGLY BEAUTIFUL.—S. Tel.
THE NUDITY IS STUNNING.—D. Tel.

DUKE OF YORK'S. 836 5122
Evs. 8. Sats. 5 & 8.30. Mats. Th. 3.
BERYL REID MALCOLM McDOWELL
RONALD FRASER
ENTERTAINING MR SLOANE
"From the JOE ORTON Festival.—"Superstitively well cast."—D. Tel. "A beautiful evening."—Fin. Times.

FORTUNE. 836 2238. Evenings 8.0. Sat. 5.30. 8.30. Thurs. 2.45 red. prices
SLEUTH
"THE BEST THRILLER EVER"—N.Y. Times. 6th GREAT YEAR.

GARRICK. 836 4601. Evgs. 8.0 SHARP Sat. 5.0 & 8.30. Red. price Wed. 3.0
ROBERT STEPHENS in
MURDERER
by ANTHONY SHAFFER
"BRILLIANT & EXCITING", MUST END JULY 19.

GLOBE THEATRE 437 1592
BEST PLAY OF THE YEAR
Evening Standard Drama Award
RONALD PICKUP in
THE NORMAN CONQUESTS
By ALAN AYCKBOURN
ROUND & ROUND THE GARDEN Tht 8.15. Sat. 8.30. Wed. 3.0. TABLE MANNERS Tomor. Mon., Wed 8.15. LIVING TOGETHER Sat. 5.30. Tues. 8.15.

GREENWICH. 858 7755. Last week. Evenings 8.0. THE KNIGHT OF THE BURNING PESTLE. Opens July 9: ALL'S WELL THAT ENDS WELL.

HAMPSTEAD TH. CLUB. 722 9301. Redcd. price prevs. from July 10-13 at 8. Opens July 14 at 7: GHOSTS, by Wolfgang Bauer.

HAYMARKET. 930 9832. Evgs. 7.45. Mat. Wed. 2.30. Sat. 4.30 & 8.0.
JOHN CLEMENTS
in Ronald Millar's C. P. Snow's
THE CASE IN QUESTION
"An excellent evening's entertainment ... an enthralling story."—Harold Hobson, Sunday Times.

HER MAJESTY'S 930 6606
Evgs. 8.0. Fri., Sat. 6.0 & 8.40
HAIR

KINGS HEAD THEATRE CLUB 226 1916. Michael Abbensetts SWEET TALK. 8.0. Dinner Opn. 7.00.

KING'S ROAD THEATRE. 352 7488
Mon. to Th. 9.0 Fri., Sat. 7.30, 9.30
The ROCKY HORROR SHOW
BEST MUSICAL OF THE YEAR.
Evg. Standard DRAMA AWARD. 73

LITTLE ANGEL MARIONETTE THEATRE, 14 Dagmar Passage, N.1. 01-226 1787. Sat. July 5, 11, 3.0. WONDER ISLAND, 3 p.m. RAPUNZEL, Sun. July 6, 3 p.m. RAPUNZEL.

LYRIC. 437 3686. Evenings 8.0 Fri. 8.30. Th., Sat. 5.0 & 8.30.
JOHN, PAUL, GEORGE, RINGO . . . & BERT—Evg. Stand. Award BEST MUSICAL OF THE YEAR Plays and Players Award BEST MUSICAL OF THE YEAR

MAYFAIR. 629 3036. Fully air cond. Evenings 8.15. Sat. 5.30 & 8.40
Billie WHITELAW Trevor HERRIS and Dinsdale LANDEN in
ALPHABETICAL ORDER
Michael Frayn's Comedy is a delightful experience."—E. Stan.

MERMAID. 248 7656. Food 248 2835. Evgs. 8.15. Sat. 5.0, 8.15. (Mat. Th. 3.30 red. prices.) Until July 12.
THE MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR
From July 17: SPIKE MILLIGAN. Seats 2.50 to £3.75. 25p, 75p or FULL DINNER, WINE & BEST THEATRE SEAT FOR £4.95.

NEW LONDON, Drury Lane. 405 0072. Mon.-Th. 8.0. Fri., Sat. 5.30, 8.30. THURBER "hilarious." N. Standard selected and played by WILLIAM WINDOM—"An oasis of laughter." D. Mail. "Remarkable tour de force." H. Hobson, S. Times. Until June 12. Red. prices for 5.30 perf. Fri., Sat. Students & OAP (All perfs.).

NEW LONDON, Drury Lane, 405 0072. July 14 for 1 week. KRESKIN—THE WORLD FAMOUS MENTALIST.

OLD VIC. THE NATIONAL THEATRE (928 7616). Today at 2.15 (reduced price mat.) Tomorrow at 7.30. Saturday at 2.15 & 7.30: Bernard Shaw's
HEARTBREAK HOUSE
Tonight at 8.00:
HAPPY DAYS
Tuesday 7.30 & Wednesday 7.00: THE MISANTHROPE
Some seats held for late day of performance from 10 a.m.

THEATRES

OPEN AIR. Regent's Pk. 01-486 2431. New Auditorium opening delay. THE TAMING OF THE SHREW in The Round House until July 26. A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM Opens here July 16.

OPEN SPACE. 580 4970. Temp. m's Ntly 8.0 (ex. Mon) MEASURE F. MEASURE. Shakespeare/Marowitz. Last 2 weeks: Lunchtime 1.1. Tues.-Fri. PRISONER & ESCORT by Charles Wood. 10.15 p.m. Th. inc., Sat. & July 10, 11, 12 1.5 Singing MEIRA & Left Hand Band.

PALACE. 437 6834. Mon. to Th. Fri., Sat. at 6.0 & 8.40
JESUS CHRIST SUPERSTAR

PALLADIUM. 437 7
Evgs. 7.30. Mats. Wed., Sat. 2.4
TOMMY STEELE
IN LONDON'S
MOST BEAUTIFUL MUSICAL
HANS ANDERSEN
"SUMPTUOUS SPECTACLE SPLENDID SONGS
IT'S WONDERFUL."—D. Exp.
SEATS AVAIL THEATRE & AGS

PHOENIX THEATRE. 01-836
Evenings 7.45. Sat. 5.45 & 8.4
GODSPELL
"IS MAGNIFICENT!"—Sunday T
LATE NIGHT PERF. TOMOR.

PICCADILLY. 437 4506. Evgs. 8. 5.30 & 8.30. Mat. Weds. at
JIMMY JEWEL ALFRED M
in NEIL SIMON'S
THE SUNSHINE BOYS
"Audience rocking in their chairs" D. Exp. "A laugh a minute."—D. "Continuous laughter."—E. S
LAST 2 WEEKS

PICCADILLY. 437 4506. S
Limited Season. Previews July 1
& 15 at 8. Opens July 16 at
HENRY FONDA
as CLARENCE DARROW
A one man play about the most f
Trial Lawyer of the 20th Centu

PRINCE OF WALES. 930
Evgs. 8.0. Mat. Wed., Sat.
JAMES STEWART
in HARVEY
"Heartwarming Triumph."—E
LIMITED SEASON ONLY

QUEEN'S. 01-734 1166. Evenin
Mat. Thur. 3.0 Sat. 5.30 & 8
VINCENT PRICE
CORAL BROWNE
CHARLES GRAY in
ARDELE
"A superb revival of Jean An
Comedy."—E. News. A fast
and timely cast production."—

RAYMOND REVUEBAR. Th
734 1593. At 7 p.m. 9 p.m. 1
PAUL RAYMOND present
THE FESTIVAL OF EROTICA '75

REGENT. 323 2707. Evening
Fri., Sat. 7.0 & 9.15
11th MONTH OF SENSATIO
STAGE SHOW OF THE SEV
LET MY PEOPLE CO
AN ADULT MUSICAL
"Never in London's full moment."—E
100 tickets held for sale at

ROUND HOUSE. 267 2564.
Mat. today 2.30. Sat. at
& 8.30. Last perfs.
Jeremy Irons Zoe Wanna
"Both excellently attuned
nances."—Sun. Telegraph
THE TAMING OF THE SH
"SPIRITED EVENING O
MASQUERADING COMEDY"—D

ROYAL COURT. 730 1745. Al
JOE ORTON FESTIVAL
Evgs. 8. Sats. 5 & 8.30. Las
JILL BENNETT PHILIP ST
LOOT
Directed by Albert Finney
Previs. July 9. What The Butle

ST. MARTIN'S. 836 1443.
Mats. Tues. 2.45. Sats 5 a
AGATHA CHRISTIE'S
THE MOUSETRAP
WORLD'S LONGEST-EVER
23RD YEAR

SAVOY. 01-8
Evenings 8.0. Sat. 5.0 & 8
"ALASTAIR SIM as Mr. Cu
RON MOODY DANDY NIC
CLANDESTINE MARRI
Directed by IAN McKELL
LAST WEEK—MUST END SAT

SHAFTESBURY. 01-8
Mon.-Fri. 8.0. (Mat. Fri. reduced 75p-£1.50). Sat. 5.3
WEST SIDE STORY
"Bursting to life with undir theatrical excitement."—S
"A definite winner ... I recommend it."—F. Tim
"Miracle."—Gdn. "Brilliant."

SHAW THEATRE. 01-38
Evenings 7.30. Mat. Fri.
SUSAN HAMPSHIRE
AS YOU LIKE IT
Last 3 days—must end Satu

STRAND. 836 2660.
Mat. Thurs 3.0. Sat. 5.30
Doris HARE Leo FRANK
Richard CALDICOT Andrew
NO SEX PLEASE—
WE'RE BRITISH
Directed by Allan Davi
LONDON'S LONGEST LAUGH

THEATRE UPSTAIRS. 730 25
8.15 HEROES by Stephen
also 1.15 p.m. and 10.
BLACK SLAVES, WHITE CH
Mustapha Matura.

VAUDEVILLE. 836 9988. Full
Ev. 8. Mat. Th. 5. Sat. 5 &
MILLICENT MARTIN, AMA
BARRIE in ALAN AYCKBO
ABSURD PERSON SINGL
"BEST COMEDY OF THE Y
Evening Standard Award

VICTORIA PALACE.
(No perfs. Mon. Tues. F
Wed., Th., Sat. 6.0 & 8
MAX BYGRAVES
"SWINGALONGAMA
New Song & Laughter Spec
with Rogers & Starr, Bobby
Denise Keane & Happy & Fu

WHITEHALL. 930 6
Evgs. 8.30. Wed., Sat., 6.1
PAUL RAYMOND prese
THE CONFESSIONS OF A SEX STAR
SNATCH 69
FANTASTIC, HILARIOU
EROTIC ENTERTAINME

WIMBLEDON. 01-
ACTORS COMPANY SEA
Mon.-Fri. 7.30 Sats. 5 &
THE LAST ROMANTI
"Intelligent, funny and Svini
—S. Times. "Brilliant." Daily

WINDMILL THEATRE.
PAUL RAYMOND presi
LET'S GET LAID
featuring JOHN INMA
"ARE YOU BEING SERV
Twice nightly at 7.0 &

WYNDHAM'S. 836 3028. Ever
Sat. 5 & 8.30 Mats W
PAUL SCOFIELD
as Prospero "SHOULD N
MISSED ON ANY ACCOU
B. A. Young, F.T.
THE TEMPEST
Last 2 weeks. Must close J

WYNDHAMS. 836 3028. From
JOHN RAL
GIELGUD RICHAR
National Theatre Produc
HAROLD PINTER'S
NO MAN'S LAND
Directed by PETER HA
"Great acting at its hig
pitch."—Sunday News.
LIMITED SEASON. BOOK

YOUNG VIC (by Old Vic). 9
Ian McKellen, Gemma J
ASHES, by David Rudkin.
8. Sat. 5 & 8.15. Thur
"... one of the best-wri
acted plays in London.
Express.

YOUNG VIC STUDIO
THE HOGARTH PUPPETS
2.30 (wkdays for schools).

TALK OF THE TOWN. 01-7
From 8.15. Dng. & Dncg.
New Revue SWEET TEMPT
& at 11 p.m. CLIFF RIC
Opening Monday next
ROGER WHITTAK

CINEMAS

ABC 1 & 2, Shaftesbury Ave.
Sep. Perfs. ALL SEATS BKE
1: THE GODFATHER PART
Wk. & Sun. 2.45, 8.00.
2: MURDER ON THE EXPRESS (A) Wk. & Sun 5.30, 8.30 (Last 7 days).

ACADEMY ONE. 437 8981.
Kurosawa's SEVEN SAMUR
Showing 12.30, 4.00, 7.40,
ACADEMY TWO. 437 5129
Widerberg's ELVIRA MADIG
Progs. 2.45, 4.40, 6.45, 8.5
ACADEMY THREE. 437 8819
Carne's LES ENFANTS DU DIS (A). Show times 4.45,
CASINO. 437 0877. EARTQ
(A). "You'll FEEL it in Sol
it is SENSURROUND. Sep
daily 2.30, 5.30, 8.30.
COLUMBIA, Shaftesbury Ave
5014). Sylvia Kristel in JUL
Cont. progs. Wk. 12.30, 2.4
5.00, 8.35. Sats. 12.45, 3.
8.35. Late Show Fri. & Sat
CURZON, Curzon St., W.1.
ALICE DOESN'T LIVE HER
MORE (AA). Progs. at 1.
Sun.) 4.0, 6.15, 8.30. La
Sat. at 11 p.m. Penny Sm
DOMINION, Tott. Crt. Rd. 58
THE WIND AND THE LION
Thomas Sean Connery Cand
gen. Brian Keith, John Hustc
Progs. Wk. 2.15, 5.00, 7.4
9.45. Sats. 5.00, 7.45, Sun. 2.4
7.45. Late show Fri. and Sat
EMPIRE, Leicester Square. 1
OF THE LOCUST (X). Progs
2.0, 5.10, 8.15. Sep. Perfs.
bookable. No ph-ne bookings.
GATE CINEMA, Notting Hill. 72
Roel's THE MATTER AFRAI
2.25, 5.45, 9.10 & KNOT
4.15, 7.35, 8. EAST OF ED
& THE WILD DUCK (A) 11
LEICESTER SQUARE THEATR
2525). See Bear I Feel I
(AA). The film story of It
Sep. Perfs. 1.20, 4.30, 8.
4.30, 8.0. Late Show F
11.15. All seats bookable.
M

هكذا من الأصل

CINEMAS
ODEON MARBLE ARCH (723 2011) 70mm Ireland & Cont. FUNNY LADY (A). 2p. perfs. Wk. 2.45, 8.00. Sun. 5.00, 8.00. Late show Sat. 11.45. All seats bkble.
ODEON, ST. MARTIN'S LANE (836 6891/1811). Cnvtly. air cond. 1 o'clock's AND NOW MY LOVE (A). Cont. perfs. Wk. 1.00, 4.50, 8.00. Sun. 4.50, 8.50. Late Show Sat. 11.50. All seats bkble.
ODEON, Leicester Sq. All seats bookable. THE GODFATHER PART II (X). Daily including Sundays. Perfs. 2.45, 7.50.
PRINCE CHARLES, Leics Sq. 437 8181 (In Seasonal Season) (A) EMMANUELLE (X). 2p. Perfs. Xmas. (Inc. Sun.) 2.45, 5.00, 7.15, 9.30. Late Show Fri. & Sat. 11.45. Seats Bkble. Licensed Bar.
PRINCE 2, etc., St. (Wardour St.). 439 4470. Cont. Perfs. Daily from 11.30. Late Show Fri. & Sat. 12.05.
PRINCE CHARLES, Leics Sq. 437 8181 YOUNG FRANKENSTEIN (AA). Perfs. 12.20, 2.40, 5.05, 7.25, 9.45. Late Show Fri. & Sat. 12.05.
PRINCE 2, Leic. Sq. (Wardour St.). 439 4470 THE TOWERING INFERNO (A). 2p. Perfs. Daily 2.00, 5.20, 8.40. Late Show Fri. & Sat. 11.45. Seats Bkble. All Perfs.
PRINCE 4, Leic. Sq. (Wardour St.) 439 4470. 2nd Year. The Film Everybody's Talking About. THE EXORCIST (X). Directed by William Friedkin. Sep. Perfs. Daily 12.00, 3.00, 6.15, 9.00. Late Show Fri. & Sat. 11.50. Box Office Open Daily 10.0. Sun. 12-9. Seats Bkble.—All perfs.
RIALTO CENTRE, Baker St. (935 9772). David Hockney in A BIGGER SPLASH. Certificate. Daily 2.0, 5.0, 7.0, 9.0. Late Fri. Sat. 11.00. Sun. 7.0.
SHAFTESBURY WEST END, Leicester Square. Tel. 439 0791.
Burstyn, Eric Kristofferson, ALICE DOESN'T LIVE HERE ANY MORE (AA). Cont. Progs. Wk. 1.20, 3.35, 5.50, 8.10. Sun. 3.40, 5.40, 8.10. Late Show Sat. 11.00.
Robert Mitchum, THE YAKUZA (AA). Cont. Progs. Wk. 1.30, 3.45, 6.00, 8.20. Sun 3.30, 5.50, 8.20. Late Show Sat. 11.00.
Steve McQueen, Paul Newman, THE TOWERING INFERNO (A). Sep. Perfs. 1.55, 4.40, 7.55. Late show Sat. 11.05. All seats bkble.

EXHIBITIONS
GT. Modern silver/jewelry all under £20.—Goldsmiths' Hall, Foster Lane, E.C.2. Until 12 July. 10.5. Closed Sun.

ART EXHIBITIONS
AGNEW GALLERY, 43 Old Bond St., W.1. 01-629 6176. MASTER PAINTINGS. Exhibition of Recent Acquisitions. Until 11th July. Mon.-Fri. 9.30-5.30. Sats. until 1.
ALFA GALERIE presents "BRITISH ACADEMICIANS". Summer Exhibition of selected R.A.'s & R.S.A.'s. Open 10-8 Inc. Sun. 7 Church Road, Wimbledon Village, S.W.19. 01-946 4727.
BRITISH MUSEUM.—Turner Watercolours. Wdys. 10-5. Sats. 9.30-5. Sun. 2.30-5.
CHAGNON'S, 14 Old Bond St., W.1. 01-491 7408. THE MEZZOTINT REDISCOVERED. Until 1 August. Mon.-Fri. 9.30-5.30. Sats. 9.30-1.
DAVID ELLIS-JONES, 50 South Molton Brook St., W.1. 01-629 4434. 18th CENTURY DRAWINGS—SUMMER CATALOGUE. Mon.-Fri. 2-6 pm. (or appointment).
FIELDBORNE GALLERIES, 5 Queens Grove, N.W.8. 586 3600. LORD METHUEN (1886-1975) MEMORIAL EXHIBITION.
FINE ART SOCIETY, 148 New Bond Street. 01-629 5116. DOULTON POTTERY 1872-1939 until July 5.
AT FISCHER FINE ART, 30 King St., St. James's, S.W.1. EGON SCHIELE. Watercolours, Drawings and Graphics. Until 4 July. Mon.-Fri. 10.0-5.30. Sats. 10-12.30. 01-839 3942.
FOYLES ART GALLERY, Centro Europeo d'Iniziative Culturali presents "Primavera 5": an exhibition of Contemporary Art from Italy. 6 daily (Incl. Sat.) until July 9. 119-125, Charing Cross Rd. W.C.2.
GALLERY 21, 15a Grafton St., W.1. International Original Prints. A-Z AGAM—ZADKINE. 9.30-5.30. Sats. 10-1. Tel. 493 6822.
GERALD M. NORMAN GALLERY, 8 Duke Street, St. James's, S.W.1. SUMMER COLLECTION EXHIBITION. Extended to July 4. Fine 18th, 19th & 20th Century Watercolours and drawings.
GIMPEL FILS, 30 Davies St., W.1. 493 2468. Alan DAVIE. A painter's environment.
GREEK EXHIBITIONS: Marble Hill House, Richmond Road, Twickenham: The English Palladian villa. Closed Friday. Rangers House, Chesterfield Walk, Blackheath: The Suffolk Collection. The Iveagh Bequest, Kenwood, Hampstead Lane: Recent acquisitions 1964-1974: June-August. For further details of all exhibitions telephone 01-348 1286.
IVYWARD GALLERY, South Bank, S.E.1. (Arts Council). THE CONDITION OF SCULPTURE: International selection of work by younger artists. Until 13 July. Mon.-Fri. 10-8. Sat. 10-6. Sun. 12-6. Adm. 40p (Children, students & OAPs 20p). 10p all day Mon. and 6-8 Tues.-Fri.
JIM GALLERY, 89 Jermyn St., S.W.1. Paintings by LUCA GIORDANO. Mon.-Fri. 10-5.30.
JOAN MIRO, Figure Drawings 1916-1937. JAYOR GALLERY, 14 South Molton St., W.1. 01-493 8778.
LEFEVRE GALLERY: Contemporary Paintings and Drawings. Weekdays 10-5. Saturdays 10-1. 30 Bruton Street, London. W.1. 493 1572/3.
LUMLEY CAZALET, 24 Davies St., W.1. 01-499 5058. FRENCH PRINTMAKERS, 1870-1910. Opens Today. Mon.-Fri. 10-6; Thurs. 10-7.
MALL GALLERIES, The Mall, SW1. SUZANNE LUCAS RMS, SWA. Paintings and Miniatures. Mon.-Fri. 10-5. Sats. 10-1. Until July 9. Adm. FREE.
MARLBOROUGH, 6 Albemarle St., W.1. Until further notice: 20th Century Paintings and Sculptures. Also Graphics by Gallery Artists. Mon.-Fri. 10-5.30. Sat. 10-12.30.
MOORLAND GALLERY, 23 Cork St., W.1. 01-734 6961. Amid The Highlands Print Exhibition after Archibald Thorburn, until July 17. Mon.-Fri. 9.30-6.00.
NATIONAL PORTRAIT GALLERY, Augustus John—Life and Times. Adm. 20p. 15 Carlton House Terrace. A. John—Paintings and Drawings. Adm. 50p. Wdys. 10-5. Sms. 2-6.
NEW GRAFTON GALLERY, 12 Grafton St., W.1. 499 1900. CEDRIC MORRIS Retrospective.
PARKIN GALLERY, 11 Motcomb St., S.W.1. 235 8134. HENRY & WALTER GREAVES' OLD CHELSEA. Until 19th July. Mon.-Fri. 10-6. Sats. 10-1.
RAFAEL VALLS, 7-8B Jermyn St., S.W.1. 930 1864. Exhibition of Old Master Drawings. Until July 16th. 10-6 Mon.-Fri. 10-1 Sats.

Only 5 more performances
Tonight at 8.00
HAPPY DAYS
by Samuel Beckett
"Peggy Ashcroft's Winnie is worth crawling over broken glass to see" —Daily Mail
"A major theatrical event" —Daily Telegraph
The National Theatre at the Old Vic
01-928 7616

JUST END SOON
today 2.15
HEARTBREAK HOUSE
John Schlesinger's production is simply stunning"
Full-scale triumph"
Truly and literally a wonderful experience"
The National Theatre at the Old Vic
928 7616

THE ARTS

Luca Giordano: celerity was the mother of invention

The most familiar aspect of Luca Giordano's art is embodied in the nickname he acquired, "Luca fa presto", apparently from his father's injunctions to work rapidly, a highly desirable trait at a time when enormous spaces had to be covered with appropriate decorations, religious, mythological, historical or allegorical. At the Heim Gallery in London an exhibition (until August 29) devoted exclusively to this painter demonstrates that, in his case at any rate, celerity was the mother of invention.

He was born in Naples in 1632 and was thus an exact contemporary of Sir Christopher Wren, with whom he has absolutely nothing else in common, although it is a tempting exercise to imagine what he would have done with the interior of St Paul's if he had been given the opportunity. His father was also a painter, and thanks to viceregal patronage the boy was placed in the studio of Jusepe Ribera, whose brutally realistic approach, which naturally appealed to the Spanish rulers of Naples, was at first imitated by his young pupil, exemplified in the exhibition by a *Suicide of Cato* which is almost unbearably explicit. The theme of the beggar-philosopher, serenely contemptuous of his own physical condition, is also Riberesque, but in Giordano's hands acquires an individualization, particularly well illustrated by *Philosopher III* in the exhibition, which anticipates the psychological subtleties of Piazzetta's *teste di fantasia*.

Two versions of *Christ disputing with the Doctors in the Temple* demonstrate the rapidity of the young Giordano's artistic development: the first, a huge unpublished canvas containing many significant *pentimenti* and datable c1660, is an exciting but uneasy work, whereas the second, of some 10 years later, has all the characteristics of the painter's mature style, a successful fusion of monumentality of conception with delicacy of detail. The Veronesian architectural background in both versions is a reminder that although based in Naples, Giordano visited Venice, probably in the mid 1670s, the date suggested for the two splendid altarpieces in the Church of the Salute, which were to have a considerable influence on the Venetian painters of the next generation. In 1682-83 he was in Florence covering the ceiling of the ballroom at the Palazzo Medici-Riccardi with frescoes of a vibrant luminosity, which is also evident in the signed *Feast of Cana* at the Heim, effectively shown in the small room at the rear of the gallery together with a group of works appropriately modest in scale. The grouping of the figures is skilfully varied, Christ's position left of centre being emphasized by the brilliant red robe of the old man on his right and the kneeling *repoussoir* figure pouring wine.

A similar compositional device, on a much larger scale, characterizes what is perhaps the most dramatic work in the exhibition, a *Stoning of St Stephen*, executed during the painter's years in Spain (1692-1702), whither he was summoned by Charles II "as the only man who could complete the pictorial decoration of the vast spaces of the Escorial within a measurable time", as Sir Ellis Waterhouse so nicely puts it. The saint in his red dalmatic provides the main colouristic emphasis, but the composition is controlled by the muscular back and foreshortened legs of the enthusiastic lapidator on the right, thus creating a balance of tension all the more telling because of its basic simplicity.

After his return to Naples at the age of 70, Giordano painted an important fresco in the chapel of the Treasury in the Certosa di S Martino, for which a vigorous *modello* is exhibited, showing that the artist's powers were undiminished; he died in 1705.

Jeffery Daniels



The Stoning of St Stephen



Tazeena Firth and Timothy O'Brien

Peter Grimes made over

There have been murmurs of discontent in the Covent Garden audience at the state of the scenery in one or two of the recent opera revivals. The management would reply that it takes money, which is in distinctly short supply, and time to refurbish existing sets and costumes. Rehearsal schedules are rarely designed to allow the scenery to be erected on stage and for the paint-shop men to come in. And there are one or two productions where the fabric is so thin that it would not withstand any retreatment.

Peter Grimes, which comes back into the repertory next Wednesday, is among them. The cast, led by Jon Vickers, is mostly familiar but the appearance of the opera will be totally new. Covent Garden describe it as a "restaging", using the word the Met employed for their reworking of *Don Giovanni* last season and *Forza* this year. London, however, has gone a step farther than New York in employing a new design team, Timothy O'Brien and Tazeena Firth.

According to O'Brien the deal struck with Covent Garden was a very simple one. "It was accepted that the existing scenery could not stand another revival, so we were invited to make such use of the sets, props and costumes as we wished. But basically we were asked to rethink the opera with the producer, Elijah Moshinsky, and the musical director, Colin Davis. We were given a budget which was the equivalent of about half the cost of an ordinary new production, and told quite firmly that it was our responsibility to get *Grimes* on stage for that figure and our liability if we didn't." Covent Garden, in common with several other houses, has suffered from producers and designers who have had expensive second thoughts half way through rehearsal.

"In the event all we have used are the costumes, which Tazeena has converted into undergarments. They wore a lot of clothes up on the Suffolk coast, and we have 13 principals and 90 chorus to dress. But visually there will be no resemblance at all to the old *Grimes*."

At Wednesday's Gala the audience will see the whole Covent Garden stage used from the back of the theatre to the orchestra pit on which an overhang of about three feet has been built. It is in essence a slice of Aldeburgh foreshore, dominated by two fishing boats.

"Tazeena and I spent a few days at Aldeburgh when we first started to work on the designs." O'Brien goes to a drawer and brings out a photograph taken from the sea level of two fishing boats, quite close in appearance to the ones he is using, sitting on the crest of the shingle outside the Cross Keys. "We've also been influenced by the photographs of Frank Meadow Sutcliffe, who photographed Whitby at the turn of the century. A different era and a different country, I know, but he conveyed an exact impression of the way people in a fishing village looked at work and during their hours off.

"We've tried to turn the stage into a container for an opera which is by turns abstract and concrete. During the sea interludes the audience's mind must not be diverted: everything is there in the music. The same applies to Grimes when he is left alone with his problems. But we also need homely details to make contact with the audience. The shingle must look real even though it is made of rubber; the waders have got to appear worn—not easy, we had to buy new ones and put them through grit-blasting machines; the boats are glass fibre, but modelled on an old wooden hulk we came across one day on the south coast. It is not in any way a *verismo* staging. I'd rather think of it as a theatrical approach with some concrete details."

If the O'Brien-Firth designs for *Grimes*, their first for a Britten opera, are a success is there not a danger they will be called in for refurbishing on other operas? "Possibly. Although I can assure you that we have no intention of acquiring a reputation as a cut-price team. In fact our next opera, also with Elijah Moshinsky, is *Wozzeck* for the Adelaide Festival next March. Berg's work has never been staged before in Australia so the first base is the only one from which we can start. No, if *Grimes* is liked I think it will prove that some operas can be staged thoughtfully and freshly without going every time to the full expense of a completely new production."

John Higgins

ART EXHIBITIONS
REDFERN GALLERY, 53nd SUMMER EXHIBITION. June-September. 30 Cork Street, London, W.1.
ROLAND BROWSE & DELBANCO, 19 Cork St., W.1. 01-734 7984. PHILIP SUTTON. Mon-Fri 10-5.30 until 31 Jul.
ROYAL ACADEMY SUMMER EXHIBITION. Contemporary paintings, sculpture, etc. Until 27 July. Wkdys 10-6. Sun. 9. Adms. 60p. Mondays 50p) and THE PRIVATE ROOMS AND COLLECTED TREASURES. Until 31 Oct. Wkdys. 10-6 (closed Tuesday). Sums. 2-6. Adm. 50p. Students and pensioners half price.
ROY MILES GALLERY, 6 Duke Street, St. James's, London, S.W.1. EXHIBITION of FLEMISH PAINTINGS until July 10th. Telephone 01-930 8565. Mondays to Fridays, 10 am to 6 pm
SERPENTINE GALLERY, Kensington Gardens (Arts Council). 11-8 daily. admission free: SUMMER SHOW II: Charlton Grafton. Holt. Rome & Russell till 20 July.
TATE GALLERY, Millbank. S.W.1. HENRY MOORE: Graphic art in the making. Until July. Adm. free. Wkdys 10-6. Suns 2-6.
THACKERAY GALLERY, 18 Thackeray St., Kensington Sq., W.8. 01-937 5693. JOHN BRATBY. Until 11 July.
TOOTH, Paris-Londres. An exhibition of XIXth and XXth century paintings including works by Monet, Pissarro, Rodin, Matisse and Dubuffet. 28 May-5 July. Mon.-Fri. 9.30-5. Sat. 10-12.30. 31 Bruton Street, W.1.
TRYON GALLERY, 41 Dover Street, W.1. 01-493 5161. ENDANGERED SPECIES. Pictures by world-wide artists, until July 4th. Mon.-Fri. 9.30-5.30.
WILDENSTEIN: Paintings by Appel. Weekdays 10-5.30. Saturdays 10-12.30. Until 18 July. Admission free. 147 New Bond Street, W.1.

Neumeier's Mahler ballet

When a ballet director can whisk Violette Verdy across the Atlantic to replace one of his own dancers who has gone sick, you can be sure he has achieved a certain standing. John Neumeier brought Verdy to Hamburg to dance the ballerina role in his own interpretation of *The Nutcracker*, which is rather different from any other you ever saw.

The party scene becomes the celebration of Marie's twelfth birthday, and the rest of the ballet is her dream of being a dancer like her big sister Louise and being partnered by a handsome chap just like Louise's dashing admirer. Drosselmeyer in this version becomes the local ballet-master, his character based on an exuberant burlesque of Petipa, played by Max Midiner with an irrepressible sense of fun and enough authority for the serious moments too, as well as the stamina to cope with an almost nonstop series of grotesque solos.

Verdy's eloquent style and charm are well displayed as Louise, and Marina Eglevsky makes the scarcely adolescent Marie an eagerly awkward mixture of enthusiasm and shyness. The pretty settings are by Jürgen Rose, who transforms the stage into an outsize version of Marie's toy theatre with a painted front curtain in Paris Opéra style. I was amused to note that every single picture on or above the Stahlbaums's mantelpiece in Scene 1 was of a famous dancer: a nice touch, that.

All the works Neumeier has mounted in his two seasons at Hamburg were included in the ballet festival, together with an ambitious new creation, a danced version of Mahler's *Third Symphony*. There is no attempt at imposing a programme on the music as Massine did with Tchaikovsky's Fifth; on the other hand the choreography is not purely formal like Balanchine's symphonic ballets. One figure, played by François Klaus, links all the movements except the fifth, and Neumeier gives a one-word title to each section except the last, for which he keeps Mahler's own title, *What love tells me*.

The enormously long first movement, subtitled *Yesterday*, is given over entirely to the male dancers, whose movements echo the immense variety of moods from proud pomp to tragic intensity. There are suggestions at times of war, conflict, but also humour and contentment.

The pause Mahler wanted after the first movement is provided by a silent episode in which the cast assemble for the next section, *Summer*. Here Klaus, after his marathon exertions, is a spectator to a pastoral encounter between two couples with a supporting group of women.

A series of duets, trios and similar small ensembles occupies part of the next movement, *Autumn*, but gradually one of the soloists, Dörte Rüter, begins to establish a relationship with Klaus which is still-born because of his preoccupation with another couple, Magali Messac and Fred Howald, whose elegiac duets perhaps represent his memories of a past episode.

Next comes the only episode without Klaus. Neumeier set the symphony's fourth movement a year ago, under the title *Night*, for a Stuttgart Ballet performance dedicated to John Cranko's memory and he has taken that choreography into his production of the whole. Persephone Samaropoulo now dances the role made for Marcia Haydée in a strange trio where she and her partners, Salvatore Aiello and Truman Finney, mould frequent off-balance movements into the slow flow of the dance.

A guest dancer, Zhandra Rodriguez, performs the fifth movement, *Angel*, as a solo, extraordinarily quick and complex, again with Klaus as onlooker, seeming to draw comfort from the innocent gaiety of her almost childlike movements.

The last movement brings together the entire cast, whose disparate patterns gradually merge into an exultant finale in which all the women are lifted and carried forward high on the men's shoulders. Alone among them wanders Klaus, finding Rodrigues temporarily for a tender duet but soon losing her. At the very end, she walks slowly right across the front of the stage now empty except for Klaus who, turning to watch her progress, twists himself into the tortured position in which he began the ballet.

Some episodes in this long work (about two hours without an interval) are startling; Neumeier's is an individual response to Mahler's music. It is so complex a production that I dearly wish I could have seen it more than once before trying to pass even an interim judgment. What is clear at first sight is that even when unexpected, Neumeier's inventions never clash with the music.

The fourth and fifth movements at least are full of exceptionally striking invention, and the first movement is a remarkable affirmation of the Hamburg Ballet's strength in male dancers. My only serious reservation is whether the finale really crowns the rest.

John Percival



François Klaus and ensemble in Mahler's Third Symphony

Heroes

Theatre Upstairs

Irving Wardle

Here we sit in a theatre doomed shortly to close, and there on the set lies an elegant young man surrounded by the dilettante artworks with which he keeps his mind off the riots and queues of unemployed. Into this shrinking island of privilege there bursts a wolf-like figure from the streets who takes in the situation at a glance and announces that he needs the room.

With that opening, plus the daily preoccupations of property-owning liberal spectators, Stephen Poliakoff ought to have us in the hollow of his hand; which is certainly where he had me in the first scene of Tim Fywell's production. What, after all, do you say when somebody walks into your room and starts calmly emptying the drawers and telling you that you've never done a proper day's work in your life? Julius, the artist, living on his mother's money, tries to defend himself with polite snubs, which fall very flat indeed. Today's manners are being exposed to the England of the day after tomorrow.

Except that the play is not tied to any particular country. Playwrights of the Howard Brenton-David Hare group have repeatedly demonstrated how the power of political prophesies can be intensified by naming names, places and dates.

Mr Poliakoff has discounted that lesson, and reverted to the cliché of the nameless European city where people talk vaguely about the Reds and the police, and it all seems a long way away. *Heroes* relates equally to Britain, the Weimar Republic, and Latin America; which is to say, hardly at all. The subject is too urgent to be universalized.

The subject, should you not have guessed, is the birth of fascism, with Julius and the scavenging Rainer finally sitting astride a motor bike planning to purify the country and get their hair cut. The alliance between the *rentier* classes and the power-hungry underworld is one which has been theatrically explored before (notably in Mrozek's *Tango*), but in this case it takes a lot of improbable manipulation simply to keep Julius and Rainer in each other's company. Once Julius has got rid of his unwanted visitor, there is no reason for their paths ever to cross again. But in scene after scene they are shown running into each other in the street, back in the room, and in a "nostalgia café" where Julius goes to drink with a sponging veteran of the good old days.

We see them working their way through a course in lost generation decadence with drugs, face painting, and hooliganism. Thanks to a splendid pair of performances from the delicately arrogant David Dixon and the electrically dangerous Jonathan Pryce, a credible relationship does develop between them and the characters do change. The change is defined in a café scene where they spit out their plastic éclairs and denounce the food to the audience, leaving the sponging Albert, to whom nostalgia is more important than reality, to forge their leavings.

However, that scarcely amounts to a milestone on the road to fascism; and the life the two characters acquire runs in unrelated parallel to the ideological course the author has marked out for them. Mr Poliakoff writes with fire and anger which periodically bathes the stage in a sulphurous glare. But on this occasion he has chosen to bury his original talent under a dead weight of received ideas.

Not much like Berlioz

NPO/Barenboim

Festival Hall/Radio 3

William Mann

Roméo et Juliette is Berlioz's third symphony. Pedants of past generations, particularly Teutonic sticklers, used to pour scorn on the notion that a work in so many movements, using such disparate forces—alto and tenor and bass vocal soloists, choirs, as well as orchestra—and descriptive as well, could be considerable as a symphony. Yet Berlioz designed it as a musical integer, and that is how it makes its best effect, as has many times been proven. Some conductors, unable to engage all the forces, have by dint of sheer musical sympathy managed to communicate the essence of the work by performing all the orchestral music, though it is a second-best solution.

Aware that Daniel Barenboim has been seeking to diversify his many gifts in as wide a repertory as possible, I looked forward to his reading of Berlioz's *Roméo* with the New Philharmonia Orchestra on Tuesday. His approach, alas, was disappointing, even frivolous.

He picked out three of the central movements, performed them in the wrong order (Love Scene, Queen Mab, Soliloquy and Feast), then laid a heavy hand on the music so that the lovers exchanged vows on a thick-piled, rather dusty carpet of sound, and the Fairy Queen flapped her wings sluggishly, as though sprayed with aerosol insect-killer. I have to admit that the coda of this scherzo, though still sluggish, sounded well with its antique cymbals. But what we heard was by no means *Roméo et Juliette*, or even Berlioz. The fragments performed were lacking in fine-drawn line and a classically poised orchestral balance; climaxes were sudden and extravagant. Musical highlights have their place, but not in a symphony concert.

Barenboim, with his fine feeling for Mozart, Beethoven and Chopin, may well develop into a valuable exponent of Berlioz. His reading of Beethoven's *Coriolan* overture showed virtues of precise attack and keen expressiveness; the awesome coda was sensitively controlled. He also provided sympathetic, scrupulous accompaniment for Janet Baker in her moving yet never sentimental account of Mahler's *Lieder eines fahrenden Gesellen*. He needs to think further about Berlioz.

Scottish Baroque Ensemble

Purcell Room

Stanley Sadie

Since their formation seven years ago the Scottish Baroque Ensemble has provided sterling support (if that is not too ambiguous a phrase these days) for Scottish Opera in smaller-scale works. On Tuesday it made its London debut in a programme ranging over five centuries.

That may seem a wide span for a "Baroque Ensemble": but in fact it is not the specialist group that its name might suggest. It started with Scottish Renaissance airs and dances in performances of a sort which, a quarter of a century ago, we were all beginning to regard as suspect: lush, vibrato-laden tone from the 13 strings, rich phrasing, generous nuance. Good performances of their kind, but the kind is scarcely acceptable these days.

Odd though it may seem, the Scottish Baroque Ensemble was at its best in some Skalkottas Greek Dances: alert, rhythmic, sturdy performances, with some poised playing and nicely balanced textures in the slow "Arkadikos", if perhaps a hint of overenthusiasm in the rowdy final dance.

Nearer home, it made Martin Dolby's *Concerto Martin Pescatore* sound a scrappy piece; possibly it is, for it lacks solid invention, but its semi-improvised textures should surely sound less clumsy and its shape should hold together more firmly.

The Ensemble's performances of Baroque and classical music were, I fear, little short of disgraceful. Purcell's *Chacony* was marred by an affected treatment of texture and rhythm, and a fulsome one of expression, that suggested a slender understanding of the Baroque.

It played Handel's Op 6 No 7 concerto, bringing some energy to its fugue, but also producing a tonal coarseness and a waywardness of shaping that made that movement, and particularly the Hornpipe, unpleasant to listen to. And it seemed singularly perverse to choose just the one Op 6 concerto with no solo parts and then adapt its noble Andante to insert some, doing so, moreover, with a disregard for the formal principles underlying Baroque solo-tutti usage that vitiated its structure into the bargain.

In Mozart's K138 divertimento Leonard Friedman set tempos for the fast movements that no one should attempt and no one could sustain: the result was an ugly scramble whose crudity obliterated the music's charm and sprightliness.

Aix stand-in

Ileana Cotrubas is indisposed and will be unable to sing the role of Mathilde in *Elisabetta, Regina d'Inghilterra*, at the Aix Festival this month. She will be replaced by Valerie Masterson. As already announced, Montserrat Caballé sings the title part.

New Ayckbourn

Richard Briers heads the cast of Alan Ayckbourn's new comedy, *Absent Friends*, which will open at the Garrick Theatre on July 23. Also appearing are Peter Bowles, Cheryl Kennedy, Pat Heywood, Ray Brooks and Phyllida Law. It will be directed by Eric Thompson.

It's a thousand thrills—it's
The Royal Tournament
July 16-August 2 Earls Court
2.30 and 7.30pm. (No Sunday Performances)
See breath-taking arena displays—skill, pageantry and courage in action plus exhibits of the latest military equipment.
*Commando Beach Assault. * Kings Troop Musical Drive. * Famous Field Gun Competition.
* Helicopters—Hovercraft—Guns—Tanks.
* Pipers, Massed Bands and the Spectacular '1812' Finale.
Reserved Seats £2.50, £2.00, £1.50, £1.00, 70p.
Unreserved 50p.
Box Office: Earls Court, London SW5.
Tel: 01-371 8141
Also usual agencies.
See the Preview Parade in The Mall, 2.30pm, Sunday July 13th.
BOX OFFICE NOW OPEN

PARLIAMENT, July 2, 1975

All sides in Rhodesia showing sense of urgency in search for peaceful way forward

House of Commons

MR ENNALS, Minister of State, Foreign and Commonwealth Office (Norwich, North, Lab), made a statement on his recent visit to southern Africa, the purpose of which was to consult all parties concerned in Rhodesia about the modalities and the timing of the next steps towards securing a peaceful solution to Rhodesia's problems by negotiation.

I was able to talk (he said) to a number of African leaders, the vice-president of Frelimo, and a number of African Commonwealth ministers, at the Mozambique independence celebrations in Lourenco Marques on June 25 and 26. In Pretoria on June 27 and 28 I had a useful exchange of views with the South African Prime Minister, Mr Vorster, and his Foreign Minister, Dr Muller.

I spent June 29 and 30 in Salisbury where I had meetings with representatives of all communities. My principal discussions were, of course, with Mr Smith and his advisers and with the leaders of the African National Council. We talked very frankly and constructively, and I think we established a better understanding of our respective points of view.

The details of my talks, are of course, confidential. But it was clear to me that the main problem now faced by the parties concerned is how to begin the process of negotiation leading up to a final conference at a time when some of the leading figures of the ANC are *outside Rhodesia*.

Mr Smith made it clear to me that he would be willing at the final stage to take part in a constitutional conference outside Rhodesia. But real difficulties remain. I was nevertheless encouraged by the sense of urgency to find a peaceful way forward in Rhodesia which was shared by all the principal parties concerned with the problem.

I am also satisfied that both Mr Smith and the African National Council want seriously to find ways of entering into negotiations to seek a constitutional settlement. In turn I made clear to them that, in exercising our responsibilities, her Majesty's Government's main concern is to help, in any constructive way we can, to bring such negotiations about.

I have reported on my talks in Rhodesia to the Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary (Mr Callaghan), and he will now be considering the next steps.

I believe that Mr Smith and the ANC leaders are also giving further consideration to the way forward in the light of the discussions which I had with them in Salisbury. I am sure the House will appreciate that in these circumstances it would not be right for me to go into further details at this stage.

MR THORPE, leader of the Liberal Party. (North Devon, L)—Was Mr Ennals able to have talks with Mr Sithole in Mozambique or elsewhere? Did he gather whether Mr Sithole would be welcomed or excluded from the conference?

Is there a working party between the ANC and the regime? It was my experience in meeting Mr Smith and the nationalists that there was a great difference between them on the place of the conference.

What consideration has been given to the Victoria Falls for the conference? They could meet on alternate days in different countries.

If there is a feeling of intense urgency that these talks should take place, this is a most hopeful sign. It would be hopeful if the talks were to start at once because the more we can get people talking together, the greater the chance of understanding and success for all communities in Rhodesia.

MR ENNALS—I did not have the opportunity to discuss matters with Mr Sithole. I did not visit Lusaka or any other place where he might have been. I had no indication from Mr Smith that he was prepared to change his view, and that if Mr Sithole returned the law would take its course. This produces problems for the ANC on location of the conference.

There is no working party between the two. Since the problems are how to begin the serious discussions, it would be almost impossible for there to be a working party or groups until the fundamental decision had been taken but there was a willingness by both sides for working parties to be established when there was agreement about the shape of the conference.

The place for the final conference is not a matter which causes great difficulty. The problem is the preliminary consultation which would lead to the process for a final solution.

There is a sense of urgency on both sides and we want to see early talks but the difficulty is to get them started.

MR ROYLE (Richmond upon Thames, Richmond, C)—Regrettably it appears that the minister's visit to Rhodesia has achieved nothing. Will he confirm that he has not come back with significant results?

MR ENNALS—I find Mr Royle's question and tone extraordinary. I had no reason to believe from all those with whom I had the opportunity for discussions that they did not feel those discussions were valuable.

Cash limits on councils: talks to be held

MR KILROY-SILK (Ormskirk, Lab) asked if the Secretary of State for the Environment would issue a circular to local authorities to encourage them to curb excessive or ostentatious expenditure.

MR OAKES, Under Secretary (Widnes, Lab)—My department issued a clear circular on December 24 last year and has just reinforced this by a further circular on June 27. These have underlined the need for local authorities to adhere rigorously to the limits set by the rate support grant settlement.

MR FRY (Wellingborough, C)—Will he send an instruction to local authorities, following the Chancellor's statement yesterday, that the rate demands next year should not exceed 10 per cent above this year?

The ratepayers of this country, if they find the demands are higher, are fully justified in raising trouble and refusing to pay any more. (Labour cries of "Oh".)

MR OAKES—I think on reflection Mr Fry would regret his last remarks. It would not do any good to the authority or the individual to take that course of action.

It would not be appropriate to issue such a circular to local authorities. I reinforce what the Government have been saying repeatedly—that there is a need to keep expenditure down to inescapable commitments.

MR SPEED, an Opposition spokesman on the environment (Ashford, C)—Following the Chancellor's statement yesterday, does the minister intend to use cash limits as a means of controlling local government expenditure?

MR OAKES—We are discussing with local authorities levels of expenditure for next year and I think I would be anticipating if I were to decide on any specific course of action at the moment.

MR RAISON, chief Opposition spokesman on the environment (Aylesbury, C), on a later question about the cost of the recent Naigo settlement, asked: How will it be borne? When will cash limits for public sector wages start to apply?

MR OAKES—It will cost £280m a year, and the award was just under 24 per cent. Some restructuring in the pay of certain staffs adds a further 0.8 per cent.

Concerning cash limits, the Chancellor's statement was only yesterday and we will be discussing this with the local authority associations.

New procedure will allow time for companies and unions to negotiate information disclosure

The Industry Bill was further *considered on report*.

On Clause 20 (Persons to whom duty to disclose information applies),

MR KAUFMAN, Under Secretary for Industry (Manchester, Ardwick, Lab), moved the first of a series of amendment relating to information powers provided under the Bill.

He said that a considerable number of the changes from the Government's original information proposals stemmed directly from debates in standing committee and assurances given both to Labour and Opposition MPs.

The Government had provided a full definition of the purposes for which the powers might be used. They were to apply for the purpose of obtaining information which in the opinion of the minister was needed to form or to further national economic policies or needed for consultations between Government, employers or workers on the outlook for a particular sector of manufacturing industry, including the outlook for major companies in that sector.

The Government had also provided a new preliminary procedure before an order to require the provision of information could be made.

Under this the minister served on the company a preliminary notice saying that if he was not satisfied that the company would provide the necessary information to the Government and unions voluntarily he would consider making an order requiring the company in 14 days to notify the relevant unions that it had received a notice and inform the minister which union representatives it had notified.

The minister was required to lay a statement before Parliament saying which companies he had served a notice on and when. He was not empowered to make an order until at least three months after serving the preliminary notice.

He might not serve a notice unless he was satisfied at the end of this period that the information would not be provided voluntarily to the Government and union representatives.

In introducing the preliminary procedure the Government had underlined the point made many times by Mr Benn when Secretary of State for Industry and other ministers that the information powers were reserve powers and to give every opportunity for the company and its unions to negotiate voluntary arrangements. The procedure would allow time for the negotiation of voluntary arrangements.

In their amendment the Government made clear the minister's right to require provision of information was restricted to subjects listed in the clause. This was in fulfilment of an undertaking given in standing committee. The Government accepted that details of research and development and know-how might be commercially sensitive and had excluded them from the scope of the information powers.

It remained for the minister to decide whether to require provision of information on some or all of the matters listed.

Analogous cases

The Government had introduced amendments placing on the minister the responsibility for deciding what information obtained under the compulsory powers should be disclosed to unions. It would be possible to avoid the need for repeated references to the independent committee on points settled in analogous cases many times before.

The new proposals would mean the minister would give a provisional view of the information to be disclosed. Then, the company or unions might require the minister to refer his proposals to the advisory committee. The minister might also refer matters to the committee, whose role would be to consider references and advise the minister.

If the minister wished to set aside advice from the committee and require disclosure he would make an order subject to negative resolution.

The Government had decided to establish a special advisory committee of three panels. They would consist of people with experience in industry as employers or managers, those with experience as workers' representatives and those who were barristers or solicitors. The chairman would be drawn from the panel of lawyers.

The Government, in making these changes, had not revised its view of the legitimate need for workers to obtain the information they needed to take part in decision making.

The changes would bring a breathing space to ensure satisfactory voluntary arrangements tailored to the circumstances of the company and the needs of the Government and workers. The minister would also have greater scope for discretion on disclosure. The Government had shown themselves responsive to reasoned argument by making the changes.

Not been met

MR STANLEY (Tonbridge and Malling, C), for the Opposition, moved an amendment to the Government amendment saying that it would limit the operation of the disclosure clauses to those companies who had voluntarily entered into planning agreements or indicated that they wished to do so.

Though he recognized the Government had made changes in the detail of the provisions, the substantial case the Opposition had advanced in committee on points of major principle had not been met. The difference between them and the Government was actually how the disclosure was brought about and specifically to whom the information was given.

There should be a statutory basis in which there were grounded in legislation certain basic rights to information for employees, for collective bargaining purposes for instance.

Other instances would cover information where a company proposed possibly to jeopardize the future of some manufacturing operations and information on the historical performance of a company. But they must ensure maximum voluntary disclosure without any Government interference or coercion.

The Government had introduced disclosure which began as voluntary and ended up as compulsory. Companies would be put through the most formidable bureaucratic obstacle course.

The disadvantages of the powers in terms of a deterrent to investment, and undermining business confidence and accentuating uncertainty were clear. But it was difficult to adduce clear, tangible gains and benefits.

If the objective of the disclosure clause was in the interests of worker participation or industrial democracy, then the Opposition failed to understand how that could be served by giving the right on a purely selective and discretionary basis.

MR RICHARD WAINWRIGHT (Colne Valley, L) spoke to a Liberal amendment which he said was identical to the Conservative amendment.

In our view (he said) the Government's search for information, which they have conceded is to be carried on in a voluntary atmosphere with statutory powers held in reserve, is not likely to be rewarding, and not worth all the effort required to get the information and to test it.

MR ASHTON (Bassetlaw, Lab) said the preceding speeches were typical of the Conservative and Liberal philosophy that workers were merely parts of the assets and chattels to be disposed of when convenient.

Many of his constituents worked for Marshall-Fowler Ltd, of Gainsborough, where 880 employees were told in a works notice recently that the factory was closing down. The firm, which made tractors and road rollers, said it had sustained heavy losses and the directors of Thomas Ward had decided to phase out production *from July 25*.

Are we (he continued) to treat workers like cattle in the field, thrown out at the whim of management? Obviously in a situation like this people are angered and will stand no more for the Weinstocks and the takeover bids.

While closures like this continued they would add more and more strength and power to the elbows of trade unions who were not going to see it happen and to those Labour MPs determined to stop it happening. Overtime bans would continue with restrictive practices and refusal to implement productivity schemes while workers felt there was little work about and it must be stretched out.

MR KIMBALL (Gainsborough, C) said the factory was in his constituency. He was in close touch with the management of the company and with Government departments. But to raise the matter in the House did not help the situation.

MR GRIFFITHS (Bury Edmunds, C) said he had discus the issue of disclosure with boards of a number of British c panies who were appalled by prospect of having to use sca secretarial skills and managem time to meet the requirements the Bill. Some would find it alm impossible to deal with the tape and form filling. It would up the works of a lot of m sized firms.

When an American firm ca take the marginal decision wh to put their investment in a tish, German or French firm, were influenced by a wide ra circumstances, including amount of red tape that Gc ment imposed on them.

Britain was coming close t top of the league of Euro *entangling managements in* work that was not necessar the conduct of their busine number of American firms known to him had been de by the disclosure provisions Bill from investing in Britai providing new jobs.

Disclosure was a two-way A lot of people in business worried by the discrepanc tween the quality of the i ation industry would be as give the Government and the information the Government be giving to industry in retur

MR BRAY (Motherwell Wishaw, Lab) said the gener pression not only in the L Party, but among trade uni MPs and Cabinet ministers *that this Bill would enable* unionists to get information wanted about the firms in they were working.

There is virtually no shi that left in the Bill (he said result of the Government's a ment. When we bear in min *we are only going to g* requirements for disclosure duced on 12 to 20 companies first year, this will only a tiny proportion of the worl industry.

The greatest single requi on the Government would define just what a planning ment was and just how it best be served by the infor which would be sought and not only with the Governme the unions, as freely as poss

SIR RAYMOND GOWER C) said it would not be exchange of information il panies had to give details correct information of thei pects and plans and the G ment were allowed to ge with half-baked estimates o they might do.

MR ROOKER (Birmi Perry Barr, Lab) said infor obtained could be used wit Department of Industry to pull into the twentieth some parts of industry wh not make use of techniqu technologies for which the cost was small.

The Department of I should not be confined to policy of doling out cas exhortation to industry. formation sought was m another load of form filli did not think industry wo away from this. Most firms see the benefit of it.

MR KAUFMAN said he companies, looking at wh undoubtedly a cumbersome dure, would provide the ation voluntarily. They ha told again and again by s the idealists on the Opposit that industry was altruis wished to cooperate wi Government and with That was satisfactory a formed completely with th hope of the Government.

Mr Ashton had brought the House a vivid exampl brutal effect on worker sudden closure. The Bill w have provided the workers information they wanted timescale necessary. B Employment Protection Bil have provided this informat

It had been made clear tedly that the Government voluntary arrangements a the information disclosure were reserve powers. It ha been their intention simply this information.

It had always been the ment's wish that the atmos industry should be such information would be voluntarily. What was pro the Bill was a back-up pow

The Opposition amendm rejected by 214 votes t Government majority, 45.

The Government amendm agreed to.

Local authorities not told to limit house building programmes

MR MICHAEL LATHAM (Melton, C) asked the Secretary of State for the Environment for a specific percentage figure for the anticipated decline in output on new construction in 1975 compared with 1974.

MR FREESON, Minister for Housing and Construction (Brent, East, Lab)—I expect there to be a decline in new work in 1975 compared with 1974, followed by some recovery in 1976.

MR LATHAM—A further catastrophic decline is taking place in construction this year. Will Mr Freeson direct his attention to stimulating rehabilitation work, which soaks up unemployment, rather than waste scarce resources on municipalization?

MR FREESON—The question is illogical. The only way to expand rehabilitation work by local authorities is in relation to the social ownership of old properties. In the private sector the improvement grant system, introduced by Labour in 1969, is still operating and was extended in the 1974 Act.

MR ALLAUN (Salford, East, Lab)—Why did council house starts in the quarter ending in May decline by 15 per cent compared with the previous quarter?

Have the Government held total housing expenditure at its present level for the next four years, despite the planned increase in the total GNP?

MR FREESON—He should beware of taking one quarter's figures and judging the results on a whole year. We are now running at a much higher rate of public sector and private sector housing starts than in 1974, and I expect that to increase in the public sector by about 6 per cent and overall by about 9 per cent during the coming year.

It is true that we are maintaining expenditure at the massively increased level we achieved in the last financial year, but there is no ceiling, contrary to what has been said in the press in the past few days. A ceiling has not been imposed on new council house building, and it has not been, as suggested, reduced by 50 per cent next year.

Increased railway fares probable in September

MR MICHAEL ROBERTS (Cardiff, North-West, C) asked the Secretary of State for the Environment what proportion of the subsidies provided under the Railways Act 1974 would be devoted to wages and to investment.

MR CROSLAND—Grant under Section 3 of the Act is paid in respect of the total net losses on revenue account of the passenger system and is thus not specifically related or devoted either to investment or to wages.

MR ROBERTS—Can he assure the House that wage increases will be met by increased fares and improved efficiency, and not at the expense of investment?

MR CROSLAND—Wage increases this year will have to be met first of all by increased fares that we shall probably have in September; secondly, by increasing efficiency whether it is in terms of manpower or services.

Thirdly, it is the Government's intention, as I said on Monday, to set a ceiling for railway expenditure as a whole which British Rail will then be asked not to exceed.

We shall set a ceiling next year in terms of the passenger grant and subsequently for the whole of railway expenditure.

MR RAISON, chief Opposition spokesman on the environment (Aylesbury, C)—While we accept his statement on Monday was more or less on the right lines. Mr Crosland has been appallingly complacent about this problem, to which we drew attention in a debate in April. How does he expect to keep manpower costs down to a reasonable level, and what does he expect to do about the enormous freight deficit?

MR CROSLAND—I made clear to the board that a deficit on freight was not envisaged in the 1974 Act, and the Government were not prepared to subsidize a continuing deficit.

MR HUCKFIELD (Nuneaton, Lab)—The reply Mr Crosland gave on Monday obviously has far reaching repercussions. Future statements of railways policy ought only to be made within the framework of a transport policy for all kinds of transport.

MR CROSLAND—Yes, I agree. I propose, whether by way of White Paper or in some other way, to make a comprehensive statement on transport policy as a whole.

Investment designed to assist new development

MR ARTHUR JONES (Daventry, C) asked what effect the Secretary of State for Environment estimated there would be on the housing programme from the reduction of expenditure on supporting services involving the provision of roads, water and sewerage facilities due to public expenditure cuts.

MR CROSLAND (Grimsby, Lab)—The latest housebuilding figures do not suggest that the provision of supporting services is causing major difficulties.

The Government attach high priority to new housebuilding, both public and private, and we look to the authorities responsible for supporting services to give high priority to investment designed to support new housing development.

MR JONES—Schemes providing infrastructure services are being curtailed. This is particularly so for new and expanding towns.

MR CROSLAND—New and expanding towns represent the most difficult aspect of the problem. It is not the fact that general lack of supporting services is holding up the housebuilding programme.

He had made it clear to the water authorities that their first priority must be development to help new housing; second, industrial development; and third, to continue improving the quality of the rivers.

MR RAISON (Aylesbury, C)—For ministers to go on saying there is no ceiling to public sector housing is becoming increasingly fraudulent. Local authorities are going to be less and less able to provide public sector housing.

What does the minister expect to happen in the public sector over the next two years?

MR CROSLAND—Like all my predecessors of both parties I do not set advanced housing targets for two years ahead. Private and public housebuilding are both running at a significantly higher level this year than last. We expect the total outcome for 1975 to be much higher than for the previous year.

Reasons set out for payment of interest on unpaid tax

The Finance Bill was further considered in standing committee.

On Clause 42 (Payment of tax pending appeal),

MR RIDLEY (Cirencester and Tewkesbury, C) moved an amendment, considered with a number of others, to provide that a notice of appeal should state the amount of tax which the appellant admitted was not in dispute and the amount of tax so stated should be due and payable as if it were tax charged by an assessment in respect of which no appeal was pending.

He said his group of amendments related to the early payment of tax and the charging of interest upon unpaid tax. The Government solution was far from fair. Interest was to run from the thirtieth day after a notice of assessment in the case of a taxpayer not paying his tax, whereas if tax had been overpaid the Revenue only had to pay after one year was up.

It was wrong that a man who genuinely appealed should be forced to pay interest which he could not deduct from tax during the whole course of the appeal. His chances of getting it back under the procedures enshrined in the Bill were remote. The taxpayer's position was so prejudiced that he would find it remarkably expensive and difficult to appeal.

It was a case of the Revenue having their cake and eating it, of heads they won and tails the taxpayer lost. This group of amendments sought to remedy these defects.

MR JOEL BARNETT, Chief Secretary to the Treasury (Heywood and Royton, Lab), said some taxpayers had been playing havoc with what Parliament always intended should be the situation as to when a taxpayer should pay tax. Under existing law if accounts were submitted in time for Schedule D there was no problem.

The system broke down when returns were not submitted, especially when a taxpayer was deliberately dilatory or obstructive or, as sometimes happened, took the *case through to the House of Lords* deliberately to delay having to pay the tax.

The Commissioners had power to award penalties for failure to make returns but usually were unwilling to do so except in the worst categories. Instead, the inspector made an assessment, where no returns had been submitted, on his best judgment.

In the vast majority of cases that estimated assessment was appealed by the taxpayer. Then, if accounts were not submitted, the assessment went before the Commissioners and often it was adjourned once, twice or three times before accounts were eventually agreed between the accountants and the inspector of taxes.

There were about two million assessments for income tax and corporation tax on business and other capital profits, of which 1,250,000 or 60 per cent were appealed against, involving some £2,000m of tax. A quarter of the total was still outstanding some six months after the normal due date of payment.

In practice, adequate payment on account was only made in some quarter of the cases where the tax assessed exceeded £1,000 a year. In nearly half the cases no payment was made until liability could be agreed. This could often be three to four years after the tax was due.

The position was even worse in smaller tax liabilities where adequate payment was only made in about one-sixth of the cases and no payment at all in nearly three-quarters. Parliament's intention had been largely frustrated. A determined man could opt out of the system for months and sometimes years at the expense of taxpayers who had to pay their tax on time.

The clause Mr Ridley sought to amend remedied these deficiencies and at the same time safeguarded the interests of those who genuinely had reason to believe that the assessment was too high.

MR NOTT, Opposition spokesman on Treasury affairs (St Ives, C), said that none of them would seek to continue with a situation which enabled deliberate withholding of taxes for many months and perhaps years by an abuse of the appeal procedure. He was broadly sympathetic to some of the objectives which lay behind the Inland Revenue's proposals. But he was concerned that as it had turned out the scales were weighed against the taxpayer in favour of the Revenue.

MR BARNETT said if the taxpayer had genuine reason to believe that the assessment was wrong for whatever reason he was perfectly at liberty to go to the Commissioners, explain why he believed the assessment to be wholly or in part inaccurate and then it would be delayed. There would be no question of tax or interest in the six months waiting period.

The delay which was still legitimately available under the clauses they were introducing could be anything from nine months to 21 months before the tax was due and payable, so there was still considerable time for the taxpayers to submit his accounts. The scales were not unfairly weighted against the taxpayer.

The amendment was withdrawn.

MR REES (Dover and Deal, C) moved an amendment to provide that a person appealing against a tax assessment could, within 60 days of the notice of appeal—and not, as the Bill provided, at the same time as the notice of appeal—apply to the Commissioners for a determination of the amount of tax the payment of which should be postponed pending the appeal.

He said that as the Bill stood, at the same time an appellant gave notice of appeal he was also obliged to state the amount by which he believed he had been overcharged and the grounds for his belief. The amendment would extend to 60 days the time the taxpayer had to consider the question.

MR BARNETT said he accepted it could be unfair for the taxpayer at the same time he was making his appeal also to say what tax he thought was reasonable. He hoped to be able to report stage to put down an amendment to allow some time, perhaps 30 days, for the taxpayer to decide how much tax he should ask to be postponed.

The clause would come into effect after Royal Assent but it would not apply to assessments already launched on the appeal procedure.

The amendment was withdrawn.

Democracy in industry

MR GEORGE RODGERS (Chorley, Lab) was given leave to bring in a Bill to make provision for changing companies into self governing enterprises.

He said he had never felt satisfied that the process of nationalization was the only or even the best way of introducing democratic control of industry. Too often working for a nationalized industry was much like working for a large private company.

Genuine common ownership meant worker control based on ownership. Industrial common ownership was necessary. It was inevitable. It was already flourishing, albeit on a small scale, and to *obstruct its progress would be* folly as formidable industrial problems lay ahead.

Worker control was not a vague idealistic notion. It was practical. It was already happening.

It would allow common ownership companies to qualify for the same concessions that applied to cooperatives registered under the Industrial and Provident Societies Act 1975. The measure would serve to advance the cause of democracy in industry.

The Bill was read a first time.

Removing obscene tattoos

Prison medical officers will at present remove from prisoners only those tattoos which are obscene or embarrassing and on normally exposed parts of the body,

DR SHIRLEY SUMMERSKILL, Under Secretary, Home Office, said in a written reply.

She added: From time to time, medical officers who can fit the work in with other duties and are prepared to operate will treat prisoners with easily removed tattoos

She said in other written replies that 68 male prisoners were awaiting tattoo removal. The tattoo must be operable. A prisoner's request must be considered to be genuine and earnest. The tattoo *must be disfiguring, obscene or* embarrassing and, if not removed, likely to affect the prisoner's resettlement on release.

No £1 coin

MR DENZIL DAVIES, Minister of State, Treasury, said in a written reply: The balance between notes and coin is reviewed from time to time, but there is no present intention of replacing the £1 note with a £1 coin.

Five vessels ordered

MR WILLIAM RODGERS, Minister of State, said in a written reply: An order for five offshore patrol vessels has now been placed with Messrs Hall Russell of Aberdeen. The unit cost of each of these ships is about £2.75m.

Tax relief on mortgages

MR FREESON, Minister for Housing and Construction, said during question time: There is no truth whatever in the rumour or the reports that we intend to abolish mortgage tax relief. There is truth in the suggestion that we are looking at the way in which it operates.

Labour MPs describe changes in Bill as capitulation to CBI

MR VARLEY, Secretary of State for Industry (Chesterfield, Lab), moved an amendment, which, he said, was technical in part but represented changes to Clause 20 (Persons to whom duty to disclose information applies) to make the provisions more flexible and more worthwhile, and effective.

The minister would act only in relation to an undertaking which made a significant contribution to manufacturing when he considered that information should be provided to the minister and to representatives of the relevant trade union.

It had always been the Government intention to encourage development of the voluntary means of obtaining information, but making clear that if they failed, statutory powers would be applied.

They would write into the Bill that an order should be made that statutory disclosure should not be required unless the minister believed that voluntary means would not succeed. Arrangements on a voluntary basis were more satisfactory than use of a statute.

Where he was not satisfied that voluntary disclosure could be brought about, he would not hesitate to use the compulsory powers in the Bill.

MR STANLEY (Tonbridge and Malling, C) said that the Government were taking a narrow view of industrial democracy because the rights to information belonged not to employees generally, nor even to trade union members generally but to representatives of relevant trade unions.

That was unsatisfactory and unacceptable and the Opposition had therefore tabled amendments to be discussed with the Government amendments with two basic objectives to make certain that the legal right to information in the Bill belonged to all employees, whether trade union members or not, and for technical reasons giving to shareholders a legal right to all information disclosed.

Without the Opposition's proposals it would be well nigh certain that those who received information, particularly if they were only trade union representatives, would find themselves involuntarily in a prospective "insider" trading position.

There was a clear case for information to be given to all employees. There were 12 million men and women who did not belong to independent trade unions.

MR MIKARDO (Tower Hamlets, Bethnal Green and Bow, Lab) said industrial democracy was a situation where every single decision was negotiable and the subject of collective bargaining.

The group of Government amendments reflected a move away from the mandatory to the voluntary which had gone much too far. He suspected the motivation of those who had pressed the Government to make their move.

He feared, looking at the order paper on the report stage, that there was a great danger of the Bill becoming a charade.

What was proposed in the Bill was a part of the Government's half of the social contract. If they were going to make demands—and the Chancellor indicated yesterday that he was going to make some tough demands—of the other party to the social contract, the Government were not going to have the authority to do that if they reneged on their own part.

MR FAIRBAIRN (Kinross and West Perthshire, C) said the purpose of this provision was not power for the ordinary working man. It was power for certain people who were a party to a contract they had no intention of keeping *and who the Government* now agreed they could not trust unless they had a statutory gun at their head. It was a piece of mechanized power blustering.

MR HEFFER (Liverpool, Walton, Lab) said that some of the amendments had arisen out of the discussions between the CBI and the Government. This was a retreat from the position that existed in the Bill before the discussions.

The Government accepted the principle that disclosure of information should be on the basis of mandatory information trade unions. Now the retreated from that becaus pressure from the CBI City.

The more information got in industry the better they were not only to ta wages but in terms of th tions of their employment. came down to it, the en had no intention of giv information required by t union movement.

MRS AUDREY WISE (C South-West, Lab) said that had said that while man were disclosing informatio were made compulsory en would be so upset they wou voluntary disclosure. known the attitude of the amendment could only cribed as capitulation.

She would have thought Government would have be concerned about the genu quiet on Labour benches in the end the Governme dependent on their votes an of the workers. They did never receive the sup the CBI.

MR RICHARD WAINW (Colne Valley, L) said Lab gone whoring after the CBI delusion that it had any re to represent industry.

The first two Gove amendments were agreed t

The Opposition amendme rejected by 203 votes to Government majority, 17.

Parliamentary noti

House of Lords

Today at 3.00: British Leyla and Housing Finance (Speci visions) Bill, third reading. Security Pensions Bill, co stage. Motions on Inter Whaling Commission (Immuniti Privileges) Order and Inter Organizations (Immunities and legal) Miscellaneous Provisions Motion to designate certain L members of the European Par

House of Commons

Today at 2.30: Industry Bill, ing stages.

Farm output expected to increase by 2.5 per cent annually

House of Lords

LORD WALSTON (Lab), opening a debate on the White Paper *Food from our own resources* and on the twenty-fifth report of the select committee of the European Communities on the EEC stocktaking of the Common Agricultural Policy, said the country's food supplies were in jeopardy. He did not want to be alarmist, but the situation which everyone was used to had radically changed. Thought must be given to a radical change in organization if the country were to ensure an adequate supply of food. People had been accustomed to getting food at low prices from many parts of the world.

What was needed in agriculture was the atmosphere of 1940. The Government must inject into the *industry the feeling* that the job was vital and that the resources would be made available.

EARL FERRERS (C), for the Opposition, said the White Paper recognized that the key to expansion was the better use of grassland, a view which made sense and was to be endorsed.

If there was to be expansion there must be the incentive to expand. Incentive came from confidence and confidence from stability.

LORD MACKIE of BENSHIE (L) said that the green pound was a scandalous device for the farming industry. The Government must assure farmers that there would be a realistic value put against the EEC unit of account so that prices came more into line with those on the continent. Consistency was necessary. The situation was ridiculous at present.

A farmer could get a subsidy for going out of milk and into beef and at the same time get help to go into dairying in the form of grants for buildings. Farmers needed to know exactly what the Government intended.

If they wanted expansion the Government must pay for it and they must give farmers confidence. If the confidence was there the farming community would have the will and skill to achieve the target.

LORD HUGHES, Minister of State, Scottish Office, said that the Government would continue to seek changes in the mechanism by which the EEC pursued its policies.

It was the Government's duty to determine the best future pattern of United Kingdom agriculture policy judged on the best use of the country's resources. That was best illustrated by milk production, which could be increased by the better use of grassland.

There was a case for the United Kingdom having a bigger share of the total Community milk market. Currently it had a smaller share of that market, and more particularly of the butter market, than a year ago. Under the impetus of the transitional steps it would increase the producers' return and through the improved use of grassland the Government hoped to reverse that trend.

The proposals in the White Paper had been generally welcomed. Despite the difficulties caused by a declining labour force and a decreased use of productive loans, the industry had continued to improve productivity and maintained output.

The Government's conclusions, following the period of intensive consultation with all the organizations, were that the industry should be capable of a continuing expansion of 2.5 per cent a year, which on the basis of the White Paper projection would produce by 1980 an annual net import saving of around £500m.

LORD SAINSBURY (Lab) said he welcomed the greater use of consumer subsidies for the disposal of surplus food rather than selling it at ridiculously low prices to the Soviet Union and elsewhere.

LORD CRAWSHAW (C) said the only certain thing in the present uncertainty was the current wave of cynical resentment throughout the farming world which was hardly the atmosphere with which to fashion a spirit of confidence and trust between Government and farmer, so needed if the intentions of the White Paper were not to be stillborn.

The BISHOP of WINCHESTER said that the conclusion drawn by the White Paper betrayed a narrow western insularity. The world perspective demanded an agriculture policy in which productivity was paramount, but the White Paper presented one in which profitability was paramount. Food was regarded in the same way as any other industrial product, something to be sold. It was farming money, rather than farming food.

VISCOUNT THURSO (L) said that the White Paper was vague and sweeping. The Government would have to work hard to gain the confidence of the farming industry, especially as they did not have a practical farmer in any position of day-to-day executive responsibility any more.

LORD VERNON said a higher proportion of the country's protein should be obtained from cereals rather than from animals, which were such inefficient and wasteful converters. The population of Britain should be greatly reduced to a more realistic level of between 30 and 40 millions, which could be fed from the country's own resources.

LORD WALLACE of COSLANY (Lab) said he wanted to know why a small limp lettuce was so expensive. The supermarket complex of wrapping goods in fancy packaging was affecting prices. Domestic growing of vegetables and fruit should receive encouragement from a national campaign.

LORD STRABOLGI, Captain, Yeoman of the Guard, said Britain *spent £4,000m in 1974 on food* and drink imports. Britain was a trading nation with limited resources and imported roughly half of its food. The world food situation had changed and Britain could no longer rely on cheap supplies.

There was nothing inconsistent in the expansion of Britain's milk production against a background of EEC surplus. It was clearly sensible to make the most of resources available.

House adjourned, 9.21 pm.

هكذا من الأصل

هكذا من الأصل

To anyone earning over £7,000 a year.



You qualify as a man who might drive a quite exceptional car.

The Peugeot 504 Superluxe. Even by Peugeot standards it's something special.

Standard equipment includes these luxury features: leather upholstery, fully reclining front seats, built-in adjustable head restraints, carpets, clock, cigar lighter

In addition there's a rev. counter, heated rear window, two speed wipers, wash and wipe sequence, through flow ventilation, steel sliding sunroof, reversing lights, metallic paint finish.

For the technically minded, there's Kugelfischer fuel injection, ZF automatic transmission, adjustable quartz-iodine headlights, rack and pinion steering, electrophoretic all-over rust protection.

Safety features include servo-assisted disc brakes all round, safety construction (impact absorbing bonnet and boot, reinforced passenger compartment), anti-burst door locks and childproof rear locks.

There's also a laminated windscreen, inertia reel front seat belts, rear seat belt anchorage points, padded steering wheel, collapsible steering column.

The Peugeot 504 Superluxe costs £3484.
We make it for people who've made it.

Price correct at time of going to press

I'd like to know more about the Peugeot 504 Superluxe. Please also send brochures on: 104 saloon, 204 saloon and estate, 304 saloon and estate, 504 saloon and diesel saloon, 504 estate (delete those you don't require).

Name _____

Address _____

T/10/3

Send to: Tony Lockwood, Peugeot Automobiles (UK) Ltd., Peugeot House, Western Avenue, London W3 ORS. Tel: 01-993 2331.

PEUGEOT

The better built, more reliable car.

Lord Longford reviews the extraordinary record of 'a happy man'

The rare qualities that made Lord Thomson begin to build an empire at 60

After I was Sixty by *Lord Thomson of Fleet* (*Hamish Hamilton*, £3.95).

Lord Thomson may or may not have accumulated a larger fortune by *his own exertions* than anyone now alive in Britain. Since coming to Scotland from Canada 21 years ago at the age of 60 his performance in moneymaking must be unique. And not in that area alone. The book jacket informs us, with slight exaggeration, that when he came to Scotland "no one had ever heard of Roy Thomson". Today he owns more newspapers than anyone else in the world. His absorbing book contains pictures of him with Khrushchev, Kosygin, Tito and Chou En-lai, always on terms of seeming parity. Not to mention various British Prime Ministers. On any reckoning it is an extraordinary record well worth analysis. Its architect examines it and his own personality along with it, illuminatingly in each case.

Happiness, perseverance, enterprise, and shrewdness are the qualities that stand out. All four preternaturally developed. "I happen", he concludes by saying, "to have been a happy man." Anyone who has seen *him in a social gathering of any* kind will have observed the more than Rotarian benevolence *flowing out to all and sundry* and may well have traced its source to his own enjoyment of *life. Not that he is altogether* lacking in discontent, divine or otherwise. He repeatedly makes it plain that as long as he is alive he will be seeking new worlds to conquer. Yet if he had not lost his beloved wife, failed to get into Parliament and suffered the defection of a valued young colleague it seems *unlikely that he would ever* have come to Britain.

The three decisive events were the acquisitions of *The Scotsman*, Scottish Television (when no one else would touch it) and the Kemsley group of newspapers including *The Sunday Times*. *The Times* fell into *his lap almost, it seems, in*evitably, though not without careful wooing.

If anyone doubts that strong perseverance was necessary at the critical moments he should turn to page 42, where Lord Thomson describes his attempts to obtain the support of leading Scotsmen for his television application. "Starting at the top, I began to write to all the *dukes and lords and heads of* clans; I presented my proposition to law-lords and heads of *Scottish businesses; I turned to* the noble chairmen of insurance companies and banks; I came *down the scale to provosts and* well-to-do shopkeepers; and I eventually even [sic] approached the Scottish Co-operative Society and the Labour Party."

He was overwhelmed with refusals for various reasons. "No one expressed a reluctance to go into partnership with Roy Thomson the barber's son from Timmins. Though no doubt that was also a reason for rejection." He permits himself the mild satisfaction of writing: "It is ironic now to look at those refusals, to think of the money those men, some of them shrewd in business and in affairs, could have made." But, as he says elsewhere, he was never one to be much affected by snubs, which was just as well during his Scottish period. "As the refusals continued so *did my letters continue to go* out." As we all know, he won through.



Press barons together: Lord Thomson shares a smile with his old friend the late Lord Beaverbrook.

And the shrewdness? Today we take his phenomenal enterprise for granted. But the one major defeat recorded here brings out a surprisingly cautious element in his make-up. *Of his failure to obtain control* of Odhams when it seemed certain to come his way he has this to tell us: "Having no desire to enter into a battle for the Odhams shares at such a price I decided to take myself off the stage. I have never, in all these years of acquiring businesses, entered into a take-*over battle with another bid*der." Now which of us would have guessed that?

Apart from his domestic tragedy the most painful event in recent years was some of the personal criticism aimed at him while he was acquiring *The Belfast Telegraph*. *The innuendoes* were unpleasant and unjustified. He has never visited the city since. He might seem to have shown undue sensitivity. But he clearly attaches an almost sacred value not only to business success but to the code of conduct permissible in pursuing it. He must have a clear conscience or cease to operate.

In a chapter of exceptional interest he asks himself: "What was it that gave me this self-confidence? This determination and adventurous spirit in business . . . at 67?" He concludes that experience was a very important element in the management side of business and it was, of course, the one thing that "I had plenty of. The more one is exposed to the necessity of making decisions the better one's decision-making becomes". He is convinced that "through the years in my brain as in a computer I had stored details of the problems themselves, the decisions reached and the results obtained. Everything was neatly filed away there for future use".

No doubt the new problems were never quite the same as the old, but the analogies were near enough. He realizes that this makes it sound almost too easy, but he adds the hard saying: "If I had any advice to pass on as a successful man it is this: If one wants to be successful one must think; one must think *until it hurts.*" If one received that advice from an octogenarian in charge of a whelk stall, or even a professor of business theory, one might discount it: Coming from Lord Thomson who *has practised* so powerfully what he preaches, it makes one think "till it hurts".

How much power he exerts or even tries to exert must remain doubtful in view of the extreme freedom accorded to those in charge of his multitudinous papers. He has repeatedly disclaimed any desire to put across his own ideas and has disarmed anxieties by doing so. Yet one cannot quite believe that his strong personal opinions are in no way reflected in the editorial appointments. His standards of business efficiency, if widely reproduced, would relieve us of many of our present afflictions. "Not all done with rose water", wrote Sir Winston Churchill about Prime Minister Asquith, so sublime and dignified yet never missing a trick in a political contest. *Mutatis mutandis*, the same might be said, not unkindly, of Lord Thomson. But if so it would be fair to add the comment, "Not with ditch-water either." The final impression is of a friendly man.

Ronald Butt

Labour difficulties and Tory solutions

When is a statutory incomes policy not a statutory *incomes* policy? When Mr Wilson and Mr Healey say so. The Government may wriggle to establish that a policy is not statutory when it does not impose sanctions on the employees who break it, but only on the employers who are pressed to break it. But the fact remains that the currency of British parliamentary politics has again been debased — and this time more dangerously than ever.

Mr Wilson sought and obtained his return to Downing Street not merely by promising that he would never introduce a statutory incomes policy, but by actively conniving at the undermining of the statutory policy which wrecked Mr Heath's government. Since Mr Wilson regained office (power would be too complimentary a term) he has sworn over and over again that he would not bring in such a policy—and he was still swearing it until lately, even if he was also subtly introducing the let-out that he would not do it short of war or "something like that".

Presumably "something like *that*" *has now* arrived in view of Mr Healey's threat that the Government will impose a policy of wage control by law if a new voluntary system along the lines he *has laid down is not* accepted within a week. The few Labour advocates of a statutory policy may smile in a superior sort of way at the triumph of reality over rhetoric which they had expected from the leader they so little admire. But they have really nothing to smile about. They should rather be plunged in gloom as they contemplate the damage being done to public confidence in the promises of politicians.

There was a time when a prime minister would have resigned rather than default on specific undertakings of this sort. Mr Wilson, I suppose, will not do so, since notions of political honour are at a discount these days and there are some politicians who seem no longer even to mind if they are not believed.

Yet I think that in some way that is beyond immediate prediction, the Labour Party will suffer for what is being done. The danger is not simply of Cabinet splits and union resistance. There is also the possibility that the Labour Chief Whip will again have to go to the Cabinet to say that the party in Parliament will not accept what is being proposed, as happened when the parliamentary party revolted against the proposed industrial relations legislation of *Mr Wilson's last government.*

In that case, the ball will be in Mrs Thatcher's court. Quite rightly the Conservatives have reserved their position until they know the nature of the package offered to Parliament at the end of this week in limbo. It is therefore important to be clear about the nature of the economic policies now offered by the Conservative Opposition, which is the alternative government. How do they differ from those of the present Government (so far as these are knowable); do the Conservatives have a clear vision about what should be done or is this clouded by divisions of opinion among themselves?

Until recently, the Conservatives could be charged with still lacking the internal unity necessary for resolute action. There was little attempt to disguise the gap between Sir Keith Joseph's brand of pure monetarism and the position of those who adhered, with more or less conviction, to the idea of retaining also the vestiges of the statutory policy concept in reserve.

However, the facts of the national crisis have developed a genuine consensus in the Shadow Cabinet reducing the differences to little more than a matter of emphasis. Of course, there is plainly a still substantial gap between this Shadow Cabinet consensus the dissident group of Heat Conservatives led by Mr Pe Walker, who stick to th justification of the old po that undid their last gov ment, and who still claim see in some kind of statu policy, or policy enfo under threat of statute, an road to deflation without risk of unemployment. But are now outside the stream of Conservative th ing on the subject.

What matters is that senior members of the Sh Cabinet who (partly in ju cation of the policies for y they once had to answe ministers) were until rec still laying some stress on ing some room for an inc policy structure of the model, have now shifted ground. For practical poses there is now litt tween them and Sir Keit Sir Geoffrey Howe p recently: "We are all tarists now."

What then does the orthodox Conservative me ism amount to? On the in side, it means making a mination of what is all in terms of wage increas setting cash limits for th lic sector to make it imp for wage claims beyor given limit to be accepte out counter-balancing achieved by cutting the bers employed. If this done, they believe that t of a formal statutory p really irrelevant.

The Conservatives w necessarily vote again Government's package because it contains a st element. Nor will they faulting on their words Wilson has done by sayi they would never ever be to such a policy. They re from experience the tation that might exist i and under pressure fr officials, to have recour short freeze or percenta on increases to secure porary anaesthesia. Bu are now pretty confide they could resist the ten though they are not b bind themselves agai foreseeing contingencie

But as the Shadow sees it, what matter couple cash limit restri wages in the public s which Mr Healey may with wider restraints o spending which they be will not do. As well as back the money sup Conservatives would this by cuts in go spending programmes move towards a budget. They would the Government's nationalization progran out the specific subsi for the defunct social and reduce all subsid indiscriminate kind, wi food, housing, tran industry. They would ward as many as po the cuts which Mr He poses for 1976/77 wh Conservatives suspect ernment will never i if it is embarrassed by unemployment and a that the reduced mon shows superficial signs ing inflation under sor of temporary alleviati

The Conservatives a be much more sp establishing machiner tighter long-term c local government sp as to set clear cash lir huge growth of loc ment budgets, and t also propose a m fundamental cash c public sector budgets

As Mr David How recently, the Cor believe that the bes cutting into the p which public pay a expenditure feed u other, is by dealing terms of public e control and the bud than in terms of norms. If, at the e week Mr Healey embroidery of wages they would not neces against him on tha But they certainly wi for him if "wages ar are simply a means c the Labour Party from the fundament of runaway public e

Bernard Levin

Will British psychiatrists take action against the torturers of the Soviet Union?

Daily and hourly my physical body and my personality are being killed. The dog outside the fence gets better food, with more calories, than I do. It is not fed rotten cabbage and stinking fish. My head is shaved, I am always hungry, and I freeze on the cement floor of the punishment cells. At any moment I may be stripped naked. I am a slave. Any sadist has the authority and right to force me to do any humiliating labour.

Those words were written by Dr Semyon Gluzman, the young Soviet psychiatrist sentenced to seven years' imprisonment in a concentration-*camp for disseminating an exposure* of the fraudulent psychiatric diagnosis used to incarcerate the dissident General Grigorenko; Dr Gluzman's message was smuggled out of his camp a few months ago, and has since reached the West. It is another testimony to the increasing reversion on the part of the Soviet authorities to the use of torture and brutality on a Stalinist and Nazi pattern in their attempt to destroy the dissident move*ment altogether. And I publish it now* not because it tells us anything that we did not already know in general, but for a particular and practical purpose. In her valuable article on this page last week, Valerie Kaye gave an account of the background to the use of bogus psychiatric diagnosis and "treatment" used by the Soviet authorities against dissidents whom it *would be embarrassing simply to im*prison or murder. She ended by saying: "Now is the time for psychiatrists outside the Soviet Union to raise their voices in protest, if they *are truly to call themselves doctors.*"

Now the Royal College of Psychiatrists is due to meet next week, and various aspects of the Soviet abuse of their profession are to be raised. I understand that those British psychiatrists who are determined to get their colleagues to make a stand are proposing action at the meeting in October; next week, however, should make clear whether when it comes to the point British psychiatrists as a *body are going yet again to allow those* who peddle the don't-offend-the-Russians line to block or divert the pressure for action. The international symposium which met in Geneva in April defined the psychiatrist's duty to his patient in terms which left no doubt that it is being systematically betrayed in the Soviet Union; the participants also moved to set up an organization which would take up cases of such betrayal, and apply the sanction of boycott against countries, and individual doctors, who permit, institute or practise it. It is hoped that at their October meeting British psychiatrists will be obliged to decide, one way or the other, on participation in such a movement; it remains to be seen, next week, which way they are likely to decide. And if they refuse action, then, in Miss Kaye's words, they will indeed have shown that they have forfeited the right "truly to call themselves doctors".

For if they will now ask themselves whether they would have been willing to associate in fraternal harmony with those debased physicians who practised pseudo-medical abominations on the victims in Hitler's concentration camps, and if, as we may surely assume, the answer is that they would not, then they must ask themselves why, in that case, they are willing to shake the hands of such "doctors" as Snezhnevsky, Vartanian and the sadist Daniil Lunts. Members of the Royal College have got to face the truth, which is that any Soviet psy*chiatrist who misuses his professional* skill for the political purposes of the State has by doing so placed himself *outside the pale of professional accep*tability elsewhere. They have a duty to support those who suffer against *those who, from whatever motives,* prostitute their calling in the service of those who cause the suffering. We *all have such a duty: but the Royal* College of Psychiatrists has an extra duty, and a greater opportunity.

The extra duty is too obvious to need discussion: the extra opportunity is less so. There has never been any doubt, and Victor Fainberg has emphasized this in the testimony he brought with him when he got out, that by far the most effective form of pressure it is possible to bring to bear on the Soviet authorities is that which comes from professional and other international bodies with whom they wish to retain contacts. There was an immediate and substantial intensification of Soviet ill-treatment of dissidents incarcerated in psychiatric "hospitals" after the notorious Mexico City meeting of the World Psychiatric Association where its general secretary, Dr Denis Leigh, had helped to block any attempt to condemn the Soviet abuse of psychiatry. With the threat of professional condemnation, and the consequent possibility of exclusion of Soviet psychiatrists from international association, lifted, the Soviet authorities felt free to give the screw another turn, and this has been a constant pattern: when the tide of international protest, especially from specialist organizations, is flowing strongly, the oppressors retreat; when the tide recedes, they advance. (Even more significant, perhaps, was the fact that immediately *before* the Mexico fiasco, the torment of the incarcerated dissidents was eased, and stories were put about by the Soviet authorities to the effect that they would soon be released, so anxious were they to avoid international condemnation.)

> Any Soviet psychiatrist who misuses his professional skill for the political purposes of the State has placed himself beyond the pale of professional acceptability

The Royal College of Psychiatrists, and its president, Sir Martin Roth (who hands over to his successor next week), has *in the past been, in this* matter, far too weak and dilatory, but when Sir Martin did send a telegram, *along with four other distinguished* doctors, protesting against the abominable torment being visited upon the *seriously ill Vladimir Bukovsky (the* bravest of the brave, whose offence had been to help to alert the outside world to the abuse of psychiatry in the Soviet Union), Bukovsky was immediately allowed a period of special diet and respite from slave labour. (Sir Martin retires from the presidency of the Royal College during next week's meeting: relieved of the cares and pressures of office he will perhaps be more active in this field than hitherto. He is succeeded by Dr Linford Rees, a choice which on the face of it bodes ill, for Dr Rees has not only been closely associated with Dr Leigh, but actually made the appalling and inexplicable blunder of accepting, along with Dr Leigh, honorary membership of the Soviet Psychiatrists Association, and went along to the Soviet Embassy in London to be invested while his Soviet confreres were daily defiling their, and his, calling. But since he must now realize what an error of judgment he then made, it may be that he will now be anxious to use his new and influential position to help the Soviet victims.)

Now, however, matters have gone beyond the stage at which western psychiatrists can quieten their consciences by making gestures. British psychiatrists *as a body* have got to realize that, if they are to retain any collective honour, they must give up entirely an increasingly disgraceful association with a body that has shown itself to have nothing in common with its western counterparts but the name of psychiatrist. It is no use their passing resolutions condemning Soviet abuse of psychiatry even in the most forthright terms, if they are not prepared to act on their implications—if, that is, they are not prepared to break off all contact with Soviet psychiatrists until this wickedness is ended.

Some of them may think I go too far with words like "wickedness"; I must therefore end today by thrusting the reality behind the word into their faces. The distinguished mathematician Leonid Plyushch was sentenced to an indefinite term when he was diagnosed insane for signing an appeal to the UN for human rights in his country, and for being in possession of *samizdat* literature. He is held in a "hospital" in Dnepropoprovsk, where the commandant is a man called Pruss; the spurious diagnostic commission which recommended that *Plyushch be thus detained* was chaired by Snezhnevsky. Leonid Plyushch, who is perfectly sane, is *being, quite literally, tortured to* death. Day after day he is injected with large doses of depressant drugs *which are destroying him. His wife,* after being permitted a visit to him recently, wrote this, in an appeal to *the outside world:*

The Leonid Plyushch known to me, to his children, relatives and friends, this Leonid Plyushch no longer exists. What exists is an exhausted man, driven to the last brink of suffering, losing his mem*ory and his ability to read, write and* think, and terribly ill. And those who with their own hands are killing him, know about it, know they are committing a crime. They know it and they do it. I did everything to prove his normality, his mental healthiness. A foolish enterprise: after all, those who were punishing him by calling him mad know no less than I that he was mentally healthy. *But now I say: yes, he is ill. Terribly* ill, and he needs to be saved from worse than illness, from death. . . . Let me be given back my husband, ill as they have made him, and let us then be allowed to leave this country.

That is what Soviet psychiatry lends itself to, and the Royal College of Psychiatrists is to be invited to take a stand—and a potentially effective stand—against such evil. I do not see how it can now refuse to do so.

© Times Newspapers Ltd. 1975

North Sea oil

In his article yesterday on North Sea oil, John Maddox intended to say: fourteen nuclear power stations, a feasible three to five year building programme, would yield in their lifetime electricity equivalent to 10 per cent of the oil in the North Sea.

The Times Diary

Writing US history by the pound

I have no idea what to put it down to, but books are getting longer and longer. William Manchester's *The Glory and The Dream*, to be published here next week, is a history of the United States from 1932 to 1972. It has 1,397 pages and weighs 4½lb.

The precise figure for its weight comes from Manchester himself, who seems as interested in the mechanical statistics of his books as he is in their content. In the United States, about 75,000 copies of the work were sold, at $20. (*The British price is even* higher at £10.) "It was", said Manchester, "the most expensive book ever to have made the best-seller list".

An American paperback edition is *soon to be published*, almost the same size as the hardback, but weighing only 2lb. For Christmas, 1976, it will be published as four separate paperbacks in a gift box. And it is to be made into a television series, a kind of *Manchester's People*.

The book is long, he explained, because he employs a narrative style. "Telling it as a story, you need more room to tell it. You have to fill out the characters. Nobody criticizes *War and Peace* because it's a very long book."

He chose 1932 as a starting date because it was "a watershed year", with the election of Franklin Roosevelt as President and the very lowest point of the Depression. "I suppose you can rationalize any division you make", he said. "But the period did start and end with an *economic crisis. And the De*pression and Vietnam (the book finishes at the time of the end of the American involvement there) were both spiritual crises.

Manchester, who is 53, talks in much the same heroic style as he writes—the style which *might be expected from a man* who writes titles for sections of his book like "Rendezvous with Destiny" and "Reaping the Whirlwind". Discussing his belief that the nation states of Europe have more of a national identity than the United States, he told me: "National identity descends from ancestral loins."

Outsized projects run in his family. In 1812, he said, one of his ancestors walked across *Russia. It took Manchester* six years to write his gargantuan book and "when I finished I felt like the mother of quintuplets—happy but hollow".

What next? He will not say, but "it won't be as long as *The Glory and The Dream*—nothing else will". Nor will it be something he was asked to write—the memoirs of H. R. Haldeman, the Watergate conspirator. "I told them (a) I don't do that sort of thing and (b) if I did do it, he was the *second last person I'd do it* for."

Art news

The new American ambassador, *Elliott Richardson, does not* flaunt his appreciation of art in quite the way that his predecessor, Walter Annenberg, used to. Yesterday, though, he was obliged to take a tour of *a selection of paintings from* the Pennsylvania Academy, mounted in what is usually his *embassy's reference library*. He took care not to appear unappreciative.

Richardson looks even smoother and cleaner than the other Americans on the embassy staff. He judges his art with his cuffs well shot and *a firm jaw-line thrust toward* the canvas. He leaves most of the enthusing to his tall and *white-haired wife.*

She suggested that a landscape of bare trees entitled *February would remind him of* something (possibly February) and he studied it closely and agreed that it did. Mrs Richardson also liked a misty woodland scene by George Inness. "That really is a beauty", said Richardson, but he did not sound convinced.

Art Buchwald, the humorous columnist was also at the viewing. "Isn't that fine?" mumbled Richardson, indicating a portrait of Walt Whitman in which the artist's name in block capitals featured largely in the *top right-hand corner. "I* might like it if he could write his name better", joked Buchwald.

Out of time

The producers of historical series on BBC and ITV are *letting anachronisms slip* through. The television critic of *The Observer* noticed some *too modern use of language in* an episode of ITV's *Edward the Seventh* last week and one of my readers spotted two even more glaring: the King telling his advisers that "we shall have to play this by ear" and saying that grandchildren far from being a nuisance, were "fine".

Another reader heard a reference to Bognor Regis in the BBC's *The Poisoning of Charles Bravo*. The play was set in 1876 and Bognor did not become Regis until George V convalesced there between the wars. *You cannot get away* with that kind of thing amongst readers of *The Times*.

Number game

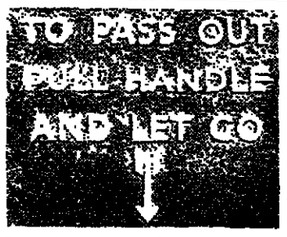
You enthusiasts huddled in your darkened living rooms with eyeballs glued to the *Centre Court probably do not* have the faintest idea where the game of tennis acquired its *curious terminology. Feel no* shame: no one else seems to know for certain.

Most authorities agree that the name of the game comes from the French *Tenez*, meaning: "Watch out, I *am about to* serve you a powerful volley where you least expect it."

What is really in dispute is the origin of the seemingly illogical scoring system. Why 15-love, 30-love, 40-love and deuce, when one-two-three-hings would have been much more readily understood? There is no shortage of theories.

The Oxford Companion To Sports and Games believes that early scoring was kept by moving the hands of a clock to the quarter-hour, half-hour, and three-quarters, but is unsatisfactory on why what should therefore be 45-love has become 40. "Love", it claims, is from the French *L'Oeuf*, meaning egg all over your racket.

The *Encyclopaedia Britannica* is of a broadly similar opinion. The scoring, it thinks, is from the days when 60 was preferred to 100 as a convenient round number. It glibly dismisses 40-love as a handy simplification of 45-love.



Today's sign, with its pleasing medical overtones, was photographed at Swallow Falls, Betws-y-Coed, by Dr C. Howard of Birkenhead.

As for "deuce", it is quite clearly from the French *à deux* or *deux encore*, meaning either two points needed to win, or the players are equal. But an altogether different theory of the scoring has been put about by a Dr R. Houwink in a recent book called *Sizing Up Science*.

He thinks it derives from the cannons employed on English ships involved in the Battle of Harfleur in 1415, in which victory over the French was achieved by the use of 15-pounders, 30-pounders and 40-pounders. The English sailors that very night are said to have celebrated their victory with a game using the same terminology.

Blow-out

Tuesday was a bad day for excess. I reported yesterday how I celebrated Free Enterprise Day at a luncheon with industrialists who ought to have been at their desks helping save the country. Then in the evening I drove to Selsdon Park near Croydon for a gruelling 10-course dinner to celebrate the 50th anniversary of the hotel, chiefly famous as the birthplace of Selsdon Man—the personification of the militant and short-lived Conservative philosophy born at a conference there in 1970.

We sat down at 8.15 and at 10.30, after the first five courses, we had a break for some ex help the digestion. until 12.45 that the began and they la past 1.30.

Seeing that the Ch the Exchequer had, before, made his b ing statement, the a of the occasion was that of a final fling Monckton, the chie said that it provide opportunity to "bra the sacrifices we are have to make".

The menu, which three meat courses, v cal to that served at first anniversary 1926. It is, howeve seeking year to hav Its other notable eve nobody at the din tioned—was the Gene

I learn of a substa tical breakthrough United States. A pa received a hand-wri from an American on paper with the heading: "Speed-let letter, a copy of w our files, is sent writing, so as to ge sage into your hanc the delay occasioned office routine."

هكذا من الأصل

هكذا من الأصل

TIMES PAST
THE TIMES
New Printing House Square, London, WC1X 8EZ. Telephone: 01-837 1234

WHO WILL GOVERN BRITAIN NOW?

It is easier to be tolerant of U turns, even repeated U turns, when they seem to be a move in the right direction. Mr Wilson, who has been twice Leader of the Opposition and twice Prime Minister, has now completed his two great U turns, and both for the second time. As Leader of the Opposition in 1964 he was against British membership of the EEC and against incomes policy. As Prime Minister between 1964 and 1970 he came to be in favour of both. Again in opposition after 1970 he opposed Europe, voting against British membership, and repudiated incomes policy; again as Prime Minister he has come round on both issues. Two double U turns is probably a record for a British Prime Minister.

Surely this is powerful evidence that it is not possible to govern Britain without the ability to resort to an effective incomes policy, or indeed without membership of the European Community. Mr Wilson cannot have wanted to move to a compulsory incomes policy, either in 1966 or now in 1975. That he has done so must be because he felt himself forced to do so. The alternative would have been massive further inflation, massive unemployment, or both, and certainly a complete loss of confidence in the pound.

In both cases Mr Wilson behaves in a more realistic way, and therefore more in the national interest, as Prime Minister than he did in opposition. The criticism, which we made at the time, is of his exploitation in opposition of the necessities of government. Yet, if only out of fairness to Mr Heath, it must be observed now that the Labour Government have found that they had no option but to start again down the road which led his Government to February 1974. Where is it going to lead them? And when?

It will be some time before the national reaction to Mr Healey's policy can be judged accurately, if only because it is a developing reaction and not one which will fully emerge immediately. Yet it is already clear that there is a large measure of general public support—for the public are sick of uncontrolled inflation—but determined opposition in some trade unions, perhaps more serious trade union opposition than at the same stage of previous phases of incomes policy.

Mr Scanlon, Mr Scargill and Mr Clive Jenkins have already made it clear that they do not intend to accept Mr Healey's 10 per cent limit, or any compulsory policy that he may try to impose. Mr Jack Jones's position is more equivocal; he is opposed to a compulsory policy, and believes he has had an assurance there will be no statutory policy, whatever statutory may mean. He is much more in sympathy with the idea of a limit on wage increases, which he has indeed himself been advocating. Mr Jack Jones does want the Labour Government to remain in power.

In TUC terms it is possible therefore that there will be a majority, if perhaps a narrow majority, for a deal with the Government; Mr Jones has the most votes, though not enough to carry the day on his own. Yet that leaves three questions. Can Mr Jones get the form of policy he wants, a policy of flat rate increases which will narrow differentials in favour of lower paid workers? Can Mr Jones hold the position in his own union, or will the pressures there begin to build up against a compulsory policy? If the TUC does produce a majority for restriction, will the dissident unions, and particularly the miners, respect it?

The answers to these questions will reinforce the other reactions inside the Labour Party. The worst possibility is that the trade unions will reject the Healey proposals, with or without new statutory backing, that the left wing of the Labour Party and the Labour Party Conference will also reject them—as the Tribune Group has already done—and that the Government will be in almost the same minority inside the Labour movement on incomes as they were on Europe. It will be remembered that on Europe the TUC, the Labour Party Conference, the Labour Party National Executive and even the Parliamentary Labour Party showed an anti-government majority.

The best possibility is that the Healey policy will be opposed only by a left wing minority in the trade unions and the parliamentary party, though even then one would expect the left to have a majority on the National Executive and possibly in the Labour Party Conference. In that case the Government would be able to carry these policies, with some Liberal and perhaps some Conservative support, at least until a major dissident union, perhaps again the mineworkers, challenged them in direct conflict.

In either case the political issues—who controls the Labour Party? and who governs the country?—will again have to be faced. They may have to be faced very soon, if there is a generally hostile trade union reaction, or they may be postponed for some months yet. They will certainly be watched closely by the foreign holders of sterling.

Those trade union leaders who have throughout opposed any wage restraint, the communists and the far left, have shown that they have an overriding political motive. They want to prove that Britain can only be run with their consent; they use the monopoly power of their unions and the consequent wage inflation to undermine the liberal democracy to which they are in principle opposed. Their wage strikes are in fact political strikes. Britain is now near the testing point to see whether their power or the power of Parliament will prevail. But first it is in the Labour Party that people are going to have to decide whether they are Socialists and Democrats, or Socialists first and Democrats not at all.

THE TYRANNY OF AN ACADEMIC MOB

The troubles at the Polytechnic of North London have rumbled on for so long, in fact since before the new polytechnic was established in 1971, that it has become dangerously easy to underestimate the true gravity of the situation there. The sense of outrage felt when the first meeting of the court of governors was disrupted can only be sustained at the same level of intensity with difficulty when the court has been disrupted for the sixth time. The simple repetition of such behaviour in the end can numb the will and the capacity to protest against it.

The forthright letter from Lord Annan, Provost of University College, London, on this page is a necessary and timely reminder to any who have succumbed to such weariness. This is a serious warning, from a distinguished academic who has no personal interest in the dispute, that this polytechnic could become the first major institution of higher education in which academic standards are subverted successfully by political pressures on the pattern of certain German universities. Other recent events, such as the occupation of the Senate House at Cambridge and the forced cancellation of a degree ceremony at Middlesex Polytechnic, have added force and topicality to Lord Annan's arguments.

Sadly the conflict at the polytechnic has often been interpreted as a personal struggle between the director, Mr Terence Miller, and the insurgent students and dissident members of staff who oppose him. This interpretation has encouraged an unfortunate concentration on the details of the conflict rather than the principles which underlie it. The Inner London Education Authority, which is ultimately responsible for the destiny of the polytechnic, appears to share this myopic vision of the troubles at North London as a little local difficulty devoid of wider significance.

Both members and officers of ILEA seem to believe that the departure of Mr Miller would lead to a restoration of calm at the polytechnic. Perhaps they are right, but it would be the calm that follows an abdication of rightful responsibility not the calm of genuine agreement and reconciliation. Perhaps Mr Miller on occasions has acted precipitately. However any of his misjudgments in face of deliberate hostility are nothing compared to the conduct of those of his opponents who have not shrunk from the para-violence of direct action in their determined struggle to depose him. The case that is made by his critics against Mr Miller reminds one of the Wimbledon truth that under really aggressive pressure it is hard to continue to make perfectly relaxed responses.

Much more is at stake than the outcome of the struggle between Mr Miller and his enemies, or even than the future academic reputation of the Polytechnic of North London, although for an institution that has made a distinguished contribution to higher education in London for more than 60 years that is serious enough. Two general principles are involved. The first is the ability of local education authorities to continue to play, through the polytechnics, a significant part in the administration of higher education.

It is widely accepted that this is desirable in theory, but the failure of ILEA, the largest and perhaps best equipped education authority, to act decisively to sustain the academic reputation of such a major institution, must raise doubts about its practical application. The second is the character of authority within a university or polytechnic. Whatever view is taken of the grievances of Mr Miller's opponents, their methods have been entirely illegitimate: whatever view is taken of the director's responses, his intentions have been entirely honourable. If he loses his job, the maintenance of legitimate authority and democracy, within academic institutions will become more difficult. The tyranny of rule by mass assembly, to borrow Lord Annan's phrase, will have come closer.

Democracy in India

From Lord Brockway

Sir, I was born in India. I had the privilege of the friendship of Mahatma Gandhi and Jawaharlal Nehru. I have had that friendship with Indira Gandhi. I admired the integrity of Jayaprakash Narayan. It is 68 years since I first pleaded for India's independence. I had hoped that she would set the example in Asia of advancing to human equality and social justice through democracy.

I have never been saddened more than by what is now happening. I appeal to Mrs Gandhi and to the many in India who, I know, cherish liberty to save the country we love from the deformation which now threatens. We must give you all the cooperation that is possible to build the India of our hopes.

Sincerely yours,
FENNER BROCKWAY,
House of Lords.
July 1.

Ineffective Opposition

From Sir William McEwan Younger

Sir, In the period following the election of Mr Edward Heath as leader of the Conservative Party, he clearly did not receive the full-hearted support of several of his principal colleagues, whom many believed to be more concerned with their own personal ambition than with providing an effective opposition to the then Socialist Government.

Today, in a crisis of infinitely greater seriousness, a similar situation appears to exist. Mrs Thatcher is the elected leader of the party. Her position as such has been reinforced by the reception she has received throughout the country, and by the result of the Woolwich by-election. Yet it is widely believed that Mr Heath himself and more certainly some of his principal supporters are not, either by their votes or speeches in the House of Commons, or by contributions in and on the media, pulling anything like their full weight in opposition: as distinct from policy discussion and differences which are surely allowed to assume excessive prominence.

I cannot assess to what extent the opinion is justified, nor yet where the blame for such a situation would largely lie. What I do know is that, if they are pulling their full weight in practical opposition and effective criticism, they are most certainly not being seen to do so.

Yours faithfully,
WILLIAM McEWAN YOUNGER,
29 Moray Place,
Edinburgh.
June 30.

Arabs and Jerusalem

From Dr Jamal Nasir

Sir, Mr Eric Marsden reported a most serious and far-reaching point of view in his article June 12—"A chill wind blowing over the new Jerusalem".

Public opinion in the world understands that peace in the Middle East can never be even contemplated as long as Israel continues to occupy Arab Jerusalem by force of arms and in violation of repeated United Nations decisions and international law. It is said that Mr Kollek cannot contemplate any surrender of sovereignty or redivision of the city. If anything, such irresponsible statements prove beyond a shred of doubt that Israel has no intention to see a peaceful settlement in the area.

Without Arab Jerusalem returning to the Arabs it is a complete waste of time even to talk of peace. The Arabs wherever they may be will never lift their heads as long as Arab Jerusalem remains under Israeli occupation and domination. The Arabs' name, heritage, future and status in the world depend on their declared policy as reported by their leaders: to liberate Arab Jerusalem irrespective of the consequences; and this is prerequisite to any peace in the area.

Yours faithfully,
JAMAL NASIR, former Minister of Justice of Jordan,
2 Stone Buildings,
Lincoln's Inn, WC2.

The Oxford Group

From Mr Patrick Wolrige-Gordon

Sir, Having endured some obloquy on behalf of the Oxford Group and Moral Re-Armament in my time, though nothing to compare with the paralysing patronage of Mr Kenneth Rose for James, fourth Marquess of Salisbury, might I comment on the full page extract from Mr Rose's book, *The Later Cecils*, which you published on June 21.

First, why does such a tendentious account of one episode in a full and honourable life merit such exclusive and one-sided treatment in *The Times*?

Secondly, it is true that Dr Buchman's policy towards Germany in the thirties failed—he did not succeed in his aim to replace the swastika with the Cross of Christ—but was it not a better effort and more realistic than the prevailing wisdom of the time, as exemplified by the nation's reluctance to re-arm or the appeasement policy of *The Times*.

Yours sincerely,
PATRICK WOLRIGE-GORDON,
Ythan Lodge,
Newburgh,
Aberdeenshire.
June 23.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Crossman Diaries as evidence

From Mr A. R. Isserlis

Sir, The letter from Sir John Colville about the Crossman *Diaries* (July 1) is greatly to be welcomed. The doctrine of *de mortuis* cannot reasonably be claimed on behalf of someone who knowingly conspired before his death to betray the confidences of his colleagues and the trust of those who served them.

Too much of the running in this affair has hitherto been made by live journalists defending a dead one under the protection of that doctrine and in the name of the public interest. But there are other public interests besides theirs. And indeed there are other considerations in this case in addition to the basic ones of principle.

First, it has to be noted that what has been published from these Diaries already confirms what those who had anything to do with Mr Crossman will hardly need telling: that interesting, stimulating and even charming as he could be at times (especially to undergraduates), his accuracy and good faith of perception and of record leave much to be desired — often escaping specific challenge only because those in a position to challenge have rightly been unwilling to follow his example by indulging in public discussion of business carried on in confidence.

Second, pundit though he set himself up to be on political institutions and political practice, his actual observations as so far published, like his actual performance when in public office, reveal a very considerable degree of ignorance, naivete, and absorption in the trivial and the self-regarding.

Third, these shortcomings may not make his Diaries less readable or less useful as curiosities for posterity (there are literary and historical niches somewhere for all men, be they Pepys or Boswell, Harris or Channon); but they must cast some doubt on the claim that only by early access to this level of material can the student of government fully learn what government is about.

Fourth, it is in any case a vulgar error to believe that in practice one cannot get and disseminate sufficient information for *bona fide* citizen understanding or political studies of the recent past without reliance on a willingness by politicians or officials to indulge for pride or for profit in questionable behaviour; the fuss that has been made on these and other grounds about the Official Secrets Acts is largely mischievous or misconceived.

Fifth, one can subscribe to the view that governments could usefully release much more than they yet do about policy facts and policy options for public discussion before positions and decisions are reached, without necessarily accepting in the least that what an accountable government or Minister or official on its behalf has wisely or unwisely *not* decided to publish should nevertheless be bandied about merely because those who write for the newspapers or for the booksellers think they know better.

Sixth, the whole general clamour against secrecy in government—or in boardrooms or in academic councils, for that matter—needs taking with more than a pinch of salt: in many of the things that matter, far from there being too much secrecy at present, there is probably too little.

The purely legal issues are of course another matter; and what the law will in the end make of it all is still unclear. Fortunately the judiciary can still be depended on without reservation to give proper weight to the national as well as to the newspaper interests, in spite of the observed propensity of some lawyers in their unjudicial capacities to play up, on this subject, to the newspaper gallery.

Yours faithfully,
A. R. ISSERLIS,
5 Hartland Road, Epping,
Essex.

Ali-Bugner fight coverage

From Mr Cliff Morgan

Sir, Michael Leapman (*The Times* Diary, July 1), professed to have been unable to hear Desmond Lynam reporting for BBC Radio from Kuala Lumpur over the weekend other than on the World Service. It is a pity he did not turn to the obvious place for sports reporting, namely the sports programmes.

On Saturday *Sport on Two* on Radio 2 carried two contributions from Lynam, the second a feature lasting nearly 10 minutes, including interviews with both fighters and managers. On Sunday, *Sunday Sport* on Radio 1 carried a further six-minute report from Lynam.

During his assignment in Kuala Lumpur, Lynam was filing the equivalent of getting on for 1,000 words a day, which I would have thought was a respectable striking rate even by the industrious standards of Fleet Street.

Yours faithfully,
CLIFF MORGAN,
Head of Outside Broadcasts, Radio,
Broadcasting House, W1.

The Bard's ghost writer

From Sir Bernard Miles

Sir, The Mermaid Theatre's *Merry Wives of Windsor* received a rather rough handling from the press, for which we do not complain, especially as our friends the critics have over the past 16 years ladled out praise in such abundance, often far more than we have deserved.

But it is to say the least disquieting that not a single one of the great dailies noted the four spurious scenes introduced into the play in order to explain the otherwise inexplicable reference to the Duke of Germany and the stealing of the host's horses (Act IV, Scenes 3 and 5) which has so long vexed the commentators, especially as two of the scenes in question drew solid rounds of applause from the First Night audience.

The additions were easily spotted by a small party of 15-year-olds studying for their GCE.

Yours faithfully,
BERNARD MILES,
Mermaid Theatre,
Puddle Dock,
Blackfriars, EC4.

Troubles of N London Polytechnic

From Lord Annan

Sir, Whatever may be one's views of the Senate House affair at Cambridge, no one supposes that council now exercises negligible authority, that a substantial number of dons want to depose the vice-chancellor, or that in certain subjects a Cambridge degree has become worthless through tolerated malpractices. But in the Polytechnic of North London the equivalent is practically the case.

To most people who know little of the history of the new PNL, the announcement that the Court of Governors has set up a committee to propose measures to ensure that Mr Miller, the Director, should not change the decisions of the Academic Board or Court, may suggest that Mr Miller is an over-bearing tyrant riding rough shod over the constitutional authority of the governors and his academic colleagues. The very reverse is true.

From the time he was appointed, Mr Miller has been subjected to brutal and brazen treatment by militant students and their supporters among the academic staff (some of whom openly champion disruption). He has been physically assaulted and his attempts to reestablish academic standards have been derided and flouted. Worse still some governors have supported these students.

Affairs at the polytechnic are a public scandal. Six times between 1971-74, meetings of the Court of Governors have been disrupted, five ending in pandemonium. As the court does not meet all that often, this is something of a record. The Academic Board has been disrupted five times. In the course of 18 disruptions, two occupations, the breaking open of files, the stealing of documents and the constant libelling of members of staff, not one student has ever been expelled or disciplined, nor the staff who supported the disruption ever brought to task. Although the students' union's income totals £68,000, no accounts were published until 1974 and they were then meagre and uninformative.

Those are facts. The inferences which, it has been put to me, flow from those facts are alarming. The process of intimidation by the militants—the union has for long been in the hands of the International Socialists and their adherents—has alienated the mass of students from it.

Many members of staff have been terrorized into adopting a neutral role. One member of staff, who wrote to *The Times* was begged by another to desist: "We want peace here not principles." Since the governors are habitually abused and humiliated, some absent themselves, one has recently resigned, and others have now adopted a despairing policy of appeasement and vote with those who are determined to sack Mr Miller. That, of course, has always been the aim of his most malignant opponents.

Mr Roberts, the respected editor of *The Sunday Telegraph*, was Chairman of the Court of Governors until 1974. When he was ousted from the chairmanship in a squalid manoeuvre which coincided with the absence from the court of those who would have opposed such a move, the student union paper published a telegram purporting to come from the President of the NUS: "Congratulations on deposing Roberts. Now for Miller."

What is the purpose of this committee which is to circumscribe Mr Miller's actions? The terms of reference begin by an allusion to improper conduct by Mr Miller concerning certain business studies courses. To the outsider this is meaningless unless he realizes that an enquiry into that department had to be set up and found that there had been "serious irregularities", eg, the raising of marks and disregard of normal rules which in a university would have reudered those concerned liable to dismissal.

When it appeared as if Mr Miller's proposal to deal with this matter would be accepted, students broke up the meeting of the governors. It is for drawing the attention of the DES to the irregularities that Mr Miller is now convicted of exceeding his authority. Singular irony.

One of the complaints against Mr Miller raised in the discussion by the governors was that he had written articles in newspapers such as *The Times Higher Education Supplement* and had made controversial speeches condemning militant students and academic staff who supported disruption. If the committee ruled that the director of a polytechnic was only to make a speech, to write letters, or to publish articles which had been previously approved by his board of governors, a grave issue of academic freedom will be at stake.

The director of a polytechnic awarding CNAA degrees is not the hired hack of his local authority. Quite rightly academic staff in higher education are permitted to criticize publicly the institutions to which they belong. A vice-chancellor of a university or a director of a polytechnic, as the leading members of the academic staff, has just such a freedom, and it is in the public interest that Mr Miller should still be free to draw the public's attention to the state of affairs in his institution. All directors of polytechnics should be alive to this issue.

Mr Miller's supporters fear that his opponents on the committee—and they appear to be in the majority—will devise a simple tactic. Realizing that the director cannot be dismissed out of hand, they will shackle him so severely that he will be unable to function as director according to any normal interpretation of the duties of that office. Then, if in his attempts to function he breaks a link in his chains, they will be able after warnings legally to dismiss him.

Admirable work is done at the PNL. By this year 27 courses were validated for CNAA degrees. There are plenty of devoted teachers and excellent students wishing only to learn. But unless its governance is overhauled, PNL may become the first British institute of higher education to be politicized as some German universities have been.

I hardly know Mr Miller. Nor can I say whether, had I the misfortune to be in his place, I would have acted as he did. But it is largely due to Mr Miller, and not to his opponents, that major improvements have been made in the running of the polytechnic, that faculties have been set up, appointments committees made academically respectable and the tyranny of rule by mass assembly in some areas have been averted.

I sympathize with those lay governors who have supported him being unwilling any longer to endure the continuous abuse and humiliations to which they are subjected—why should those who serve voluntarily submit to such treatment? But those who believe that peace can be bought if Mr Miller is somehow expelled will find that the price in the end which they pay for it will be the destruction of the polytechnic as a respectable academic institution.

Yours, etc,
NOEL ANNAN,
House of Lords.
July 1.

Constitution of Equity

From Mr Joss Ackland and others

Sir, We wish, through the courtesy of your columns, to invite all members of British Actors Equity to review very carefully the proposals for a restructuring of its constitution which are to be debated on July 6. Several of these proposals were rejected in principle by a referendum of the membership last January and these proposals dispense with the need for such referenda in the future, so as to leave the decision making to a vote at attended meetings.

Actors are not politicians. We require a union which serves our needs and particularly protects the interests of the younger and less successful members of our calling. Equity up to now has fulfilled that purpose. We hope that all members will therefore weigh most carefully the type of constitution that we need and whether changes of a political nature square with our current requirements; and whether we are thoroughly cognizant of the motivation of those who seek to bring about changes for which no need has existed to date.

A recent High Court judgment in respect of the impugned use of a casting vote demonstrates the dangers that can arise if well-ordered and well-invigilated practices are not maintained. We would ask our fellow member of Equity to give the most serious thought to the avoidance of dangers of this kind.

Yours, &c,
Joss Ackland, Eileen Atkins, Keith Baxter, Christopher Cazenove, John Clements, Nigel Davenport, John Gielgud, Michael Jayston, Ron Moody, Kenneth More, Laurence Olivier, Dandy Nichols, Anthony Quayle, Angharad Rees, Diana Rigg, Ralph Richardson, Maggie Smith, James Villiers,
July 1.

Law on censorship

From Mr John Trevelyan

Sir, Mrs Enid Wistrick (July 1) is right. The laws that relate to the censorship of films appear to be in a state of confusion, and the Home Office should certainly do something about it.

As things are now the people who provide this popular form of entertainment—producers, distributors and exhibitors—cannot know whether or not the films that are shown to the public will land them in the courts, and the people who are responsible for film censorship cannot help them since they will not know, either. This is both absurd and unjust.

Parliament has more important matters to deal with at the present time, but this necessary revision of the law should not be postponed indefinitely.

Yours faithfully,
JOHN TREVELYAN,
8 Rockwells Gardens,
Dulwich Wood Park, SE19.

From Mr J. M. Cartwright Sharp

Sir, Mrs Wistrich (July 1) suggests that a review of the law relating to obscenity and films shown in cinemas should be undertaken by the Home Office.

We hope that work which the Law Commission is now doing will meet the need which Mrs Wistrich has in mind. Last year the commission published a Working Paper on Conspiracies relating to morals and decency which contained provisional conclusions upon, among other matters, films and obscenity. This consultative document contains a provisional proposal for the abolition of the common law offences of corrupting public morals and outraging public decency.

The Law Commissioners have now almost completed their wide consultation on this working paper and hope to report within the next year upon conspiracy generally and upon certain consequential reforms of the law. This report, which will be prepared in consultation with the Home Office, will contain recommendations for reform of the law of obscenity in relation to films.

Yours faithfully,
J. M. CARTWRIGHT SHARP,
Secretary,
The Law Commission,
Conquest House,
37/38 John Street,
Theobalds Road, WC1.

Best-seller lists

From Mr Egon Ronay

Sir, "Best-seller lists" some newspapers publish are notoriously surprising to many publishers. The great difficulty of compiling such lists accurately is no consolation to those who are not on such lists, though they demonstrably outsell parallel publications which are.

I am told by *The Sunday Times* that their list is based on a list of books assembled for them by the literary editor of a provincial newspaper. This is sent to 120 bookshops which insert the numbers sold against these suggested books and may remember to add those which are not suggested. Is it beyond the resources of British publishers to devise a less fallible system?

Yours faithfully,
EGON RONAY,
Queen's House,
Leicester Square, WC2.

British exports to Europe

From Sir Frederick Catherwood and Sir Derek Ezra

Sir, For the past twelve years British companies have argued that they needed the same secure tariff-free access to the large and buoyant European market as has been enjoyed by the original members of the EEC, contending that given similar conditions British industry was as good as its competitors—or better. The outcome of the referendum at last affords the necessary assurance and it is up to us to prove the argument that what was wrong was not British industry but the adverse conditions in which it had to operate.

The British Overseas Trade Board and its European Trade Committee are confident that our business community will respond to the opportunities which must come when the present recession gives way to growth. But it will demand yet more investment in marketing and industrial capacity as British firms continue to adapt to trading in a free European market.

The current rate of inflation is preempting resources needed for investment, and must be brought down at least to the level of the inflation rate of our major competitors. But we cannot wait until the economic situation is perfect and must begin at once to base our industrial output in the needs of a wide European market which is likely to recover sooner and more strongly than our domestic market. This suggests that companies should review their marketing strategy and in so doing, we hope management will take the opportunity of explaining to all concerned what benefit can derive in secure jobs and incomes.

We know that the commercial staff of the Diplomatic Service posts expect an increasing demand on the Government services for British exporters to Europe and are determined to respond fully to the need.

Yours, etc,
FRED CATHERWOOD, Chairman,
DEREK EZRA,
Chairman of the European Trade Committee.
British Overseas Trade Board,
1 Victoria Street, SW1.
July 1.

The CIA and Nasser

From Mr Fred Emery

Sir, Since Mr Copeland (letter, July 2) volunteered his story to me I suppose he may now take it back, but I stand behind my despatch (June 19)—every word of it.

Yours truly,
FRED EMERY, Chief Washington Correspondent,
Room 541, National Press Building,
Washington DC.

Booking a seat

From Mr J. G. R. Rix

Sir, One hopes that Lady Burton (June 26) will come to recognise what a shaft of light it is that airlines have the common sense to "over book" flights, and so avoid leaving many empty seats on scheduled flights—each one costing £15 and often £100 or more.

At the risk of occasionally having a passenger "inconvenienced" by having to wait a few hours or even a day—usually at a hotel at airline expense—tens of thousands of pounds a year are saved.

On the other side of the service coin, how excellent that those who miss their flight or cancel late—leaving "their" seat empty—do not have to pay for another ticket—and how crowded would airport lounges be if everybody "made sure" of not losing their £50 seat by arriving two hours early "in case of hold ups".

One views with horror the waste involved in British Airways back-up for their Scottish service and the pride with which they put on an extra plane for seven passengers instead of asking them to wait an hour.

How long will it be before the vast waste through excessive "service", much as over capacity on airline routes, or excess power generating capacity to meet every possible demand peak, is recognized as a major drag on our standard of living?

Yours faithfully,
J. G. R. RIX,
Wodehouse,
Headley,
Nr Bordon, Hampshire.
June 26.

How they salute

From Captain A. D. H. Jay, RN ret'd

Sir, I think I may be able to give Miss Jelley some help in her inquiries (June 25). A sailor salutes as he does because his calling requires him to have a palm permanently stained with tarred hemp or, in more recent times, oily wire ropes. So in saluting he exposes to his superior only the clean side, the back of his hand.

A soldier or a Royal Marine is not normally required to handle ropes, so perhaps he can be expected to show that both sides of his hand are clean.

Do airmen salute? If so, how?

Yours truly,
A. D. H. JAY,
21 Main Street,
East Bridgford,
Nottinghamshire.

From Mr C. E. Carrington

Sir, In today's *Times* (July 1) with the world falling into chaos around us, I am diverted by the correspondence in your columns about the left-hand salute. The chronology is interesting. April 1918 was for the British Army the worst crisis of World War I. Controversy raged in your columns over reinforcements for Haig. Were the Government and the War Office withholding them in England? A few days after Haig's "back-to-the-wall" message, the War Office responded with its message to the nation. It was Army Order No 246 April 1918, abolishing the left-hand salute.

I am, Sir, etc,
C. E. CARRINGTON,
56 Canonbury Park South, N1.
July 1.

"At Bronnley, we value the Midland's advice and understanding of our business"

–Ann Rossiter, granddaughter of the founder of the House of Bronnley.

The House of Bronnley is no commonplace business.

It first made superfine and triple-milled perfume soaps as long ago as 1883.

Today, at its Brackley works in Northamptonshire, almost every important operation is still carried out by hand, from the compounding of perfumes, some of which contain as many as 150 ingredients, to the making of the distinctive, hinged cedarwood boxes in which Bronnley soaps are hand-packed.

The House of Bronnley produces a complete range of hand creams, talcum, bubble-baths, cubes, oils and colognes–as well as soaps.

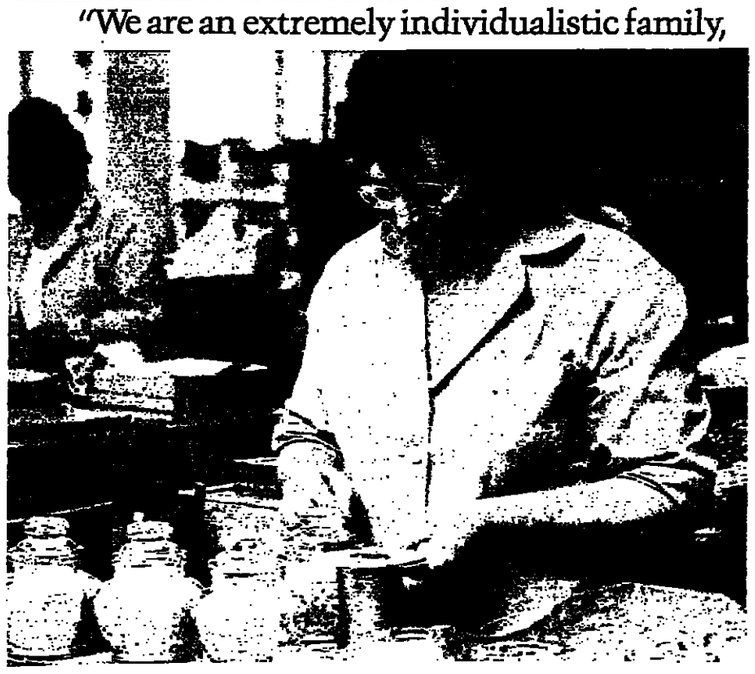


Summertime directors' meetings are often held in the rose gardens of Bronnley's headquarters.

A matter of personality

"In 1904, the company moved to Acton from its original premises in Verulam Street, Islington," says Ann Rossiter, granddaughter of Bronnley's founder. "My grandfather played golf regularly with his Midland Bank manager, and we still maintain an account at Acton.

"We are an extremely individualistic family,





Bronnley soaps are hand-packed for sale all over the world.

and we could scarcely imagine doing business through a bank with less experience and understanding of us than the Midland.

"We maintained our connection when we moved to Brackley in 1960. And in 1968, the Midland enabled us to finance the building of larger working premises nearby."



The unique formulae of Bronnley fragrances are a carefully guarded secret.

Midland services and support

"Apart from the normal banking services, which it provides with such efficiency, the Midland helps us in many ways.

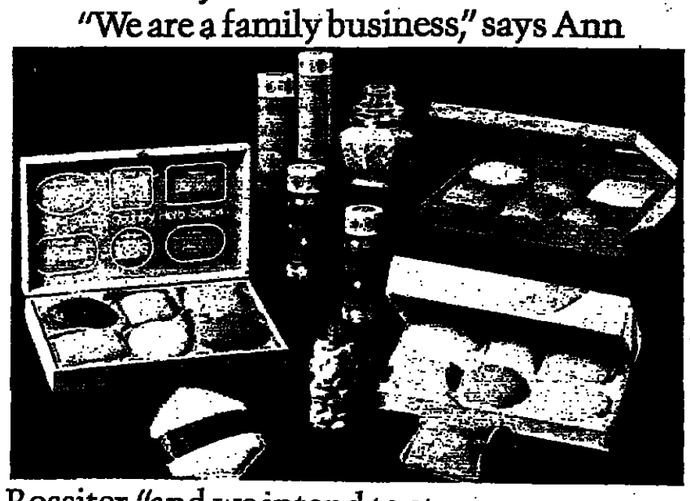
"It helps finance stocks of the very expensive pure oils and essences for our perfumes, which can run into six figures in value at times.

"Almost a third of our production is exported, and we rely on the Midland for discounting bills and for short-term finance.

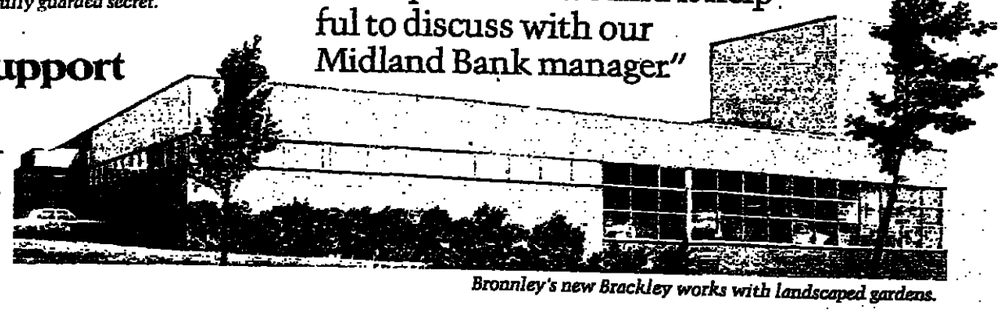
"We also consult the Bank whenever we consider new overseas agents."

Continuity and the future

"We are a family business," says Ann Rossiter, "and we intend to stay so.



"Our problem is to control our growth sensibly, and this is another of the problems we find it helpful to discuss with our Midland Bank manager."



Bronnley's new Brackley works with landscaped gardens.

Your local Midland branch can provide you with further details on the range of services available from Midland Bank Group.

Midland Bank Group

Principal trading companies: Midland Bank Limited; Clydesdale Bank Limited, Clydesdale Bank Finance Corporation Limited, Clydesdale Bank Insurance Services Limited, Scottish Computer Services Limited, Northern Bank Limited, Northern Bank Development Corporation Limited, Northern Bank Executor and Trustee Company Limited, Northern Bank Trustee Company Limited; Midland Bank Trust Company Limited; Midland Bank Finance Corporation Limited, Forward Trust Limited, Midland Montagu Leasing Limited, Griffin Factors Limited, Midland Bank Trust Corporation (Jersey) Limited, Midland Bank Trust Corporation (Guernsey) Limited; Midland Bank Insurance Services Limited; The Thomas Cook Group Limited, Thomas Cook Limited, Thomas Cook Overseas Limited, Thomas Cook Bankers Limited; Samuel Montagu & Co. Limited (Incorporating Drayton), Drayton Montagu Portfolio Management Limited, Northern Bank Finance Corporation Limited, Midland Montagu Industrial Finance Limited, Jersey International Bank of Commerce Limited; Bland Payne Holdings Limited, Bland Payne Limited, Bland Payne Reinsurance Brokers Limited, Bland Payne (UK) Limited, Southern Marine & Aviation Underwriters Inc., Bland Payne Australia Limited; Guyerzeller Zurmont Bank AG.

هكذا من الأصل

هكذا من الأصل

COURT CIRCULAR

ACE OF HOLYROODHOUSE
2: The Queen and The Duke Edinburgh attended by the Susan Hussey, Major Sir ie Maudsley, Mr Philip Moore Captain Peter Fletcher, visited Duchy of Lancaster Estate in shire today.

r Majesty and His Royal High- were received upon arrival at borough Railway Station by Majesty's Lord-Lieutenant for h Yorkshire (the Marquess of nanby), the Chancellor of the y of Lancaster (the Right Hon ld Lever, MP) and the Mayor Scarborough (Councillor A. ard Baker).
ving visited the Duchy of aster Estate, Her Majesty, His Royal Highness, honoured Chancellor of the Duchy of aster with Her presence at heon at Pickering Castle.
is afternoon The Queen and Duke of Edinburgh left Royal Force Topcliffe (Station Com- der, Group Captain M. J. ly) in an aircraft of The n's Flight for Turnhouse Air- Edinburgh, where Her sty and His Royal Highness received by the Station Com- der (Group Captain R. S. ton) and drove to the Palace folyroodhouse.
ie Queen and The Duke of burgh were received upon al at the Palace by the the Lord Provost of the City dinburgh District (Councillor Millar) and Members of the of Edinburgh District Council. n the Right Hon the Lord ost surrendered to The Queen Keys of the City which Her esty returned to him.
Guard of Honour of the 1st alion, The Royal Scots (The al Regiment), under the com- d of Major Edward Cowan, mounted at the Palace.
he Queen and The Duke of burgh were later received by Bailie of Holyrood (Mr David t-Moncrieff).
he High Constables of the ice of Holyroodhouse were on /.
he following are in attendance: Right Hon William Ross, MP, retary of State for Scotland, ister in Attendance), the Lord lean (Lord Chamberlain), the ntess of Airlie, the Lady Susan sey (Ladies in Waiting to Her esty), Lieutenant-Colonel the t Hon Sir Martin Charteris vate Secretary), Vice-Admiral Peter Ashmore (Master of the sehold), Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Eric Penn (Comptroller, Lord Chamberlain's Office), Lieutenant-Colonel Sir John Miller (Crown Equerry), Mr Philip Moore (Deputy Private Secretary), Mr Rodney Moore (Assistant Press Secretary), Lieutenant-Colonel John Johnston (Assistant Comptroller, Lord Chamberlain's Office), Major Robin Broke and Captain Peter Fletcher (Equerries in Waiting) and Major Henry Hugh Smith (Equerry to The Duke of Edinburgh).
The Duke of Edinburgh, as an Honorary Member, this evening attended the 200th Session Dinner of the Speculative Society at the Signet Library, Parliament Square.
Major Henry Hugh Smith was in attendance.
The Prince of Wales, as President, was present this evening at the Silver Jubilee Dinner of the Lord's Taverners at Quaglinos, Bury Street.

CLARENCE HOUSE
July 2: Monsieur Edgar Faure, President of the French Chamber of Deputies, and Madame Faure this afternoon had the honour of being received by Queen Elizabeth The Queen Mother.
Queen Elizabeth The Queen Mother, Chancellor of the University of London, was present this evening at a Dinner given at the Senate House by the Court of the University in honour of Sir Douglas and Lady Logan.
Mrs Patrick Campbell-Preston and Sir Martin Gilliat were in attendance.
Her Majesty was represented by Sir Martin Gilliat at the Memorial Service for Sir Walter Adams which was held at the Church of Christ the King, Gordon Square, today.

KENSINGTON PALACE
July 2: The Princess Margaret, Countess of Snowdon today undertook engagements in Staffordshire, and in the morning was present at a Reception given by the Mayor of Tamworth and attended a Service at the Collegiate and Parish Church of St Editha.
Her Royal Highness later opened Tamworth Sub-Divisional Police Station and was entertained at luncheon by the Chairman of Staffordshire County Council and the Chairman of Cannock Chase District Council at Hagley Park Comprehensive School, Rugeley.
The Princess Margaret, who travelled in an aircraft of The Queen's Flight, was attended by The Lady Anne Tennant and Major The Lord Napier and Ettrick.

KENSINGTON PALACE
July 2: The Duke of Gloucester today visited the Royal Show at Stoneleigh, Warwickshire.
Lieutenant-Colonel Simon Bland was in attendance.

THATCHED HOUSE LODGE
RICHMOND PARK
July 2: Princess Alexandra, as Chancellor, this afternoon presided at two congregations for the conferment of degrees at the University of Lancaster.
Her Royal Highness travelled to Lancashire in an aircraft of The Queen's Flight.
The Lady Mary Fitzalan-Howard was in attendance.

Oxford Class Lists

ie following Oxford Class have been issued:

ORIENTAL STUDIES
ASS I: Louise M. Bland, LVH (Chinese).
ASS II: P. S. Bithell, Herf and Corp; P. N. Bithell, Herf and Corp; S. Macclesfield; Mary C. R. is; Herf and Marlborough C (Ar); Griffiths, Jesus and Barry Co; Como A. Kessing, Bwch; Mary C. Kcville, Widn and Gosford HS, astle upon Tyne; K. Pye, Herf ipholland GS, Wigan; K. Vanters, and Manchester GS.
ASS II: Rosalind Arnold, BNC and ridgehouse HS; K. P. Auston, Herf Dulwich C; Allam, Birmingham; igh's and Headington GS; Bowen, St Pet C and Bishop S. Swansea; A. G. Bown, St J ing's Shrewsbury; Brooks, Jesus and Wheatley Park Comp S; B Carver, Pemb and Orton eville S; Katharine S. Cain, BNC and Manchester HS; Alicia H. Crosby, St High's and Birkenhead HS; Crosby, St Ed H and Woking Co nalley; Davies, St Cath and ster GS; P. Desmond, St Ed H Benedicts S, Ealing; A. R. Dyke, t's Park and Bishop Gore Comp S, ea; M. W. England, St Cath and vard's Co, Liverpool; N. M. Fos- Keble and Wolstanton Co GS; th R. Foster, St Anne's and agdalene; BS; R. A. Gallas, Herf and Dougl S; S. L. Greenwell, Keble and Harrow; R. H. Grove, Herf and Pers S, Cambridge; Valerie M. Guest, St High's and Upholland GS; Margaret A. Heaslip, St Anne's and Bury GS; J. S. Hartley, St Pet H and Brentwood GS; Vivienne J. Hill, Jesus and Canon Slade GS, Bolton; Susan C. Hollingsworth, St Hilda's and Roedean; J. C. Homey, Jesus and Kingsmead Herf; R. Hood, Mansfield and Bromsgrove S; R. W. Jackson, Mansfield and Eton; M. N. James, Jesus and Southend HS; F. Jaspers, Exet; Hugh's and Bromley Girls' GS; Deborah J. Lees, Jesus and Macclesfield HS; A. J. T. MacPherson, St J and Merchant Taylors'; S. S. K. Maguire, Mansfield and Bromley S; D. J. Marson, Ch Ch and Northgate GS, Ipswich; R. S. Mason, Keble and Eton; J. F. C. Murray, St Ed H and Merchant Taylors' S; D. P. Newman, Ch Ch and Westminster S; J. A. Ormiston, St Ed H and Manchester GS; R. D. Pendry, Queen's and Whitefield-Fishpounds Comp S; Bristol; Sarah Porter, St Paul's Girls' and Gresham's S; S. H. Quincey, Herf and St Paul's S; P. A. Redfern, St Cath and Schwerd VI GS, Cheltenham; S. Robinson, St Cath and Qu Elizabeth's GS, Blackburn; Michelle Roche, LMH and Exeter; the King's Comp S, Scunthorpe; Louise A. V. Rowe, St High's and St Paul's GS; T. Ryder, St Ed H and Batley GS; C. D. Saffery, Keble and Glasgow Academy GS; Rachel C. Salisbury, LMH and Christ's Hosp, Hertford; R. M. Samson, St Ed H and Lord Williams's S, Thame; Sarah E. Sellingbound GS; Scholefield, Herf and Qu Elizabeth GS, Wakefield; J. R. Simpson, Manchester and Bedford GS; Smith, St Cath and Ed Bedley GS; Aston; D. H. Snallbridge, Herf and Magd CS, Oxford; P. Smith, Mansfield and Wellingborough GS; Susan J. Smith, St Anne's and Newark Girls' S, Leicester; P. B. Stevenson, Keble and Bishop Wordsworth's S, Salisbury; Jane E. Stratton, St Hilda's and Ramsden's S, Derby; L. A. Taylor, Mansfield and Qu Elizabeth GS, Wakefield; M. J. Wickham, St Ed H and Edward's S, Wilmslow, Surrey; Lynn Wigham, LMH and Bridgnorth GS; A. K. C. Wood, Oriel and High Wycombe HGS; D. A. Woodward, Oriel and Ashville Harrogate.
CLASS III: D. R. H. Beak, Oriel and Radley C; F. A. Brown, St Ed H and Harrow; Elizabeth C. Davies, St Hugh's and Eyre and Spottiswoode's; J. Day, Pemb and Worth S; D. P. Fletcher, St Cath and Dougl S; J. G. Ibbotson, St Ed H and Monkton Combe S; Bash; S. James, St Cath and St Mary's RC GS; W. H. MacKenzie, St J and Tulse Hill Comp S; C. J. A. N. Money Coutts, Keble and Eton; M. C. Parker, Pembroke and St Paul's; Jane E. Prosser, Ch Ch and King's S, Chester; Emma E. Saunders, St Hugh's and Godolphin and Latimer S; R. P. Thomas, Reading Blue and Scotland HS; S. H. Witney, Ch Ch and Merchant Taylors' S.

The following candidates in Trinity Term 1975 were awarded a pass in the first public examination by the moderators in honour moderations in geography:

M. G. Addison, Queen's and Altrincham GS; Denise A. J. Palmer, St Hugh's and Keele; S. J. R. Shaw, Queen's and Henry Box S, Witney.

CLASS 2, DIV 2: C. M. Ackner, Rossall and Girton; S. J. Adams, St Edmund's C, Ware and Pet; S. T. Adams, Culford and Pemb; K. J. Alexander, Wimbledon C and Jon; P. W. Anderson, Shrewsbury and Down; C. U. Arbuthnott, Aldeburgh and Clare; W. J. Baker, Trin C, Glen Almond and Trin; P. Ballard, Christ C, Brecon and Cath; J. V. Barker, Eton and Cath; R. F. Barlrop, Rydal and Fitzw; P. Bloor, K Edward VI, Nuneaton and Fitzw; J. A. W. Boardman, Weston, Ashby-de-la-Zouch and Sidney S. S. Bonsall, K Edward VII, Sheff and Lynn and Joh; G. Brafman, Kingston GS, Lycee Francais de Londres, Davies, Laing and Dick and Down; C. Brice, Hinckley GS and Pet; C. R. Brown, Carre's GS, Sleaford and Jesus; B. C. Browne, Eton and Trin; J. R. Burchell, St Edward's, Oxford and Caius; G. R. Cook, Cladham Co GS and Pet; M. S. Butler, Benenden and Girton; P. R. Butler, Watford GS and Sidney; M. A. Cascio, Chatham C, Pittsburgh, USA and Newn; S. R. D. Chapman, Solihull and Trin H; R. G. Chown, Yeovil and Emm; D. C. N. Cockburn, K. William's C, I of W and Joh; C. N. Colley, Eastbourne C and Caius; G. R. Cook, Cladham Co GS and Pet; *Worthing C of Further Edu and L Cav*; S. P. Coverdale, St Peter's and Emm; M. J. Craft, Ayles HS and Down; J. A. Curtis, King's, Wimbledon and Trin H; P. Davies, Penlan C, Swansea and Trin; R. P. Dolegiewicz, Univ of Toronto, Canada, Epsom and Ewell HS and Down; W. J. Drake, Methodist C, Belfast and Jesus; E. A. Dunn, Boston Univ, USA and Jesus; A. D. Dykes, Westminster and Emm; S. R. R. Edmann, Tonbridge and Trin H; A. R. Fellbower, Sandbach and Churchill; P. F. C. Fowler, Priory, Shrewsbury and Selw; R. J. Fraser, Croydon HS and Girton; B. N. Garnett, Collyer's and Sidney; G. M. Gill, St Paul's and Caius; W. G. Gilley, Tiffin and Caius; M. J. Grabiner, City of London and Trin; R. G. Gray, Blundell's and Selw; F. G. Green, Harrow and Jesus; S. A. Hall, Wimbledon C and Trin H; R. L. Hall, Walbottle GS and Trin H; P. Harden, Richard Thornton C and Churchill; C. Harpum*, Cheltenham GS and Down; G. D. Love, Stoke-on-Trent Sixth Form C and Trin H; J. McMullan, Magnus GS, Newark and Emm; A. M. Masson, Beaverwood and Clare; R. J. P. Morton, Eton and Trin H; W. T. Murphy, Nottingham HS and Down; S. C. Reisbach*, Kingston GS and King's; P. Taylor, Burton GS and Down; J. R. Wallace, Annan Acad and Down; J. L. Wan, King's, Canterbury and Trin; C. J. Wallis, Andover GS and Queens'.

CLASS 2, DIV 1: A. L. Angel, Haberdashers' Aske's and Queens'; M. R. Batcup, Wrekin and Selw; J. E. Blake, Haberdashers' Aske's and Queens'; N. E. Braithwaite, Exeter and Tonb; D. J. Breasioff, Haberdashers' Aske's and Calus; J. T. Brooks, King's, Canterbury and Caius; J. M. Bryant, St Edmund's C, Ware and Sidney; H. P. Campion, Ecclesbourne S, Duffield and Emm; W. N. Campion-Smith, High Wycombe RGS and Joh; R. A. J. Capps, Kimbolton and Selw; R. B. Carr, Stockport GS and Selw; A. R. Catterall, Clitheroe RGS and Joh; V. R. Clempson, Qu Elizabeth GS, Tamworth and Churchill; R. G. Clutterbuck, Sir J Rich's and Emm; S. Cochrane, K Edward VI HS, Birmingham and King's; P. G. Curnock, St Julian's HS, Newport and Cl; M. Curtis, Lord Wandsworth C and Selw; J. C. Dalton, Aylesbury HS and Newn; G. R. Davies, Cardiff HS and Down; P. J. Davis, Liverpool C and Queens'; M. E. Dean, Camp HS and Fitzw; M. H. Dedman, Felsted and Clare; R. C. Deering, Cheshunt GS and Pemb; P. S. J. Dignan, Weggeston and Down; R. H. Dorsey, Leeds Modern and Fitzw; N. Dracass, St Marylebone GS and Fitzw; *G. P. Dyche, Peebles HS and Christ's*; D. T. Eccles, Wallasey GS and Clare; E. Eckstein, Edgbaston HS and Clare; M. Ellis, Llandovery C and Joh; P. A. England, Spondon and Calus.
CLASS 2, DIV 2: J. Benn, Taunton and Trin; H. D. Chase, Oundle and Queen's; I. Critchley, Manchester GS and Sidney; R. A. Dinwiddie, King's, Canterbury and King's; A. P. B. Elgood, Bradfield C and Pemb; J. M. Gibson, Portsdown C and Sidney; R. J. Griffiths, Haileybury and Magd; J. R. Hogg, Nottingham HS and Emm; D. A. Keable-Elliott, Sherborne and Magd; D. Klinger, Malvern and Selw; P. J. Langham, Accrington GS and Christs; R. Ledger, K Edward VI, Nuneaton and Cath; L. D. Lester, Hastings HS and New H; R. M. Lewis, Lewes Priory and Fitzw; A. G. Long, Hele's and Churchill; P. J. O'Brien, St Bede's, Manchester and Christ's; N. Patterson, Winchester and Jesus; C. J. Peters, Rossall and King's; L. M. Simmonds, Gravesend and King's; A. Simmons, High Wycombe RGS and Pemb; A. M. T. Sommeroux, St Mary's Convent, Cambridge and New H.
SECTION 2, CLASS 1: S. J. Schaffer, Varndean GS and Trin.
CLASS 2, Div 1: A. Brown, Colne Valley HS and Cath; D. C. Given, Christ's Hosp and Queen's; A. C. Kenner, Birkenhead HS and King's; T. R. Rider, Stowe and Corpus; O. J. Timbs, Winchester Co HS and Girton; R. J. Treseder, Bognor Regis and Fitzw.
CLASS 2, Div 2: J. E. Burnell, Glasgow Acad and Caius; J. H. Fairclough, Mount St Mary's C and Down; P. R. Fernandes, Loreto Convent, Nairobi, Conv of the Sacred Heart, Wimbledon and Girton; S. A. French, Reading and Fitzw; C. S. Herbert, Hunstanton and Trin H; P. N. Hillman, Kettering GS and Joh; G. F. Holborn, Sherborne and Fitzw; F. J. Kirkham, Haberdashers' Aske's and Girton; A. J. P. Mapplebeck, St Ambrose C and Trin H; P. Reith, Hull HS and Girton; A. R. Stewart, Edin Acad and Corpus; A. J. West, Uppingham and Corpus; P. Wilmshurst, Nottingham HS and Trin H.
M. Haggucki, Dulwich C and Down; N. C. D. Ampleforth and Cath; J. O. Harris, Holland and King's; D. J. M. Hay, Univ of Edinburgh and Magd; P. Hetherband, Campbell and Pemb; S. R. Hodges, Talymer and Trin H; J. D. Holder, Charterhouse and Pet; R. D. S. Hood, Millfield and Clare.
H. M. James, Broxbourne and Fitzw; A. L. Joyce, Rugby and Joh; W. J. C. Kelly, King William's C and Fitzw; M. C. A. Killin, Culford and Pemb; L. P. Lewis, Queen's Acad and A. W. N. Kitchin, Kettering Tech C and Calus; S. A. Klingopulos, Kingston GS and Fitzw; C. A. Laurie, Eton and Selw; H. B. Lever, Manchester GS and Sidney; M. B. A. Lorimer, Eton and Magd; G. C. Lowton, Hulsh's GS and Cath; H. McCoubrey, Portsmouth GS and Trin H; R. McEwan, Quarry Acad and Emm; D. M. Main Thompson, Doual and Christ's; C. H. Maudsley, Headington and Girton; L. B. Montgomerie, N London Collegiate and Churchill; J. R. Morgan, Manchester GS and Trin; C. J. J. Morris, Gowarton GS and Trin; C. J. J. Morrish, *P. Symonds and Down*; P. A. H. O'Donovan, Bishop's Stortford C and Trin H; D. Oliver, Ynshir and Emm; A. J. Palmer, Hastings GS and Joh; C. N. K. Parkinson, Rugby and Emm; J. N. M. Pickering, Westminster and Magd; E. P. Reade, Cheltenham C and Christ's; J. W. Ripman, Rugby and Cath; F. F. Robinson, Millfield and Trin H; G. R. Sanders, Wellington and Mans; M. C. Sandbrook, Daunisey's and Cath; D. R. C. Sandison, Fettes and Sidney; C. G. Shaw, Nottingham HS and Jesus; A. J. C. S. Sheppard, Highgate and Jesus; G. P. Sigsworth, Bedales and Selw; A. M. H. Simon, Winchester and Pet; P. de C. Sloan, Laxton GS and Pemb; R. H. Smith, Laughton Park and Sidney; W. J. Stockdale, Fettes and Down; J. M. Summers, Clifton C and Christ's; C. J. Tweedie, Doncaster GS and Trin H; A. H. Ward, Lisnelli Gr Tech S and Trin H; L. A. Waters, Bramshill Police C and Emm; D. R. Watson, Hurstpierpoint and Selw; R. J. Wilton, Sydenham HS, Cambridge Tutors and Newn.
A George Long Prize for jurisprudence has been awarded to M. R. Batcup, Selw.

SOCIAL AND POLITICAL SCIENCES, PART 2a
CLASS 1. None.
CLASS 2, Div 1: S. J. Bagnall, Brentwood and Christ's; A. N. Grundy, Smithills GS, Bolton, and Magd; D. E. Richards, Colchester RGS and Fitzw.
CLASS 2, Div 2: J. M. Greenberg, Qu Anne's, Caversham and St Margaret's, Exeter, and LCav.

Natural Sciences, Part 2 (General)
SECTION 1, CLASS 1: M. Cooper, Colchester RGS and Down; C. E. H. Grattan, Wellington and King's; B. A. Taylor, St Anselm's and Trin H.
CLASS 2, Div 1: C. J. H. Bland, Eton and Magd; O. M. Brag, Deanery Sec S and Girton; L. C. Davies, Bristol GS and Selw; R. B. Davies, Oundle and King's; P. J. Friend, Rugby and Magd; J. C. Goodman, Bolton and Newn; M. P. Houghton, Radley and Worth and Churchill; R. G. Clutterbuck, Sir J Rich's and Emm; S. Cochrane, K Edward VI HS, Birmingham and King's; P. G. Curnock, St Julian's HS, Newport and Cl; M. Curtis, Lord Wandsworth C and Selw; J. C. Dalton, Aylesbury HS and Newn; G. R. Davies, Cardiff HS and Down; P. J. Davis, Liverpool C and Queens'; M. E. Dean, Camp HS and Fitzw; M. H. Dedman, Felsted and Clare; R. C. Deering, Cheshunt GS and Pemb; P. S. J. Dignan, Weggeston and Down; R. H. Dorsey, Leeds Modern and Fitzw; N. Dracass, St Marylebone GS and Fitzw; *G. P. Dyche, Peebles HS and Christ's*; D. T. Eccles, Wallasey GS and Clare; E. Eckstein, Edgbaston HS and Clare; M. Ellis, Llandovery C and Joh; P. A. England, Spondon and Calus.
CLASS 2, Div 2: J. Benn, Taunton and Trin; H. D. Chase, Oundle and Queen's; I. Critchley, Manchester GS and Sidney; R. A. Dinwiddie, King's, Canterbury and King's; A. P. B. Elgood, Bradfield C and Pemb; J. M. Gibson, Portsdown C and Sidney; R. J. Griffiths, Haileybury and Magd; J. R. Hogg, Nottingham HS and Emm; D. A. Keable-Elliott, Sherborne and Magd; D. Klinger, Malvern and Selw; P. J. Langham, Accrington GS and Christs; R. Ledger, K Edward VI, Nuneaton and Cath; L. D. Lester, Hastings HS and New H; R. M. Lewis, Lewes Priory and Fitzw; A. G. Long, Hele's and Churchill; P. J. O'Brien, St Bede's, Manchester and Christ's; N. Patterson, Winchester and Jesus; C. J. Peters, Rossall and King's; L. M. Simmonds, Gravesend and King's; A. Simmons, High Wycombe RGS and Pemb; A. M. T. Sommeroux, St Mary's Convent, Cambridge and New H.
SECTION 2, CLASS 1: S. J. Schaffer, Varndean GS and Trin.
CLASS 2, Div 1: A. Brown, Colne Valley HS and Cath; D. C. Given, Christ's Hosp and Queen's; A. C. Kenner, Birkenhead HS and King's; T. R. Rider, Stowe and Corpus; O. J. Timbs, Winchester Co HS and Girton; R. J. Treseder, Bognor Regis and Fitzw.
CLASS 2, Div 2: J. E. Burnell, Glasgow Acad and Calus; J. H. Fairclough, Mount St Mary's C and Down; P. R. Fernandes, Loreto Convent, Nairobi, Conv of the Sacred Heart, Wimbledon and Girton; S. A. French, Reading and Fitzw; C. S. Herbert, Hunstanton and Trin H; P. N. Hillman, Kettering GS and Joh; G. F. Holborn, Sherborne and Fitzw; F. J. Kirkham, Haberdashers' Aske's and Girton; A. J. P. Mapplebeck, St Ambrose C and Trin H; P. Reith, Hull HS and Girton; A. R. Stewart, Edin Acad and Corpus; A. J. West, Uppingham and Corpus; P. Wilmshurst, Nottingham HS and Trin H.

Forthcoming marriages

Viscount Raynham and Miss H. Ponsonby
The engagement is announced between Charles, eldest son of the Marquess Townshend, Raynham Hall, Fakenham, Norfolk, and Lady Gault, Hemingstone Hall, Ipswich, Suffolk, and Hermione, daughter of Lieutenant-Commander R. M. D. Ponsonby, Gordon House, Sunningdale, Ascot, and Mrs D. E. J. Ponsonby, Rose Cottage, Warmington, near Banbury, Oxfordshire.

Mr J. R. Brock and Miss G. M. Day
The engagement is announced between John Richard, only son of Mr and Mrs A. T. Brock, of The Cottage, Haldon Gardens, Dunchideock, Devon, and Gillian Margaret, only daughter of Mr J. B. Day, Plymouth, Montserrat, British West Indies, and Mrs B. Little, 3 Burlington Road, Redland, Bristol.

Mr R. J. Else and Miss C. M. Wicks
The engagement is announced between Richard, son of Mr and Mrs W. J. Else, of Birstall, Leicester, and Cecily Margaret, daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs R. S. Wicks, of 44 Wellington Park, Bristol.

Mr F. S. Eve and Miss C. J. A. Harrower
The engagement is announced between Fiona Somers, only son of the late Mr Hugh Brian Eve and Mrs Herbert Magnus, of Kingston, Jamaica, and Cara Jean Anne, only daughter of Mr James Stephen Harrower, of Jersey, Channel Islands, and elder daughter of Mrs Edward Bacon, of Hill House, Mobberley, Cheshire.

Mr I. P. Fraser and Miss I. S. Brown
The engagement is announced between Iain Peter, younger son of Lieutenant-Commander George L. Fraser, RD, RNR, and Mrs Fraser, of Redbridge, Essex, and Isabel Sally, second daughter of Mr and Mrs Robert C. Brown, of York.

Mr A. Mathieson and Miss C. J. Giles
The engagement is announced from Hongkong between Alexander, elder son of Mr and Mrs W. A. C. Mathieson, of 13 Sydney House, Woodstock Road, London, W4, and Cynthia, only daughter of Mrs Janet Giles and the late Mr Leonard Giles, of Cleveland, Ohio.

Mr D. G. Nott and Miss A. J. Thrush
The engagement is announced between David George, only son of Mr and Mrs George Nott, of Windward, Sandbanks Road, Poole, Dorset, and Amanda Jayne, youngest daughter of Mr and Mrs Frank C. Thrush, of Stilemans, Godalming, Surrey.

Mr J. C. J. Readman and Miss A. J. Briggs
The engagement is announced between John Charles Jeffrey, son of Lieutenant-Colonel J. R. Readman, MC, and Mrs Readman, of Glassingall, Dunblane, Scotland, and Amanda Jane, daughter of Mr J. R. Briggs, of the Isle of Wight, and Mrs M. A. Briggs, of Tubermory, Isle of Mull, and Chobham, Surrey.

Lieut R. D. Sanderson, RN, and Miss S. A. L. Boustead
The engagement is announced between Lieutenant Richard Dennis Sanderson, Royal Navy, younger son of Captain D. Sanderson, Royal Navy, and Mrs Sanderson, of Alverstoke, Hampshire, and Sarah Anne Lorna, daughter of Mr E. M. D. Boustead, of Shamley House, Shamley Green, Surrey, and the late Mrs Boustead.

Dr J. R. Seale and Mrs M. J. Blaydon
The engagement is announced between John Richard Seale, of Lister House, 12 Wimpole Street, London, W1, and Muffet Jane Blaydon, formerly of St Croix, Virgin Islands.

Mr R. P. Sherman-James and Miss S. M. Armin
The engagement is announced between Robert Paul, son of Mr and Mrs E. R. Sherman-James, of Ottery St Mary, Devon, and Susan Mary, youngest daughter of Dr and Mrs R. H. Armin, of Burnham-on-Sea, Somerset.

Mr P. Wilson and Miss E. Walker
The engagement is announced of Peter, elder son of Sir Geoffrey Wilson, KCB, and Lady Wilson, of Sheffield Terrace, W8, to Elspeth, daughter of the late Mr Norman Walker and Mrs Merle Walker, of Roehampton, SW15.

Marriages

Captain J. F. Q. Fenwick and Miss M. M. Dunn
The marriage took place in Suffolk on June 21 of Captain Justin Fenwick, Grenadier Guards, of Barhams Manor, Higham, and Miss Marcia Dunn, of Overbury Hall, Layham. The Right Rev Mgr Alfred Gilbey, the Very Rev Dean of Bocking and the Rev B. Nightingale took part in the service.
A reception was held at the home of the bride.

Mr S. N. Stourton and Mrs A. J. Scratchley
The marriage took place yesterday at St. James's, Spanish Place, between Mr Simon Stourton, younger son of Sir Ivo and the late Mrs Stourton, and Pamela, widow of Alexander Scratchley.

The school and the chapel of Wilson's School at Mollison Drive, Wallington, Surrey, will be dedicated by the Bishop of Southwark and the buildings officially opened by Dr H. J. Habakkuk, vice-chancellor, Oxford University, at 2.30 p.m. on July 4.

Birthdays today

Sir Bernard Burrows, 65; Rear-Admiral Earl Cairns, 66; Sir Frederick Deakin, 62; Air Marshal Sir Aubrey Ellwood, 78; Sir Eric Franklin, 65; Sir Frank Gibbs, 80; Sir Reg Goodwin, 67; Sir Ludwig Guttmann, 76; Vice-Admiral Sir Hugh Mackenzie, 62; Mr F. W. Mulley, MP, 57; Viscount Scarsdale, 77

Today's engagements

The Queen opens the new St Andrew's House, Edinburgh, 11.
The Duke of Edinburgh, as president of the Council for National Academic Awards, visits Dunfermline College of Physical Education, Edinburgh, and presents degrees at the graduation ceremony, 10.05. As an honorary member, he attends a luncheon given by the Rotary Club of Edinburgh at the North British Hotel, Edinburgh, 12.45. The Queen and The Duke give an afternoon party in the garden of the palace of Holyroodhouse.
The Prince of Wales opens the American War of Independence Exhibition at The British Library, Great Russell Street, 5.45.

Luncheons

HM Government
Lord Goronwy-Roberts, Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs, and Lady Goronwy-Roberts were hosts yesterday at a luncheon at Admiralty House in honour of Te Arikinui Dame Te Atarangikaahu, High Chieftainess of the Maori People.

HM Government
Mr Edward Rowlands, Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs was host yesterday at the Hyde Park Hotel at a luncheon in honour of Chief Kaiser Matanzima, Chief Minister of the Transkei, and Dr Cedric Phatudi, Chief Minister of Lebowa.

Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales
The Lord Mayor attended a luncheon given by Mr John Grenside, President of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, and members of the council, at Chartered Accountants' Hall yesterday. Alderman K. R. Cork and Officers of the Corporation of London were also present.

Aims for Freedom and Enterprise
The Council of Aims for Freedom and Enterprise held their first Scottish annual luncheon at the Albany Hotel, Glasgow, yesterday to celebrate Free Enterprise Week. *Mr Harold Whitson, chairman of the Scottish Committee*, presided.

Smeatonian Society of Civil Engineers
The Smeatonian Society of Civil Engineers held a luncheon at the United Service Club yesterday. Mr R. W. Hawkey presided.

Reception

Guild of Freemen
The Guild of Freemen of the City of London held a reception yesterday evening on HQS Wellington. The master of the guild, Mr C. R. Coward, and Mrs Coward, received the Freemen of the City of London and their ladies.

Dinners

HM Government
To celebrate the Queen's birthday, the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs and Mrs Callaghan were hosts at a dinner at Hampton Court Palace last night. The principal guests were the High Commissioners and Ambassadors in London and their ladies and the other guests included:
Members of HM Government, the House of Commons and the Diplomatic Service, Archbishop Bruno Heim, Major-General the Hon Sir Michael and Lady Fitzalan-Howard, the Mayor and Mayoress of Richmond-upon-Thames, Miss R. M. Barrhard and Miss Betty Lockwood.

Mrs Roy Jenkins
The Home Secretary and Mrs Jenkins gave a dinner on Monday, June 30, at 33 Ladbroke Square, in honour of Sir James and Lady Waddell, on the occasion of Sir James Waddell's retirement from the Home Office. Other guests were:
Mr Robert Carr, MP, Lord Harris of Greenwich, Sir Philip Allen, Sir Arthur Peterson, Sir Robert Mark, and Mr G. H. Phillips.

Law Society
The President of The Law Society and Lady Singleton gave a dinner party at 60 Carey Street, yesterday evening.

Banquet

Lady Mayoress
The Lord Mayor and the Lady Mayoress gave a state banquet at the Mansion House yesterday evening to the archbishops, bishops and clergy of the Anglican communion at home and overseas, the aldermen, sheriffs, some members of the Court of Common Council, and high officers of the Corporation of London and their ladies. The Archbishop of Canterbury, the Archbishop of York and the Lord Mayor were the speakers.

Memorial services

Sir Walter Adams
Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother, Chancellor of London University, was represented by Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Martin Gilliat at a memorial service for Sir Walter Adams held yesterday at the Church of Christ the King, Gordon Square. Prebendary Eric Tinker officiated, the Rev Professor Robert Craig (principal and vice-chancellor, Rhodesia University) and the Rev Graham Dowell read the lessons. Professor Ralf Dahrendorf (director, London School of Economics) and Professor Joel Hurstfield gave the addresses. Among those present were:
Lady Adams (widow), Mr and Mrs Michael Adams and Mr and Mrs George Adams (sons and daughters-in-law), Dr Peter Adams (son), Miss Natasha Adams (daughter), Mr Walter Sachs, Elena, Anna and Paul Adams (grandchildren), Mr Robin Adams (brother), Petty Officer P. Southgate.
Lord Robbins, Lord Hastings, Lord Chorley, QC, Lord Fulton, Sir Frederick Dainton, Sir Douglas Allen, *Sir Christopher Cox, Sir Sydney Caine*, Sir Hugh Springer (Association of Commonwealth Universities), Sir Roy Marshall, Sir William Mansfield Cooper, Sir Robert Birley, Sir Victor and Lady Mitchell, Sir Alan Hitchman, Sir William Deakin, Dr F. Hartley (representing the Vice-Chancellor, London University) with Sir Douglas Logan and Lady Logan, Mr J. R. Stewart, Mr R. G. Hutchings, Dr and Mrs M. Wilson, Sir Harry Melville, Sir Brian Windeyer, Sir A. Tattersall, Professor J. H. Burns, Mr R. Michael, Dr B. Thwaites, Dr R. Tress and Mrs Tress, Dr G. H. Bolsover, Professor Lynch, Professor B. Pinson, Professor R. V. Tymms and Sir Miles and Lady Clifford.
Mr Huw Wheldon, Mr J. M. Gullick, Mr J. Alcock and Mr J. Pike (London School of Economics), Mr and Mrs Alan Pifer (Carnegie Corporation, New York), Major-General and Mrs Lloyd, Professor J. W. Blake, Professor R. Kirkwood, Professor T. Fuller, Dr G. Templeman, Miss E. Simpson (Society for the Protection of Science and Learning), Professor R. A. Humphreys, Mrs K. MacDonald and Mrs E. Hemstock (British Council), Miss Dorothy Hamerton (Royal Institute of International Affairs), Dr C. Butler (Nuffield Foundation), Mr Maxwell (Inter-University Council), and Mr Temple (Commonwealth Scholarships Commission).

Mr A. W. Tuke
The Lord Mayor was represented by Sir Bernard Waley-Cohen at a memorial service for Mr A. W. Tuke, held at St Michael's, Cornhill, yesterday. Canon Norman Motley officiated and Mr A. F. Tuke (son) read the lesson. Among those present were:
Mrs A. F. Tuke (daughter-in-law), Mr and Mrs James Tuke and Miss Eva Tuke (grandchildren), Brigadier and Mrs F. C. Curtis, Mr Andrew Curtis, Lord Seebohm, Lord Clydesmuir (governor, Bank of Scotland), Lord Sherfield and Mr J. L. Thorn (Winchester College), Sir John Thomson and Lady Thomson, Sir Richard Pease and Lady Pease, Sir Roderick Barclay.
Mr T. D. Barclay, Mr F. H. Bevan and Mrs Bevan, Mr D. E. Wilde, Mr and Mrs A. Lambert and Mrs Lambert, Mr R. G. Dyson, Mr J. R. Henderson, Mr W. G. Bryan and Mrs Bryan, Mr F. W. A. Fairfax-Cholmeley, Mr E. C. Ruggles-Brise, Mr E. Brimelow and Mrs Brimelow, Mr A. A. Gibbs, Mr R. Q. Gurney, Mr David Trafil, Mr A. G. Tritton and other past and present members of the staff of Barclays Bank.
Sir John Prideaux (chairman, National Westminster Bank), Sir Reginald Verdon-Smith (representing the chairman, Lloyds Bank), Sir Hugh Wontner, Sir Edward Gosden, Lady Lenanton, Sir John Partridge, Sir Desmond Lee, Sir Jeremy Morse, Captain C. Fane, Marquis de Mitamron, Mr Oliver Lessel, Mr Michael Toynbee and Mr R. H. Whitaker.

Sir Eric Studd
A memorial service for Sir Eric Studd was held yesterday at St James's, Piccadilly. The Rev William Baddeley officiated, assisted by the Rev John Studd (son) who also read the lesson. Lieutenant-Colonel the Rev Giles Brocklebank gave an address.
Among those present were:
Lady Studd (widow), Sir Kynaston and Lady Studd and Mrs and Mrs E. J. Studd (sons and daughters-in-law), Mr and Mrs Victor Spindel (son-in-law and daughter), Mrs John Studd (daughter-in-law), and Miss Vera Studd (sister).

OBITUARY

JAMES ROBERTSON-JUSTICE

Doctor in the House



James Robertson-Justice died at his home in Stockbridge yesterday at the age of 70.

He was a late starter in acting and did not achieve his greatest fame until he was nearly fifty, when he played the irrascible surgeon Sir Lancelot in the film of *Doctor in the House*.

This led, inevitably, to his being typed as a peppery doctor, professor, lawyer, sailor, senior spy or whatever his height (over six foot), his age

BELL'S
SCOTCH WHISKY
"Afore ye go"

Stock Exchange prices

Early gains lost

ACCOUNT DAYS: Dealings Began, June 30. Dealings End, July 11. § Contango Day, July 14. Settlement Day, July 22.
§ Forward bargains are permitted on two previous days.

SAVILLS
SHOP PROPERTY
20 Grosvenor Hill · Berkeley Sq · London W1X 0HQ
Telephone 01-499 8644 · Telex 263796

BRITISH FUNDS

1974/75 High	Low	Stock	Price	Ch'ge	Int. only Yield	Gross Red. Yield
98¾	92¾	Savings 3½	96½			3.624
89¾	82¾	Exch 6½	87½			6.625
97¾	88	Treas 9½	97			6.702
99	95	Victory 4½	96¾			4.040
101¾	94⅛	Treas 12½	105⅝			10.459
95	84¾	Treas 9½	95			6.454
93⅛	81¼	Elec 3½	87½			3.210
103¾	98¾	Treas 11½	101⅝			11.281
88¾	84⅝	Treas 3½	87½			3.415
92¼	78	Treas 4½	82			4.486
98¾	89¾	Treas 9½	96			9.478
109¾	96	Treas 10½	107⅝			10.805
87⅝	76	Exch 5½	84			5.934
77¾	65¾	Treas 3½	73½			3.634
103¾	94¾	Treas 11½	102⅝			11.445
93¼	69¾	Elec 4½	74½			5.352
100⅜	95¾	Treas 10½	99⅝			10.539
73¾	67¼	Elec 3½	70½			4.457
85	81⅝	Treas Cnv 9½	84¾			9.686
98⅝	94⅝	Treas 9½	98⅛			10.012
84½	68¾	Fund 5¼	74⅝			6.563
73¾	61¾	Treas 3½	68⅝			4.838
75½	61⅜	Treas 3½	67⅝			4.738
71¾	52¾	Treas 3½	64⅝			9 847
104¼	89¾	Treas 12½	103			12.112
96	84	Berlin 4½	90			
28	22	Chilean Mixed	25			
55¾	53	E Africa 6½	57½			9.837
74	68	German 4½	70			
27½	23	Hungary 4½	24½			
76	53¾	Ireland 4½	71½			
14	9¾	Jamaica 4½	11½			9.776
38¾	34	Japan 4½	36			
63½	46	Japan 6½	53½			
61½	52½	Kenya 5½	59½			8.386
76½	64	Malaya 5½	73½			10.186
71¾	67¼	N Z 5½	70½			7.821
96¾	84¾	N Z 7½	93½			8.232
53¾	44	N Z 4½	52½			13.492
84	74	N Z 6½	82½			11.647
70½	60	N Rhd 4½	68½			8.038
64½	61½	Nyasa 6½	61			8.251
135	90	Peru 6½	135			
95¾	83½	S A Gov 6½	94½			
20	16	S Rhd 3½	19½			
61	51	S Rhd 4½	57½			
31	24	S Rhd 5½	28½			
96	83	Spanish 4½	96			
14	8	Tsng 5½	8½			9.297
74	61	Uruguay 3½	71			

COMMONWEALTH AND FOREIGN

85¾	73¾	Aust 5½	76½			6.542
89¾	78¾	Aust 6½	81½			7.354
89	58½	Aust 6½	81-83			8.298
69¾	58¾	Aust 6½	81-83			9.341
85¾	68	Aust 6½	74-76			6.421
94¾	81¾	Aust 6½	74-76			9.410
100	84	Berlin 4½	Ass 90			
28	22	Chilean Mixed	25			
55¾	53	E Africa 6½	57-63			9.837
74¾	68	German 4½	70			
27½	23	Hungary 4½	24½			
76	53¾	Ireland 4½	71-83			
14	9¾	Jamaica 4½	11-79			9.776
38¾	34	Japan Ass 4½	36-40			
63½	46	Japan 6½	53-59			
61½	52½	Kenya 5½	59-72			8.386
76½	64	Malaya 5½	73-82			10.186
71¾	67¼	N Z 5½	70-82			7.821
96¾	84¾	N Z 7½	93-76			8.232
53¾	44	N Z 4½	52-82			13.492
84	74	N Z 6½	82-86			11.647
70½	60	N Rhd 4½	68-84			8.038
64½	61½	Nyasa 6½	61-78			8.251
135	90	Peru 6½	Ass 135			
95¾	83½	S A Gov 6½	94-76			
20	16	S Rhd 3½	19-57			
61	51	S Rhd 4½	57-72			
31	24	S Rhd 5½	28-81			
96	83	Spanish 4½	96			
14	8	Tsng 5½	8-82			9.297
74	61	Uruguay 3½	71			

LOCAL AUTHORITIES

24¼	15½	L C C 3½	1920	19½		15.702
61	36	L C C 5½	80-83	80		8.504
64¾	48	L C C 5½	82-84	58½		9.184
64	48¼	L C C 5½	82-84	58½		9.411
61¾	44	L C C 5½	85-87	50½		10.904
61¾	44	L C C 5½	88-93	48		9.976
61¾	44	L C C 5½	94-98	48		12.822
61¾	53¾	L C C 6½	1976	74½		7.144
83	69	L C C 6½	1977	91		7.143
83	69	L C C 6½	1978	91		7.143
92¾	79½	L C C 7½	1979	98½		7.636
92¾	79½	L C C 7½	80-82	94½		9.307
92¾	73	L C C 7½	83-85	94½		11.515
92¾	73	L C of L 7½	86-88	94½		7.846
92¾	73	L C of L 7½	89-91	94½		9.491
92¾	56¾	Ag Mt 7½	81-84	94½		11.174
66¾	45	Ag Mt 5½	91-93	50½		14.298
66¾	45	Ag Mt 5½	89-90	51½		13.402
73¾	57	Belfast 6½	91-96	52		9.034
73¾	57	Brighton 6½	91-96	50½		9.047
73¾	57	Bristol 6½	74-75	96½		7.087
73¾	57	Camden 6½	77-79	91¼		7.999
73¾	57	Croydon 6½	76-81	77¼		9.458
73¾	57	Edin 6½	77-79	91½		7.999
89	69	Glasgow 6½	80-82	91¼		11.557
73¾	57	Gwlch 6½	76-78	85		7.940
90¾	73¾	Herts 6½	76-77	98½		7.520
73¾	57	Liverpl 6½	76-77	98½		7.520
73¾	57	Liverpl 6½	76-77	98½		7.799
21¾	15¾	Met Water B 4		21¼		14.826
73¾	58¾	N I 6½	78-80	79		9.274
61¾	46	N I 6½	81-83	67½		12.186
64¾	53¾	N I Elec 6½	81-83	64		10.515
73¾	54	Notts 6½	76-78	98½		7.893
73¾	57¾	Sthend 6½	77-78	98½		6.668
73¾	57	Strath 6½	77-79	91½		7.895
89	69¾	Surrey 6½	78-80	75		8.000

1974/75 High	Low	Company	Price	Ch'ge	Gross Div Yield	pence	%	P/E
Investment Dollar Premium			25% (27½)					
Premium Conversion Factor			0.6117					

FOREIGN STOCKS

42½	19¾	Bayer	£26			156	4.3	18.3
14⅛	12¾	Commerzbank	£13¾			120.1	4.5	38.4
35	13¾	Cp Fin Paris	£33¾			185	5.1	13.0
51½	26	EBES	£44			199	4.5	
45¾	23¾	Ericsson	£44			63.6	1.4	31.2
44	27	Finabel	29					
19	13	Gutehoff	£29½			116	4.1	6.3
436	260	Hoechst	410			16.5	4.0	18.1
85	45	Montecatini E	85					
23½	11½	NEFO NV	£20			86.1	4.3	21.0
867	212	Robeco fl.5	562			152.6	4.1	42.4
417	262	Rolinco Subs fl 5	404			32	0.8	63.3
240	130	Sola Viscosa	175			4.3	2.5	
550	210	Thyssen-Huette	490			24.8	5.1	8.4
384	159	Volkswagen	£33					

DOLLAR STOCKS

10⅜	6½	Brascan	£9⅛			41.9	6.6	4.9
10¾	5½	BP Canada	£10¾					
12⅞	6¼	Can Pac Ord	£10¼			26.8	3.4	10.4
10	6¼	Hudsons Bay	£9¾			41.7	4.4	17.8
27¾	35¾	Exxon Corp	£69¾					
38	19¾	Fluor	£37			16.5	0.4	41.7
38	14¾	Hollinger	£30¾					
18¾	10¾	Hud Bay Oil	£17½			25.9	1.1	48.7
15½	8	Husky Oil	£15¾					
820	425	Int Hdgs	830			21.1	2.4	
52¾	13¾	Int Nickel	£51¾			68.1	3.1	12.5
13¾	6¾	INCO Int	£12¾			50.1	3.9	7.9
35¾	9¾	Kaiser Alum	£31¾			50.1	3.2	
14	7⅜	Massey-Ferg	£11¾			41.3	3.5	7.4
18½	6¼	Pacific Petrol	£15¾					
19¾	10¼	Rug Can Canadian	£18¾					
138	51	Steep Rock	101					
900	475	Trans Can P	700					
52	19¼	US Steel	£46¾					
825	250	White Pass	540			15.3	1.1	90.9
39½	10	Zapata Corp	£29¾			24.8	0.9	16.3

BANKS AND DISCOUNTS

233	130	Alexs Discount	185			16.3	5.8	8.8
480	200	Allen S & Sons	310	+10		29.2	6.5	8.8
98	56	Anglo Cal Nat	160			14.3	7.3	10.4
425	110	Aust & NZ	395			14.3	3.6	11.4
37½	30	Bk Hapoalim	30			0.7	2.2	34.3
885	175	Bk of Ireland	450			24.9	5.3	4.4
348	164	Bk Leumi Israel	328			13.9	4.2	6.5
260	165	Bk Leumi UK	260			25.6	9.8	7.8
340	265	Bk of NSW	280			25	8.9	17.8
344	174	Bk of N Scotia	£334			87.5	2.6	31.1
385	103	Bk of Scotland	240	+10		12.4	5.1	8.3
98	54	Bks Trst NY	£84			3.6	4.2	13.3
190	110	Barclays Bank	272			12.4	4.6	7.3
198	17	Bates E Hdgs	36					5.5
108	66	Brown Shipley	110			10.7	9.1	
108	82	Cater Ryder	100			12.5	12.5	6.5
13	13	Cedar Hdgs	13			2.0	15.4	6.6
194	164	Chase Man	£205			93.1	3.3	12.7
31½	14¾	Citicorp	31½			36.1	11.4	5.0
108	75	Com Bk of Aust	108			8.1	4.7	14.0
205	100	Com Bk of Syd	175			7.6	4.4	10.5
24¾	15¾	CC De France	23			103	3.8	19.3
4	3	First Nat Fin	3					
6	2	Fraser Ans	3			1.1	10.0	31.4
178	115	Gerrard & Nat	£235			18.1	7.6	7.6
34	24	Gibbs A.	32			2.1	6.5	15.2
240	142	Gilbert Bros	240			20.8	8.0	7.8
118	58	Grindlays Hdgs	58					
115	55	Guinness Peat	142			10.6b	7.5	7.1
36	6	Hambros £10	£13			199	8.4	11.5
180	50	Do Ord	178			10.9	8.4	11.5
24	24	Hill Samuel	24			5.5	6.5	9.3
84¾	84	Hong K & Shang	£88			4.6	1.9	33.0
220	220	Israel Brit	220			15.0	6.8	4.5
40	40	Jessel Toynbee	40			6.2		
93	93	Keyser Ullmann	93			15.1	16.2	
93	93	King & Shaxson	93			4.4	4.7	
53	53	Kleinwort Ben	104			14.2	13.6	4.8
93	93	Lloyds Bank	£215	-10		10.4	4.8	7.4
34	34	Mercury Secs	134			16.1	12.0	6.8
136¾	136¾	Midland	£230	-3		16.1	7.0	6.8
12½	12½	Minster Assets	24			4.0	16.7	3.0
114	114	Nat of Aust	260			9.5	3.6	9.6
24	24	Nat Com Bk Grp	24			3.5	14.6	6.8
310	90	Nat Westminster	£83			10.9	13.1	5.0
38	38	Rea	38			3.5	9.2	16.0
85	85	Rea Bros	85			8.5	10.0	8.2
154	154	Royal of Can	£244			80.0	3.3	10.2
100	100	Schroders	130			13.0	10.0	7.7
264	154	Secombe Mar	266			19.5	7.3	6.7
165	165	Slater Walker	165			11.9	7.2	9.3
130	130	Smith St Aubyn	130			20.3	15.6	6.3
210	210	Stand'd & Chart	£255			24.0	9.4	8.5
130	130	Union Discount	210			24.0	11.4	6.3
85	61	Wintrust	84			4.4	5.2	4.8

BREWERIES AND DISTILLERIES

134	91	Allied	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Ass Chemicals	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Bell	8.6p			3.2	3.6	11.0
134	91	Buckingtons	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Brown M.	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Burtonwood	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Cantrell J. W.	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	C of Ldn Dfd	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Devenish	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Distillers	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Greenall	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Greene King	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Guinness	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Hardys & H'sons	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Highland	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Invergordon	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Irish Distillers	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Long John Int	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Marston	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Morland & Co	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Scot & Newcastle	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Seagram	£229½			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	SA Breweries	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Teacher	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Tomatin	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Vaux	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Whitbread 'A'	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Do B	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Whitbread Inv	134			4.8	3.6	11.0
134	91	Wolverhampton	134			4.8	3.6	11.0

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

A—B

1974/75 High	Low	Company	Price	Ch'ge	Gross Div Yield	pence	%	P/E
178	48	AAH	116	+2		12.0	10.3	6.0
103	32	AB Electronic	38			4.1	10.8	9.1
48	36	AC Cars	48			13	3.2	13.4
95	38	ADE	83	-2		3.3	3.5	9.5
66	15	AGB Research	34			3.1	9.1	5.7
230	93	APV Hldgs	205			13.0	6.3	7.9
80	21	AVP Ind	43			3.5b	8.7	4.6
90	13	Aaronson Bros	21	+1		2.8b	8.9	5.0
18	9½	Abrasives Int	12			2.2	17.9	4.1
109½	40	Acrow	65	+1		5.2b	8.4	9.5
14½	23½	Do A	23	+5		5.2b	8.4	9.5
25	14	Adams Food	24			1.6	6.8	12.3
20	5	Addn Int	5½					2.0
170	57	Advert Group	124	+2		9.2b	7.4	6.8
48	8	Aerofl & Gen.	18			1.5	8.3	8.8
115	68	Airflx Ind	98			4.0	4.1	11.4
66	17½	Do NV	48			4.0	8.4	5.6
20	12	Albright & W	18			2.1	11.7	4.9
79	55	Alcan 10½%	162½	+1		1030	16.0	
85	54	Do 9½% Cnv	88½	-½		600	12.3	
49	30	Allen W. G.	49	+1		5.1	10.4	9.6
49	15	Alliance Aiders	27½			1.7	6.1	7.5
128	38	Allied Colloids	82			2.1	2.6	10.3
30	7½	Allied Insulators	14½			1.6	11.2	4.5
29	7	Allied Plant	12			0.6	5.3	3.7
47	30	Allied Polymer	38			8.4	9.4	7.8
11	7	Alpine Hldgs	10					8.2
186	113	Amal Metal	117			18.0	10.2	1.9
70	35	Amal Power	37			4.7b	12.7	6.4
16	6	Amber Day	8			2.5	8.3	3.5
11	6½	Amber Ind Hldgs.	7			0.6	8.9	3.7
34	24	Anchor Chem	28	+1		5.2	17.5	3.7
134	113	Anderson Strath	134			13.1b	11.5	5.0
220	165	Andrew Ind	220			25.5	4.4	15.9
67	33	Ang Swiss Hldgs	34			4.7	13.9	3.1
135	82½	Anglo-N'Thai Carp	115			2.0	1.7	8.4
38	13	Anglowest	28			2.4	9.7	10.7
20	20	Applegarth	20			5.5	13.8	7.5
104	19	Aquascutum 'A'	19			1.7	9.3	6.2
34	12	Arlington Mtr	12			8.5b	13.7	5.6
104	57	Armitage Shanks	44	+3		6.1	13.8	9.9
46	34	Arnot Equip	34			2.4	6.1	7.0
46	34	Ash Spinning	34	+3		5.2	15.3	3.8
62	22½	Aspreys 'Gtw Pf	22			8.3	17.9	5.1
59	22½	Ass Biscuit	58			3.7	5.6	9.7
27	19½	Do A	58			3.7	6.6	8.3
18	9½	Ass Brit Eng	16					6.7
92	52	Ass Brit Food	59	+2		4.2	7.1	9.9
158	85	Ass Engineer	85	+1		5.6b	10.9	6.7
38	24	Ass Fisheries	38	+3		5.3	18.8	5.2
37½	9½	Ass Leisure	37			3.3	14.0	6.0
166	85	Ass News	85			6.0	10.6	5.7
98	24	Ass Paper	24	+½		4.9	15.7	3.3
169	61	Ass Port Cement	143			10.4	7.3	12.2
13	13	Ass Tel 'A'	13			6.0	14.0	6.6
37	27	Ass Tooling	29			2.5	8.6	5.3
17	11	Astbury & Midley	17			2.1	12.3	5.3
125	85	Atlas Stone	85			6.8	8.0	9.0
11	11	Attwood Garage	11			3.3	14.3	5.6
36	18	Audiotronic	36			5.3	14.8	8.6
33	13	Aust & Wiberg	27			2.2	11.8	6.5
43	13	Aurora Hldgs	13			1.2p	10.3	5.8
43	33	Austin & Pick	43			4.5	10.6	6.9
112	40½	Automotive Pd	99			6.7	6.7	10.0
121	29	Avery	99					3.0
121	29	Avon Rubber	46	+2		3.5	7.6	9.5
17	17	BBA Grp	17			1.1	6.5	6.2
14	14	BPB Ind	14			2.3	16.4	4.3
14	14	BPM Hldgs 'A'	14			3.7	13.7	8.2
224	224	BOC Int	224			3.7b	8.1	7.4
13	4	BSG Int	4					11.3
21	21	BSR Ltd	21			4.1	4.4	6.5
133½	117	BTR Ltd	133½			3.7	2.8	9.8
176	176	Babcock & W	202					2.0
98	18	Bacal Const	18			2.7	14.8	5.0
19	19	Baggeridge Brk	19			2.3	12.1	5.2
44	44	Bailey C.H. Ord	44			6.3	4.9	2.8
29	29	Baird W.	29			12.5	43.1	4.6
16	16	Baker Perkins	16			4.0	9.5	15.6
19	19	Bamberger's	19			3.3	9.3	3.1
38	38	Barker & Dixon	38					
332	332	Barlow Rand	332			12.8	3.8	9.6
33	33	Barr & Wallace	33			3.3	10.0	6.0
11	11	Do A	11			2.3	13.3	9.0
115	34	Barratt Devs	95			9.0b	9.4	4.7
144	192	Barrow Hepbn	34			4.6b	13.1	4.3
39	16	Barton & Sons	39			3.9	12.0	8.3
39	16	Bassett G.	39			3.7	10.0	5.9
194	97½	Bath & P'land	97			7.7	10.1	3.6
135	57	Baxter Fell	76			5.7	10.1	5.6
51	24	Beales J.	37			3.1	11.4	6.5
92	30	Beatson Clark	44			5.5	13.1	8.9
30	30	Beauford Grp	30			3.0	12.5	6.2
25	25	Beaverbrook	25			2.5a	9.8	
16	12	Do A	31			0.5a	1.6	
511	511	Beckman A.	511			6.7	15.0	5.4
110	110	Beecham Grp	280			7.9	2.8	15.3
85	85	Bejam Grp	85			4.9	6.4	14.5
30	30	Bemrose Corp	30			2.4	8.0	5.3
16	16	Bcun Bros	16			2.4	15.1	4.4
120	65	Bensons Int	90			6.1	6.8	4.0
168	57	Berisf'ds S. & W.	158			8.9	5.6	5.5
35	15	Berisfords	28			2.0	10.6	3.8
16	16	Berger, Jenps	16			2.0	12.5	5.9
134	65½	Bestobell	134			10.9b	3.1	9.4
90	31½	Bett Bros	90			3.9	6.5	8.2
52	25	Bibby J.	47			7.4	11.1	6.7
49	19	Billam J.	45			4.5	10.5	9.5
43	43	Birmid Qualcst	43			5.1	11.8	4.3
49	49	Birmingham Mint	49					9.5
120	90	Bishops Stores	120			3.0	2.5	11.9
53	53	Do A NV	53			3.0	5.6	5.7
168	83	Black & Edgtn	168			6.7	4.0	8.4
53	53	Blackman & C	53			3.1	5.8	10.6
148	274	Blackw Hodge	134	+12		4.3	3.2	9.1
53	11	Blackwood M	14					3.9
109	58	Blagden & N	99			7.7	7.7	4.0
58	58	Blundell Perm	30			3.4	11.3	4.5
16	5½	Boardman K. O.	6½			1.3	18.6	5.2
27½	22	Boots Grp	25			1.8	7.2	13.9
384	142	Bolton Textile	142			11.7	8.1	7.5
59	15	Bonas Webb	35			0.5	1.4	
146	55	Booker McCon	146			8.1	5.5	7.0
143	90	B'ley & Hawes	82			5.8	7.1	6.3
103	90	Boot H.	103			9.7	9.4	6.0
90	90	Boots	205	-4½		8.9	3.4	11.6
17	7	Boulton W.	13½			1.5	12.2	6.0
175½	54	Bowater Corp	143	+2		10.9b	7.6	6.8
45	45	Bowthorpe Hldgs	31			4.9	15.7	3.9
43	15	Braby Leslie	36	+1		4.4b	12.3	5.3
70	40	Brady G.	52			5.3	14.1	4.6
11	7	Do A	43	+3		7.3	14.9	4.3
111	111	Braid Grp	111	+1		1.6	13.1	4.7
135	79	Braithwaite	79	+1		6.1	7.7	5.0
84	84	Brammer H.	84			6.1	7.1	5.0
35	35	Brassey	35			3.8	5.3	3.9
48	48	Bremner	48			5.1	10.7	7.3
53	53	Brent Chem Int	60	+1		2.3	3.8	7.0
24	24	Brewhouse Dud	22			2.1	9.5	5.3
166	55	Bridon	142	+3		6.5b	6.0	6.8
57	48	Brierleys	54			3.2	7.3	10.3
31	15½	Bright J. Grp	29			3.2	10.9	5.5
12	3½	Bristol Plant	9			0.9	13.3	7.7
343	150	Brit Am Tob	328	-2		13.6b	4.9	6.8
58	35	Brit Assets Int	41	+1		2.4	8.2	5.0
33	9	Brit Enkalon	11			0.4	2.6	4.8
115	115	Brit Home Stra	305	+3		10.7	3.5	15.8
49	13	Brit Ind Hldgs	16½			2.1	11.3	4.6
150	85	BICC	121	-2		9.9	8.2	

هكذا من الأصل

THE TIMES
BUSINESS NEWS

Lovell
for CONSTRUCTION

eter Jay
Mr Healey's
atement
ge 21

Weak demand pushes short-time working to near 23-year peak

Tim Congdon

hort-time working in British ustry in April was at its hest level for a normal month e 1952, according to figures ained in today's *Department Employment Gazette*.

ome 237,000 workers, or 4.4 cent of all operatives em-yed in manufacturing in-try, were laid off for part the week during the month, mpared with 220,000, or 4.1 cent, in March.

lthough the proportion of labour force on short-time February, 1972, and January February, 1974, was her, this was attributable to eptional factors such as the ers' strike and the three- week. But the high figure v clearly reflects the weak- s of demand in the labour rket.

year earlier, in April, 1974, proportion of industrial rkers on short-time was only 0.7 per cent. As late as December, 1974, it was 1.3 per cent.

Vehicle manufacturers are being badly affected by the downturn, as well as by recent strikes. About 8.9 per cent of all operatives in the industry are on short-time. But conditions are almost as serious in clothing and footwear, where short-time amounts to 8.5 per cent.

The number of workers on overtime has also declined steadily in recent months. In April, 31 per cent of all operatives in manufacturing industry were working on average, eight hours a week overtime. This compares with 35.7 per cent doing eight and a half hours in December, 1974, and 33.7 per cent doing eight and a half hours in April, 1974.

Again the clothing and footwear industries are the worst hit, *with a mere 6.9 per cent of the workforce involved.*

Disturbing' view of JK from Brussels

om Michael Hornsby
ussels, July 2

The European Commisson lay gave a warning that "last- g steady growth and a gra- al reduction of unemploy- ent" in Community member ates would be unattainable less there was "an appreci- le slowing in the rise in ices in those countries where remains excessive".

In the second of its quar- ly economic reports for 75, the Commission said that itain's short-term economic tlook in particular would main "disturbing" unless soc- contract guidelines were re strictly observed or ome other policy designed moderate wage inflation . . . rsued successfully".

By coincidence, the Commis- n's draft report, which will discussed at a council meet- of EEC finance ministers Brussels on July 10, was blished just a day after the announcement by Mr Healey, the Chancellor, of measures to reduce inflation and restore confidence in the pound.

The proposed 10 per cent ceiling on wage increases has been privately warmly welcomed here—the Commission generally refrains from public comment on specific decisions by EEC member governments—and even goes beyond what it had been thought reasonable to hope for. There remain doubts about how strictly the new measures will be enforced.

The Commission singled out inflation as the "key problem" confronting Britain. Unless inflation was mastered, Britain's other main economic problems: rising unemployment, falling investment, the balance of payments deficit and the record public sector borrowing requirement, would "remain to a large extent unsolved".

Gilts build on earlier gains to close at top

By Our Financial Staff

Gilts had an excellent day and continued the strong advance which began on Tuesday and gathered momentum after Mr Healey's statement. Trading volume was at quite high levels and prices closed at the top

The Government's apparent determination to check inflation was the main helpful influence, with discussion centred on the 10 per cent pay limit and the implications of cash limits for the public sector borrowing requirement.

Gains in "shorts" were mostly of ¼ point. In "longs" they amounted to ½ or ¾ point.

Share prices see-sawed as market professionals struggled against conflicting views of the Chancellor's measures. Some confusion was caused by reports that there would be no statutory wage control, but share prices quickly turned higher after Mr Healey repeated that legislation would be brought in if pay increases exceeded *government limits.*

But the day's gains were lost in late afternoon, when prices wilted as buyers withdrew. The *FT* index ended 0.2 down at 315.3 after soaring earlier to 325.5.

Engineering shares, particularly vulnerable to wage inflation, had a busy session, as did leading exporters like Unilever. Bat and ICI. Relieved by the absence of immediate cuts in public spending and by indications that the housing market is picking up, building shares moved higher.

Food chief fears tighter price control

By Our Financial Staff

Mr John Sainsbury, chairman of J. Sainsbury, has given a warning against tighter price controls in the Government measures to control inflation, to be detailed next week.

In a speech at the big food retailer's annual general meeting in London yesterday, he said: "While there may be some changes in the methods of price control, I do not think it reasonable that, given the thin profit margins in food retailing, any new measures can be effectively more severe than those we have now."

Mr Sainsbury claimed that the "wage paperchase" of the past 18 months meant that the steps announced by the Chancellor could not stop increases already in the pipeline.

Financial News, page 22

Six managing directors named at Brandts

By Christopher Wilkins

Six managing directors have been appointed at Brandts in a sweeping management reshuffle set in train by Grindlays Bank, the merchant bank's parent.

The key appointment, as expected, is that of Mr Dick Jackson, who has become senior managing director and a director of Grindlays. Mr Jackson, who is 38, was brought into Brandts last month from First National City Bank two weeks after it was confirmed that Citibank was raising its stake in Grindlays from 40 to 49 per cent in return for an injection of new capital.

Mr Jackson replaces Mr Michael Andrews, who ceased to be chief executive last month.

The title of managing director is a new one at Brandts, although the other five appointments are all of existing senior executives. They are: Mr Malcolm Bates, who will run the industrial, commercial, investment and timber interests; Mr Geoffrey Dodsworth, who takes over all international activities; Mr Ian Michie, who will be responsible for domestic banking; Mr Philip Ralph, who will head up the United Kingdom financial services; and Mr Brian Tritton, who is in charge of the treasury department.

Norton facing end of cash support

By Edward Townsend

Strong signs emerged last night that the Government will make no further financial aid available to the troubled Norton Villiers Triumph motor cycle group.

Although no official government decision has been made on the company's plea for up to £40m of state support over the next three years, NVT is now understood to have had indications that no extra cash will be forthcoming.

Mr Eric Varley, the Industry Secretary, has already urged NVT to make "no irrevocable decisions" and in a written Commons answer on the issue yesterday he said that future government policy towards the British motor cycle industry would not be formulated until an independent consultants' report on the industry had been received. The report is expected by the middle of this month.

However, NVT has stressed in recent weeks the need for a quick decision and has already begun meetings with union officials to discuss a substantial cut in motor cycle production after the company's holiday shutdown which ends on August 11.

NVT's call for more state aid came in May when it gave a warning that the alternatives were redundancies or the closure of one of its two Midlands factories.

Mr Dennis Poore, the NVT chairman, has persistently maintained that a three-factory United Kingdom motor cycle industry—including the Triumph workers' cooperative at the former NVT factory at Meriden—was not a sound proposition.

The company has also made clear to the Government that complete nationalization of the industry is the best solution to NVT's financial problems. Its difficulties were underlined by the publication yesterday of NVT's accounts which revealed that the company had made a £5.8m loss in the 20 months up to the end of March.

In a statement, NVT said that time was running out and the dangers arising from the Government's endorsement of the three-factory industry without a prior commitment to provide the necessary finance "are crowding in upon us".

Mr Poore, in a further bid to lay the blame on the cooperative, said: "Without Meriden there would have been no problem. Let us forget the recrimination however and all join together in what could be the renaissance of the British motor cycle industry. If the Government fails us, changing its mind yet again, the outlook must indeed be grim."

Public ownership of the entire industry now seems to be the most likely and acceptable course for the Government, a step that would be bitterly opposed by the cooperative.

In his Commons answer yesterday Mr Varley, while saying that no decision had been made, stressed the amount of state aid that had been given to NVT in recent years.

Asked about the security of state loans made to the company he said that no direct loans had been granted. Assistance in 1973 was an investment of £4,872,000 in preference shares and, in the event of a winding up, those shares would have priority.

The Department had guaranteed up to £8m of loans by banks to NVT for the financing of exports and the security for the loans was under discussion with the company. The Export Credit Guarantee Department had also offered £6m of guarantees for exports from Meriden.

Extension of capital gains tax

By Our Financial Staff

The Government is to introduce legislation in the 1976 Finance Bill to tax net capital gains made by investors in shares of companies that are nationalized.

Under present legislation investors would generally be able to avoid paying capital gains tax on such investments. This is because the Government has stated that it is to compensate shareholders in cases of nationalization by the issue of Government securities.

Unlike cash payment, payment in securities does not automatically create a potential capital gains tax liability, while the ultimate disposal of government securities, where they have been held for more than 12 months, is also free of any capital gains tax liability.

But in a written parliamentary answer yesterday, Mr Joel Barnett, Chief Secretary to the Treasury, indicated that, under amending legislation next year, any gains accruing on shares up to the time of compensation would become liable to tax.

In a similar way any capital losses would become available for the norma relief. The tax assessment itself would be made at the time of the disposal of the government securities issued by way of compensation.

Car output down by almost a third

Effects of industrial disputes on the British motor industry in May, and confirmed by the latest figures from the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders show that production dropped to a weekly average of 18,043, almost 8,500 a week fewer than in April.

British Leyland's weekly output fell by half in May compared with the same month last year to an average of 9,136. Chrysler, Ford and Vauxhall also suffered a marked decline in production rates.

Govan Shipbuilders want £25m more

By Our Industrial Correspondent

Govan Shipbuilders has asked the Government to provide additional cash support which could be as much as £25m.

Department of Industry officials are studying the company's request which is based on the effects of inflation on development programme and that losses are now expected to be considerably greater than forecast.

Officials emphasize that decisions on the company's future will have to be taken within the next year. Clearly the Department will be under pressure from management and workers to make a firm commitment to the company.

After the collapse of UCS, Govan Shipbuilders was formed as a wholly-owned Government company based on the former Govan, Scotstoun and Linthouse yards of UCS. The Conservative Government undertook to support the new shipbuilding unit for five years or until it became commercially viable.

Its commitment was based on a study commissioned from merchant bankers Hill, Samuel which indicated a government cash requirement of just over £35m to cover expected losses, a redevelopment programme and working capital.

Although the company (which made a loss of £5.3m last year) in the early years of its life managed to keep the losses within the projected figures, the signs are that these will be considerably exceeded in the next few years.

The redevelopment programme looks as though it will cost over £20m and together with the extra funds required to meet expected losses the total cost of support could amount to between £55-£60m.

Apart from inflation, the cost of the redevelopment has proved to be more expensive than anticipated because of additional work and delays in delivery of essential equipment.

At the same time the 5,000-strong labour force has failed to achieve the productivity improvements outlined in the Hill, Samuel report.

For social, economic and political reasons, the indications are that the Government will give the company's case a sympathetic hearing.

The company is without a finance director following the departure last week of Mr Alistair Crawford.

EEC climbs down on limit to state aid for shipyards

From David Cross
Brussels, July 2

EEC member governments will continue to be allowed to pay subsidies to their shipbuilding industries in spite of earlier attempts by the European Commission to reduce the level of such aids.

Under the terms of a new agreement in principle reached by officials of the Nine in Brussels, direct state aids to shipyards will continue at their present level until the end of 1977 at least. In addition, governments will no longer have to obtain permission from the commission before granting investment aids above a certain minimum level.

Originally the commission had hoped that governments would agree to reduce their shipbuilding aid.

Under pressure from Britain and other EEC governments, the commission climbed down from the interventionist approach

The new rules make it clear that governments will continue to be free to nationalize shipyards. At the insistence of the Italians a paragraph has been added to the commission's text clarifying this point.

Thorn wins backing of Twist board

Thorn Electrical last night won the backing of Sheffield Twist Drill's board by raising its cash bid by 1p to 92p a share, valuing the engineering small tool maker at £12.4m.

Earlier yesterday the other bidder, SKF, the Swedish bearing maker, had finally countered by matching Thorn's bid of 91p.

At the annual meeting of Sheffield Twist Drill in Sheffield yesterday the company's chairman, Mr Norman Waple, said he and his board were backing the SKF bid.

Last night, however, the Sheffield Twist board switched their recommendation to Thorn. Mr Waple said: "It is a pity that the future of a fine company like this may have to be decided for 1p, but there we are.

"The assurances we have had from both parties match each other, and we see similar benefits to Sheffield Twist of joining with either Thorn or SKF."

So the Sheffield Twist board, which accounts for around 5 per cent of the company's shares, has now decided that price should decide the battle.

But SKF, when it matched Thorn's 91p yesterday morning, made it clear that it would not enter into an auction. It thought the time had come for stockholders, management and employees to decide.

For a moment yesterday it looked as though management and employees had decided—and in SKF's favour. Union support before the Thorn offer of 92p was certainly for SKF and it seems unlikely that the unions may not switch to Thorn simply because it is paying more to shareholders.

Financial Editor, page 21

Jobs rescue abandoned at Imperial Typewriters

By Peter Hill

Government plans to create a British typewriter company, based on the plants closed by Imperial Typewriters at Hull and Leicester earlier this year, have been abandoned. This has opened the way for Imperial to dispose of the Hull plant, where workers have been engaged in a sit-in since February.

Details of the Government's decision are contained in letters sent to the management of the American-owned typewriter company at Hull by the Department of Industry, while local MPs and union officials have received a similar letter from Lord Beswick, Minister of State for Industry.

Imperial, owned by Litton Industries, closed the two plants because they were uneconomic, putting 1,400 workers out of jobs at Hull and a further 1,800 at Leicester.

After the closures and under pressure from constituency MPs and union leaders, the Department of Industry began an investigation into the possibility of establishing a British typewriter manufacturing capability based on the two closed plants.

Workers' representatives were invited to submit proposals and a plan was put forward by the Leicester workforce. This depended on participation by a large British company operating in a related field but this has not been forthcoming.

Firm proposals have not been submitted by the workers at Hull, where up to 300 former employees have been sitting in since the closure, and the Government has now apparently decided that the delayed closure of the plant could threaten the possibility of new industry being attracted to the Humberside site.

Imperial's management agreed to do nothing which would prejudice attempts to reestablish typewriter manufacture at the two plants while the feasibility study was being undertaken.

But the Department of Industry has now released the company from any commitment to the Government and has said the company can proceed with the disposal of the assets.

At Leicester it is understood that negotiations for the sale of some parts of the plant are well advanced, but at Hull the company's position could be more difficult because of the sit-in.

There are at least two companies interested in that site. One is a small British company engaged in the sale and distribution of reconditioned IBM typewriters, while International Harvesters is understood to have put forward proposals which, if they went ahead, would mean 600 jobs.

Pilkington to cut 750 jobs

Pilkington announced yesterday that it is closing its colour television glassware factory at Ravenhead, St Helens, Lancashire, with the loss of 750 jobs. The company said it had been forced to take the step because of a serious decline in demand from colour television manufacturers.

Work is to continue on existing stocks and the closure is expected to be completed by next March.

Burmah cuts tanker bill

Burmah Oil has bought its y out of some of its tanker oblems with the conclusion an agreement between rmah Oil Tankers and Japan ne, by which two VLCC arters to the former have en cancelled. Burmah's fleet in consequence, reduced om 41 to 39 tankers, of which 7 are laid up.

Time charters on the two essels, which Burmah took out n 1973, were due to expire in 978 and 1979, and the two would have cost $155m (about 70m) over the whole term. urmah has now agreed to pay 20m in lieu of future charter re payments, plus about £4m for other charges, including demurrage, incurred to date.

Part of this sum is to be paid immediately, while the rest is due over an 18-month period. Over the period to the end of the charter, the group has thus saved itself about £47m by the deal, but in the short term the benefits to cash flow are relatively modest, because only around £36m would have been payable over the next two years under the original charter.

Purchase by Ethyl Corporation of Burmah's Edwin Cooper division, agreement on which was reached in March, has now been completed. The price, subject to adjustment, is $46m.

France formally returns to the 'snake'

From Charles Hargrove
Paris, July 2

The French Cabinet decided today that the franc would return to the European "snake" on July 10. This is the formal implementation of the decision announced by President Giscard d'Estaing on the occasion of the 25th anniversary of the launching of the Coal and Steel Community.

The decision is both political and economic; political, as a gesture of confidence in European unity; economic, because as the President stressed in May, "the consolidation of our foreign trade position will enable France to take part once more in the mechanism of concerted floating of European currencies known as the snake".

France left the snake provisionally on January 21 last year, in order to safeguard the reserves of the Bank of France.

In his television talk on Monday, the President emphasized that the government's objective had been to restore the trade balance, seriously undermined by the sharp increase in the cost of oil imports and other raw materials, by the end of this year. Actually, this had been achieved ahead of time because the trade surplus for the first five months of 1975 amounted to 4,000m francs (about £444m).

The immediate impact of the decision 18 months ago to let the franc float was a sharp fall on the exchanges. But as a result of the firm policy of austerity introduced by the government, the franc has now practically recovered the ground it had lost and is back practically to the same level, in relation to the other currencies in the "snake", as it was 18 months ago.

The return to the snake is something of a gamble. But the government feels the recovery of the franc is sufficiently secure to preclude the risk that it might have to leave the snake again.

Another decision made by the cabinet today was to increase the national minimum wage to 7.55 francs an hour from July 1. This is the sixth increase in one year. In July, 1974, the national minimum wage stood at 6.40 francs an hour. The new minimum is based on an average working week of 42 hours, and corresponds to a monthly wage of 1,395 francs (about £155).

How the markets moved

FT index: 315.3 −0.2
The Times index: 134.14 +0.86

Rises

Atlantic Assets	10p to 46p	Gt Portland	14p to 204p
Allied	1p to 65p	Hawker Sidd	20p to 264p
Boots	1p to 205p	Nelson Fin	10p to 400p
British Land	3p to 18½p	Scragge	1½p to 11p
Distillers	5½p to 142½p	Taylor Woodrow	13p to 286p
Dunlop Hldgs	2p to 52p	Town & City	3p to 22½p
GEC	2p to 125p	Vickers	3p to 127p

Falls

Barclays Bk	3p to 272p	Int Hldgs	10p to 890p
Bracken Mines	8p to 307p	Lloyds Bk	10p to 215p
Brit Am Tob	3p to 318p	Metro Town	2p to 6p
Brown, J.	5p to 53p	Mang Brouze	2p to 6p
Berait Tin	7p to 15p	Reliance Grp	10p to 440p
Courtaulds	5p to 122p	Shell	6p to 309p
Hewitt, J.	1p to 9p	Western Areas	30p to 605p

Equities lost early gains.

Gilt-edged securities remained firm.

Sterling fell by 95 points to $2.2005. The "effective devaluation" rate was 27.8 per cent.

Gold fell by $1.00 to $165.00 an oz. SDR-$ was 1.23136 on Wednesday, while SDR-£ was 0.558947.

Commodities: Reuters' index closed at 1,069.4 (1,072.6 on Tuesday).

Reports, pages 22 and 23

THE POUND

	Bank buys	Bank sells
Australia $	1.71	1.66
Austria Sch	37.75	36.25
Belgium Fr	82.25	79.50
Canada $	2.31	2.26
Denmark Kr	12.50	12.10
Finland Mkk	7.95	7.70
France Fr	9.15	8.85
Germany DM	5.35	5.15
Greece Dr	67.00	64.75
Hongkong $	11.30	10.85
Italy Lr	1435.00	1375.00
Japan Yn	675.00	650.00
Netherlands Gld	5.55	5.35
Norway Kr	11.20	10.85
Portugal Esc	55.00	53.25
S Africa Rd	1.87	1.79
Spain Pes	125.75	120.75
Sweden Kr	8.90	8.60
Switzerland Fr	5.70	5.50
US $	2.255	2.205
Yugoslavia Dnr	37.50	35.75

Rates for bank notes only, as supplied yesterday by Barclays Bank International Ltd. Different rates apply to travellers' cheques and other foreign currency business.

UK RESERVES

The following are the figures for the United Kingdom's official reserves at the end of the month issued by the Treasury yesterday:

	$m	£m	Change in month $m
1971	6,582	2,526*	
1972	5,646	2,404	
1973	6,476	2,787	
1974	6,789	2,890	
1974			
July	6,680	2,799	−31
Aug	6,842	2,953	+162
Sept	7,170	3,074	+328
Oct	7,547	3,230	+377
Nov	7,824	3,364	+277
Dec	6,789	2,890	−1,035
1975			
Jan	6,833	2,870	+44
Feb	7,064	2,908	+231
March	7,117	2,962	+53
April	7,132	3,032	+15
May	6,491	2,802	−641
June	6,198	2,837	−293

* Sterling figures from 1971 to May 1972 valued at the Smithsonian parity rate of $2.60571, and from June 1972 at the closing rate on the last day of the period. Gold and SDRs valued at their dollar par at the time.

On other pages

Business appointments	20	Market reports	22, 23	Intereuropean Property Holdings	19
Appointments vacant	10	Wall Street	22	H. C. Janes	20
Financial Editor	21	Share prices	18	Pegler-Hattersley	22
Financial news	22	Bank Base Rates Table	23	Scotcros	20
Letters	20	Company Meeting Reports:		Jonas Woodhead & Sons	21
Diary	21	Hargreaves Group	20	Prospectus: Mitchell Cotts group	20

Intereuropean Property Holdings Limited

The following are extracts from the statement by the Chairman, Mr. Laurie P. Marsh:

The improvement in profitability of Classic has already been seen from the first half-year results. Now, in the second half of the current year, we are continuing to reap the benefits of the reorganisation the effect of which will be even more noticeable in the year commencing 1 August, 1975.

Messrs. Chuttons, Chartered Surveyors, revalued the French properties as at 31 January 1975 on an open market basis as between willing buyer and willing vendor at a total of 171 million FF. The net effect is that your Group's 75 per cent. interest in these three developments now shows a surplus of nearly 50 million FF. Shareholders can be assured of continually increasing revenue from France which will add materially to Group profitability year by year.

The agreement concluded with Mecca Limited in January 1974 means that practically all of the Group's UK properties are income producing.

Your Board has decided to shelve all UK development for the time being.

Well over half the Group's total property assets are now overseas.

Your Group can look forward to increasing revenue and profitability from the three principal divisions within it – Classic with its expansion plans, organically financed and its substantially improved trading trend – France with its increasing rental flow and where further developments are now planned and the UK property portfolio benefiting from increasing growth in income and substantial capital realisations.

I have no hesitation in forecasting an increased dividend for the current year to be amply covered by profits.

The Chairman addressing the meeting said:

Short term borrowings have been reduced by well over £1 million since the year end and further material reductions are imminent. At current exchange rates the net asset value of the Group's French property subsidiaries is equal to over 40p per share.

How to grow richer and richer for less and less

That is what LONDON LIFE offers you under its unique Reduction of Premium Flexible Life Assurance.

Your premiums are payable in full for 7 years only. They cease altogether after about 13 years.

Thereafter, although you pay nothing more, benefits increase year by year and you can leave them to accumulate for as long as you like.

Or profits may be withdrawn in cash to provide an increasing tax free income with the sum assured payable at a later date. You don't have to select at commencement the date on which benefits will be payable.

What other Policy offers such flexibility?

For further details without obligation, use the coupon. No stamp is necessary.

The LONDON LIFE Association Limited
Freepost London EC4B 4LL
(or ring Geoffrey Marsh 01-626 0511 ext. 112)
A Mutual Life Office, established 1806, paying no commission or agency fees.
Please let me have complete details about the Reduction of Premium Policy.
Name _____
Address _____
_____ Tel. No. (Business) _____
Date of Birth _____ Tel. No. (Home) _____ Ti
Reg. No. 41503 England
Reg. Office. 81 King William Street, London EC4N 7BD

Unions and CBI to see 5-year forecast

By Malcolm Brown

Mr Healey, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, is to provide industrial and union leaders with a government analysis of the economic outlook over the next three to five years.

The analysis will be tabled at the next meeting of the National Economic Development Council in August, Mr Healey told the council yesterday.

His announcement came as leaders of the Confederation of British Industry and the Trades Union Congress told ministers that the time was ripe for a return to planning involving all *the parties to the NEDC.*

But they were careful, apparently, to make it clear that they did not mean by this another attempt at anything like the ill-fated National Plan, or any plan of an authoritarian nature. A much looser form of planning—something which simply provides a framework for decision making—is the aim.

Mr Healey asked the CBI and the TUC to put forward in more precise form their ideas on the sort of areas which new planning initiatives might cover and the sort of information they would want to see from the Government.

Sir Ronald McIntosh, director general of the National Economic Development Office, was asked to draw up for the next Neddy meeting a paper on the form which such a planning exercise might take.

In a memorandum on manpower planning, submitted to the council but not discussed yesterday, Sir Ronald said it was a national priority to ensure that *companies should be able to* maintain employment in activities where an upturn in the world economy was likely to lead to demand.

US gold auction awards revised

From Our US Correspondent
Washington, July 2

The general services administration, which managed the United States Treasury's gold auction, announced late last night that earlier published figures regarding awards made at the auction have had to be corrected.

The GSA noted that among the largest successful bidders at the auction the Swiss Credit Bank only obtained 4,000 ounces and not 23,000 ounces as had been announced earlier, while the other changes were: Republic National Bank with $1,000 ounces and not 97,500; Sharps, Pixley, 58,750 ounces and not 52,750; Merrill, Montagu, Handy and Harman, 28,000 and not 26,000; N. M. Rothschild and Sons, 75,750 ounces and not 90,000 ounces.

Million textile jobs threatened unless imports are cut by 20 pc

By Peter Hill

One million jobs in Britain's knitting, clothing and textile industries are threatened by the Government's refusal to introduce 20 per cent reductions in textile imports.

Yesterday the National Joint Industrial Council for the hosiery trade in a letter to the Prime Minister said that many items of knitted goods, particularly underwear and outerwear had reached "totally unacceptable levels of penetration".

It said that 500,000 jobs in the clothing and knitwear industries were in peril, together with a further 400,000 jobs in the upstream sections of the textile industry covering fibre production, yarn spinning and weaving.

The Council, which represents workers and employers mainly in Nottinghamshire, Derbyshire and Leicestershire, said that in the first three months of this year employment in the industry declined by 6 per cent or 7,000. A recent survey among hosiery and knitwear producers indicated that 45 per cent of them were less optimistic about short-term prospects than they were three months earlier.

Additionally, 64 per cent of the firms covered by the survey were operating at below capacity levels while 43 per cent of companies had introduced short time working.

The Council gave a warning: "Any further decline in the hosiery and knitwear industry will turn the East Midlands and the Leicester area in particular into an unemployment blackspot."

It called on Mr Wilson to introduce selective import controls and added that it would be making immediate representations to the Department of Industry for controls on imports originating from low cost producers.

Mr Wilson was also urged to consider the temporary zero-rating of clothing and textiles for VAT purposes, which the council argued, would stimulate demand for textiles.

Further concern at the level of imports was expressed yesterday by the British Man-Made Fibres Federation which, in its latest production statistics, noted that this was still a source of "great concern in the absence of positive government counter measures".

The federation said that in May, output of the United Kingdom industry maintained the slow recovery which had taken place in March and April.

Over the first five months of this year, production was down by 20 per cent on the corresponding period of last year and 24.4 per cent lower than in the January-May period of 1973.

Money supply growth slows

By Tim Congdon

Money supply growth in May continued to be beneath the rate of inflation. But the interpretation of the latest figures is more than usually confused by changes in the method of compilation following a big review of statistical information by the Bank of England.

The narrowly defined money supply, or M1, declined by £129m in May according to provisional figures released yesterday by the Bank. M1 has, on this basis, been growing at an annual rate of 13.9 per cent in the past three months, somewhat slower than at the turn of the year.

However, financial analysts doubt the trustworthiness of these figures as an indication of present monetary conditions.

It is understood that payments from the private sector in the month caused a purely temporary shift into public sector accounts which gives a misleading impression of underlying conditions.

M3 is also distorted. Because of the weakness of loan demand, *banks have been unable to offer* attractive interest rates and deposit accounts have suffered from transfers into building society deposits and local authority deposits. The growth of liquidity has probably been rather greater than suggested by M3 behaviour.

Estimates of the growth of a measure of overall liquidity, "L3", are contained in the latest *Gilt-Edged Research* published by Phillips & Drew, the stockbrokers. L3 includes assets such as Treasury bills and building society deposits.

It has tended to move in line with M3 in recent years, but the stockbrokers point out that it moved up strongly towards the end of 1974 when M3 did not. It, therefore, proved a better advance signal of the stock market upturn.

MONEY SUPPLY

The following are the figures released for the monthly amount of the money stock, seasonally adjusted, at the mid-month make-up date:

	M1 £000m	M3 £000m	Percentage change over 3 months at an annual rate M1	M3
1974				
May	12.5	33.6	9.4	2.2
June	12.4	33.5	6.3	0.6
July	12.6	34.6	0.0	13.8
Aug	12.7	34.9	6.6	16.5
Sept	12.7	35.0	11.1	18.6
Oct	12.9	35.2	11.7	6.9
Nov	13.0	35.6	10.0	7.7
Dec	13.2	35.8	17.0	10.0
1975				
Jan	13.7	36.0	28.3	9.7
Feb	13.7	36.4	19.1	10.0
March	13.9	36.8	20.5	10.7
April	14.3	36.8	17.0	8.7
May p	14.0	37.2	13.9	8.2

p Provisional.

European welcome for energy talks

By David Blake

A decision by the 18 industrial nations in the International Energy Agency to seek a new dialogue with developing countires on economic relationships was welcomed by the EEC yesterday.

A Commission spokesman extended *a special welcome to* the IEA's decision not to set an agreed floor price on oil yet, because it is felt that this is part of a general move towards a more conciliatory line in dealings with already established producers.

Consuming countries in the IEA, which comprises leading consumers in the West with the exception of France, have decided on a timetable for contacts with the developing *nations or oil producers on* energy, raw materials and problems of development.

Attempts earlier this year to hold a dialogue between consumers and producers broke down on the question of whether talks should cover all these topics, the demand of producing countries led by Algeria, or whether they should devote themselves exclusively to oil.

KOC takeover talks: The Kuwait Government and officials from British Petroleum and *Gulf Oil held further talks* yesterday on the nationalization of the Kuwait Oil Company. BP and Gulf, formerly joint owners of KOC, each retain a 20 per cent stake in the company, which is the leading producer of oil in Kuwait.

Iran output down: Iran's National Oil Company yesterday announced that crude oil production for June was 2.7 per cent lower than May. Average daily production was 4.5 million barrels, while Iran was *counting on a level of 6 million* barrels.

Alcan financing of £165m Irish plant near completion

Alcan Aluminium is close to completing arrangements to raise £165m for a joint project to build an alumina extraction plant on Aughinish Island, co Limerick, south-west Ireland, a company spokesman said in Dublin yesterday.

Others in the project will be Ardal Og Sunndal Verk, a Norwegian company, and Granges Essen, a Swedish group.

The spokesman said the plant would have an annual capacity of 800,000 tonnes when the first stage was completed in 1980 and this would be expandable to around 2.4 million tonnes.

Government approval and planning permission was granted for the project last October after a delayed application because of monetary instability, necessitating an increase in the capital requirement to £165m from the original £100m.

The main source of bauxite for the extraction plant will be Boke, Guinea.

Deep water harbour facilities provided by Aughinish Island—permitting ore carriers of 70,000 tons deadweight to dock there—was one of the main factors for the plant's situation.

Other factors included tax-free privileges until 1990 and the labour supply. The plant will be operated by a new wholly-owned subsidiary—Alcan Ireland—through which Alcan will own a 70 per cent interest.

Citibank expected to raise prime lending rate to 7 pc

From Frank Vogl
Washington, July 2

The First National City Bank should increase its prime lending rate to 7 per cent from 6¾ per cent tomorrow if it sticks to its money market formula for adjusting the rate.

The formula, in fact, calls today for a primate rate of above 7¼ per cent, but the Citibank has a policy of not changing its primate rate by more than one quarter of one per cent in any single week.

A change in the Citibanks prime lending rate could well encourage other leading banks to move their prime rates to 7¼ per cent from 7 per cent and trigger a general increase.

More significantly, a Citibank change in rate would have an important psychological impact, signalling to many investors that interest rates have finally passed their low point.

Many bankers, economists and government officials, including Mr William Simon, the Secretary of the Treasury, see interest rates rising in the months ahead. *Recent market* moves by the Federal Reserve have indicated that the Fed has mildly adjusted its policies and decided upon a slightly more restrained course with regard to the rate of money supply expansion.

Business appointments

Bass Charrington names two new directors

Mr C. B. M. Crofton and Mr J. R. Leachman have joined the board of **Bass Charrington.**

Mr D. K. N. Hillas has been made deputy chief executive of **International Timber Corporation** having relinquished his appointment as chief executive of International Timber Merchanting. Mr T. C. Clayton becomes a director of International Timber Corporation and chief executive of International Timber Merchanting having relinquished his appointment as chief executive of Horsley Smith (West & North). Mr D. W. Tarleton has been made chief executive of Horsley Smith (West & North).

Mr D. R. Elder has been appointed deputy chairman of **Ocean Transport and Trading.** He succeeds Mr H. B. Chrimes who becomes a non-executive director of the Ocean Group.

Mr G. H. Tipping has been made managing director and chief executive of the **Bank of Cyprus (London)** and of Toral Finance Holdings, the bank's United Kingdom parent company.

Mr T. J. Organ joins the board of **Cadbury Schweppes,** succeeding Mr D. M. Borland as chairman of the Confectionery Group (Cadbury Ltd). Mr Borland will be reviewing the company's management development policy internationally.

Mr S. J. Reso has been elected a vice-president of **Esso Europe** Inc. and president of Esso Expro UK. Mr A. W. Forster has been elected a vice-president of Esso Europe Inc.

Mr Henry Keswick has joined the London advisory committee of **The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation** in the place of Sir Michael Herries who has resigned upon relinquishing his post as chairman of Marhesons in London.

In view of his forthcoming appointment as deputy chairman of Grindlays Bank, Mr Nigel Robson will be resigning as chairman of **Arbuthnot Latham** on August 1. He will continue as a director of Arbuthnot Latham Holdings, the parent company, but will cease to be deputy chairman. Mr Christopher Prideaux, deputy chairman of Arbuthnot Latham, will become chairman as from August 1.

Mr G. F. Peake has joined the board of **Wagon Finance Corporation.**

Mr A. J. Cottrell, chairman and managing director of Saccone & Speed, Gibraltar, and Mr M. P. A. Ainslie, marketing director of Saccone & Speed, UK, have been appointed to the board of **Saccone & Speed, UK.**

Mr H. R. Heath, deputy chairman and chief executive of **Dimples Industries** will succeed Mr J. D. Lake as chairman after the annual meeting on July 23.

Mr E. A. Pollock is to become managing director of **W. J. Furse** in succession to Mr J. K. Furse who will continue as chairman. Mr Pollock will give up his present position of deputy chairman and joint managing director of Crown House Engineering. Mr R. A. Jones, chairman and joint managing director of Crown House Engineering will in future be chairman and managing director. Mr G. R. Parker, director responsible for the south region, will become deputy managing director.

Sir Daniel Pettit has been made a regional director of the Birmingham and West Midlands board of **Lloyds Bank.**

Mr Arthur Day, director-general of the Institute of Export, has become a member of the **British Overseas Trade Advisory Council.**

Mr Ed Hunt has been elected deputy chairman of **Palabora Mining,** since his retirement as managing director. He will continue as an executive director of Rio Tinto-Zinc Corporation, London, joint deputy chairman of Rio Tinto South Africa and managing director of Rossing Uranium. Mr Al Leroy, a director of Palabora Mining and Rio Tinto South Africa, will succeed Mr Hunt as managing director of Palabora Mining.

Mr E. J. R. Scott has become chief executive and deputy chairman of the **Swire Group** in Australia. He also becomes chairman of the group's associated companies in Australia and Papua, New Guinea.

Lord Hewlett has been elected president of the **Plastics and Rubber Institute.** Professor D. W. Saunders becomes chairman of council.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Hardy annual on pensions: to fund or not to fund

From Mr D. B. Chynoweth

Sir, The letter from Mr Nortage (June 17) raises the hardy annual on pensions; whether to fund or not to fund. The argument for unfunded schemes appears to have attractions, more particularly in inflationary times, but it assumes that prevailing levels of inflation will persist over a long period.

The concept of saving to provide for a pension is a discipline that has been preached and practised for generations. The negative returns currently available on invested funds must be a short-term feature in our economy if we are to survive and does not change the validity of the concept.

Mr Nortage aimed his criticism at the public sector, where many hundreds of thousands of employees are contributing towards the cost of their pensions and the employers' support is a deferred remuneration. In the national pensions scheme where the "pay-as-you-go" principle applies, we have a continuing increase in the number of pensioners whose pensions are to be met from revenue. This rising liability to pay pensions from current contributions and taxation is simultaneously falling on a diminishing number of employers and their employees, and contributes to the inflationary spiral by creating wage and price increase demands.

It must be financially prudent to make provision for future commitments and to spread the cost over as long a period as is practicable, rather than have to meet the full cost of pensions when due from revenues.

It is important that employees should feel that they have a stake in their future pensions benefits, and that the "managers" of their money can be identified and trusted. Most would place greater faith in trustees who they presently know or can identify than gamble on the good sense and justice of the government of the day when they happen to retire.

The current debate, supported by the National Economic Development Office, for some form of direction of institutional investment, would fail if these pension funds did not exist. The very substantial funds now available through pensions schemes would not be there, and one wonders how the vacuum would be filled.

Yours faithfully,
D. B. CHYNOWETH,
County Treasurer,
South Yorkshire County Council,
Regent Street,
Barnsley.
June 25.

Case for Rent Acts revision

From Mr Anthony Jacobs

Sir, In recent letters, I and others, have tried to set out the very strong case for revision of the Rent Acts. To summarize the arguments, there are several hundred thousand empty homes and an incalculable number of under-occupied homes in the private sector which could be rented to homeless or overcrowded families *provided two changes* were made in the Rent Acts.

First, it is necessary for termination dates of leases to be contractually binding, so that tenants would cease to have statutory rights that prevent their eviction in the event of their being bad tenants or the owner wishing to dispose of his property.

Secondly, the revision of the fair rent scheme which as others have pointed out is a fictitious valuation, giving not *the slightest element of justice* to the owner by way of an equitable economic return.

It many not be necessary to achieve open market rents and, if a scheme were to be devised for rent officers to assess rents, at least on existing tenancies, then an improved fair rents scheme would be to assess the market value of the property and to calculate the rent as a percentage, for example, 7 per cent of this figure.

The inadequacy of the rents charged is also mirrored in the public sector where the average weekly rent has risen from £3.70 in 1968 to £5.60 in 1975, and this latter figure now only represents 10.2 per cent of average household income.

Council rents in fact amount to merely 27 per cent of the housing revenue account in 1975-76 as compared with 55 per cent in 1967-68. This brings out most clearly the weaknesses in the arguments of both Father Byrne (June 19) and Mr R. Widdowson (June 25) both members of that excellent organization, Shelter. Mr Widdowson indicates that he believes the private sector can do nothing to help the homeless and to be fair, if present legislation continues, *there will be no private sector* within a few years.

On the other hand, the public sector finances are in such desperate straits that the economic futility of subsidizing every council renant's rent *irrespective of need is at last* beginning to be understood by the present government. There is a clear and straightforward answer to this problem which requires an acceptance of the fact that blanket subsidies, even if they are desirable, can no longer be afforded.

Housing credits are required which would be directly related to a family's household earnings and the rent payable, so that the not insignificant number of families *who have* earnings in excess of £60 per week would pay something approaching the market rent.

Also the significant number of people, which Mr Widdowson rightly draws attention to, earning less than £35 per week would receive by way of housing credit sufficient to reduce their rents possibly still further.

Housing credits can be paid in the same way as, conversely, income tax is deducted, automatically; we would then no *longer be faced in council* estates with the obscene situation of a grown-up family of three wage earners, with two cars and a coloured television-set, paying virtually the same rent as their next door neighbour who may be a mother on her own supporting two young children.

Yours sincerely,
ANTHONY JACOBS,
Liberal Housing Panel,
20 York Terrace West,
London, NW1.

Councils' direct labour operations

From Mr Malcolm Hoppé

*Sir, Mr Ernest Smith, Pres*dent of the National Federation of Building Trade Employers (Business Newsletter, June 26) calls on th Government to produce effective rules for the operation of local authorities' direct labour *building departments* and ensure competition with contractors.

The need for action urgent, as councils are trying to increase these departments while the Government calls f local authority spending econ mies and cost inflation go on.

For six years governments have argued that the 19 rules in a Manual of Princip did all that was necessa Now the Chartered Institute *Public Finance and Accounta* representing the officers v must tell councils and the r payers whether they are gett value for money—has, in eff declared that they do not.

A CIPFA working pa recommends numer changes. The most import recommendations say that:
1, Direct labour departme should be treated as a trac service (a step Aims ur nine years ago);
2, They should tender in c petition for "the g majority of major works tracts" (since the manual only "a considerable representative proportion" work, direct labour has l able to avoid a good dea competition);
3, Other council departm and services should be cha only for the agreed valu work done—and not the a cost incurred by direct labo

These and other CI recommendations would n a great improvement on present chaotic situation rounding the use of di labour.

I note that a number of are trying to force a debat Parliament on direct la building and municipal tra in general. But the CI report was subsequently pleted more than a year ago has been much discusse official quarters. Mr Cros could act now to stop the tinued drain on ratepa money.

Yours faithfully,
MALCOLM HOPPE,
Head of Research,
Aims for Freedom and E prise,
5 Plough Place,
Fetter Lane, London EC4.

This Advertisement is issued in compliance with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange.

Mitchell Cotts Group Limited

(Registered in England—No. 160797)
(Incorporated under the Companies Acts 1908 to 1917)

Issue of £4,745,817 13 per cent. Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock 1990/95 at £100 per cent.

The Council of The Stock Exchange has admitted the above Stock to the Official List. The Stock is being offered to the Ordinary Shareholders of Mitchell Cotts Group Limited by way of rights on the basis of £1 nominal amount of Stock for every 10 Ordinary Shares held at the close of business on 30th May, 1975.

Particulars of the Stock are available in the statistical services of Extel Statistical Services Limited and Moodies Services Limited and copies of such particulars may be obtained during normal business hours on any weekday (Saturdays excepted) up to and including 23rd July, 1975 from:—

Samuel Montagu & Co. Limited, New Issue Department, Augustine House, Austin Friars, London, EC2N 2JL.

Joseph Sebag & Co., P.O. Box 511, Bucklersbury House, 3 Queen Victoria Street, London, EC4N 8DX.

H.C. JANES LTD. The JANES Group

Summary of Results

	1975 £	1974 £
Group Profit before Taxation	2,358,149	2,430,788
Taxation	1,230,228	1,308,599
Group Profit after Taxation	1,127,921	1,122,189
Unappropriated Group Profits added to Reserves	828,261	847,703
Dividends per share—gross	7.7520p	6.8906p

Annual General Meeting, July 30th, Luton

'... higher targets for the current year, which has started satisfactorily.'

Extracts from the statement by Mr. W. R. Alexander

Group profits before tax and extraordinary items amounted to £600,633 (£520,828). We finished the year with an improved cash situation, a reasonable order book, a good spread of business operations and several interesting expansion prospects under study. Our management has set higher targets for the current year, which has started satisfactorily.

Scoteros Foods Limited has suffered by some £70,000 because of a poor performance by two of its six depots. Our stake in this low margin market was too small to absorb any failure, and we have accordingly now sold the trading assets of the six cash and carry depots for a cash consideration which, after costs, is estimated to realise about £500,000.

J. Deans & Co. Limited has maintained the sales and profit of its main brands.

More aggressive marketing and the opening of new outlets in Scotland and England have offset any dip in total consumer demand for alcoholic beverages.

Scoteros Farm Supplies Limited has a steadily growing demand for its range of animal feed products. Additional processing capacity will be on stream this summer.

Wilkie & Paul Limited has again achieved increased sales and profits. We have formed an international consultancy division offering feasibility studies and plant specifications to overseas companies and discussions are now taking place in the U.S.A., Japan, Belgium and Australia.

Scoteros Engineering Limited expects to see some further growth in profits, particularly through overseas sales.

For the future we expect a steady growth.

A copy of the report and accounts may be obtained from The Secretary, Scoteros Limited, Fitzpatrick House Cadogan Street, Glasgow G2 6QR

SCOTCROS

HARGREAVES GROUP

Commercial vehicle distribution; contracting and waste disposal; effluent treatment systems; fertilisers; fuel oil and solid fuel; insurance; plant hire; quarrying; transport.

RESULTS FOR THE YEAR TO 31st MARCH 1975

"Profits before taxation were £2,209,758, compared with last year's figure of £2,445,974. *Trading surplus before depreciation* and interest charges was up 13.5% at £3,706,515.

The total dividend for the year, including tax credits, is being increased from 14.3325% to 16.1155%, the seventh successive annual increase.

The policy of the Board is to ensure the financial and human strength of the Group to enable it to survive the strains and pressures of the next year or so and to benefit from the economic upturn when it comes.

The current year has started satisfactorily."

David Peake, Chairman.

Copies of the Report and Accounts for the year ended 31st March 1975 are available from The Secretary, Bowcliffe Hall, Bramham, Wetherby, West Yorkshire LS23 6LP. Telephone: Boston Spa 843535.

هكذا من الأصل

هكذا من الأصل

BY THE FINANCIAL EDITOR

Renold, stocks and inflation

...e was little surprise in ...r Renold's 27 per cent pre... advance last year or in the ...s of a one-for-four rights ... (at 106p) to raise £8.3m. ...that this stopped the shares ...g down last night, a 7p fall ...ing the price at 137p where ...rights are worth just over ...share and the ex-rights p/e ...yield are 7 and 8.2 respec...y.

...far as the rights issue goes, ...was almost inevitable given ...high rate of inflation over ...last couple of years and ...old's policy of holding rela...y high stocks to service both ...extensive United Kingdom ... overseas distribution ...res. Stocks in fact moved up ...e £11m to £47.5m over the ... and net short-term debt ...e than doubled to around ...n. Proceeds of the issue will ...ally go to reducing this ...re, while the overall effect ...be to bring down total gear...to a considerably more com...able level.

...hat will be concerning the ...ket more now is the pros...t for profits over the next ...ple of years. Last year's ...nd half proved every bit as ...d as the confident interim ...sage from Renold had sug...ed—the United Kingdom ...rations doing particularly ...l, with trading profits mov... ahead from £3.2m (partly ...cted by the three-day week) ...just under £5m. Although ...old points to weakening ...nand in some areas towards ...year-end, it also adds that it ...has strong order books from ...arge number of sectors (oil ...gas exploration and produc...n, for instance) that are still ...ming. All the same Renold is ...from recession-proof.

...al: 1974-75 (1973-74)
...pitalization £44.2m
...es £89.4m (£70.5m)
...e-tax profits £13.1m (£10.3m)
...rnings per share 18.5p (15.4p)
...idend gross 10.75p (9.5p)

...effield Twist

...hat counts ...ow?

...at counts now at Sheffield ...ist Drill? The board quite ...sonably takes the view that ...e there is nothing to chose ...ween Thorn Electrical and ...F so far as assurances for ... future of the workforce and ...company are concerned, the ...der who pays most should ...et. If SKF decides to offer ... whilst Thorn's 92p today, ...ill presumably get the Shef...d Twist board backing—and ...on. ...imagine that the institu...s holding perhaps 30 per ...t of the Sheffield Twist ...ity, will take the same line ...less they are persuaded that ...ecial factors apply. Indeed, ...ey have a responsibility to do ... But what about the work...rce? It doesn't matter to the ...mpany's employees — apart ...om those who hold shares— ...o pays what, and the indica...ons so far from the unions at ...effield Twist is that they pre...r SKF.

They have apparently had ...onversations with Swedish ...etal unions in coming to this ...nclusion. Of course, the ...ew of the people who work at ...effield Twist is of vital im...rtance in deciding this mat...—but it is no good just say... that they prefer SKF rather ...n Thorn. Like everyone else ...y need to explain to the ...ers of the company—the ...reholders—why they opt for ...F, or Thorn if they decide, ... their board, to switch.

...lection Trust

...ights issue ...eculation

...trary to the expectations ...ressed in some quarters in the City, there was no announcement of a rights issue yesterday from Selection Trust. And although the gains on higher operating profits and greatly improved dividend income and interest receipts were whittled away by higher expenses and particularly by an increase in interest payments from £1.09m to £3.42m, the pre-tax total for the year to end-March was very much in line with expectations.

The market, however, had in mind the implications of the half-to-half reduction in the improvement at the operating level from 185 to under 34 per cent, and the shares closed 22p down at 570p.

Last year benefited from the first full contribution from the crane ship Thor, which looks to have been worth over £1m at the operating level; and there was also the benefit of high base-metal prices during the first half. Performance of one major profit earner—the South Bay copper and zinc mine—is bound to be affected by depressed metal prices this time round; and the dividend contribution from Tsumeb—£1m plus out of a total up from £4.57m to £5.22m—is likely to be affected too.

The likely performance of the Mount Newman iron ore mine is uncertain, but the North Sea contribution should continue to improve, as should the big Amax dividend. And profits from CAST, with which Selection Trust merged at its year-end, look to be holding steady. Meantime, with the Brouillan mine still being proved the group is in no urgent need of finance, particularly now that the Agnew project has for the time being been put into cold storage. Rights issue fears have been behind much of the share slide from this year's peak of 680p, and with these in abeyance for the moment there should be room for some progress—even though the yield on the shares is only 3.8 per cent.

Final: 1974-75 (1973-74)
Capitalization £132m
Pre-tax profits £10.57m (£9.80m)
Earnings per share 24.9p (25.8p)
Dividend gross 21.3p (18.9p)

Empire Stores

An unexpected rights

The mail order sector's first rights issue has come from a most unexpected quarter. Empire Stores, of the three major groups, looked the least likely candidate for a rights issue following the dramatic improvement in liquidity shown in its recent balance sheet. But this one, following Croda is more for the benefit of shareholders than corporate cash flow. With the shares at 93p yesterday the one-for-two rights at par takes the yield (assuming a maintained final) from 4.7 per cent to just under 6 per cent.

Mercury Securities

Justifying the premium rating

Shares in Mercury Securities have consistently held on to their now traditional premium over the merchant banking sector in recent months and the tiny increase in Warburg's banking profits to £4.4m, at a time when many have been slipping back, helps to explain why.

In its favour, Warburg never had to cope with any involvement in property or the other hazard areas which have caused grief elsewhere, and what concealed provisions there are appear to take in nothing out of the ordinary. Meanwhile, corporate finance has managed to remain more buoyant than might have been expected in a year which ended on March 31, with the international side continuing to grow and the contribution from the Paribas link also rising. Overall growth apart, the two partners contributed more evenly last year, in contrast to the year before when Warburg had chipped in the greater part.

With banking holding its own Mercury has benefited to the full from the volatility of prices in the commodity markets which helped almost to double profits on the metal trading and refining side to £1.65m on a true comparable basis. So despite some downturn from insurance and shipbroking, pensions and advertising and a rise of £220,000 in minorities, Mercury has got its total earnings up by 9 per cent.

Admittedly in the present year metal trading will find it hard to match last year's performance, but with merchant banking beginning to show its paces again there remains no reason yet to see that premium rating—the shares yield only 4.1 per cent at 104p—coming under pressure.

Final: 1974-75 (1973-74)
Capitalization £44.0m
Net profits £5.49m (5.04m)
Earnings per share 13.0p (12.0p)
Dividend gross 4.25p (3.86p)

Gough Cooper

Housebuilding trends

Gough Cooper's shares at 73p yesterday are down from this year's high by around a quarter, and that would seem to be fully justified by the rather pessimistic statement made by the group along with its interim results yesterday.

The apparent fall in sales is distorted by the much smaller incidence of land sales this year, and masks a rise of around 5 per cent on the housebuilding side in the opening six months of the year. But with profits here down from £1m to £0.8m, margins have continued under considerable pressure. A step or two up from the lower price ranges where most of the recovery has been, and still heavily committed as a housebuilder in the South-east, Gough Cooper has manifestly not benefited from the encouraging signs of an upturn heralded in other quarters of the housebuilding sector.

Profits from sales of undeveloped land are down from a hefty £1.2m to £0.2m, but the absence of write-offs (£600,000 for the comparable period last year) and lower interest charges helped contain the drop in earnings.

The group is maintaining turnover by an increased proportion of non-private construction, and this area, that includes housing association projects but no local authority work, might survive any cutbacks that threaten depending upon how the £100m of building society funds to be channelled into housing is divided up.

This side is now accounting for around two thirds of housebuilding compared with 28 per cent over the same period last year, but the outlook for the private sector, as far as Gough Cooper is concerned, looks uninspiring for the rest of the year. So do the shares despite a yield of around 11 per cent assuming a maintained dividend. One major point in the group's favour, however, is the dramatic reduction in short-term borrowings, which now amount to £1.2m as against £3.7m at the last year-end. Despite what is evidently a sound management, the shares could drift lower in front of any indication of improving volume in the middle priced housing market.

Interim: 1974-75 (1973-74)
Capitalization £5.9m
Sales £7.5m (£8m)
Pre-tax profits £1.1m (£1.5m)
Dividend gross 3p (3p)

Peter Jay, Economics Editor

Half a loaf, half a loaf, half a loaf onwards

The Chancellor has done something about unemployment or, rather, about its likely rate of increase next year. It is obscure from his statement to the House of Commons on Tuesday whether he has done anything about inflation.

Well-bred "Keynesian" economists of the postwar Oxbridge tradition—the school which has dominated and still dominates the economic section of the Treasury and the National Institute of Economic and Social Research—will find this assessment paradoxical, even deliberately perverse. For, they will say, Mr Healey was comparatively specific about pay restraint while he had little to say about budgetary policy.

But that is precisely the point. Postwar orthodoxy has held that there are three problems—or "target variables" as they are sometimes infelicitously called—and that there are three policy instruments for solving, or "achieving", them: the real level of economic activity to be regulated by budgetary policy; the balance of payments to be regulated by exchange rate policy (*pace* the Bank of England); and the rate of *inflation* to be regulated by incomes policy.

Four years ago Professor Lord Kaldor proposed his famous inversion of two of these matches, thereby giving birth to the "New Cambridge School". This holds that, in practice, policy will be more successful if the exchange rate is used to regulate the level of economic activity and budgetary policy is used to regulate the balance of payments.

But another and even more important inversion is suggested by the insights into the relationship between public finance, economic activity and price behaviour which we owe to Professor Milton Friedman of Chicago University. This is that budgetary policy should be used to regulate the rate of inflation while incomes policy (combined in an open economy with exchange rate policy) is used to regulate the level of economic activity, specifically the level of unemployment.

Professor Friedman himself would not endorse this, since he believes that collective bargaining can exercise no general influence over either inflation or unemployment and that therefore direct restraint of collective bargaining is necessarily irrelevant to these matters. But there are others who believe that, at least in economies with highly unionized labour markets, collective bargaining can in the short run raise unit labour costs and thereby confront governments with the unhappy choice between allowing unemployment to rise and underwriting the higher costs with inflationary public finance—thereby producing the classic dilemma and recurrent failure of postwar economic policies.

If this view is combined with Professor Friedman's theory of the long-run impact of public finance—it matters not for these purposes whether fiscal or monetary weapons are held to be the true essence of public finance—it then follows that public finance should be geared to the target rate of inflation while pay restraint is geared to the desired level of economic activity, particularly of employment. This, as far as I know, novel formulation and integration of two increasingly familiar basic thoughts has an important bearing on the interpretation of the Chancellor's holding statement this week.

Mr Healey, as Shadow Chancellor 18 months ago, was closer to subscribing to the new approach defined here than he is now. This change is hardly surprising after 16 months of Treasury advice. Of course, in the real world all three policy weapons affect all three problems, or targets, to some degree: and the total outcome is only determinate when all three policy variables have been specified.

The argument for attaching particular weapons to particular problems is heuristic rather than descriptive, in the sense that, while it does not adequately describe the network of causes and effects which operate in the real world, it does offer a better rule of thumb than the postwar orthodoxy. So what can one infer about the likely consequences of Mr Healey's partial statement this week?

Clearly, the Chancellor himself is not now fully siezed of the new inverted approach, since he prefaced his statement by assigning "overriding priority" to cutting the rate of domestic inflation and then talked almost exclusively about his hopes for pay restraint. To some extent this may have disguised his true intentions, which were immediately to succour sterling by saying the things which bankers were rightly or wrongly presumed rightly or wrongly to want to hear, without at the same time formally admitting that the Government was abandoning its principles for the umpteenth time this century in the face of a "bankers' ramp".

For the longer-run the broad effect of restraining collective bardaining—if that is defined as increasing the demand elasticity of pay rather than as regimenting the labour market—is to raise the level of employment that will occur (given a fully floating pound) at any given rate of inflation. In other words, fewer people will be pricing themselves out of whatever flow of money incomes future budgetary policies determine.

In the short term—over the next couple of years—the effects of pay restraint will be to moderate the rise in unemployment which will occur if fiscal and monetary policies are directed towards progressively reducing the annual increase in the money supply and in the gross national product, valued at current prices. Equally, the effect will be to reduce unemployment in so far as fiscal and monetary policies resume their traditionally inflationary course from the end of this year.

All of which makes it essential to know—beyond the Chancellor's Delphic references to employing "the system of cash limits more generally as a means of controlling public expenditure in the short term", while not affecting the borrowing requirement and not cutting public spending—what the posture of fiscal and monetary policy now are in terms of the target rates of change in the money supply and the gap at current prices.

The Treasury's present estimate is that the borrowing requirement will be as stated in the Budget. But we need to know how that result is to be ensured, rather than hoped for, and how such a deficit can be financed, consistently with the necessarily moderate growth in the money supply, now that the current account deficit on the balance of payments (and the associated surplus on capital account) has disappeared.

These uncertainties also illustrate the wisdom of the Treasury's insistence in earlier and more successful day that Chancellors should not make statements of policy until they know what policy they are going to state. No doubt the Chancellor felt his hand was forced on this occasion by the foreign exchange markets—a regrettable self-deception, since his exchange rate policy is the only manifestly correct part of his strategy to date. But until the other shoe drops and we know whether the hints about public spending are to become a real element in the management of public finance from *now on, we shall not know* whether the Chancellor has perpared a pretext for a dangerous reinflation or a useful buttress to a true policy of disinflation.

How the West Germans have made a success of worker directors

Peter Norman

There are usually two surprises in store for the British visitor to an annual shareholders' meeting of a large German company. The first is the sheer length—it is usually more than five hours by the time everybody has had his say. The second is the presence of trade unionists or company employees among the members of the company's supervisory board.

Dressed as soberly as any German businessman and sitting among the bankers and industrialists who have been elected to represent the shareholders' interests, the workers' representatives on the dais are a *visible expression of "co-determination"* or *Mitbestimmung* in German companies.

West Germany has the longest tradition of worker participation at board level in Europe. But in the past four years employees in first Holland and then Sweden have been given the opportunity to take up supervisory board positions.

In all three countries the workers' representatives enjoy as individuals equal rights with the supervisory board members representing the shareholders' interests. They help to appoint and oversee the managing board which carries out the day-to-day running of the company and participate in crucial decisions on investment, financing, rationalization and personnel policy.

Backing up co-determination at the top are workers' councils or commissions, which, at plant or office level, provide a forum for communication and consultation between management and employees.

At a time when industrial democracy is still very much a novelty in Britain, it is hard to realize that for nearly 25 years in the West German steel and coal industries employees and shareholders' representatives have operated a system of parity in representation on supervisory boards. The coal and steel industries were singled out for this unique experiment in 1951 as it was felt that they represented the most conservative and reactionary element in German industry.

A typical example of a supervisory board in either industry would have 11 members—five of them representing the shareholders and five the employees, with an eleventh neutral member to solve cases of stalemate. Normally, the workers' representatives are nominated by the workers' council after consultation with the trade unions.

To ensure even closer co-operation the coal and steel model provides for a special member of the managing board responsible for questions affecting employees. It is this man's job to work closely with the workers' councils in the plants or mines belonging to the company in question and he cannot be appointed against the will of the majority of the workers' representatives on the supervisory board.

The West German coal and steel model is at once the oldest and the most radical of the co-determination schemes in the three countries. At the same time, it seems to have been a success. The oft-feared *deadlock situations* in supervisory board meetings have turned out to be few; and rarely, in more than two decades of operation, have neutral supervisory board members had to give a casting vote.

Advocates of parity co-determination such as Herr Eugen Loderer, the head of the powerful I. G. Metall trade union and also a member of several supervisory boards, argue that full co-determination was one of the reasons for the peaceful economic and structural changes in the Ruhr in the 1950s and 1960s. Without the benefits of *Mitbestimmung*, they say, the radical pruning of the Ruhr coal-mining industry, when more than 200,000 mining jobs were lost, would have been impossible.

Under the second variation of co-determination in West Germany, employees are entitled to a one-third participation in the supervisory boards of companies with more than 500 workers. Secret ballot is used to elect the representatives.

On smaller supervisory boards where there are only one or two places for workers' representatives, the candidates must come from the company concerned. Only when there are more than two such places can an outsider, like a trade union official, find a seat on the board. As a result, union presence tends to be confined to the boards of the larger companies.

From the beginning of this year there should have been a third *Mitbestimmungs*-model in Germany, extending the principle of parity to the boards of all large companies employing more than 2,000 people. After long and wearisome negotiations between the Social Democrat and Free Democrat coalition partners, the West German cabinet agreed on a draft Bill in February last year. However, harmony was short-lived and the two parties rapidly disagreed on how to fit senior executives into the co-determination model and how to solve possible deadlock situations.

Since then they have been trying to negotiate a settlement.

The still birth of the German Cabinet draft points to the strong element of controversy that still surrounds co-determination in West Germany.

Neither the Swedish nor the Dutch systems come near to providing automatic parity of representation. In Sweden employees of a company with at least 100 workers have been able since 1973 to elect two members and two deputy members to the supervisory board. The law, as it at present stands, is for a three-year experimental period.

In Holland there are no rules on how many members of supervisory boards should come from the employees' side. Instead, the supervisory board is a self-appointing body which accepts or rejects suggestions from the employees and the shareholders. Its decisions can also be challenged by both parties and disputes are settled by arbitration.

The Dutch are careful to point out that their laws set only the institutional forms of co-determination at the same time as informal co-determination is actively encouraged.

Co-determination, whether full or partial, is often criticized as paving the way for union domination of industry. The German experience would suggest that the outcome is more a joint responsibility.

It would be almost impossible to find a German trade unionist to echo the recent sentiments of M Edmund Maire, the head of the French Confédération Française des Travailleurs. In a recent television interview which must have startled and puzzled German viewers—he said that employees' representatives in the supervisory boards of private companies and banks would be thrown into a permanent conflict situation.

M Maire's views are probably a fair indication that *co-determination on the German* model could prove as unsuitable for export as 'parliamentary democracy has on the British pattern.

But even in Germany there are some who argue that extending *Mitbestimmung* is perhaps not the best way of charting the industrial future. Opponents argue that economic conditions have changed.

They claim that the structural crisis in the Ruhr coal industry was overcome not so much by co-determination but by state premiums, subventions, guarantees and redundancy payments at a time of a booming economy.

In present circumstances, the argument goes, the struggle between capital and labour for a slice of the national product is likely to intensify



Herr Eugen Loderer of the I. G. Metall trade union: an advocate of co-determination who believes it made possible important structural changes in the Ruhr in the 1950s and 1960s.

However, for the present, few would dispute the verdict of Herr Schmidt, the West German Chancellor, when he says that co-determination since the 1950s has played a marked role in ensuring Germany its industrial peace.

This year has already produced one notable example of how co-determination can work in this way. The union and employee representatives at Volkswagen originally opposed the managing board's proposals to cut back the workforce in West Germany by 25,000 over 1975 and 1976. But, having been overruled in the supervisory board, the I. G. Metall union is making sure that the workforce reductions are being carried out in a disciplined way without demonstrations, strikes or sit-ins.

Business Diary: £2,000 off • Simon's choice

...a time when the Chancel... thoughts are turning to ...er price controls Roger ...lips has just reduced the ...e of the cars he sells by as ...h as £2,000.

...t that it will bring the ...nate in the "exoticar", the ...borghini, any nearer the ...p of the average motorist, the wealthy will be justi... in putting their tongues in ... cheeks and saying that ... are doing their bit by ...ng a car which has come ... in price as opposed to ... from the mass producers, ...h now seem to go up in ... with clockwork regu...y.

...illips is head of a new ...pany Berlinetta Italia Ltd, ...h despite its exotic name ...ates from his home in ...rban Surrey and from a ...shop in Clapham. He was ...ging director of the orig... Lamborghini United King... marketing subsidiary and ...ed his company after the ...icial restructuring of Lam...hini and its passing into ...s hands. He has now be... the official Lamborghini ... concessionaire in Britain ...is setting up a network of ...ialized dealers.

...illips, by paring overheads ... minimum and taking a ...listic" profit, although ...ning extensive spare parts, ...been able to re-launch the ... with new prices ranging ... £8,500 to £18,295 for the ...tach.

these prices Phillips hopes that the British market will be able to absorb 40 cars this coming year, a target regarded by many as optimistic, particularly when the Aston Martin now seems certain to reappear in this market sector and against an economic background which has seen the demise of Maserati and short-time working at the Lamborghini plant at Sant'agata Bolognese near Turin.

"The fact is", Phillips said, "that the re-birth of Aston Martin could help stimulate this sector of the market. It's better to be selling in competition rather than have to create your own market."

Treasury post

Jack Bennett's office at the Treasury in Washington is empty, the Under-Secretary for Monetary Affairs having apparently packed his bags and departed with great haste, after announcing some 10 days ago that he was resigning because of personal financial problems. But it would seem that William Simon, the Treasury Secretary, has moved with equal speed to find a successor.

The hottest tip in Washington is that Edwin Yeo, aged 41, a charming, bright and diffident Pittsburgh banker, is to get the key Treasury job of supervising American international monetary policy and domestic budget finances. The speed at which Bennett has left town has surprised many, forcing a good number of observers to believe that personal financial problems were not the sole reason for his resignation.

At the same time, however, the swiftness with which a replacement has been apparently found suggests that Simon was not altogether surprised by Bennett's decision. Rumours are spreading thick and fast in Washington that Yeo will take the Treasury job and with no other names being so freely mentioned the rumours may well have a solid foundation.

Yeo, who is believed to be an old friend of the Treasury Secretary, is vice-chairman and chief economist at the Pittsburgh National Bank.

Pan Am's man

Pan American's new man in London is to be one of their younger executives with the splendid name of Erastus Corning III. Aged 42, he is shortly taking over the key post for the airline of managing director, United Kingdom, from Cecil W. Moore who, at the age of 58, is being promoted to regional managing director based in Miami.

Unlike Moore, who entered the business at the age of 25, Corning is not a career aviation man, having joined Pan Am only in 1970 after a spell consulting on transport matters and before that in banking. One of the keys to his rapid rise through the airline is undoubtedly his command of the Russian language, gained at Yale.



Corning: Russian speaker.

As an independent consultant he advised on the ticklish business of establishing the Pan Am route into Moscow and when he joined the airline five years ago his first job was director for the Soviet Union and district traffic and sales manager in Moscow.

For Cecil Moore the appeal of promotion is tempered with regret at leaving Britain, with which he has had strong associations during his 33 years with Pan Am.

Europe's sick

Though Gianni Agnelli, president of the Italian private industrialists' confederation Confindustria as well as chairman of Fiat, foresees a pause in foreign investment in Italy, he believes the Italian economy is stronger than Britain's.

"The sick men in Europe are two—Italy and England", he says in an interview with the illustrated weekly magazine *Epoca*. "I consider that economically Italy is stronger than England. Against that, politically England has, with its referendum in favour of the EEC, taken a notable step forward, in contrast to the perplexities aroused by an Italy moving too much to the left."

Agnelli was referring to last month's regional elections, in which the Communists made the biggest gains of any party. The vote, he said, had brought surprise and preoccupation among Italy's allies, but fortunately the first critical reaction had given way to a more serene examination of the reasons for this advance.

The question did not yet arise, in Agnelli's view, of a left-wing government coalition influencing Italy's relations with the EEC, since a so-called popular front could not muster more than 45 per cent of the votes.

But it was worth studying, all the same, what the attitude of the Communists was towards the Community. From being originally critical, they had changed their position when they saw the chance of making their weight felt in Europe, and now the Italian Communist Party declared itself in favour of European integration.

Jonas Woodhead

VEHICLE SUSPENSION SPECIALISTS

Points from the statement by the Chairman, Mr. E. S. Simpson C Eng FI Mech E MSAE, for the year ended 31st March, 1975.

- Group turnover increased by 29% to a record £32,800,000.
- Trading profit before interest charges increased by 35% to a record £3,344,000.
- Direct exports increased by 53% to £5,163,000.
- Profit after taxation and earnings per ordinary share have both increased by 19%.
- Final dividend has again been increased to the maximum permitted.
- Net asset value per 25p ordinary share now 151.4p. This does not take into account a revaluation of land and buildings which shows a surplus of £1.7 million.
- Capital expenditure cost a record £1,294,000.
- Prospects: We are presently experiencing a reduction in demand. Overseas customers are reluctant to meet increased prices. U.K. industry is at a disadvantage in terms of the "inflation differential" by comparison with overseas competition. Industrial enterprise should be allowed to create and retain a surplus sufficient to attend to the requirements for growth.

Copies of the Report and Accounts are obtainable from the Secretary, Jonas Woodhead & Sons Limited, Kirkstall Road, Leeds LS4 2AQ.

Year ended 31st March	1972 £'000	1973 £'000	1974 £'000	1975 £'000
Turnover	19,100	21,600	25,300	32,800
Profit before tax	1,418	1,853	2,347	2,950
Taxation	585	678	1,192	1,576
Profit retained	340	819	1,834†	995
Total issued capital and reserves	6,859	7,806	9,737	10,915
Per 25p ordinary share:				
Basic earnings	13.0p	18.2p	17.8p	21.1p
Dividend*	7.0p	5.145p	5.246p	5.696p
Asset value	92.2p	105.1p	133.6p	151.4p

*Dividends are shown on a gross basis for 1972 and on a net basis in 1973 to 1975.
†Includes extraordinary items totalling £1,028,000.

THE WOODHEAD GROUP OF COMPANIES

Stock markets

Shares unable to hold early gains

The City's more considered response to Mr Healey's anti-inflation measures brought some hectic trading in equities yesterday, with share prices swinging about wildly as the jobbers sought to balance their books and the punters to take their profits.

After a cautious start, shares swept higher at mid-morning after Mr Healey, answering rumours from the conference of the Transport & General Workers, had removed doubts as to Government intentions to introduce wages legislation if necessary. But the gains proved relatively short-lived and prices fell sharply in late dealings when the market was unsettled by the suspension of an Edinburgh stockbroking firm.

Hawker Siddeley stood out in the engineering sector, with a rise of 20p to 264p, after confirmation that the Government Bill to nationalize the aircraft and shipbuilding industries will be postponed until October.

The *FT* index, having touched 325.5 at best, closed at 315.5, a net 0.2 down. Recorded bargains of 6,925 were higher than for some time.

Some buying from the major pension funds and other institutions was seen at first. But much of the movement in share prices reflected profit-taking on tightly held jobbers' books. Towards the end of the day, some "bears" were selling stock again.

Gilts had a good day, helped by a continuing favourable reception to Mr Healey's statement on Tuesday. Dealers said that business was fairly heavy, with buying well-sustained to the end of the session. Prices closed at the top.

"Shorts" were generally ½ point higher. In "longs", gains on the day ranged between ¼ and ½ point. Corporation stocks also made a good showing, rising ½ or ¾ point.

Some of the strongest movements came from shares in the major engineering groups, always regarded as specially vulnerable to wage inflation or to industrial labour troubles.

But these shares also featured in the setback of the final hour. **GKN**, having surged up to 248p, came all the way down again to close 6p easier at 234p. **Metal Box**, a thinnish market, touched 254p, but closed at 248p, also 6p lower. **Tube Investments**, the subject of hefty bear-selling over the past fortnight, were 266p at best before reacting to close a net 2p up at 258p.

A similar pattern was traced by shares of big exporting groups, where **Unilever** rose as high as 394p, only to slip back to 382p, unchanged on the day. **Bats**, 3p down at 318p after 323p, were also active.

Also in tobaccos, **Rothmans International** edged forward to 224p in spite of the disclosure of lower profits. The announcement that it is raising whisky prices put 5½p on shares in **Distillers** (142½p).

Indications, from statistics of the Department of the Environment, that housebuilding is at last on the upturn brought buyers for **Taylor Woodrow**, 13p up at 286p with the interim report due soon. **Costain** (195p) and **G. Wimpey** (115p) were also firm, while private housebuilder **Gough Cooper** looked steadier after the half-time report.

Strong features elsewhere included **GEC**, at 125p after 128p ahead of today's profits statement, with the market hoping for £150m pre-tax. Shares in **Racal Electronics** and in **Wedgwood** were bought as investors again turned to export favourites.

Consumer stocks, firm on Tuesday as the market anticipated that the Chancellor would not lean heavily on prices, had a quiet session.

Marks & Spencer (199p) were unchanged on the day. **British Home Stores**, having touched 311p, closed at 305p, a net 3p higher. **Cavenhams** moved up to 225p, but boardroom statements brought little response from shares in **Sainsbury** or **Tesco Holdings**. **Tate & Lyle** slipped back to 225p on further consideration of the rights issue announcement.

On the bid front, shares in **Sheffield Twist** steadied at 92p, after a further bid from Thorn Electrical and a statement from bid rival SKF.

Shares in **Repold** dipped to 137p on profits and an £8m rights issue. But rights issue news left **Siebe Gorman** unchanged at 116p. **Chubb** advanced to 101p on a sharp rise in profits.

Bank shares had an erratic day, with prices turning easier in late dealings as the market ran out of steam. **Lloyds Bk** (215p) began to reflect fears of a rights issue again. **Barclays Bk**, 3p off at 272p, had touched 280p and **Midland** at 250p had seen 258p.

The property sector turned higher, helped by the disclosure of successful sales by **Land Securities Investment Trust**, whose shares put on 6p to 183p. **Haslemere Estates** could not hold an early gain but **B. Sunley Inv. Trst.** edged forward to 145p.

Oil shares held firm but lost a penny or two of early gains during late dealings. N. Sea stocks were again active. Lower bullion prices left gold shares drifting lower. A dull spot was **Selection Trust** at 500p, in spite of news of higher profits.

Turnover statistics for last month, published yesterday, show a small increase in the total value of trading, with attention switching from equities to gilts as the pound came under pressure. Overall value of market trading was £6,746m against £6,662m in May. The equity total slipped from £1,790m to £1,390m, but trading in fixed interest stocks was worth £5,355m against £4,871m in the previous month.

A firm spot in the secondary banking sector was Keyser Ullmann, whose shares put on 5p to 48p on determined buying in a thin market.

Equity turnover on Tuesday £60.1m (15,597 bargains). Active stocks yesterday, according to Exchange Telegraph, Bowater new, ICI, Distillers, Marks & Sp, Metal Box, Boots, Unilever, Comm Union, Beechams and GKN.

Latest dividends

All dividends in new pence or appropriate currencies

Company (and par values)	Ord div	Year ago	Pay date	Year's total	Prev year
A. D. International (25p) Fin	1.49	1.43	—	2.27	2.13
Baker's H'hold (10p) Int	0.35	0.29	22/8	—	0.65
Bett Bros (20p) Int	1.13	1.06	11/8	—	2.59
Chubb & Son (20p) Fin	2.29	2.12	15/8	2.85	2.68
Eng Card Cloth (25p) Fin	1.39	1.31	—	2.19	2.06
Gough Cooper (20p) Int	1.95	2.01	22/8	—	5.36
H. Cox & Sons (10p) Fin	1.47	1.51	22/8	1.8	1.86
Gt Nthrn Telegraph	21.6§	21.6§	—	21.6§	21.6§
Halma (10p) Fin	0.5	0.42	15/8	1.06	0.97
Hicking Pentecost (50p) Fin	3.59	3.39	1/10	5.09	5.09
Magnet Joinery (25p) Fin	1.89	1.79	4/8	2.74	2.57
Mercury Secs (25p)	2.76	2.59	—	2.76	2.59
M & G Dual Tst (10p) Int	3.9	3.5	2/9	8.9†	8.3
Renold (£1) Fin	4.56	4.39	19/8	7.06	6.49
Selection Tst (25p) Fin	9.0	8.48	26/8	14.0	12.85
Siebe Gorman (25p) Fin	2.18	2.0	—	3.67	3.38
Sutcliffe, Sp'km'n (25p) Fin	1.13	1.23	6/8	2.23	2.1

Dividends in this table are shown net of tax in pence per share. Elsewhere in Busines News dividends are shown on a gross basis. To establish gross, multiply the net dividend by 1.54. § Kroner a share. † Forecast.

S RHODESIAN GOVT STOCKS

Bank of England (trustees of sinking funds of stocks) wish it to be known that amounts due in respect of annual sinking fund contributions have not been received. These should have been received before close of S Rhodesia financial year on June 30 but have not been forthcoming.

FLEMING PROPERTY UNIT

Offers of units in June attracted record £6.7m of new money. Value of trust is now over £31m—a rise of over £10.3m in last six months.

Planning poser for Sainsbury and Tesco

The anti-inflationary measures announced by the Chancellor earlier this week cannot stop price increases already in the pipeline. Nor can any new forms of price controls be effectively more severe than those already in existence given the thin profit margins in food distribution. So said Mr John Sainsbury, chairman of J. Sainsbury, at the annual general meeting in London yesterday.

On trading prospects for the current year he anticipated a growth in sales "broadly in line" with last year's outcome of 25 per cent. Profits, which rose by just over 7 per cent last year, should be up again for the full 12 months. But higher operating costs, particularly awges, meant that the benefits of the large increase in sales area will not be felt until the second half of the year.

Despite immediate uncertainties the group is to push ahead with its expansion programme. It plans to open 17 new supermarkets, adding 17 per cent to sales area during the year, although worsening planning problems will probably make it impossible to open the same number of stores the following year.

Problems over planning consents also dominate Tesco chairman Mr Leslie Porter's statement to shareholders in the group's annual accounts released yesterday.

Mr Porter says: "We are extremely disappointed at being prevented at the present time from using our liquid resources to their full capacity in new store developments. This is due to planning difficulties associated with proposed super store development."

Income rises at BUPA to £36m: £29.5m paid out

In a year that saw several threats to private sector medicine subscriptions at British United Provident Association rose from £28.5m to just over £36m, according to annual accounts produced yesterday. Some £29.5m was paid out in benefit.

Nuffield Nursing Homes Trust, the charity sponsored by BUPA, opened three new hospitals, taking its total to 24. Some £269,000 was donated to the trust last year.

BUPA chairman, Mr E. F. Webb, comments in his report: "BUPA is resolved to do everything in its power to ensure that those people who wish to make independent arrangements for the treatment of illness shall be free to do so."

Three partners in Blount Black are suspended

The Stock Exchange Council yesterday suspended the three-partner stockbroking firm of Blount Black & Gerrard, which trades principally from Edinburgh, "pending clarification of the financial position". It is believed that the firm's liquidity margins are now under scrutiny of both its own and the Exchange's accountants.

Blount Black was formed in February this year by the merger of Black & Gerrard of Edinburgh with Blount & Co, a London-based firm which operated as a "shunter" of stock when the two markets were still separate entities. It is understood that none of the former partners of Blount are partners of the merged firm.

Commodities

COPPER.—Cash wire bars rose by £10.75 yesterday, while three months wire bars were £10.50 dearer. Cash cathodes were up £10.50 and three months by £10.75. Values advanced on shortcovering, partly on commission house account, following a steadier New York market and a further depreciation in sterling against the US dollar. Afternoon.—Cash wire bars, £555.50-56.50; three months, £574.50-75.00. Sales, 3,300 tons. Cash cathodes, £554-55.00; three months, £563.00-63.50. Sales, 425 tons. Morning.—Cash wire bars, £548.50-49.00; three months, £566.50-67.50. Settlement, £549.00. Sales, 7,125 tons (mainly carries). Cash cathodes, £550.00; three months, £557.00-57.50. Settlement, £559.00. Sales, 550 tons.

SILVER was irregular.—Bullion market (fixing levels): Spot, 306.40p a troy ounce (United States cents equivalent 453.8¢); three months, 311.6p (470.6¢); six months, 317.1p (470.8¢); one year, 332.20p (492.5¢). London Metal Exchange.—Afternoon. Cash, 308.7-9.9p; three months, 312.1-12.3p per troy ounce. Sales, 35 lots of 10,000 troy ozs each. Morning.—Cash, 308.8-7.1p; three months, 312.1-12.3p. No further sales. Settlement, 307.2p. Sales, 34 lots (mainly carries).

TIN.—Cash standard rose by £42 yesterday and three months standard by £18.50. High-grade cash was up by £32.00 and three months high-grade by £19.00.—Afternoon.—Standard cash, £3,115-3,120 metric ton; three months, £3,095-3,100. Sales, 250 tons (mainly carries). High-grade, cash, £3,110-3,120; three months, £3,090-3,100. Sales, nil tons. Morning.—Standard cash, £3,100-3,102; three months, £3,085-3,090. Settlement, £3,102. Sales, 225 tons (about 200 carries). High-grade, cash, £3,100-3,102; three months, £3,085. Settlement, £3,102. Sales, nil tons. Singapore tin ex-works, $M924 per picul.

LEAD closed very steady, quiet.—Afternoon.—Cash, £165-64.00 a metric ton; three months, £169.00-69.50. Sales, 275 tons. Morning.—Cash, £161.00-62.00; three months, £167.00-68.00. Settlement, £162.00. Sales, 2 tons.

ZINC was steady, quiet.—Afternoon.—Cash, £327-28.00 a metric ton; three months, £317.50-18.00. Sales, 225 tons. Morning.—Cash, £326.00-27.00; three months, £317.50-18.00. Settlement, £327.50. Sales, 2,425 tons. Producers' price, £360 a metric ton. All after metal prices are unofficial.

PLATINUM rose by 75p to £6 ($163.50) a troy ounce.

JUTE quiet.—Bangladesh white trade, July/Aug/Sept, £300; Bangladesh white TD, trade, July/Aug/Sept, £195 per long ton; Calcutta specials, July, Rs 475. Dundee D; July, Rs 430 per bale of 400 lbs.

WOOL.—Greasy was irregular, sliding in places.—Australian cross-bred, spot and July, 153.0-55.0p per kilo; Oct, 162.0-65.0p; Dec, 163.0-66.0p; March, 169.0-72.0p; May, 173.0-75.0p; July, 178.0-79.0p; Oct, 178.0-82.0p; Dec, 181.0-83.0p. Sales: nil.

RUBBER closed barely steady.—No 1 RSS spot and July/Sept, 33.50-33.70p per kilo; Sept/Dec, 35.00-35.10p; Dec/March, 35.95-36.05p; April/June, 36.95-37.00p; July/Sept, 37.80-38.00p; Oct/Dec, 38.70-38.90p; Jan/March, 39.00-39.10p; April/June, 39.60p. Sales: Six lots at five tonnes each and 126 lots at 15 tonnes including one option.

More commodities, page

Magnet looks to next year with extreme caution

The only real cheer in the news from Magnet Joinery for the year to February 28 last is that the dividend is going up by the maximum, from 3.8p a share gross to 4.2p. If anything, pre-tax profits were slightly better than feared at nearly £5.2m after a £622,000 payment for past pensions, and a drop in investment income. Even so they are 26 per cent down after an 18 per cent drop in the first six months. Turnover rose modestly, by 5¼ per cent to £25.5m. In the first half year it was 12 per cent higher.

The directors say that sales this year should beat those of 1974-75 if the economy does not take a violent turn for the worse. But 1976 must be viewed "with extreme caution". As a maker of joinery, doors, wall panelling and allied products Magnet has been hit by the downturn in housing and the DIY trade, as well as the drop in timber prices.

Bumper earnings from Eng Card

On turnover up from £8.8m to £13.5m, the pre-tax profits of English Card Clothing nearly doubled to a record £2.85m in the year to March 31. At half time, profits nearly trebled to £1.35m and chairman Mr Simon Rothery predicted a similar figure for the second half. In the event, the group made as much as £1.5m against £1.06m.

The dividend rises from 3.02p to 3.34p gross, while earnings a share are 17.5p against 8.9p. Products include card clothing and iron and steel wire. A breakdown of attributable profits shows that the United Kingdom provided £435,000, against £232,000, the rest of Europe, £214,000, against £108,000 and India £360,000, against £178,000.

ADI-Dentsply talks to resume soon

The board of AD International expects to negotiate with Dentsply International soon over Dentsply's 90p a share offer. This was recently cleared by the Monopolies Commission. Dentsply has made recommendation by ADI board a condition of the deal.

The ADI board will go to the talks armed with good 1974 figures. It also estimates that the group's main properties are worth at least £3m before tax over book value.

Last year turnover rose from £26.9m to £33.3m, and pre-tax profits climbed from £2.51m to £2.95m. The dividend rises from 3.14p to 3.44p.

Lubok in S Africa

Mr Jim Slater's Lubok South African associate SA Selected Holdings is paying 43c cash a share for a 51 per cent stake in Sinclair Holdings—a quoted South African investment company. A reorganization of Sinclair has also been agreed. This will leave the gross assets split into income-producing property (61 per cent) and cash (39 per cent). Mr Slater and Mr S. Pegg will join the board.

Halt in Queen Street

Pending particulars of a capital reorganization, dealings in the securities of Queen Street Warehouse (Holdings) were suspended at the dealers' request yesterday. The finishing price of the ordinary shares was 1½p. Loan stock interest due on July 31 will not be paid. Meanwhile the group will continue to trade normally. For the first half of 1974-5 the group made a net loss of £162,000, and the second half threatened a further loss.

Fine finish by Chubb

Capping a 27 per cent growth in profits at mid-way, Chubb & Son continued to accelerate during the second half to finish the year to March 31 with a 35 per cent increase to £9.08m, despite a swollen inreresr bill.

As foreshadowed, the group, which specializes in security and alarm systems, has seen some improvement in margins. Turnover was up from £85.2m to £108m, with margins gaining from 7.9 per cent to 8.4 per cent. At trading level, profits were ahead by no less than 43 per cent at £10.98m.

Earnings emerge up from £2.82m to £3.79m (7.45p to 10.07p a share). The dividend is to be raised by the maximum 10 per cent, bringing the gross total for the year to 4.37p.

H. Cox plummets

In spite of second half price increases the pre-tax profits of H. Cox (Plant Hire) for the full year to March 31 show a 45 per cent fall from a record £555,000 to £302,000. The second half alone saw a fall from £300,000 to £101,000. Earnings a share fell from 6.5p to 3p and after allowing for conversion of the loan stock from 5.8p to 2.7p. But the total dividend stays at 2.76p. Richards & Wallington has 22.8 per cent of the equity.

Bett sights £1.7m

The pre-tax profits of Bett Bros rose a bit from £705,500 to £716,000 in the half year to last February, but the board predicts only £1.7m for the full year. This would compare with a record £1.85m for last year, which, however, included a surplus of £445,000 on a sale of surplus ground. The dividend of this building and public works contractor rises from 1.58p to 1.74p.

STERN GROUP SCHEME

Crown Agents, which earlier said they were reserving their position, have now obtained advice of Leading Counsel. The Agents will now be assenting secured creditors for purposes of scheme.

IBM UK HLDGS

Although 1974 pre-tax profits rose from £54m to £60m, net profits went down from £30m to £23m. Price increases were outpaced by costs. Turnover rose from £278m to £345m.

BLOCKLEYS

Pre-tax profit for 1974, £332,000 (£472,000); earnings a share 10.46p (15.79p); final dividend 3.15p making 4.34p (3.85p).

DARJEELING HOLDINGS

Department of Trade says Government inspectors are to investigate affairs of group after request from shareholders.

SCOTCROS

Cash and orders are good and expansion opportunities possible. Current year has started well.

JOHN MOWLEM

Chairman reports a good order book and a healthy balance sheet in his annual statement.

HICKING PENTECOST

For year to March 31 pre-tax profit cut from £443,000 to £301,000 thanks largely to fall in dyeing and finishing from £254,000 to £108,000. Board maintaining control of stock and investment and group is wroking well within financial facilities.

INTEREUROPEAN

Short-term borrowings have been reduced by well over £1m since the year end and further cuts are imminent. Net asset value of French property subsidiary is equal to over 40p a share.

SHELLABEAR PRICE

Outlook is bleak. Board is looking overseas for profits to replace a likely shortfall in United Kingdom earnings.

HALMA

Pre-tax profit for year to March 31, record £318,000 (£258,000) on turnover, £5.98m (£3.63m). Dividend goes up from 1.40p to 1.60p gross.

SUTCLIFFE, SPEAKMAN

Board proposes a one-for-ten scrip issue. Pre-tax profit for year to March 31, £346,000 (£258,000) on turnover, £5.04m (£3.49m). Dividend is 3.37p (3.08p).

JONAS WOODHEAD

Mr E. S. Simpson, chairman, says group experiencing fall in demand. He warns shareholders that overseas customers are reluctant to pay increased prices.

Eurobond prices (midday indicators)

$ STRAIGHTS	Bid	Offer
AIDC 10¼ 1981	103¾	104¾
Alcoa 8¼ 1988	85	88
Ashland 8 1987	91½	93½
BICC 7¾ 1987	69	73
Bristol 8½ 1979	89¾	91¾
British Steel Corp 8¾ 1989	85	88
Burlington 7¾ 1987	90½	91½
Carrier 8 1987	90	91
Chevron 7 1980	97	98¼
Conoco 8 1987	96	97¼
Conoco 8 1986	96½	97½
Cons Food 7¾ 1991	87¾	88¾
Coventry 8¾ 1981	90	93
Coventry 8¼ 1980	89	91
Curacao Tokyo 8¼ 1988	93¾	94¾
Curacao Tokyo 10¼ 1981	102¾	103¾
Guiler Hammer 8 1987	91	93
Dana 8 1987	90½	91½
Denmark Kingdom 7¾ 1990	83¾	84¾
Denmark Mtge Bank 7¾ 1991	81	82
Dundee 9¼ 1983	93½	95½
Escom 9¼ 1989	89	91
Escom Floating Rate 1992	97½	98½
First Chicago 7 1980	96¼	96¾
First Pennsylvania 7¾ 1984	80	84
GATX 8½ 1987	90	91
Gibraltan Royal 8 1987	76	79
Hambros 7¾ 1987	78	81
ICI 7½ 1992	78	81
International Util 8¼ 1982	96¼	96¾
Legal & Gen Ass 7¾ 1988	73	76
Manchester 8½ 1981	88	90
Mexico 8¼ 1991	82	85
Michelin 7¾ 1988	90	91
Minnesota 8 1988	93	95
Motorola 8 1987	93½	94½
Nat & Grindleys 7¾ 1987	77	80
Nat Coal Board 8½ 1980	85	88
Nip Fudosan 10¾ 1980	103	104
NA Rockwell 8¼ 1987	91	92
Occidental 8¼ 1983	85	87
Pacific Lighting 9¾ 1986	90½	91½
Pacific Lighting 9¾ 1981	102	103
Pennwalt 8 1987	90½	91½
Ralston Purina 7¾ 1987	91½	92½
Scanrail 7¾ 1990	86½	87½
Scanrail 8¾ 1988	95½	96½
Shell 7¾ 1987	92½	93½
Singer Fin 4¼ 1977	102¾	103¾
Skandinaviska 10¼ 1981	103½	104½
Slough 8 1988	68	72
South Africa 8 1987	92	95
Standard Oil 8¼ 1980	103¼	104¼
Standard Oil 8¾ 1988	98	99
Standard Oil 8¼ 1988	98½	99½
Sybron 8 1987	91	92
Tenneco 7¾ 1987	87½	88½
Textron 7¾ 1987	84	85
Transocean Gulf 7¾ 1987	92½	93½
Transocean Gulf 7 1980	95½	96½
Union Oil 7¾ 1987	91½	92½
Venezuela 8¼ 1987	93½	94½
Volvo 8 1987	88½	89½
Wm Glyns 8¾ 1987	80	83

DM BONDS		
APEL (DM) 10 1981	105¾	106¾
Charter (DM) 6¾ 88/83	79½	80½
Cruzu (DM) 6¾ 87/83	77¼	78¼
Denmark (DM) 8¼ 1989	101	102
Escom (DM) 7 1973/88	73¾	74¾
Goodyear (DM) 6¾ 72/87	86½	87½
ICI (DM) 8 1971/86	90	91
Mitsu Hy (DM) 9¼ 1980	104¾	105¾
Nat West (DM) 8¾ 1988	94½	95½
N Zland (DM) 8¼ 1992	91¾	92¾
Sadrica (DM) 8¼ 70-85	93½	94½
Sun Int F (DM) 7¾ 1988	90½	91½

$ CONVERTIBLES		
AMF 5 1987	63	66
Amer Express 4¼ 1987	91	94
Beatrice Foods 4¼ 1992	96	98
Beatrice Foods 4¼ 1988	96	98
Beatrice Foods 4¼ 1993	101	103
Borden 5 1992	90½	92½
Borden 4¼ 1991	100	102
Broadway Hale 4¾ 1987	74	77
Carnation 4 1987	80	83
Chevron 5 1992	101	103
Cummins 4¼ 1986	88	91
DMP 4¼ 1987	88	91
Eastman Kodak 4¼ 1988	114	116
Economic Labs 4¼ 1987	85	88
Exxon 4¼ 1987	86	89
Ford 5 1988	75	78
Ford 6 1986	84	87
Gillette 4¼ 1987	78½	81½
Gould 5 1988	83	86
General Elect 4¼ 1987	86	89
Halliburton 4¼ 1987	136	139
Harris 5 1987	66	69
Hilton Hotel 5 1986	104	107
ITT 4¾ 1987	68	71
J. Ray McDermott 1990	150½	153½
J. P. Morgan 4¼ 1987	133	136
Nabisco 5 1988	93	96
Owens Illinois 4¼ 1987	87	90
J. C. Penney 4¼ 1987	87	90
Revlon 4¾ 1987	100	103
Rank Org 4¼ 1993	102	105
Sperry Rand 4¼ 1988	99½	102½
Squibb 4¼ 1987	86	89
Texaco 4¼ 1988	77½	80½
Union Carbide 4¾ 1992	108½	111½
Warner Lambert 4¼ 1987	91	94
Xerox Corp 5 1988	76	79

DM=Deutschmark issue.
Source: Kidder, Peabody Securities, London.

Issues & Loans

Siebe Gorman 1-for-4 rights and record profit

Along with Renold, Siebe Gorman keeps the rights issue bandwagon rolling. This Surrey-based group, perhaps best known for its diving, fire-fighting and safety equipment, has arranged to raise £1.6m by way of a 1-for-4 rights issue (underwritten) of 2,070,958 ordinary shares at 80p a share. The funds are needed for expansion by internal spending and acquisition. The market price yesterday was steady at 116p.

For the twelfth year running the group has produced record results, though in the year to April 5 the growth rate slowed markedly. At pre-tax level profits put on 12 per cent to £2.8m—net outcome of a first-half spurt of 23 per cent and a second-half gain of 5 per cent. Earnings a share were 2.8p higher at 18.8p. Turnover expanded by 25 per cent to £25m. The year's total dividend is to go up from 4.96p to 5.57p, and they intend to pay 6.9p on the increased capital for 1975-76, the Treasury having confirmed advance consent.

More new loans in June

Figures from the Bank of England on capital issues show that in June £243.2m of new money was raised. This was well up on May's £153m, but roughly the same as in April. Of the new money, £146.7m was in ordinary shares and as much as £91.3m in loans, against only £11.2m in May.

TOSHIBA SEEKS DOLLARS

Toshiba of Japan is planning a $30m. 15-year convertible with a 6¾ per cent coupon, at slightly above par. Arab Finance Corp. is handling it.

HEADLAM SIMS AND COGGINS

Foreshadowed rights offer of 500,000 shares on one-for-three basis will be made at 10p a share.

LBI CREDIT FOR SPAIN

Lloyds Bank International has arranged a £6.8m buyer credit to finance construction of polyester complex in Spain, by a company owned jointly with ICI. Loan guaranteed by ECGD.

FRASER ANSBACHER

Coy has platform for "cautious but progressive" growth—says Mr Maxwell Joseph, chairman, but he makes no forecast. Balance sheet shows loans etc are down during year from £25.2m to £17.2m. Deposits, etc, were £37.4m (£50.9m).

Wall Street

New York, July 2.—Trading slowed on the New York Stock Exchange with the market sharply lower. At 1 pm the Dow Jones Industrial Average was down by 10.95 points to 866.47.

More than 1,000 issues were lower, with about 300 higher.

Short-term interest rates continued to rise and analysts expected First National City Bank of New York to raise its prime rate to 7 per cent from 6¾ per cent Yesterday, the Dow Jones industrial average fell 1.57 points to 877.42.

Volume totalled 20,390,000 shares compared with 19,430,000 on Monday.

Silver falls 5.5 cents

New York, July 1.—SILVER futures collapsed as much as seven cents before rallying slightly on speculative short covering. Final losses extended to 5.50 cents. The decline was attributed to the easing of gold prices overseas. The firmness in sterling also touched off some unwinding of currency hedges. July, 455.60c; Aug, 458.70c; Sept, 462.0c; Dec, 472.50c; Jan, 477.00c; March, 482.70c; May, 489.30c; July, 496.00c; Sept, 502.50c. Handy and Harman $450 (previous $456).

GOLD.—Futures closed slightly firmer in active trading as speculators and hedgers adjusted their positions following the results of the United States gold auctions, dealers said. The New York Comex finished the session 30 to 70 cents higher and the Chicago IMM ended 40 cents to $1.10 firmer. NY COMEX: July, $167.00; Aug, $168.10; Sept, $169.30; Oct, $170.70; Dec, $173.00; Feb, $176.10; April, $178.70; June, $181.50; Aug, $183.00; Oct, $186.00. CHICAGO IMM: Sept, $169.80-169.50; Dec, $175.90-175.40 asked; March, $177.50 asked; June, $182.10 asked; Sept, $185.50.

COPPER. Futures closed steady down between 20 and 30 points on 2,584 lots. July, 55.40c; Aug, 55.80c; Sept, 56.10c; Dec, 57.70c; Jan, 58.20c; March, 60.50c; May, 60.50c; July, 61.00c.

SUGAR. Futures in No 11 contract were steadied by Commission House short covering on a report some operators and refiners are short of sugar through July, Sept, 13.35-45c; Oct, 13.40-75c; Jan, 12.95c nominal; March, 12.95c; May, 13.00c; July, 13.00c nominal; Sept, 12.90-95c; Oct, 12.90-95c. Spot, 13.90c, off 25.

COTTON. Futures closed near the day's lows, off 1.34 to 0.55 cents a lb lower. Volume was an active 4,500 lots. July, 46.05c; Oct, 47.40-90c; Dec, 47.70-80c; March, 48.95c; May, 49.70-75c; July, 50.30-50c; Oct, 51.25-45c; Dec, 51.45c bid.

COCOA. Futures were featureless most of the day with final prices 0.70 to 0.85 cents lower. July, 18.20c; Sept, 17.70c; Dec, 17.35c; March, 17.40c; May, 17.60c; July, 17.80c; Sept, 17.4nc. Spots: Ghana 65¾c; Ivory Coast 66½c.

COFFEE.—Futures in 'C' contract drifted down 0.50 to 0.60 cents on trade and commission house selling prompted by the lack of notable business in the physical market. July, 52.50; Sept, 51.50-1.30c; Nov, 50.25c asked; Dec, 50.50-51.00c; March, 50.50c nominal; May, 50.00c nominal.

WOOL. Futures again traded unevenly. Four contracts sold in the June week's contract which closed unchanged to about 0.10 cent higher.

The Greasy-bred contract had two sales today with closing prices unchanged to about 0.20 cent a lb lower. CHEASE WOOL. Spot 133.0c nominal; July, 131.0c bid; Oct, 136.0-75.0c; Dec, 131.0-40.0c; March, 139.0; May, 139.0-49.0c; July, 139.0c bid; Oct, 139.0c bid.

CROSSBRED. Spot 74.5c nominal; July, 73.0-7.7c; Oct, 74.0c bid; Dec, 7.70c; March, 77.0c; May, 77.0c; July, 77.0c; Oct, 77.0c.

CHICAGO GRAINS. WHEAT closed early 6¼ to 2¼c lower. July, 295c; Sept, 303¾-304c; Dec, 316-

Bett Brothers Limited

At a meeting of the board held on 2nd July, 1975 an interim dividend of 1.1351p per share (1974—1.0637p) on account of the year ending 31st August, 1975 was declared payable on 11th August, 1975, to members on the register as at 16th July, 1975. Certain shareholders have waived the dividend aggregating £20,945.

The unaudited pre-tax trading profit of the group for the half-year to 28th February, 1975 is £715,705 (1974—£705,542).

Current estimates indicate that the pre-tax profit for the year to 31st August, 1975, should be in the region of £1,700,000. There are no exceptional nor anticipated exceptional land transactions included in this estimate, whereas in 1974 the profit of £1,852,054 included a surplus of £444,837 arising in the second half of the year from the sale of ground surplus requirements.

Pegler Hattersley '75

- Sales increased by 26 per cent to £56.8m. Overseas sales contributed 29 per cent of total turnover.
- Export sales rose by 48 per cent to £14.7m.
- Group profit excluding metal stock depreciation increased by 12 per cent to £9,352,000.
- Demand for industrial valves was at a high level throughout the year, especially from the oil and petro-chemical industries, and more than offset the reduction in earnings from building products. Associated companies, particularly those overseas, showed a further improvement in profit.
- "We believe in investment for the future and that we are well placed to take advantage of opportunities for expansion as they arise. The budgets and forecasts prepared for 1975/76 are encouraging. Any forecast of current prospects must be dependent on the national uncertainties of the present time, but the company is widely based and given the right conditions prospects in the long term must be good."



J. M. Harrison (*Chairman*)

Results for 1975	1975 £000	1974 £000	1973 £000
Profit excluding metal stock depreciation/appreciation	9,352	8,368	6,896
Profit before tax	8,527	9,618	7,071
Profit after tax	4,230	4,642	4,397
Earnings per share (after tax)	17.48p	19.24p	18.26p
Dividends per share (gross)	8.37p	7.44p	7.09p
Net assets per share	122p	112p	94p

Copies of the full report and accounts are available from The Secretary, Pegler-Hattersley Limited, St Catherine's Avenue, Doncaster DN4 8DF

INDUSTRIAL VALVES • DOMESTIC PLUMBING FITTINGS • RADIATOR VALVES
ACRYLIC SANITARY WARE • INDUSTRIAL RUBBER COMPONENTS

	July 1	June 30
Allied Chem.	38½	38
Allied Stores	38¾	38½
Allied Supermkt.	5¼	5¾
Allis Chalmers	11¼	11¾
Alcoa	45¾	46
Amax Inc	54½	55¼
Amerada Hess	20¾	20
Am. Airlines	8¾	9¼
Am. Brands	41¼	40½
Am. Broadcast	26¾	27¼
Am. Can	32	31¾
Am. Cyan.	27¼	27¾
Am. El Power	20¾	20
Am. Home	41	41¾
Am. Motors	6¼	6¼
Am. Nat. Gas	35¾	36¼
Am. Standard	14¾	14¾
Am. Tel.	51¼	50¾
Amf. Inc.	20¾	20¾
Anaconda	17¾	18
Armco Steel	28	28¼
Asarco	15	14¾
Ashland Oil	23¾	23¾
Atl Richfield	104¼	103¾
Avco	6¼	6¼
Avon Prod.	46¾	47½
Babcock & Wcox	26¼	27¼
Bankers Tst NY	38¾	39¼
Bank of Am.	44¾h	45¾h
Bank of N.Y.	31½	31¾
Beat Foo	27¾	28¼
Beer, Dick	17¾	18¼
Bell & Howell	19	19¾
Bendix	38¾	38¾
Bethl. Steel	35¾	36¾
Boeing	20	20
Boise Cascade	22¾	23
Borden	24¾	25¼
Borg Warner	19¼	18¾
Bristol Myers	68½	68¾
BP	11¾	11
Budd	9¼	9¾
Burl Ind.	26¾	26¾
Burlington Nthn	38¾	39¼
Burroughs	107¾	108¾
Campbell Soup	32¾	33¼
Canadian Pac.	14¾	14¾
Caterpillar	66¾	68¾
Celanese	26	26¼
Central Soya	15¾	16
Charter N.Y	13¾	13¾
Chase Manhat.	27¾	27¾
Chem. Bk. N.Y.	40¾	41¼
Chesapeake Oslo	36¾	36¾
Chrysler	12¾	12¾
Citicorp	38¾	38¾
Cities Serv.	35¾	35¾
Clark Equip	32¾	

هكذا من الأصل

MARKET REPORTS

ommodities
(continued from page 22)

PHYSICALS were steady:— 78-33.50p per kilo; Cif's 29.50-29.90p; Sept. 30.25—

(Smithfield).—BEEF: Scotch sides 32.0-36.0p per lb; English quarters, heavy 29.0-34.0p; medium quarters 30.0-32.0p; Ulster 29.0-31.0p; Eire forequarters 32.0-34.0p; Eire forequarters, 30.0-34.0p; English small 30.0-36.0p; English, 30.0-34.0p; English heavy, 30.0p.

Iced cream: New Zealand D's, 30.0p; New Zealand YLs, 28.0-13.0p, 26.0-13.0p.

English, under 100lb 27.0-34.0p; 100-120lb, 27.0-31.0p; 120-150lb, 27.0-30.0p; English 150-180lb, 25.0-27.5p.

Quotation very high quality in limited supply.

ank Base Rates

clays Bank ..	9½%
Hoare & Co ..	9½%
yds Bank	9½%
land Bank	9½%
Westminster ..	9½%
nley Trust ..	11½%
h Century Bank	11½%
lliams & Glyn's	9½%

day deposits on sums of £10,000 and under, 6¾%. up £25,000, 6¾%. over 25,000, 7¾%.

COFFEE.—Robusta terminal moved irregularly in a narrow range during afternoon dealings with a slight easing earlier in the session under commission-house selling later halted by a steady New York opening. At the close, values were unchanged to £5.00 lower on balance in sales of 543 lots.

Arabicas were 40 points higher to 15 points lower in 31 lots.

ROBUSTAS.—July, £464.5-65.5 per metric ton; Sept. 461.0-61.5; Nov. 460.0-60.5; Jan. £459.0-59.5; March, £461.5-62.0; May, £462.5-64.0; July, £463.5-65.0. Sales: 542 lots, including eight options.

ARABICAS.—Aug. £63.60-63.80 per 50 kilos; Oct. £62.65-62.90; Dec. £63.10-63.50; Feb. £63.80-64.30; April, £63.50-64.50; June, £64.00-65.00; Aug. £64.50-65.50. Sales: 51 lots.

COCOA futures closed the morning with on-balance gains of £13.50 (both spot July and nearby September) to £15.00 per tonne despite an easy New York-based softening. The tone was steadier.

End-morning levels were at or just below the "highs" for the session, but dealings were relatively thin, at 1,260 lots. Dealers said that currency had provided the basis for much of the support, by way of shortcovering. The two nearby positions were in particular demand and moved convincingly to a backwardation premium over December. The demand for the nears was thought by some sources to have been connected with the latest Gill and Duffus report.

Futures after lunch again attracted a keen buying interest and yesterday morning's gains were quickly extended with near September soon reaching limit-up

After the reopening, the rise continued with only occasional setbacks under profit-taking. At the close prices were trading around the "highs" on £43 to £45 up on balance and sales totalled 5,488 lots.

July £515.0-7.0 per metric ton; Sept. £507.5-08.0; Nov. Dec. £482.0-4.5; March, £493.0-5.0; May, £495.0-500.0; July, £497.0-500.0; Sept. £500.0-10.0. Sales: 5,458 lots, including four options. ICO prices: daily, 44.91c, 15-day average, 44.75c, 22-day, 44.91c (US cents per lb).

SUGAR.—Terminal moved higher after lunch on trade buying and shortcovering but the rise later halted by market reports that Egypt, from offerings totalling 200,000 tonnes, purchased from Cuba at white sugar at the cheap price of $350 per tonne. C. and F.

At the close, values were £2.75 to £4.70 lower on balance and sales totalled 3,405 lots.

The London daily WHITE SUGAR price was reduced £15 to £170 on the tone of the physical market while the RAW price lost £5.00 to £130 per long ton.

Aug. £144.25-44.55 a long ton; Oct. £140.10-40.25; Dec. £138.60-39.00; March, £137.00-37.50; May, £134.25-36.50; Aug. £135.50-56.00; Oct. £135.00-36.50. Sales, 3,406 lots. ISA prices: 13.95c, 17-day average, 13.20c.

SOYABEAN MEAL was quiet.—Aug. £73.20-73.40 per metric ton; Oct. £74.30-74.50; Dec. £74.40-74.60; Feb. £75.80-76.00; April, £76.40-76.70; June, £78.10-78.70; Aug. £79.70-79.90. Sales, 57 lots.

GRAIN (The Baltic).—Fresh inquiry was very slow to develop for imported grains and all sections experienced lifeless conditions. United States maize prices were slightly easier, but other items showed little change.

WHEAT.—Unquoted.

MAIZE.—No 3 yellow American-French. July, £55.50; Aug. £59.00; Sept. £60.00 trans-shipment east coast. South Africa white dent, Aug. £56.00 seller Glasgow. South Africa yellow flint, Aug. £55.00 seller Glasgow.

BARLEY.—EEC feed, July, £52.50 trans-shipment east coast.—All a long ton, cif United Kingdom unless stated.

MARKET LANE.—Featureless conditions characterised all sections of the cereals market with no significant change in price variations. The following are average sellers' quotations in sterling per long ton for del London area — Wheat, Rayberg July £57; denaturable, July £55 to £56.50; Barley, ung.

London Grain Futures Market (Gafta).—EEC origin.	BARLEY
Steadier.—Sept. £56.25; Nov.	£58.25;
Jan. £60.50; March, £62.40;	May,
£62.95. WHEAT.—Steadier.—Sept.	
£59.25; Nov. £61.70; Jan.	£63.85;
March, £65.65; May, £67.15.—All a long ton.	

Home-Grown Cereal Authority's location ex-farm spot prices:

	Soft milling WHEAT	Feeding BARLEY
Banbury	£52.00	£52.05
Chichester	—	£51.50
Ormskirk	—	£52.15

Recent Issues

	Closing price
Akroyd and Smithers 25p	15p
All Irish Banks 10% Cnv (£100)	£43
Clive Discount (20)	52+1
Colne Val Wtr 9% Rd Pf (£100)	£101
E. Surrey Wtr 9% Rd Pf (£)	£100¾
Folkestone Wtr 9% Pf (£)	£100¾
Gestetner 10% Cnv (£100)	£115½-17½
Nth Surrey Wtr 9% Pf (£)	£100¾
Southend 12¾% 1981 (£99½pc)	*£43¾-4¾*
Sunderland Wtr 9% Rd Pf (£)	£102½
Warwickshire 12¾% 1980 (£99)	£99½
Waterford Glass 10%-Shr (100)	£101-3
Westmor 13% 1981 (£97½)	£104

RIGHTS ISSUES	Latest date of renun	
BOC (46‡)	Sept 10	½ prem-½
Barrow Hepbn (25‡)	July 21	6½ prem
Bowater (11‡)	..	52 prem
Carlton Caper (40‡)	Aug 5	20 prem-2
Com Bnk Aust (A$1.80‡)	Aug 7	85 prem
Ever Ready (65‡)	July 31	7½ prem+1½
GEI Int (75‡)	Aug 1	5 prem+9
Kwiku (20‡)	..	1½ prem
London United (50‡)	..	12 prem
Pegler Hat (105‡)	..	8 prem
Phoenix Ass (180‡)	Aug 1	11 prem+1
Premier Cons (5‡)	July 21	5 prem+1
Serck (27½‡)	July 21	4½ prem+1
Unicorn (50‡)	..	2½ prem+2
UK Optical (85‡)	July 7	10 prem+1

Issue price in parentheses. ‡ Ex dividend. † Issued by tender. ‡ Nil paid. a £45 paid. b £10 paid. e £55 paid. f £50 paid. g £80 paid. h £25 paid. i £40 paid.

Foreign Exchange

The dollar gained substantial ground in European foreign exchange trading yesterday, while sterling consolidated Tuesday's gains.

The dollar's firmness stemmed from generally higher United States and Eurodollar interest rates and from reports that First National City Bank may reverse the downward trend in United States prime lending rates.

Sterling's relative stability after recent hectic trading reflected cautious optimism about Chancellor, Mr Denis Healey's, anti-inflation plans.

Spot Position of Sterling

	Market rates (day's range) July 2	Market rates (close) July 2
New York	$2.1855-2.125	$2.2010-2010
Montreal	$2.2610-2780	$2.2985-2670
Amsterdam	5.41-45fl	5.44¾-45fl
Brussels	78.00-80f	78 85-75f
Copenhagen	12.17-27k	12.30-21k
Frankfurt	5.20-26m	5.24-25m
Lisbon	84 00-70e	84.45-55e
Madrid	129.90-124.90p	124 00-20p
Milan	1395-1402l	1398-1400l
Oslo	10 94-11.09k	11.09¾-09¾k
Paris	6.94-9.96f	9.08¾-09¾f
Stockholm	8.70-78k	8.75-77k
Tokyo	645-58y	649-51y
Vienna	36.70-37.20sch	36.90-37.10sch
Zurich	5.54-50f	5.56¾-5.57¾f

Effective depreciation since Dec 21, 1971 unchanged at 27.8 per cent.

Forward Levels

	1 month	3 months
New York	.50-.40c prem	1.50-1.40c prem
Montreal	.45-.35c prem	1.35-1.15c prem
Amsterdam	2¼-1¼c prem	6¾-5¾c prem
Brussels	15c pm-par	55-35c prem
Copenhagen	1ore discount 1ore premium	6¾-3¾ore prem
Frankfurt	2ore disc 2¾-1¾pf prem	7¾-5¾pf prem
Lisbon	10-200c disc	20c prem-250c disc
Milan	1-4lr disc	4-7lr disc
Oslo	1ore premium-1ore disc	2ore prem-par
Paris	1-3c disc	1¾-3¼c disc
Stockholm	1ore premium-1ore disc	2ore prem-par
Vienna	25cgro prem-par	50-30gro prem
Zurich	2¾-1¼c prem	8¾-7¾c prem
Canadian dollar rate (against US dollar), $0.9705-08.		

Eurodollar deposits (%) calls, 6¼-6¾; seven days, 6¾-6¾; one month, 6¾-7; three months, 7-7¼; six months, 7¼-8

Gold

Gold fixed: am, $165 (ten ounce); pm, $165. Krugerrand (per coin): $165-165 (£23⅝-23¾) (domestic); $166-171 (£23⅝-23¾ (International). Sovereigns: (old), $50¼-51½ (£23-23½). (new); $50¼-51½ (£23-23½) (International).

Dealers said many operators feel the dollar is undervalued and this, combined with increasing confidence in a United States *economic upturn, is driving the* dollar higher.

Gold fell $1.00 an ounce, to $165.00.

Discount market

Houses had another very easy day, with credit on offer from the start. The Bank of England eventually intervened again to "mop up" the surplus, this time by selling a large amount of Treasury bills to both the houses and the banks.

Rates for secured loans started in the region of 8 to 8½ per cent but, with money flowing in some quantity, came swiftly down to about the 6 per cent mark. Conditions tightened just a little after the authorities' "mopping", with final balances picked up at 7 or 7¼ per cent.

Money Market Rates

Bank of England Minimum Lending Rate 10%

Clearing Banks Base Rate 9¼%

Discount Mkt Loans%

Overnight: Open 8½ Close 8

Week Fixed: 8¾-8

Treasury Bills (Dis%)

Buying	Selling
2 months 9⅛	2 months 9¼
3 months 9⅛	3 months 9¼

Prime Bank Bills (Dis%) Trades (Dis%)

2 months 9¼-9⅜	3 months 10
3 months 9⅛-9¼	4 months 10⅛
4 months 9⅛-9⅛	6 months 10¼
6 months 10-9¾	

Local Authority Bonds

1 month 10¼-9¾	7 months 10⅛-10
2 months 10⅛-10	8 months 10⅛-10
3 months 10⅛-10	9 months 11¼-11
4 months 10⅛-10	10 months 11¼-11
5 months 10⅛-10	11 months 11¼-11
6 months 10⅛-10	12 months 12-11¾

Secondary Mkt. SCD Rates (%)

1 month 9¼-9¾	6 months 10⅛-10
3 months 9⅛-9¼	12 months 11-10¾

Local Authority Market (%)

2 days 8½	3 months 9¾
7 days 8¾	6 months 9¾
1 month 9¼-8¾	1 year 11¾-12

Interbank Market (%)

Overnight: Open 8-7½	Close 8
1 week 8¾-8⅝	6 months 10¼-10⅛
1 month 9⅛-9¼	9 months 10⅝-10½
3 months 9⅜-9⅛	12 months 11-10¾

First Class Finance Houses (Mx. Rate%)

3 months 10¼ - 6 months 10⅝

Finance House Base Rate 10½%

Dealers said many operators feel the dollar is undervalued and this, combined with increasing confidence in a United States *economic upturn, is driving the* dollar higher.

Gold fell $1.00 an ounce, to $165.00.

Discount market

Houses had another very easy day, with credit on offer from the start. The Bank of England eventually intervened again to "mop up" the surplus, this time by selling a large amount of Treasury bills to both the houses and the banks.

Rates for secured loans started in the region of 8 to 8½ per cent but, with money flowing in some quantity, came swiftly down to about the 6 per cent mark. Conditions tightened just a little after the authorities' "mopping", with final balances picked up at 7 or 7¼ per cent.

Money Market Rates

Bank of England Minimum Lending Rate 10%

Clearing Banks Base Rate 9¼%

Discount Mkt Loans%

Overnight: Open 8½ Close 8

Week Fixed: 8¾-8

Treasury Bills (Dis%)

Buying	Selling
2 months 9⅛	2 months 9¼
3 months 9⅛	3 months 9¼

Prime Bank Bills (Dis%) Trades (Dis%)

2 months 9¼-9⅜	3 months 10
3 months 9⅛-9¼	4 months 10⅛
4 months 9⅛-9⅛	6 months 10¼
6 months 10-9¾	

Local Authority Bonds

1 month 10¼-9¾	7 months 10⅛-10
2 months 10⅛-10	8 months 10⅛-10
3 months 10⅛-10	9 months 11¼-11
4 months 10⅛-10	10 months 11¼-11
5 months 10⅛-10	11 months 11¼-11
6 months 10⅛-10	12 months 12-11¾

Secondary Mkt. SCD Rates (%)

1 month 9¼-9¾	6 months 10⅛-10
3 months 9⅛-9¼	12 months 11-10¾

Local Authority Market (%)

2 days 8½	3 months 9¾
7 days 8¾	6 months 9¾
1 month 9¼-8¾	1 year 11¾-12

Interbank Market (%)

Overnight: Open 8-7½	Close 8
1 week 8¾-8⅝	6 months 10¼-10⅛
1 month 9⅛-9¼	9 months 10⅝-10½
3 months 9⅜-9⅛	12 months 11-10¾

First Class Finance Houses (Mx. Rate%)

3 months 10¼ - 6 months 10⅝

Finance House Base Rate 10½%

Law Report July 2 1975 — **Court of Appeal**

No abuse of power by council in eviction

Bristol City Council v *Clark and Another*

Before Lord Denning, Master of the Rolls, Lord Justice Lawton and Lord Justice Scarman

The Court of Appeal, considering the effect and relevance of circulars issued by government departments to housing authorities, indicated that though they did not have statutory force, they were important in giving guidance on how to deal with the social problems of homelessness and need.

Their Lordships so said in allowing an appeal by Bristol City Council from Judge Sir Ian Lewis and making an order for possession of a council house in Shortwood Road, Hartcliffe, against the tenants, Mr David George Clark and his wife.

Mr Jeremiah Harman, QC, and Mr C. S. Rawlins for the council; Mr David Turner-Samuels, QC, and Mr William Birtles for the tenants.

The MASTER OF THE ROLLS said that Mr Clark, the tenant, said he was employed in the building trade on contract work. Everybody knew what that meant: he was on the lump, with no master and servant relationship, and therefore not a person to whom the Attachment of Earnings Act, 1971, could apply. After 1972 he was frequently unemployed and became late with his rent. The council had to write to him from time to time; the collector called; and he sent a cheque which was "returned to drawer" and the like.

Eventually, on September 27, 1973, the director of housing gave him a clear warning in a letter that arrears of rent could not be allowed to continue; and it was repeated in October. But Mr Clark was still in arrears, though when he was unemployed he received a rent rebate and also unemployment pay. In those circumstances Bristol housing department got in touch with the social services department of Avon County Council about the case; and in December the director of social services told Bristol that they had investigated the circumstances of the family and could not offer to guarantee payment of the rent. He added: "It is appreciated that this decision may result in the family being evicted from their present home and I confirm that this department does not object to such eviction action being taken."

The position was summarized in a report laid before the chairman of the housing department in January, 1974. It showed the household income, supplementary benefit, rent, and arrears of £45.20, and what had happened. The chairman authorized notice to quit to be given; and it was given to expire *on February 11, 1974.*

About that time Mr Clark got employment as a milkman; but he did not tell the council and continued to have the rent rebate. He did eventually clear off the arrears back to the past rebates.

The council took proceedings for possession in the county court. A member of Bristol University put in a defence which said that "the local authority does not require the property for the purpose of exercising its powers under any enactment relating to housing. There are no arrears of rent outstanding" and asked the court to decline to make the possession order.

The judge decided the case in favour of the tenants. He was of opinion that the council were under an obligation to give evidence that *they required possession* of the house for their own housing requirements, for people whom they wished to house themselves, and as they had not given any positive evidence to that effect they were not entitled to *possession. He was influenced* by cases under the Small Tenements Recovery Act, 1838—*St Pancras Borough Council v Frey* ([1963] 2 QB 586) and *Harpin v St Albans Corporation* (67 LGR 479), where it was held that when proceedings were taken before magistrates to recover immediate possession under the 1838 Act the housing authority had to prove that they required the house for the purpose of housing. The judge thought those cases were applicable because of section 156(2) of the Housing Act, 1957, which at that time gave the housing authority power to recover possession under the 1838 Act.

But the power of going before magistrates under the 1838 Act had been abolished in 1971 and such cases now had to go to the county court, so that cases on the 1838 Act had no application. There was no need for such evidence in the county court. The housing authority could properly say in the county court: "This is a tenancy duly determined by notice to quit"; we are entitled to possession and an order of the court so far as the law is concerned". That was sufficient to determine the case and the judge was in error in putting it on the ground of the 1838 Act.

On the council's appeal the tenant had taken a quite different point. He said that the council had abused their powers and should not be allowed to recover possession.

Although the housing authority had the statutory power of managing property and dealing with it under sections 91 and 111 of the Housing Act, 1957—power to grant and terminate tenancies by notice to quit and take proceedings for possession—and were not trammelled in any way by the Rent Acts, nevertheless his Lordship would agree with Mr Turner-Samuels that in exercising *their statutory powers* they must not abuse them. In saying whether or not they had abused those powers the courts had always followed the classic judgment of Lord Greene, Master of the Rolls, in the *Wednesbury* case ([1948] 1 KB 223), that it was the duty of the authority—in the present case the housing authority —to take into account all relevant *considerations* and not to take into account irrelevant *considerations* and come to a decision on all the pros and cons of the case. It might still be possible, as Lord Greene said, that if they nevertheless came to a conclusion so unreasonable that no reasonable authority would ever have come to, the court might interfere.

What was said here was that one relevant consideration might be that if a man was in good employment and payment of rent could be secured by an attachment of earnings order that might be a relevant consideration before taking the extreme step of turning him out; it might also be relevant to see what was the social services view and what the effect would be of rendering a tenant homeless. The court had been referred to all the sections on social security and the duty of a local authority to provide temporary accommodation for the homeless and to circulars in which ministries pointed out the problems which might arise. One of them said that "Rent arrears *should not be* treated simply as a financial problem attracting as routine penalties the issue of an eviction notice with the possible execution of any subsequent possession order. To create homelessness with which the local authority itself will have to deal, can only make matters worse both for the tenant and his family and for the local authority". And the circular indicated matters which might fairly be taken into consideration.

His Lordship would not say whether or not the omission to take those matters into account would be fatal. There was quite an argument that the council ought to take them into account one way or the other. But there was no need to rule on that in the present case for it was quite plain that Bristol City Council did everything that could possibly be expected of them. They gave the man every chance to pay the arrears, consulted the social services department before evicting him, gave him rent rebates, and there could be no reason for them *to seek an attachment of earnings* order when he had said that he was unemployed. There was a great deal to his discredit in not disclosing the fact that he had got employment and went on getting rent rebates when he was not entitled to them. So there was nothing on the facts in the suggestion that the council had abused their powers. The order for possession which the judge did not make should be made

LORD JUSTICE LAWTON, concurring, said that one constitutional problem of our time arose out of the use of statutory powers given to local authorities and statutory corporations. The appeal illustrated two different approaches to its solution.

Mr Turner-Samuels had asked the court to say that when a local authority exercised their powers under the 1957 Act they should have taken into consideration specified aspects of the matter which he identified. That would have necessitated the court saying that the local authority had such a duty. Mr Harman had asked the court to approach the problem of whether there had been any excess or abuse of power by looking at the evidence and nothing more.

His Lordship preferred Mr Harman's approach. The first reason was that from 1920 onwards Parliament had entrusted local authorities with the exercise of statutory powers under the Housing Acts. In so doing, Parliament would have taken into account the fact that local authorities had a much better idea of local conditions and needs than central government.

In those circumstances the court should be most reluctant to interfere with a local authority's exercise of their powers. They were under the democratic check of having to meet the electorate from time to time and were in a far better position than the court could ever be in deciding whether *the powers had been exercised* in a way which met with general approval. In addition, local circumstances differed so widely.

It might well be that in a particular local authority area tenants were reluctant to pay their rent. They might prefer to spend their money on other things; and it might be necessary, as a matter of enforcing the management policy of the local authority, that persistent bad payers should be evicted. There could be no doubt that under their statutory powers a local authority could not only choose its tenants but could evict them: *Shelley v London County Council* ([1949] AC 56).

His Lordship agreed with the Master of the Rolls about the court being able to interfere if there had been an abuse of power; but there was not in the present case evidence which would justify such interference.

LORD JUSTICE SCARMAN, also concurring, said that Mr Turner-Samuels had based himself on the well-known passage in the *Wednesbury* case (at p. 233) in his submission on what were the relevant matters which a local authority should take into account when exercising its powers and duty under the 1957 Act.

His Lordship thought that there was considerable substance in his general submissions, though they failed on the facts of the case. Undoubtedly the local authority had a power of management regulation and control; and one function of such management, as was said in *Shelley's* case, was the ability to select its tenants. But Mr Turner-Samuels had submitted that the exercise of those powers and duties must now be considered not exclusively in the limited context of the Housing Act but in the deeper, wider and more multifarious context which he had described as "the social context". His Lordship thought that it was right to make that general submission and it was clear from the evidence—particularly the circulars—that local authorities were now invited by the central government to have regard to such questions as homelessness and the Attachment of Earnings Act before reaching *a decision on* whether to evict a tenant who was in arrears with his rent.

It was not possible to rely on the circulars as imposing any strict statutory duty on a housing authority but they were a good indication as to what were relevant matters, with Lord Greene's language

Knight Frank & Rutley

CHESHIRE, near Alderley Edge

Manchester about 16 miles, M6 about 10 miles.

AN OUTSTANDING COUNTRY HOUSE OF GREAT CHARACTER IN A SUPERB SITUATION OVERLOOKING OPEN FARMLAND



2 7 4 2 H H

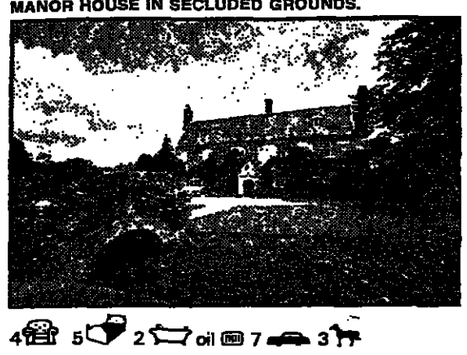
Additional features: Study/Library, Sauna, Greenhouses and Paddocks.

FOR SALE FREEHOLD WITH ABOUT 6 ACRES.
(01302/RG) T

DORSET, in Tolpuddle village

Dorchester 7 miles, Wareham 11 miles (Waterloo about 2 hours).

A DELIGHTFUL WELL MODERNISED 17TH CENTURY MANOR HOUSE IN SECLUDED GROUNDS.



4 5 2 oil 7 3

Additional features: Outbuildings. Walled garden and paddock intersected by River Piddle. Cottage available in village.

FOR SALE FREEHOLD WITH ABOUT 3.2 ACRES.
Joint Agents: FOX & SONS, South Street, Dorchester (Tel: 0305 5111) and KNIGHT FRANK & RUTLEY (67333/ADB) T

SUSSEX

In a parkland setting, Haywards Heath 5 miles.

MOST ATTRACTIVE TUDOR STYLE HOUSE ADJOINING LAKES AND WITH GLORIOUS VIEWS TO THE SOUTH

Large hall, 3 reception rooms, main suite of bedroom and bathroom, bar, study, fully modernised kitchen quarters, 6 other bedrooms and 2 bathrooms, staff flat, cottage, oil fired central heating, standby generator to run whole system.

Well laid out gardens including landscaped heated swimming pool with large sun room, changing rooms and bar facilities, hard tennis court, 3 heated greenhouses, paddock.

FOR SALE FREEHOLD WITH ABOUT 12½ ACRES.
Joint Sole Agents: BRADLEY & VAUGHAN, Commercial House, 52 Perrymount Road, Haywards Heath. (Tel: 0444 50333) and KNIGHT FRANK & RUTLEY
(56993/KM) T

KENT

Ashford 3 miles (main line service to the City about 1 hour), Maidstone 18 miles.

A WELL RESTORED MANOR HOUSE, WITH FINE VIEWS OVER THE WEALD OF KENT.

4 7 2 oil 3

Additional Features: Outbuildings and Paddock.

FOR SALE FREEHOLD WITH ABOUT 3½ ACRES.

Joint Sole Agents: GEERING & COLYER, Bank Street, Ashford, Kent (Tel: 0233 24561) and KNIGHT FRANK & RUTLEY
(67388/TR) T

20 Hanover Square, London W1R 0AH Tel: 01-629 8171

Humbert, Flint, Rawlence & Squarey

28b Albemarle Street, Mayfair, London W1X 4JX Tel. 01-491 3820

Farm Sales Dept.: 8 Rollestone Street, Salisbury Tel. (0722) 27274

FARMS FOR SALE

SUFFOLK — **887 ACRES**
Excellent Agricultural Investment comprising 2 very fine dairy and arable farms let on full maintaining, repairing and insuring agreements to yield £14,800 per annum.

OXFORDSHIRE/BUCKINGHAMSHIRE BORDER — **828 ACRES**
An Agricultural and Residential Estate for sale by Auction in Two Lots with Vacant Possession on 17th July (unless previously sold). Lot 1: A fine Grade II listed farmhouse, pair of cottages, 2 sets farm buildings, arable and pasture land. 696 Acres. Lot 2: Farmhouse, farm buildings and pasture land. About 132 Acres. Land Agent: J. G. K. Malleson, FRICS (Tel. 028571 492).

WILTS/HANTS BORDER — **657 ACRES**
Hill Farm, Winterslow—A first class residential and agricultural estate. A medium sized Period Farmhouse (5 bedrooms), well equipped Dairy, Stock and Arable Farm with extensive buildings including 130-cow dairy unit and 4 cottages. For Sale by Auction with Vacant Possession on 16th July (unless previously sold). Joint Auctioneers James Harris & Son, Jewry Chambers Winchester. Tel. (0962) 61126.

LINCOLNSHIRE — **492 ACRES**
A Freehold Agricultural Investment near Louth. Let and producing £7,300 per annum. Subject to full repairing lease. Details from: 6 Romeland, St. Albans. Tel. (0727) 61226.

HANTS/WILTS BORDER — **435 ACRES**
A Corn and Stock Farm including 64 acres of woodland, a small farmhouse and a good shoot. Joint Agents: Messrs. Hampton & Sons. 6 Arlington Street, London, S.W.1. Tel. 01-493 8222.

SOMERSET—Nr. Taunton — **285 ACRES**
An arable and pasture farm for sale by auction on 16th July in lots of between 13 and 63 acres. Details from: 16/17 Hammet Street, Taunton. Tel. 0823 88484.

SUFFOLK — **255 ACRES**
A Freehold Agricultural Investment being a compact arable unit let and producing £3,000 p.a. Subject to a full repairing lease. Details from: 6 Romeland, St. Albans. Tel. (0727) 61226.

WEST DORSET — **243 ACRES**
An arable and dairy farm within a ring fence. Farmhouse with 4 bedrooms, good farm buildings, 2 farm cottages. For Sale by Auction of 30th July. Details from: 59 East Street, Bridport. Tel. 030 82 2215.

THE COTSWOLDS — **207 ACRES**
An Attractive Residential, Agricultural and Sporting Property. Delightful Cotswold House of traditional character (6 bedrooms), service flat, garaging for 3, 5 loose boxes, 2 groups of farm buildings, arable, pasture and woodland. Joint Agents: Messrs. Taylor & Fletcher, The Square, Stow-on-the-Wold. Tel. 0451 30383.

SOMERSET — **136 ACRES**
Productive stock farm set in an area of great rural charm close to Exmoor, comprising XVth century farmhouse, modern service cottage and about 136 acres. Joint Agents: Risdon, Tarr and Morle, Wiveliscombe. Tel. (09842) 453.

DEVON—Nr. Exeter — **62 ACRES**
A superbly equipped Pig Breeding Unit. Modern principal house and adjacent s/c flat. Farm Managers House (5 bedrooms). Purpose-built buildings (adaptable for other uses). For Sale by Auction on 12th September (unless previously sold). Details from: 16/17 Hammet Street, Taunton. Tel. 0823 88484.

Jackson-Stops & Staff

14 CURZON STREET, LONDON W1Y 7FH (01-499 6291)

AUCTION REMINDERS

ESSEX

LITTLE BURSTEAD HOUSE
Nr. Billericay
Georgian House with Cottage and 8½ ACRES

FRETTONS
Danbury
18th Century Hall House with 2 Cottages and 18½ ACRES

AUCTION—THURSDAY 10th July at 3.30 p.m.
THE COUNTY HOTEL, CHELMSFORD
(unless previously sold)
Auctioneers: LONDON OFFICE, 01-499 6291

SURREY

Waterloo 28 minutes, Guildford 7 miles

HOOK HEATH, NR. WOKING. An excellent 'between the wars' House in first class order, in a quiet position. Hall. Cloakroom. 3 Reception Rooms. 5 Bedrooms, 2 Bathrooms. ½ Acre of attractively laid out garden. Double Garage built for provision of Staff Flat over.

Apply LONDON OFFICE, 01-499 6291

WORCESTERSHIRE

In a pleasant area in Malvern

STONE VICTORIAN PERIOD RESIDENCE enjoying far reaching views. Suitable as Private House, Flats, Bed & Breakfast or Boarding House, School House, etc. (subject to Planning). 2 Halls, 2 Reception, 8 Bedrooms, 2 Bathrooms, 2 Kitchens. Gas fired C.H. Attractive Gardens. 2 Road frontages. Separate self-contained 2-bedroomed Flat.

Offers in the region of £32,500.

Joint Agents: BANKS & SILVER, Malvern. (Tel: 61866). JACKSON-STOPS & STAFF, Chipping Campden. 0386 840224 (Ref: PBB/2341)

SUFFOLK

Near Long Melford

A MOST ATTRACTIVE 15TH CENTURY PERIOD COTTAGE in unrivalled position. Entrance Hall, 3 Reception Rooms, 4 Bedrooms, 2 Bathrooms, Kitchen. Double Garage. Landscaped Garden of about 1 ACRE.

PRIVATE TREATY (4848)
Apply: NEWMARKET OFFICE, 0638 2231

KENT

Hythe. London 68 miles

THE MARTELLO TOWER. A unique residence being one of only two converted to a dwelling from the original fortress of Napoleonic times on the South Coast. 3 Reception rooms, 4 Bedrooms, 2 Bathrooms, very well equipped Kitchen, secondary Kitchen/Bathroom, Bar, Sun room, Patio. Double garage and lovely garden.

AUCTION: 16TH JULY 1975 (unless previously sold)
Joint Auctioneers: C. R. CHILD & PARTNERS, Hythe (0303) 67421.
JACKSON-STOPS & STAFF, London, 01-499 6291.
Solicitors: Wedlake Bell, 6 Stone Buildings, Lincoln's Inn, London WC2A 3YG.

LONDON CHESTER YORK NORTHAMPTON NEWMARKET YEOVIL CIRENCESTER CHICHESTER MIDHURST CHIPPING CAMPDEN

MID-SUSSEX

Between East Grinstead & Haywards Heath

DUCKYLS PARK
West Hoathly
In an area of outstanding natural beauty



Comprising
SUSSEX MANOR HOUSE
6 Beds., 4 Baths., 4 Receipts. Timbered Grounds of 9 Acres.

Also in Separate Lots:

Old Quarry Cottage for improvement with 3¼ Acres.
Period Coach House with Cottage and 2 Acres.



Small Country House with 4 Acres. Bungalow Lodge Paddock, Walled Garden. Agricultural Land and Woodland.

ABOUT 64 ACRES

AUCTION, 25th JULY 1975 (unless previously sold)
TAYLOR & TESTER, 3 King Street, East Grinstead, SX. Tel: 24478

Nicholas

Reading London W1 Newbury Wokingham

BY DIRECTION OF A RETIRING CHAIRMAN OF DIRECTORS
BERKS. Between Newbury, 6 miles, and Reading, 11 miles. M.4 (No. 12) 5 miles. London 44 miles. (Paddington 1 hr.) WITH MAGNIFICENT FAR REACHING VIEWS



A UNIQUE RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY

In 8¼ Acres on the edge of a village (circa 1900— architect Sir Mervyn Macartney)

Fine reception hall, cloakroom, 3 large well proportioned rooms, compact domestic offices, main suite of bedroom, dressing room, bathroom, 3 further principal bedrooms and 2nd bathroom, secondary, nursery or staff accommodation of 5 rooms and 3rd bathroom. Garage and other buildings. Landscaped gardens of 1½ Acres. Hard tennis court. Orchard of paddocks.

OFFERS IN THE REGION OF £85,000

Details from: NICHOLAS, 43 Cheap Street, Newbury. Tel.: Newbury (0635) 40888 or 147 Friar Street, Reading. Tel.: Reading (0734) 56511/8

COTSWOLDS

Thames-side village of Castle Eaton in peaceful rural surroundings

DREAM BUNGALOW (1,970 sq. ft.)

built in Bradstone to a very high standard by builder for own occupation in 1972

LUXURY FITTED THROUGHOUT

9 miles Cirencester and M4, Swindon Paddington 1 hour

34ft. lounge/diner. Hygena 70 fitted diner/kitchen, 3 large double bedrooms, 2 bathrooms (one en suite), cloaks, large laundry. Double garage. Gas c.h. Double glazed. Easy gardens. Views.. White area. Many extras. Must be viewed to be appreciated.

£28,500 o.n.o.

Telephone: Kempsford (028 581) 287

LONDON AND SUBURBAN

HAMPSTEAD, NW2
On the Hocroft Estate, arranged on 2 floors only, convenient for Heath, shops and transport. Modern HOUSE with spacious rooms, 4 bedrooms, bathroom, living room, dining room, kitchen, etc. Garden, garage. **Freehold £39,500.** Ref. FWT.

REGENT'S PARK, NW1
Delightful NEWS COTTAGE, rear of elegant Nash Terrace, few yards park. Completely modernised unit to be sold in "shell" form and completed to purchaser's requirements. 5 bedrooms, 3 bathrooms, large living room, dining room, kitchen, cloaks, etc. C.H. Garage. 999 yrs. approx. Ground rent £10 p.a. **Price £55,000.** Highly recommended. Ref. LWF

FOLKARD & HAYWARD
01-935 7799

NR. HAVERSTOCK HILL, NW5

Modernised Victorian house in quiet attractive backwater. 4 bedrooms, 27ft. double reception, rec., plus 2 room self-contained flat. Gas C.H. Freehold with vacant possession.

£37,500

01-267 2384 (after 6.30 p.m.)

£22,500. Stile Hall Gdns., W.4. Large unsplitting Edwardian house in need of renovation. 5 bedrooms, kitchen bathroom & utility room. Original marble fireplace & panelling. 340ft. garden.—John Grahby & Co. 995 5284

CLOSE WIMBLEDON COMMON. Secluded country setting, single-storey residence, 5 rooms, £12,000.—01-946 9626.

HENLYS CORNER, N.3. Mod. semi-detached town house, south-facing garden, beds. 3, recep. 1ft., baths. 2½, large balcony. Gas C.H. Big aluminium windows. Garage. £26,000 ftld. 346 3387.

GARAGE, S.W.7. Stanhope Mews. modern private lock-up, suit resident or commuter. 82-yr. lease. £1,850. 01-370 2408.

LONDON AND SUBURBAN

HOUSES

West Hampstead

A TERRACED HOUSE MODERNISED TO A HIGH STANDARD

4 bedrooms, bath and shower rooms, living (about 28ft long), breakfasting kitchen, laundry, cloakroom. Small garden. Freehold £27,500 to include fitted carpets.

HAMPSTEAD VILLAGE

A DELIGHTFUL, WELL-MAINTAINED, SMALL COTTAGE

2 bedrooms, bathroom, hall and lounge/dining room, kitchen. Gas central heating. Freehold £25,000.

FLATS

ADJACENT TO HIGHGATE GOLF COURSE

A luxury flat in a modern block. 2 bedrooms, bathroom, hall, cloakroom, living (about 27ft. x 20ft.), kitchen, garage, lift. Porterage. Use of gardens. 92-year lease. £29,950.

Hampton & Sons
21 HEATH STREET, HAMPSTEAD, N.W.3. TEL. 01-794 8222.

CAMBRIDGE SQ, W2

Ultra modern, exclusive interior designed terraced residence, overlooking landscaped gardens, front and rear: close Marble Arch. Dining room, large split level lounge, playroom/cinema, solarium/discotheque with terrace, 5 beds, 3 bath (1 en suite), dream kitchen/breakfast room, laundry, double garage, patio. Leasehold **£130,000 inc CC + FF**

GILLAND & CO.,
12 Finchley Road, N.W.8.
01-586 2701

LONDON FLATS

D. PINTO & CO
15 BOVER STREET, W1. 01-493 2244

LONDON, W.1

CHARMING MEWS FLAT. In secluded cul-de-sac, compact and newly modernised, 2 rooms, k. & b., £16,400. 3 rooms, k. & b., £19,000. Lease 34 years. G.R. only £6 p.a.

MODERN FLAT. In luxury block, 3 bedrooms, double recept., fully fitted kitchen, 2 baths., lift, portarage, entry-phone, c.h. Offered at a remarkably advantageous price of only £26,000. Lease 37 years. G.R. £50 p.a. Mortgage assistance given if required.

COLEHERNE COURT S.W.5

Superb spacious 4th floor flat, redecorated and recarpeted throughout in May. 3 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, sitting room, dining room, fitted kitchen, gas c.h., c.h.w., lift, porter, beautiful 2 acre garden.

62 year lease, will accept £37,500, to include carpets, curtains, light and other fittings.

Ring 01-373 0620 evenings.

RICHMOND HILL AREA

S/c. large garden flat, 3 rooms, k. & b., C.H., redecorated. £14,750. 99 years lease.

ALSO

Top flat, 3 beds, lounge, k. & b., dining hall, C.H., redecorated, use of large gardens. Only £15,750 for immediate sale. 99 years lease.

MICHAEL RICHARDS & CO.,
401 Chiswick High Rd., W.4. 01-994 8612.

MARLOES ROAD, KENSINGTON, W.8

We are able to offer at specially reduced prices 3 flats in the first phase nearing completion. 2 bedrooms, reception room, kitchen and bath room, lift, ind. gas C.H. Tricity cookers, Wrighton units, waste disposal, entry phone. Long leases, low outgoings at £17,250.

WINKWORTH & CO.,
289 Brompton Road, S.W.3. 01-584 8985.

KENSINGTON, S.W.5

Enormous ground-floor family flat, with unusually high ceilinged rooms, 5 beds., 2 recpts., kitchen/breakfast room, 2 bathrooms, 3 w.c.s, part C.H. Pertered mansion block facing South over private tenants gardens. Lease approx. 80 yrs. £35,500 o.n.o. Tel. 01-727 5294.

KENSINGTON, W.10 (St. Marks Road). Flat for sale with own garage. Purpose-built modern construction. 2 bed., 1 rec., kit., bath. etc. Lease 99 years at £225 p.a. ground rent. Price £17,750. H. F. Wright & Co., Chartered Surveyors, 14 Holland Street, W.8. 937 2555, or 582 7931 (Mr Davies).

PAWLETT, SOMERSET. MS 2 miles, 15 miles, an attractive small 18th century Parsonage house of good proportions on edge of small village and facing south. Hall, 3 Reception Rooms, Kitchen, Utility Room, 4 Double Bedrooms, Bathroom, Walled garden and grounds of about 1¼ acres. C.P. for sale by Private Treaty. £30,000. Apply Cluttons, 10 New Street, Wells. Tel.: 07492 78012.

LONDON AND SUBURBAN

Harrods Estate Offices

1 HANS ROAD
LONDON SW3 1RZ — **01-589 1490**

HAMMERSMITH, W.6
Ideally suitable for Dr. or professional and residential use.
CORNER HOUSE WITH GARDEN AND STABLE BUILDING. 5 bedrooms, bathroom, 3 reception rooms, kitchen. Also "Granny" flat or Consulting/Surgery, 1 room, shower room, kitchen with separate entrance. FREEHOLD, £39,500. Vacant Possession. Harrods Estate Offices, as above, ext. 2810.

KENSINGTON
MOST ATTRACTIVE MODERN HOUSE. Non basement, c.h., garden, garage, 4 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms, kitchen, etc. VERY LONG LEASE. 85 years. Offers invited over £40,000.
Harrods Estate Offices, as above, ext. 2810.

REGENTS PARK, N.W.1
INTERESTING EASILY-RUN FREEHOLD HOUSE. Good decorative order. 3 bedrooms, 2 reception rooms, bathroom, modern kitchen fully equipped. Small garden. Price £44,000.
Harrods Estate Offices, as above, ext. 2819.

HANS CRESCENT (adjoining Harrods)
SEVERAL S/C FLATS FOR SALE. 1 or 2 rooms, kitchen, bathroom. Leases 20 years. Prices £8,350 to £12,500.
Harrods Estate Offices, as above, ext. 2819.

FURNISHED HOUSES AND FLATS IN LONDON AND HOME COUNTIES. Tel: As above, Extn. 2817/8 and 2820.

HAMPSTEAD—FREEHOLD

Charming, sunny, detached, well-equipped, 4-bedroomed ho Near excellent infant and junior school and shops. Comp ing: very large luxury bathroom (with shower attachme separate w.c. spacious dining room, extremely large lo with yew panelling, new marble fireplace and French d leading to garden; fitted kitchen/diner (Scholtes coo dishwasher, deep freeze, refrigerator, waste disposal pa utility/laundry room (with tumble drier), downstairs cl room and w.c. Full Thermowarm central heating, double glazing throughout, also deadlocks. Separate ga parking space for 3 cars; attractive front and rear filled gardens.

£57,000 negotiable
Ring
01-455 9000

LONDON FLATS

AYLESFORD

59 CADOGAN SQUARE, S.W.1
Five Flats available in this Victorian purpose built block on various floors, in varying conditions and at prices ranging between £45,000 and £55,000. The flats have up to 5 bedrooms, 3 reception rooms, 3 bathrooms, and are in generally excellent condition. Two have Sauna Baths, and all are readily available. 40 years. Ground Rent £250 per annum.

SWAN COURT, CHELSEA MANOR ST., S.W.3
Another sensibly priced flat on the 5th floor of this well known building. Reception, 2 bedrooms, bathroom, kitchen. Lift. C.H. Porter. 43 years. Ground Rent £5 per annum. PRICE £15,850.

FLAXMAN HOUSE, COLEHERN RD., S.W.10
Opposite Pantevecchia in Old Brompton Road, quiet first floor flat in converted House. 2 bedrooms, 20ft. x 15ft. reception, bathroom. Own central heating. 99 years Ground Rent £75 per annum. PRICE £18,850.

KINGS MANSION, LAWRENCE ST., S.W.3
A realistically priced flat with comparatively low outgoings. 2 bedrooms, bathroom, reception room, kitchen. (Gas central heating constant hot water. 90 years Ground Rent £25 per annum. PRICE £20,500.

KINGS COURT NORTH, KINGS RD., S.W.3
Three flats available in this purpose built block, all in perfect good condition, adjoining Chelsea Town Hall. Reception 20ft. x 18ft., 1/2 bedrooms, bathroom, separate w.c. Lift. Central heating and constant hot water. Porter. 99 years. Ground Rents £90 per annum. PRICES £19,500; £21,750; £23,850.

OLD BROMPTON ROAD, S.W.10
An interior decorators own beautifully decorated flat on the second floor of this purpose built block. Comprising 3 bedrooms, bathroom, reception room. Constant hot water, central heating. 63 years. Ground Rent £[illegible] per annum. PRICE £22,000.

AYLESFORD & CO.,
440 KINGS ROAD, CHELSEA, LONDON SW10 0LH
Tel: 01-351 2383
(24 HOUR ANSWERING SERVICE)

MAYFAIR

FLATS FOR SALE

Close to Piccadilly, Park Lane & Curzon Stree

CARRINGTON HOUSE

1-2 Bedrooms, Double Reception Room, Bath separate W.C., Kitchen. Central Heating. Lifts, P age.

All flats fitted to a high standard and redecorat Lease approximately 58 years; rent £50 p.a. Service charge according to size.

£29,000-£34,000

Joint Sole Agents:

Winkworth & Co., 48 Curzon Street, London, W1Y 8EL. 01-499 3121

Bernard Thorpe & Par 1 Buckingham Palace London, SW1W 0QD. 01-834 6890

HAMPSTEAD/ST. JOHN'S WOOD BORDERS. Newly decor ready for immediate occupation. Recept, bed, k&b, use garden. Lease 80 years. Low outgoings. £15,500.

ST. JOHN'S WOOD. Last remaining flat in luxury architect conversion. 2 beds, 2 recep, k&b, exceptionally well fitted out. Lease 99 years. Inspection advised. £22,500.

ST. JOHN'S WOOD. Spacious 6th floor flat in modern block 2 baths, recep, kitchen. Balcony. Parking for 2 cars. P Just reduced to £36,000.

HAMPSTEAD N.W.3. Sunny family flat, close village. 3 g 2 recep, fitted kit, 2 bath, 30ft balcony. Lease 83 years. to incl. c. c. f&f.

BAKER STREET, W.1 (just off). Easy walking distanc Street. Spacious maisonette in excellent order situated in block. 3 beds, 2 large recep, fully fitted kitchen, 2 bath. Lease 70 years. £55,000 to incl. c. c. f & f.

BRITTON POOLE & BU
2 Wellington Road, N.W.8.

GROSVENOR STREET EXCELLENT FLAT

Double bedroom, lounge, kitchen and bathroom, all fully fitted and carpeted, services include porter, entryphone system, full central heating, lift, etc.

Lease 58 years
Ground rent £100 p.a.
£39,000
Please phone
Lesley Cottam 638 8431

TEDDINGTON

Lattice windows, semi-detached house: 5 bed., 2 recep., kitchen, tiled bathroom, sep. w.c., garage. Attractive garden with flowers, trees and shrubs, overlooking bowling and putting greens, conveniently placed to shops and station. Mortgageable. Freehold £23,000 o.n.o. Tel. 01-977 6135.

REGENTS PARK RD. Overlooking Primrose Hill; 99 year leases on 2 superbly modernised flats; first-floor flat, 5 rooms, 2 bathrooms, together with large kitchens and gas C.H. Best offer over £40,000 for each. Nicholas Barker 01-722 1247 between 11 am and 1 pm.

FORCED SALE.—25% discount now at giveaway price of £26,500 large 3-room flat + 2 bathrooms by Kensington Gardens. 229 1739.

BELGRAVIA, S.W.1 (adjacent Victoria) Ground Maisonette, 3 beds. 2 recpts., k. and b., garden patio, gas C.H., and c.h.w. Lease 37 years GR. £100. Price £23,500 incl. carpets, curtains f. and f. Owner 629 6162, office.

CATHCART ROAD, S.W.10.—Bright, new, 1 bed flat with sunny South facing terrace in pleasant tree lined street, well designed and equipped, k. and b. have attractive pine cottage, gas c.h., entry phone, £15,500 o.n.o. 01-584 8517. CPK.

SLOANE AVE S.W.3

A light and attract floor flat in a well purpose built block, bathroom, reception r chenette, central heat stant hot water, lift,

Lease: 93 years ap G.R., £30 p.a. ove Price: £26,500 in pets, curtains, fixtures tings.

EDWARD ERDMAN & 6 Grosvenor Street, W.1.
TEL. 01-629 87

LUXURY PENTE WITH ROOF GA

BRANHAM GDNS., K TON, S.W.5. ceilings, wood panell ceiled, lighting, and waste disposer, attr spacious, access to squa Superbly modernised C.H. 3 beds., L-shape rooms, 93 yrs. at £ £26,950. Tel: P.D.M. 01-370 8355; week. 0331.

PORTLAND PLACE. furnished flat in pre an 8th floor. Spacious in fine condition. 2 bathrooms, 3 recept kitchen. Lease 5 ½ yr £2,500 p.a. or excellent £14,000 for excellen curtains, kitchen equi nurse 01-935 2338 & Lyons, 235 7933.

KENSINGTON, CHURCH A very special 3rd double bedroom, recep filled modern kitchen, yard dining area, tiled C.P. throughout and curtains incluse £15,850. Tel 2510.

PRIDDY HILL FARM, Somerset. Healthy and land; currently farme arable rotation; very farmhouse and build about 416 Acres possession on complet Sale by Auction 1/2 early sold) as a w tone on 21st July, at 2.30 p.m., at the Star Ar Somerset. Full det Cluttons, 10 New Str Somerset. Tel.: 07492

FOR SALE
by private treaty
with entry at 2nd February, 1976.

HELMSDALE RIVER

(Badanloch Rods)

SUTHERLAND

Full particulars from :—
J. M. L. Scott, F.R.I.C.S.,
Sutherland Estates Office,
Golspie, Sutherland.
Telephone : Golspie 268.

FRINGE OF LAKE DISTRICT

RETIREMENT COTTAGES (3 beds)
and
FAMILY COTTAGE (3/5 beds)

Converted, dressed stone-built Pumping Station—on banks of River Derwent (River 3 yards) nr. Cockermouth. Attractive gardens. 1. Breathtaking views. 2. Roof and riverside terraces. 3. Shops 5 minutes. 4. Maintenance looked after. 5. Luxury specification—finish. 6. Prices from £15,000.

HANDMEAD LTD.,
8/10 Bell Road, Warnham, Nr. Horsham, Sussex, RH12 3QL
Tel. Horsham 61930

EDINBURGH

17 MILES

Close to charming village, secluded Colt house, built 1971, in 3-acre of lawns and mature trees. Dining room room to lounge, 3 bedrooms, bathroom, cloakroom, excellent kitchen. Full double glazing. Off peak heating. Double garage. Price £24,000.

Phone West Linton 264

WILTSHIRE.—With good access to M4 and main-line station: a Georgian country house with stabling and paddock; large hall, music room, 3 reception rooms, downstairs cloakroom, excellent kitchen, 6 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms; all beautifully decorated. Garaging; lovely garden. All for £35,000. We must sell. Also, if wanted, is a pretty three-bedroom cottage.—Tel. Sedgery 330.

UNIQUE downland views, double cottage, ½ mile Arlington, for sale now.—Apply 0323 37201.

READY TO MOVE IN!

HOVE, SUSSEX

Ideal family house, easy to convert. 4 spacious bedrooms with fitted cupboards, fitted bathroom with shower unit and two w.c.'s, lounge, dining room with French windows. Beautifully fitted kitchen, sun lounge leading onto easily manageable garden, gas central heating, double glazing, garage and two optional garages and garden shed.

£16,950 freehold
Phone Brighton 414409

CONVERTED FARM BUILDINGS

Attractive brick and flint bungalow standing in ¾ acre rural surroundings.
NORWICH 17 miles—Easy reach broads and coast. 3 bedrooms, 23ft. barn sitting room, L-shaped kitchen/dining, bath., sep. w.c., oil-fired c.h., possible grazing for pony.

£15,250.
Tel. Elmham 565.

LAVENHAM. Modernised 17th Cent. house of great character with many fine timbers. 3 beds., bath., rec. hall, cloaks w.c. Gas C.H. Small garden. £13,750. Phone Sudbury (Suffolk) 72459.

CHARD, SOMERSET. A building of character close to the town centre, containing approx. 1,200 sq. ft. of office accommodation. Price £12,500 freehold. Also adjoining site available if required. Chapman Porter & Co., 01-735 7877/5870.

ONE HUNDRED PROPERTIES including town and country houses and farms all in or within 50 miles of Cheltenham. List now available. — Chamberlaine Brothers & Edwards, Chartered Surveyors, Montpellier Circus, Cheltenham, Tel.: 53439 and 52436.

ESTATE AGENTS & PROPERTY DEVELOPERS

don't hide your new houses away. Uncover them in a Times New Homes Property feature on Friday, July 18th. It will be another successful Property Feature advertising a variety of new homes throughout England at a variety of prices. So to ensure your properties are seen by over a million readers.

Phone 01-278 9231

now to book your space. The Property Team will be glad to help you.

TERRACE HOUSE, BRIGHTON.—Modernised, C.H., 3 beds. Bargain for quick sale. £12,500. Freehold.—Telephone Brighton 532263 61259.

SOUTH SOMERSET. Period residence as shown on BBC 2 "Heritage Year": walled garden, coach-house, stables, smithouse, 5 rec., 5 beds. £35,000 o.n.o.—G. L. Barnard, Somerton, Somerset. Tel. 72 225

COUNTRY FLATS

GROUND FLOOR FLAT, 1 bedroom 1 lounge, kitchen/diner, bathroom, separate w.c., night storage heaters and fitted carpets. £7,500.—'Phone Brighton 414409.

LONDON AND SUBURBAN

WALTON ON THAMES, SURREY

Detached house, 4 bedroom, reception, kitchen, bath., w.c., gas central heating, garage, large garden. Well preserved 1935 built house in good order throughout. Easy reach London. Waterloo 20 minutes. 8 minutes walk station. Freehold £27,500.—Phone: Chelmsford (STD code 0245) 300 681.

CHELSEA.—Quiet, convenient cottage; new outgoings. 2 beds., double recept., kit., bathroom, small patio. C.H. fitted carpets throughout. Freehold £35,000.—589 3093.

EALING, W.5.—Brow-windowed cottage, superb interior; C.H., has everything. £10,950; view immediately.—997 4065.

ST. JOHN'S WOOD, N.W.8. Attractive fully modernized mews house in "Old World" setting. 1 bed. 1 large reception room, k. & b., c.h. Leasehold £24,500. Gilland & Co., 586 2701.

LONDON AND SUBURBAN

HAMPSTEAD HEATH

CHARMING SUNNY HOUSE

Gardens front and rear, driveway, 4 reception, master bedroom, and dressing room, 2 further bed rooms 1 bath room, 1 shower room, separate w.c., newly modernised kitchen, carpeted throughout and in perfect condition.

£78,500

Telephone 794 8170

CAMBERWELL, S.E.5

Attractive town house, near Kings College Hospital set in quiet private gardens. 17ft. drawing room, dining room with flower patio, master bedroom with bath, plus 3 double, 1 single bedrooms, all with fitted cupboards, 2nd bathroom, cloakroom, integral garage. £26,500. Excellent fitted hall and stair carpeting negotiable if required.

Tel.: 01-733 9992

FULHAM, S.W.6

Spacious family house comprising 6 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms, kitchen, garden flat, gas C.H. First class order. Newly carpets fitted throughout. Close Parsons Green Tube. Greatly reduced from £58,000 to £54,500 (freehold) for quick sale

01-736 6028 (day)
01-352 1983 (evening)

COLLEGE ROAD, DULWICH.—Double-fronted modern detached family house; 20ft. drawing rm., open fire, dining room/quiet 3rd bedroom/ward-robes, bathroom, shower unit, kitchen breakfast rm., 2nd floor granny flat, teenage wing with large bedsit, own bathroom, kitchen and large balcony 3rd w.c. Delightful garden, double garage; 93 years, g.r. £25; £43,500 and try offers.—Roy Brooks, 350 King's Rd., Chelsea, S.W.3. Tel. 352 0061 or owner at 670 6608.

LONDON AND SUBURBAN

OVERLOOKING THAMES

Close to City of London. Superb panorama. Modern freehold with boat store, car port, and roof terrace. 4 beds., 3 baths., cloaks., reception/dining, kitchen. Sacrifice at £38,000.

THOMAS & ATKINS,
62 CANNON STREET, E.C.4. Tel.: 01-236 6122

WOODSFORD SQUARE

MODERN HOUSE in private garden square nr. Holland Park. 5 beds., 2-3 recep., 2 baths. Garage. Lease 93 yrs. Reduced price for quick sale £46,000.

Ring 01-602 2645 after 1 p.m.

WEST WIMBLEDON. Spacious, superbly maintained det. family house in wide tree-lined ave of quality properties backing directly onto private sports ground. Commanding views. Spacious hall, close cloaks, w.c. & w.c., elegant lounge, dining room, superb 14ft. x 14ft. kitchen, 4 beds., spacious bathroom, w.c., guest lavatory, integral sun lounge, garage. £29,500 freehold. Immediate possession.—Mr. Barclay & Co. 01-946 9626.

WIMBLEDON COMMON. In a tranquil position, luxurious, 4-year-old town house, enveloped in an air of graceful living. Luxurious fabrics. 1st floor 22ft. lounge, hall, c.h., spacious hall, dining area, kitchen, 4 beds., 2 baths., cloaks., balconies, bathroom, garage and attn. Many useful wardrobes, cupboards and fitted carpets. £31,500.—R. Barclay & Co. straight.

NEWS HOUSE LEASE for sale. 3 beds., garage. £12,000. F. & F. 1 w.'s area.—Rina Mr. G., 1250 1224. 10 a.m.-5 p.m.

KENSINGTON W8. Charming new window cottage 2 beds bath, open plan kitchen, dining and living room. Reduced to £30,000 for quick sale 937 0357 or 727 9858.

LONDON AND SUBURBAN

HAMPSTEAD HEATH

DELIGHTFUL 3 BEDROOM FLAT

Situated in a quiet tree lined road, with views over the Heath. Large reception room, 2 bedrooms, kitchen, bathroom, separate w.c. Gas central heating. Lease 99 years. Ground rent £50 p.a.

£28,500

Apply: Sole Agents
Hampton & Sons
21 HEATH STREET, HAMPSTEAD, N.W.3. TEL. 01-794 8222.

LONDON AND SUBURBAN

HAMPSTEAD, NW3

Superb 3rd floor flat in modern block. Reception, 2 bedrooms, bathroom, kitchen. Lift. Porter. Lease 99 years. Ground rent £100 p.a. Price £22,500.

HAMPSTEAD, NW3

Charming 2nd floor flat in modern block. Reception, bedroom, bathroom, kitchen. Lift. Porter. Lease 99 years. Ground rent £100 p.a. Price £18,500.

HAMPSTEAD, NW3

Delightful 1st floor flat in modern block. Reception, bedroom, bathroom, kitchen. Lift. Porter. Lease 99 years. Ground rent £100 p.a. Price £17,500.

HAMPSTEAD, NW3

Attractive 1st floor flat in modern block. Reception, bedroom, bathroom, kitchen. Lift. Porter. Lease 99 years. Ground rent £100 p.a. Price £16,500.

HAMPSTEAD, NW3

Charming 1st floor flat in modern block. Reception, bedroom, bathroom, kitchen. Lift. Porter. Lease 99 years. Ground rent £100 p.a. Price £15,500.

HAMPSTEAD, NW3

Delightful 2nd floor flat in modern block. Reception, bedroom, bathroom, kitchen. Lift. Porter. Lease 99 years. Ground rent £100 p.a. Price £14,500.

HAMPSTEAD, NW3

Attractive 2nd floor flat in modern block. Reception, bedroom, bathroom, kitchen. Lift. Porter. Lease 99 years. Ground rent £100 p.a. Price £13,500.

**HAMPST

هكذا من الأصل

Appointments Vacant also on page 10

PUBLIC AND EDUCATIONAL APPOINTMENTS

TEFL MEN

English language instructors, North Africa, circa £4,000 after tax, plus five paid trips to U.K. per annum.

THE JOB : to teach English to the foreign national employees of one of the world's major oil companies in a fully equipped industrial training centre, as well as to play a leading part in devising teaching materials for classroom and laboratory use.

THE CANDIDATES : must be male and in their 20s or 30s (40 absolute upper limit), single, and either graduates or teacher-trained, with a minimum of 2 to 3 years TEFL experience, some of this time ideally spent overseas and in an industrial context.

THE CONDITIONS : are excellent and include accommodation, generous allowances beyond salary, and first-class amenities on site. Contracts are for one year (renewable), the appointments begin almost immediately.

Please write fully in strict confidence, or telephone Patricia King, at S.M.C., 2A Ashburnham Mansions, Ashburnham Road, London SW10.

Telephone : 01-352 0940

UNIVERSITY APPOINTMENTS

Papua New Guinea University of Technology

BURSAR

Applications are invited for the post of Bursar at the University.

The Bursar is responsible directly to the Vice-Chancellor for the financial management, accounting and business administration functions, including the preparation and administration of the annual budget and triennial estimates.

Candidates must have either a university degree or equivalent professional accounting qualification. Applicants should have a minimum of 10 years' relevant experience in a responsible level, ideally in a University or tertiary educational institution.

Salary: $A16,286 per annum. Allowances additional to salary are payable as follows: Married, $A2,300 per annum; Single, $A1,300 per annum. In certain circumstances a Child Allowance of $A156 per annum is also payable. An educational allowance and additional fares may be awarded for children being educated away from their parents' place of residence. Other benefits include furnished housing (hard goods only) supplied at nominal rentals, leave fares to place of recruitment every second year and equivalent fares to Canberra each alternate year for long service leave. Superannuation benefits apply in most circumstances.

Lae, the gateway of the Papuan New Guinea Highlands is a pleasant tropical town situated on the Huon Gulf. The University's population totals approximately 5,000 Europeans and 25,000 Papua Guineans. Sporting facilities are particularly well catered for and the 18-hole golf course is considered the best in the country.

Applications close on July 28, 1975, and should be forwarded to the Registrar, The Papua New Guinea University of Technology, P.O. Box 793, Lae, Papua New Guinea. An additional copy of application should be sent to the Association of Commonwealth Universities (Appts.), 36 Gordon Square, London WC1H 0PF from whom further particulars may be obtained.

Applications for details accepted from women only.

University of Botswana, Lesotho and Swaziland

Applications are invited for a two-year's appointment as (a) LECTURER or (b) ASSISTANT LECTURER IN STATISTICS on the Kwaluseni campus in Swaziland. Candidates must hold a Master's degree in Statistics or related subject, eg. Economics or Sociology with Statistics as a major subject. They are expected to have research ability as well as some teaching experience and practical knowledge of the statistical problems of developing countries. Special interest in Demography and/or Economic Statistics or Survey Methods would be desirable. Salary scales : (a) R5,934-R6,576 p.a. (b) R2,748-R3,348 p.a. (£1 sterling equals R1.65). The British Government may supplement salary of Lecturer/Assistant Lecturer range £624-£954 p.a. (sterling) for married appointee or £564-£750 p.a. (sterling) for single appointee. Housing provided: children's holiday visit passages. This supplementation is unlikely to be applied to appointment at Assistant Lecturer level. These rates are under review: new rates will apply from 1 April, 1975. 25% gratuity in lieu of superannuation. Accommodation at reasonable rent; education allowance; family passages; vacation leave. Detailed applications (two copies), including a curriculum vitae and naming three referees, should be forwarded by airmail not later than 6 August 1975 to the Senior Assistant Registrar (Appointments), University of Botswana, Lesotho and Swaziland, Roma, Lesotho, Africa. Applicants resident in UK should also send one copy to Inter-University Council, 90/91 Tottenham Court Road, London, W1P 0DT. Further particulars may be obtained from either address.

University of the West Indies

TRINIDAD

Applications are invited for the post of (a) LECTURER or (b) ASSISTANT LECTURER IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING. Applicants should possess a good Honours Degree (or Post-Graduate Diploma) in Chemical Engineering and should preferably have had at least two years industrial or postgraduate research experience. Higher degree, relevant teaching experience and membership of a Professional Engineering Institution would be added advantages. The appointee will be required to undertake teaching in Science of Materials and provide support for teaching for at least one of the following areas: separation processes, diffusional processes and chemical plant design. He will also be required to provide support in one other area. The particular area/areas selected would depend on the appointee's interests and experience. Salary scales : (a) TT$13,200-TT$20,904 p.a. (b) TT$10,716-TT$11,748 p.a. (£1 sterling equals TT$4.80). Unfurnished accommodation will be let by the University at a rental of 10% of salary. If however the staff member provides his own accommodation, he will be paid a housing allowance of 20% of his pensionable salary. Detailed applications (six copies) including a curriculum vitae and naming three referees should be sent as soon as possible to the Secretary, University of the West Indies, St. Augustine, Trinidad. Further particulars for this post will be sent to all applicants.

University of Cambridge

The Appointments Committee of the Faculty of Biology is to appoint a UNIVERSITY DEMONSTRATOR IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PHARMACOLOGY and applications are invited for this office.

The initial appointment will be for three years from 1 October, 1975, or as soon as possible thereafter. A medical qualification would be an advantage. The successful person for a University Demonstrator will be on a scale of £2,247 to £2,931 a year, plus threshold with initial placing above the minimum where appropriate. The maximum tenure of a University Demonstratorship is five years. A grant is made towards removal expenses.

Candidates should send 12 copies of their application together with the names of not more than three referees to Mr. G. R. Anderson, General Board Office, The Old Schools, Cambridge, CB2 1TT, to arrive not later than 31 August, 1975.

University of Aberdeen

RESEARCH ASSISTANTSHIP IN MICROBIOLOGY

Applications are invited for the above post within the Department of Microbiology. The successful applicant will work with Dr. N. J. Poole on a project concerned with the production of a protein animal feed by the controlled microbial degradation of straw. The post is supported by the Agricultural Research Council and will be tenable for a period of 2½ years, starting in October, 1975.

The salary will be within range 1B (£2,309 to £2,118 per annum), with superannuation and threshold payments in addition. Further particulars from the Secretary, The University, Aberdeen, with whom applications (two copies) should be lodged by 25th July, 1975.

University of Keele

LECTURESHIP IN PSYCHOLOGY

Applications invited for newly established post of Lecturer in Psychology, tenable from 1st October, 1975. Initial salary on points 1-3 of Scale £2,118 to £4,896 (under review). Further particulars and application forms from the Registrar. The University, Keele, Staffs. ST5 5BG, to whom completed forms should be returned by 31st July, 1975.

UNIVERSITY APPOINTMENTS

University of the South Pacific

Applications are invited for the post of RESIDENT SENIOR LECTURER/LECTURER IN THE EXTENSION CENTRE, WESTERN SAMOA.

Applicants should be graduates with training and experience in public and educational administration who have demonstrated practical skills in teaching and organisation of work and programmes relative to university extension. Proven ability to work effectively and successfully with and in island communities is important, as well as having had some successful experience in University extension work. The appointee will be responsible to the Director of Extension Services for establishing an appropriate University presence in Samoa in association with a local advisory committee. He/she will be required to establish an office in Apia and to develop suitable programmes in Continuing Education at all levels. He/she will be expected to generate interest and play an effective role in extra-mural activities of the University as they relate to Western Samoa.

Salary scale: Senior Lecturer $F7,944-$F9,574 p.a. Lecturer $F5,852-$F7,752 p.a. (£1 sterling equals $F1.84). The British Government may supplement the salaries of a married appointee in range £529-£834 p.a. (sterling), normally free of all tax; and provide children's education allowances and holiday visit passages. This supplementation is unlikely to apply to single appointees.

Superannuation scheme: 10 per cent gratuity for contract appointments; partly furnished accommodation at rental of 6 per cent of salary. Detailed applications (six copies) including a curriculum vitae, a recent small photograph and naming 3 referees, should be sent by 4 August, 1975, to the Registrar, University of the South Pacific, P.O. Box 1168, Suva, Fiji. Further particulars are available from this address.

University of Dar es Salaam

Applications are invited for the post of

PROFESSOR OF FARM MANAGEMENT AND/OR PRODUCTION ECONOMICS

Applicants should hold a Ph.D. (Agric.-Econ.) or its equivalent with considerable experience in teaching undergraduate and graduate students in the field of Farm Management and Production Economics. Good research experience and publication of research works in the field(s) mentioned will be an advantage. The appointee will be expected to teach Farm Management and Production Economics to both undergraduate and graduate students in addition to doing the normal research work.

Salary scale: TE3,333 to TE3,662 p.a. (£71 equals £1.16 sterling). The British Government may supplement salary by £2,448 p.a. (sterling) for married appointee or £1,500 p.a. (sterling) for single appointee (normally free of all tax) and provide children's education allowances and holiday visit passages. These rates are currently under review; new rates will apply from 1st April, 1975. FSSU. Family passages; biennial overseas leave. Detailed applications (2 copies), including a curriculum vitae and naming three referees, should be sent by air mail, not later than 30 July, 1975, to the Chief Academic Officer, University of Dar es Salaam, P.O. Box 35091, Dar es Salaam, Tanzania.

Applicants resident in UK should send one copy to Inter-University Council, 90/91 Tottenham Court Road, London W1P 0DT. Further particulars may be obtained from either address.

University of Birmingham

DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE

Applications are invited for a LECTURESHIP in the Department of ENGLISH Language and Literature, for three years in the first instance, from 1 October, 1975. The successful applicant will be expected to teach over a wide range of the syllabus. Preference will be given to a candidate with particular interest in English literature within the period 1660-1900. Candidates who have already made application for the post recently advertised by the Department need not reapply.

Salary on the scale £2,118 to £4,896 (lower part), plus threshold payments and superannuation.

Applications (six copies), naming three referees, should be sent by 19 July, 1975, to the Assistant Registrar (A), University of Birmingham, P.O. Box 363, Birmingham, B15 2TT.

University of Kent at Canterbury

FACULTY OF HUMANITIES

TEMPORARY LECTURER IN HISTORY

Applications are invited for a temporary appointment as Lecturer in History from 1 October, 1975, to 30 June, 1976. Applicants should be prepared to teach Twentieth Century European and British History. Salary will be on the lower part of the Lecturers scale £2,118-£4,896 per annum (under review) plus threshold supplement of £329.58 per annum. Further particulars and application forms from the Assistant Registrar, The University, Keele, Staffs. ST5 5BG, to whom completed forms should be returned not later than Friday, 18 July, 1975.

Queen Elizabeth College (University of London)

CAMPDEN HILL ROAD, KENSINGTON W8 7AH

Applications are invited from holders of 1st or 2nd Class honours degrees for one post of GRADUATE TRAINEE in the College Library, tenable for one year from 1st September 1975. Applicants should be willing to undertake hard routine work at a junior level as part of the process of acquiring a year's experience in an academic library before proceeding to postgraduate study in librarianship in October 1976. The salary at present is £1,786 per annum. Applications, including details of degree courses taken and with the names of two referees should be sent to the College Secretary as soon as possible.

University of Birmingham

DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE

Applications are invited for a LECTURESHIP in the Department of ENGLISH Language and Literature, for three years in the first instance, from 1 October, 1975. The successful applicant will be expected to teach over a wide range of the syllabus. Preference will be given to a candidate with particular interest in English literature within the period 1660-1900. Candidates who have already made application for the post recently advertised by the Department need not reapply.

Salary scale: £2,118 to £4,896 plus threshold payments and superannuation.

Applications should be made to Professor A. Frohlich, Department of Mathematics (TJ), King's College, Strand, London WC2R 2LS.

University of Oxford

BODLEIAN LIBRARY

The Curators invite application for the Keepership of Scientific Books which will shortly become vacant. The keeper is a Sub-Librarian and Officer of the Library and is responsible to Bodley's Librarian for the administration of the Radcliffe Science Library.

Applications, together with the names of three referees, should be submitted by 15th September, 1975. They should be addressed to Bodley's Librarian, The Bodleian Library, Oxford OX1 5BG, from whom further information can be obtained. Please mark the envelope "K.S.B.".

University of Leicester

TUTORIAL ASSISTANTSHIP

DEPARTMENT OF GEOGRAPHY

Applications are invited from men and women graduates for a Tutorial Assistantship in the Department of Geography.

Salary on scale £1,542 to £1,635 to £1,728 to £1,821 plus threshold supplements. (Scale under review with effect from 1 October 1, 1975.)

Further particulars from the Registrar, to whom applications should be sent by Monday, 14 July, 1975.

EDUCATIONAL

SUMMER TUTOR (some French) as companion to intelligent 13 year old boy. Own room in London, family house with swimming pool. Salary negotiable. Box 0096 S, The Times.

DOMESTIC SITUATIONS

ENGLEFIELD GREEN

Cheerful girl aged 17 to 25 to help generally in the house and especially to play with Vicky, aged 2½ years. Own rooms and all found plus £10 p.w. Use of car (driver preferred).

Phone Mrs. Valerie Green Egham 2308

ANOTHER PAIR OF HANDS needed to help with cooking, driving, swimming, puppies, ponies and 4 boys age 5-10 on large farm in Wiltshire for most of August and September. Telephone Mrs Stratton-Cadford St. Mary (09885) 266.

GENEVA.—Experienced Nanny for British diplomatic family, children 3 & 4. Ring Thursday/Friday between 9 & 9.30 a.m. Midhurst 2730, reversing charges, or write Burton, St. Anns, Sheep Lane, Midhurst, Sussex.

WRITER'S FAMILY, St. John's Wood, needs mother's help, 2 boys at school. Own room. Car. Most evenings, all weekends off. Smashing job.—928 3802 day; 624 7587.

YOUNG SINGLE MAN to train as footman, country house, 20 miles north of London. Good wages and conditions. Apply giving full details Box 2899 M, The Times.

AU PAIR BUREAU PICCADILLY offers best jobs London or abroad Call 87 Regent St. W1. 930 4757

COMPANION-HOUSEKEEPER : Successful seaside home. 1 lady, good salary, quarters.—British Agency (2037) Horsham. Tel. 5571.

COOK/HOUSEKEEPER required. Temporary/permanent. Sussex. Live in. Car driver. Salary £1,000-£1,500 p.a. neg. Phone (office hours), 01-499 3161.

COUPLE REQUIRED. Cook/Housemaid. St. John's Wood. Only 2 in family. Excellent working conditions and wages. Phone 328 3661 or 229 3434.

DOMESTICS and au pairs from abroad.—T.S. Agy., 650 3666.

HOUSE HELP.—Villa near Monte Carlo. 1 month end of August, must be bilingual, good driver and able to cook.—Tel. Hassocks (07918) 4142.

MOTHER'S HELP needed for busy farming family during Summer holidays. Must be able to swim. Riding and/or simple cooking an advantage. Mrs. Henry Moore, Sharsnead Court, Hereford. Tel. Bartestree Cross (0432 78) 230.

Miss Aldridge.

NANNY/MOTHER'S HELP, Sussex, for family with 5 children (2 at school) and mother working 3 days per week. Own room, weekends free. Ring: Crowborough 61000.

PARIS.—Trained and experienced Nanny required for baby due November. Excellent condition. Top salary to right person. Must enjoy travelling. Resident help kept. Please reply, enclosing photo, to Mrs. Galani, 38 Heath Drive, London, N.W.3.

PARIS. Responsible Nanny/Mother's Help, minimum age 25, required for boy aged 2. Good salary. Phone 01-957 7773 after 7 p.m.

ROME. Italian family seek English au pair Sept., to talk to after school boy (11) and girl (14) for a year. Plenty free time. Swimming pool. £30 per month. Contact English friend, Mrs. Pollock, 13 Chalcot Crescent, N.W.1. 01-722 8980 for further.

SUMMER HOLIDAYS. capable girl wanted to cook for family from 16th July to end August, on Exmoor farm. Fond of children, driving useful. Opportunity to ride if interested. As family. Good wage.—Telephone Watlington (Oxford) 2825.

UNFLAPPABLE, crazy cook required in international children's holiday home: driver preferred; accommodation available.—Byfleet, 45107.

REQUIRED

AU PAIRS, domestics, housemen speedily arranged. N.W. Agy. 960 8574.

HOLIDAY HELPS/ Temporary Nannies available for home/abroad. Helping Hands Agency, 01-373 3580.

UNIVERSITY APPOINTMENTS

University College London

SCHOOL OF ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

Applications are invited for a LECTURESHIP IN PLANNING

Duties will be primarily those of projects coordinator for the two-year M.Phil (Town Planning) Course but would include other teaching duties relating to the candidate's expertise. Applicants should have professional experience preferably at a local or district level and will be expected to liaise with others both within and outside the School in the promotion of project work. Appointment from 1 September, 1975 at a salary according to qualifications and experience on the Scale £2,118—£4,896 plus London Allowance (under review but expected to be a minimum of £1,575—£2,650 plus London allowance from 1 October 1975). Applications, giving age, particulars of experience, appointments held, educational career publications and names of three referees by 14 July 1975 to Assistant Secretary (Personnel) University College, London, Gower Street, London, WC1E 6BT, from whom further particulars may be obtained.

University of Bath

SCHOOL OF HUMANITIES & SOCIAL SERVICES

LECTURER IN MATHEMATICAL ECONOMICS

Applications are invited for a Lectureship in Mathematical Economics. Candidates should have an Honours Degree and preferably postgraduate qualifications and experience.

Salary in the range £2,118 to £4,896 plus threshold payment of £229 per annum, according to qualifications and experience, but it is hoped to make an appointment in the lower part of the scale.

Further particulars and application forms from The Personnel Officer, University of Bath, Bath, BA2 7AY, quoting reference number 75/105. Closing date for applications: 25th July, 1975.

University of London, King's College

POSTDOCTORAL RESEARCH ASSISTANT

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

Applications are invited for a postdoctoral research assistantship in algebraic number theory to work on a project on Galois module theory supported by the Science Research Council.

Salary scale: £2,118 to £5,990 plus £399 London allowance per annum and threshold payments. USS contributions are payable.

Applications should be made to Professor A. Frohlich, Department of Mathematics (TJ), King's College, Strand, London WC2R 2LS.

University of Oxford

BODLEIAN LIBRARY

The Curators invite application for the Keepership of Scientific Books which will shortly become vacant. The keeper is a Sub-Librarian and Officer of the Library and is responsible to Bodley's Librarian for the administration of the Radcliffe Science Library.

Applications, together with the names of three referees, should be submitted by 15th September, 1975. They should be addressed to Bodley's Librarian The Bodleian Library, Oxford OX1 5BG, from whom further information can be obtained. Please mark the envelope "K.S.B.".

University of Leicester

TUTORIAL ASSISTANTSHIP

DEPARTMENT OF GEOGRAPHY

Applications are invited from men and women graduates for a Tutorial Assistantship in the Department of Geography.

Salary on scale £1,542 to £1,635 to £1,728 to £1,821 plus threshold supplements. (Scale under review with effect from 1 October 1, 1975.)

Further particulars from the Registrar, to whom applications should be sent by Monday, 14 July, 1975.

Business to Business

READERS are recommended to take appropriate professional advice before entering obligations.

BUSINESS SERVICES

ENGLISH FOR FOREIGN EXECUTIVES

Richmond Method is a programme of private English training for business executives who need to communicate in English. For further details please contact: Richmond Private College of English, 6 Umbria Street, London, SW15 5DP. Tel: 01-788 9002.

ARAB CONSULTANTS FOR ARABIC LAWS

To make business in Arab countries you need to know about commercial business law and other laws. Our office of Arab lawyers in London provides you with the advice you need for all different Arab laws Arab Consultants for Arabic laws. Tel: 01-589 4295.

IBM TYPING, audio and automatic typing. Lithoprinting, facsimile letters. Artwork. Typesetting Mailings.—Rand Tape Services, Princes St., W.1. 493 4379

IBM ELECTRIC TYPEWRITERS, factory reconditioned and warranted by IBM. Buy, save up to 50 per cent. Lease, 3 yr. from £1.90 weekly rental. from £16 per month.—Phone Vertex, 01-641 2585.

REAL SECRETARIAL private and business use, fast and confidential, also retranscription. (Call in) 1 Ch. St. NW1. 01-387 9633.

TELEPHONE answering with Ansamatic. Low rental, 1 year contract.—Phone now 01-446 9411.

TO CUT CONFERENCE COSTS dramatically, ring 0295-75-770. Oxford Conference & Tourist Agency Ltd.

LABELS for all trades, any size shape, colour, wording. Renlim Self Adhesive Labels, 0589 Leeds Road, Bradford 3, Yorks.

DEBT COLLECTION. Nationwide. Pay only on results. Tel: Regent Indemnity. 01-586 3245/9.

FINANCE & INVESTMENT

MIDDLE EAST INVESTORS

wish to acquire major interests in Companies able to operate in, and contribute to, industrial development of Arab economy. Wishing to retain existing management. Additional capital available. Principals of companies with potential pre-tax profits over £50,000 per annum please write to:

THE MANAGING DIRECTOR, CODAT MANAGEMENT LTD., WITCHAMPTON, WIMBORNE, DORSET. BH21 5AG.

MORTGAGES

2ND MORTGAGES

REMORTGAGES

90%-95% mortgages readily available for first-time buyers at 11% to 11¼% Building Society repayments over maximum 35 years. 2nd mortgages up to £2,000 over 10 years maximum. Also remortgaging finance available immediately on sale of properties. If you are an estate agent, builder or private individual phone: David Green on 01-278 1276 or write

57 Marchmont St., London, W.C.1

IMMEDIATE FINANCE FOR INDUSTRY

Industrial finance, £5,000 over 10 years maximum readily available. Also funding for developments, local authority lending and expansion for companies. Lease backing for contractors. Financial consultants contact:

DAVID GREEN at EMPIRE MORTGAGE BROKERS LTD. 01-278 1276 57 MARCHMONT STREET, LONDON, W.C.1

BUSINESSES FOR SALE

INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITY SAUNA FOR SALE S.W.15.

Established clientele built up over 15 months of trading in select area. Yearly turnover £20,000 potential much greater. Fully fitted with brand new sauna equipment. Solarium lounge reception area, office quality carpets fitted throughout and centrally heated. Property completely fireproof. 13-year lease.

£14,000

TEL. 788 4521.

NEWBURY BOOKSHOP

Turnover £50,000 (increasing). Modern fixtures and fittings, small secondhand department, small self-contained flat above. Rewarding and profitable for hard worker.

Freehold as going concern. £35,000 + stock at valuation.

Box 0151 S, The Times.

REDUNDANT ? — Do as I did. Sell up and buy my thriving village store with spacious living accommodation, 28 miles from London. £28,500. Current turnover approx. £1,000 per week. Gross profit 16.5%. Full details sent.—Phone Four Elms 215.

REMOVALS & HAULAGE

REMOVALS, EUROPE. Weekly service, 229 0705. Hedleys Bumpers.

BUSINESS NOTICES

ARAB STATES contracts, tenders? Anglo-Arabic translation and secretarial Service. Professional, fast, confidential and competitive, full facilities include World wide Photo Transmission. For immediate service phone Nora Jones, Transec, Dolphin Studios, 01-437 3314.

SOUTH KENSINGTON. Antique business requires working partner(s). Write Box 2238 M, The Times.

IF YOUR PRINT costs have become a very substantial proportion of your manufacturing costs, it could be worthwhile having an independent assessment of them. Try John MacNeil, printing consultant, Toll House, The Street, Shoreham, Sussex.

LIFE POLICIES and expectations under Wills sold by Auction and Private Treaty: also Annuities, Trust Income, Mortgages, etc. Loans arranged, valuations for probate.—H. E. Foster & Cranfield 6 Poultry, London, E.C.2.

LIMITED COMPANIES available. J.P. Company Registrations and Co. 698 9985.

WANTED

Obsolete Passenger/Cruise Liner

Length approx. 650 ft. Width approx. 78 ft. with berths for up to 2,000 passengers

Please write with full details of vessel and delivery to :—

GREDLEY GROUP (HOLDINGS) LTD., 29 Charles Street, Mayfair, London W1X 7PN, or Telephone 01-989 5136

BUSINESS TRAVEL

FLYING ? Put new cost ideas in many destinations on scheduled flights.—See Holidays and Villas —Mayfair Travel.

BUSINESS TRAVELLERS. — Book now with Winspan —See Holidays and Villas.

SAVE £36 PLUS. Europe flights FIL 01-222 7975. ATOL 524B

BUSINESS TRAVEL serviced by experts. I.T.F. 439 7751/4. (Airline Agents.)

WE ARE SPECIALISTS in business house travel and can offer your company a service second to none. Try us. Golaway 834 6533. Airline Agents.

OFFICE SERVICES

P.R.A.D.S. Service 4. Press Release Distribution. Named contacts throughout U.K., W. Europe U.S.A. and Canada. Contact Mr. Newsline 01-437 9633.

PACKING.—Bulk breaking, warehousing and distribution our speciality. Courteous, efficient and economic services in Central London at less than country rates. Telephone Bruce Davidson 01-407 8050 for full details (Telex 886623).

COMPANY MEETING NOTICES

METROPOLITAN DRINKING FOUNTAIN & CATTLE TROUGH ASSOCIATION. One Hundred and Sixteenth Annual General Meeting will be held at the Naval & Military Club, 94, Piccadilly, London, W.1, on Thursday the 10th July 1975, at 11.30 a.m. Chairman, Mr G. H. E. Layton.

MISCELLANEOUS FINANCIAL

H. J. HEINZ COMPANY LIMITED Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the 6% Debenture Stock 1975-1983, and the 5% Preference Stock 1976-1985, of this company, will be CLOSED from the 17 to 30 July 1975, both dates inclusive.

By Order Hayes Park Hayes Middlesex 30 June 1975.

LEGAL NOTICES

In the matter of SOUNDINGHAM Limited and in the matter of The Companies Act 1948

Notice is hereby given that the creditors of the above-named Company, which is being voluntarily wound up, are required, on or before the 8th day of August, 1975, to send in their full Christian and surnames, their addresses and descriptions, full particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their solicitors, if any, to the undersigned PHILIP MONJACK, F.C.A., of 13 Wimpole Street, London W1, the Liquidator of the said Company, and, if so required by notice in writing from the said Liquidator, are, personally or by their Solicitors, to come in and prove their debts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

Dated this 30th day of June 1975.

PHILIP MONJACK, Liquidator.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1948 to 1967 and In the Matter of CELTIC ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS Ltd. (In Voluntary Liquidation).

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Section 299 of the Companies Act, 1948, that a GENERAL MEETING of the MEMBERS of the above-named Company will be held at the Offices of W. H. Cork, Gully & Co., Chartered Accountants of 19, Eastcheap, London, EC3M 1DA on Tuesday, the 15th day of July 1975, at 11.45 a.m. to be followed at 12 noon by a GENERAL MEETING of the CREDITORS for the purpose of receiving an account of the Liquidator's Acts and Dealings and of the conduct of the Winding-Up to date.

Dated this 23rd day of June, 1975.

O. N. MARTIN, Liquidator.

In the Matter of The Companies Acts, 1948 to 1967 and In the Matter fo CARWISE HIRE SERVICE (MARBLE ARCH) Limited (In Liquidation)

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Section 299 of the Companies Act, 1948, that a GENERAL MEETING of the MEMBERS of the above-named Company will be held at the Offices of Messrs. Cork, Gully & Co., Chartered Accountants of 19, Eastcheap, London, EC3M 1DA on Monday, the 14th day of July, 1975, at 2.30 p.m. to be followed at 2.45 p.m. by a GENERAL MEETING of the CREDITORS for the purpose of receiving an account of the Liquidator's Acts and dealings and of the conduct of the Winding-Up to date.

Dated this 20th day of June, 1975.

NORMAN CORK, Liquidator.

In The Matter of The Companies Acts, 1948 to 1967 and In the Matter of EAGLEHILL Limited (In Voluntary Liquidation).

Notice is Hereby Given pursuant to Section 299 of The Companies Act, 1948, that a General Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company will be held at the Offices of W. H. Cork, Gully & Co., Chartered Accountants of 19 Eastcheap, London, EC3M 1DA on Thursday, the 17th day of July 1975, at 2.15 p.m. to be followed at 2.30 p.m. by a General Meeting of the Creditors for the purpose of receiving an account of the Liquidator's Acts and Dealings and of the conduct of the Winding-Up to date.

Dated this 25th day of June, 1975.

O. N. MARTIN, Liquidator

The Companies Acts 1948 to 1967 GROSVENOR CONTRACTORS Limited

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to section 293 of the Companies Act 1948, that a MEETING of the CREDITORS of the above-named Company will be held at 13 Wimpole Street, London, W1M 8AL, on Tuesday, the 15th day of July 1975, at 12 o'clock in the midday for the purposes mentioned in sections 294 and 295 of the said Acts.

Dated this 27th day of June 1975.

By Order of the Board. D. A. SHEAN, Director.

In the HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE. Chancery Division. Companies Court. In the Matter of NEW EDUCATIONAL PRESS Limited and In the Matter of Companies Act 1948.

Take notice that by an Order of the High Court of Justice dated 6th June 1974 I, MAURICE CHARLES WITHALL, Chartered Accountant, of Thornton Baker & Co. Fairfax House, Fulwood Place, London WC1V 6DW, was appointed LIQUIDATOR of the Company WITH a COMMITTEE of INSPECTION.

M. C. WITHALL.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1948 In the Matter of ANTHONY T. KINGHORN Limited. Nature of Business: Detective Agency.

WINDING-UP ORDER MADE 9th June 1975.

DATE and PLACE of FIRST MEETINGS:

CREDITORS 17th July 1975, at Room G20 Atlantic House Holborn Viaduct London EC1N 2HD at 3.00 o'clock.

CONTRIBUTORIES On the same day and at the same place at 3.30 o'clock.

D. A. WILLIAMS, Official Receiver and Provisional Liquidator.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1948 In the Matter of LEWISHAM JOINERY TIMBER Limited Nature of Business: Manufacturers, Distributors and dealers in joinery and carpentry

WINDING-UP ORDER MADE 9th June 1975

DATE and PLACE of FIRST MEETINGS:

CREDITORS 16th July 1975, at Room G20 Atlantic House Holborn Viaduct London EC1N 2HD at 11.30 o'clock

CONTRIBUTORIES On the same day and at the same place at 12.00 o'clock

D. A. WILLIAMS, Official Receiver and Provisional Liquidator.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1948 In the Matter of OFFSHORE FABRICATORS Limited Nature of Business: Construction of drilling rigs.

WINDING-UP ORDER MADE 16th June 1975

DATE and PLACE of FIRST MEETINGS:

CREDITORS 17th July 1975, at Room G20 Atlantic House Holborn Viaduct London EC1N 2HD at 12.00 o'clock

CONTRIBUTORIES On the same day and at the same place at 12.30 o'clock

D. A. WILLIAMS, Official Receiver and Provisional Liquidator.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1948 In the Matter of CAR PURCHASE Limited. Nature of Business: Finance Company

WINDING-UP ORDER MADE 9th June, 1975.

DATE and PLACE of FIRST MEETINGS:

CREDITORS 16th July, 1975, at Room G20 Atlantic House, Holborn Viaduct, London, EC1N 2HD at 11.00 o'clock.

CONTRIBUTORIES on the same day and at the same place at 11.30 o'clock.

D. A. WILLIAMS, Official Receiver and Provisional Liquidator.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1948 In the Matter of STAMCREST Limited. Nature of Business: Builders Merchants.

WINDING-UP ORDER MADE 9th June 1975.

DATE and PLACE of FIRST MEETINGS:

CREDITORS 17th July 1975, at Room 239 Templar House 81 High Holborn London WC1V 6NP at 11.00 o'clock.

CONTRIBUTORIES on the same day and at the same place at 11.30 o'clock.

L. R. BATES, Official Receiver and Provisional Liquidator.

In the Matter of FREDERICK BANNISTER PROMOTIONS Limited By Order of the HIGH COURT dated the 26th day of June 1975.

Mr HENRY CHARLES TREBY of 5, Great James Street, London, WC1N 3DA has been appointed LIQUIDATOR of the above-named Company without a Committee of Inspection.

Dated this 27th day of June 1975.

BOURNE SALES Limited The Companies Act, 1948

MALCOLM J. COLEMAN, F.C.A., of Messrs. Jeffreys Hamm, Rudolf & Mann, Wilcc House, 82-4 City Road, London EC1Y 2DA give notice that was appointed LIQUIDATOR in the above matter on Wednesday, 25th June, 1975. All debts and claims should be sent to me at the above address.

M. J. COLEMAN, Liquidator

LEGAL NOTICES

No. 002083 of 1975

In the HIGH COURT of JUSTICE Chancery Division Companies Court In the Matter of CARIBBEAN TRUST INC. and In the Matter of The Companies Act 1948.

Notice is hereby given that a PETITION for the WINDING UP of the above-named Company by the High Court of Justice was on 18th June 1975 presented to the said Court by C.V.G. Siderurgica del Orinoco S.A. whose principal place of business is at Apartado 11511, Avenida La Estancia 10, Caracas in the Republic of Venezuela and Compania Nacional Anonima de Seguros La Previsora whose principal place of business is at Edificio "General Paez", Esquina La Marron, Caracas aforesaid.

And that the said Petition is directed to be heard before the Court sitting at the Royal Courts of Justice, Strand, London, W.C.2A 2LL, on the 21st day of July 1975, and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to support or oppose the making of an Order on the said Petition may appear at the time of hearing in person or by his Counsel, for that purpose; and a copy of the Petition will be furnished by the undersigned to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring such copy on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

TITMUSS SAINER & WEBB, 7, Bedford Row, W.C.1. Solicitors for the Petitioner.

Note.—Any person who intends to appear on the hearing of the said Petition must serve on or send by post to the above-named, notice in writing of his intention so to do. The notice must state the name and address of the person or, if a firm, the name and address of the firm, and must be signed by the person or firm, or his or their solicitor (if any), and must be served, or, if posted, must be sent by post in sufficient time to reach the above-named not later than four o'clock in the afternoon of the 18th day of July 1975.

No. 02 of 1975

In the HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE Chancery Division Leeds District Registry. "A" In the Matter of CHISWICK TIPPERS Limited and In the Matter of The Companies Act 1948.

Notice is hereby given that a PETITION for the WINDING UP of the above named Company by the High Court of Justice Albion Place Leeds was on the 4th day of June 1975 presented to the said Court by F. J. Wilson (Tyre Specialists) Limited.

And that the said Petition is directed to be heard before the Court sitting at the Court House Albion Place, Leeds on the 21st day of July 1975, and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to support or oppose the making of an Order on the said Petition may appear at the time of hearing in person or by his Solicitor or Counsel for that purpose and a copy of the Petition will be furnished by the undersigned to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring such copy on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

Proxies for both meetings must be lodged at the address below not later than 4 p.m. on Tuesday 19th August 1975.

Dated this 26th day of June 1975.

J. D. NAYLOR, P. F. M. SHEWELL, Joint Liquidators

Abacus House, Gutter Lane, Cheapside, London, EC2V 8AH.

Note :—Any person who intends to appear on the hearing of the said Petition must serve on or send by post to the above named notice in writing of his intention so to do. The notice must state the name and address of the person, or, if a firm, the name and address of the firm, and must be signed by the person or firm or his or their solicitors (if any), and must be served, or if posted must be sent by post sufficient time to reach the above named not later than four o'clock in the afternoon of the 18th day of July, 1975.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1948 In the Matter of PHOENIX FINANCE Limited. Nature of Business: Property developers.

WINDING-UP ORDER MADE 12th May 1975.

DATE and PLACE of FIRST MEETINGS:

CREDITORS 17th July 1975, at Room G20 Atlantic House Holborn Viaduct London EC1N 2HD at 10.00 o'clock.

CONTRIBUTORIES on the same day and at the same place at 10.30 o'clock.

N. SADDLER, Official Receiver and Provisional Liquidator.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1948 In the Matter of ROLKARN Limited, trading as INTER TRADE MARKETING. Nature of Business : Dealers in Land & Buildings.

WINDING-UP ORDER MADE 9th June 1975.

DATE and PLACE of FIRST MEETINGS:

CREDITORS 18th July, 1975, at Room G20 Atlantic House, Holborn Viaduct, London, EC1N 2HD at 2.00 o'clock.

CONTRIBUTORIES on the same day and at the same place at 2.30 o'clock.

N. SADDLER, Official Receiver and Provisional Liquidator.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1948 In the Matter of RALPH GRIFFITH & CO. Limited. Nature of Business: Financial and business consultants.

WINDING-UP ORDER MADE 9th June 1975.

DATE and PLACE of FIRST MEETINGS:

CREDITORS 17th July 1975, at Room G20 Atlantic House Holborn Viaduct London EC1N 2HD at 11.00 o'clock.

CONTRIBUTORIES on the same day and at the same place at 11.30 o'clock.

D. A. WILLIAMS, Official Receiver and Provisional Liquidator.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1948 In the Matter of RICHARD HECHT & COMPANY Limited. Nature of Business : Clothiers.

WINDING-UP ORDER MADE 9th June 1975.

DATE and PLACE

Secretarial and General Appointments

GENERAL

YOUNG GRADUATE

International Shipping Marketing Company in Mayfair requires career minded girl for Market Research. Salary Circa £2,200 plus LV.

PLEASE CONTACT:

C. AMAYA
499 8211

RECEPTIONIST—PUBLISHING

Major International Book Publishing Group seeks well-educated Receptionist for new showroom near Fleet St. The work will involve both contact with authors, etc., and some secretarial duties. Preferred age, mid 20's. Salary related to age and experience.
Ring Andover (0264) 62141, ext. 38.

TELEPHONIST/ RECEPTIONIST

required

International Finance company in Mayfair. Hours 9-6. £2,500 p.a.

Tel.: Miss Smith 629 1208

ECONOMIC RESEARCH

£3,000-£4,000

If you are a Graduate with either post-graduate qualification or 2 years' research experience with a consultancy or university, please ring me for details of an interesting position.

Anna Moffatt
01-584 3615
Graduate Girls
& Graduate Men

SMALL PUBLISHING COMPANY

requires young Assistant with good education for editorial Dept. Capable of general office running and typing. Excellent opportunity to learn about publishing. Salary £2,000 plus.

PLEASE RING 01-734 1495.

LOTS OF FLOWERS . . .

. . . AND BEAUTIFUL PEOPLE!

Jackson Stops and Staff, Estate Agents, need a half-day Receptionist Telephonist. Small automatic board. Hours 9-1.15. Salary £850 p.a. L.V.s.

Curzon St., near Green Park.

Ring Julia on 499 6291.

ENGLISH COLLEGE, Catania Sicily. English female teachers are required to teach English to Italian students, October 1975—June 1976. For further details and information please write to The Director, English College, via Martino Cilestri, 36, Catania, Sicily. Telephone 095 376270.

FASHION—SALES ASSISTANT with ability and initiative required for high fashion boutique in Old Bond St. Salary £2,500 (basic plus commission). Tel.: Miss Piana at Loewe 499 0787.

JILL OF ALL TRADES wanted for group of property companies. Typing, car driver preferred. Salary by arrangement. Ring 01-388 2241.

FIGURES.—Are you good at them and can you type a bit? If so, our Kensington Estate Agency would like to meet you. Please call Mrs Clay, on 01-937 6091.

RECEPTIONIST with typing. Circa £2,250. Must be experienced in B.W. golf ball to work in Mayfair area. Phone Vivien Kay, After Appts., 499 0193.

TELEPHONIST, Receptionist, Typist required, pleasant Mayfair office. Hours 9.30-5. Salary £2,000 p.a. plus LVs. Telephone 629 9841.

WELL EDUCATED young "A" level woman will find a good start to their business career through Covent Garden Bureau, 53 Fleet St., E.C.4. 01-353 7696.

S.E.M.S. S.C.M.S. earn up to £2.05 per hour commission already deducted, uniform provided. Miss G. Frank, S.E.M.S., Medical and General Agencies, 6 Paddington Street, London, W.1. Tel. 01-935 3366 or 01-486 1095.

KEEN YOUNG person needed by new firm, to sell bulk domestic goods. Free housing, good commission, prospects of rapid promotion. Apply: Mark Wright, Netley Hall, Dorrington, Salop.

RECEPTIONIST-TYPIST required for Orthopaedic practice in London W.1. Ring Miss Lee 01-580 3765, and ask for Clinic Secretary.

TELEPHONIST/RECEPTIONIST, 21 or over, required for Group Headquarters in Mayfair. Salary to £2,000 plus L.V.s. 493 2061.

LEO, SCORPIO, VIRGO!—Happy young girl with appealing voice for friendly Knightsbridge-based villa holiday company. Reception, telephone, typing. £535 p.w.—Tel. Ros on 584 6211.

INTELLIGENT and personable girl required for Saturdays at The Pine Wine Antique Shop in Fulham. Phone 736 5310.

COLIN MURISON SMALL needs girl age between 22-27 with cooking qualifications, experience or keen in Greece from mid-July-end Sept. Ring 01-240 3251.

TWO ATTRACTIVE intelligent young secretaries required immediately for top quality Riverside restaurant. Permanent, living-in. Approx £250 pw. Milton Ernest Hall, Bedford. Tel: (Sid 023 021) 211.

I WANT a super-looking, super-cooking girl for the best Club in Town. Unsocial hours for a very high remuneration. Ring bc. tween 2 p.m. & 5 p.m. 01-853 8855.

RECEPTIONIST/Secretary. Prestige job in West End car showroom. £1,900. LVs, discount on cars. Brook St. Bureau. 584 0661.

RECEPTIONIST Telephonist £1,850 + plus LVs. p.m. Knightsbridge Cosmetics Co. Jennifer Bell, A.T.A. Selection. 637 0781.

SECRETARIAL

GO-GETTING personality Secretary for Business Promotions required by Senior Sales Manager of W.1. company. Is organization and his priority sales force. Maximum job involvement—real scope for advancement. Salary £2,400 with yearly review. Monica Grove & Assoc., 581 0211.

TRANSFER YOUR TALENTS to Germany. M.D. of Banking Group Dusseldorf needs P.A., sec with English shorthand and fluent German. Presentation of speeches, meetings, magazine articles. £3,500, free lunches, fare paid RAND 589 4545.

£3,000 + 50p L.V.s daily. Senior Sec. with ability to completely organise senior Partner of famous International Engineering Co. Will have typist to assist her—superb Oxford St. Office. Rand. 734 9781.

PART-TIME SECRETARY, approx. 3 hours daily; good terms and conditions, pleasant offices near Oxford Circus.—Apply to 01-636 9021.

BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT Sh. Typist for non-routine post, S.W.1. Friendly atmosphere. £39 pw. **SECRETARIES** for Architects (Part Time) ANISA Agency. 734 0552.
SECRETARY required for West End Accountants office. Tel. 580 8038.

SECRETARIAL

A PART-TIME CAREER CAN BE VERY REWARDING

Why not boost the family budget and increase your outside interests by returning to work on a permanent part-time basis.

We have many interesting vacancies in the London area for reliable secretaries or audio typists prepared to work 10-4 p.m. each day or 3-4 days a week. Experienced bookkeepers are also in demand. Salaries are generous.

Write or phone Mrs. Kay Sykes (Tel: 01-399 2035 and 591 7385).

PART TIME CAREERS LIMITED

1-11, Hay Hill, London, W.1.

SECRETARY

£2,500 + BENEFITS
. . . AND INVOLVEMENT IN . . .

DUTCH DAIRY PRODUCTS

This is an absorbing position for a young lady aged 25—27. Here at the Dutch Dairy Bureau you will be assisting the Commissioner's office in Management, Advertising and Sales Promotion. Apart from good shorthand/typing speeds and O level in English, you need all round ability and a good telephone manner to become involved in a variety of interesting work.

Commencing salary £2,300 plus 30p LVs and a valuable annual Christmas bonus. Hours, 9-5 pm. pleasant offices close to Chancery Lane or Holborn Underground.

PLEASE PHONE:

Mr Dalgarno 01-242 3775

LANGUAGE OPPORTUNITIES

FRENCH : £3,000 neg.

Climate of work compounds: (1) mobility, variety, selg generation, (2) independence, (2) sense of responsibility, priority, self-sufficiency, humour and stability, (3) secretarial efficiency, own correspondence, (4) Luxury suite, panoramic W.1. viewsite.

GERMAN : £2,500-£3,250.

Two jobs, Mayfair and Kensington, widely different in content and texture. P.A. meeting people and secretarial. English or German mother tongue.

Tel Richard de Courtenay at Euro Consultants International, 73 Newman St, W.1. 636 1454 (24 hours).

Queen Mary College
University of London

SECRETARY

required for the

FRENCH DEPARTMENT

Good typing, shorthand and at least A level French or equivalent. Interesting and varied duties. 5 weeks' annual holiday.

Salary according to experience and qualifications, on scales £2,826-£2,931 p.a. or £2,562-£2,812 p.a. including London Allowance and Threshold payments. The College is near underground stations and bus routes.

Please apply by letter to Miss Elmslie, Queen Mary College, Mile End Road, London E1 4NS

P.A./SECRETARY

SENIOR PARTNER
ESTATE MANAGEMENT

Excellent skills and experience are needed for this important and rewarding job. Age 25+, sal. £2,750 neg. + excellent fringe benefits.

BERNADETTE OF BOND STREET
No. 55—next door to Fenwicks

01-629 3669

INTELLIGENT RECEPTIONIST/ AUDIO TYPIST

required for West End solicitor office. Age immaterial. Hours 9.30 to 5.30. Salary £2,300 negotiable + this year's holidays honoured.

TELEPHONE ANN RABBITT, 01-580 8501

KNIGHTSBRIDGE

Writer requires stable and capable Secretary with good shorthand and typing; 10 a.m.-5 p.m. Knowledge of French and ability to work on her own. Golfball typewriter.

Ring 584 8437

between 10 a.m. and 1 p.m.

LIVELY AND INTELLIGENT AUDIO SECRETARY

required for two young Senior Partners of friendly Estate Agents in Mayfair. Salary £2,500 plus L.V.s.

URGENT!
01-499 4785

SUPER SECRETARY, aged 23 plus, for Director of Swiss Banking and Investment company. Must be able to handle varied work efficiently and audio. Plenty of responsibility and some travel opportunity. Salary £2,300 plus. The Company also requires a well trained Audio Typist to work for Executive and Director. Interesting and varied work. Salary £1,900 plus. Both jobs carry 3 weeks holidays (1975 arrangements honoured). Phone Angela White, 01-437 5781.

LONGING TO BE the centre of attention? Here's your opportunity. 50 super guys (and their boss) in prestigious W1 company need your help to organize them and their day. Conversational French would help too. Salary negs. Gee's Recruitment. 499 6101-4.

CAREER GIRL ONLY! Large respected City Co seeks P.A., sec with shorthand for General Manager, with ability to expand her job into junior executive post. £2,800 minimum. A1 STAFF. 629 1904.

THE PACE IS FRANTIC and the work interesting but you need tough imagination and organising ability as well as shorthand to keep pace as Sec. to this brilliant Magazine Editor. £2,400 rising. Rand. 499 8401.

STATE YOUR OWN SALARY. American promotions co. needs Girl Friday (without shorthand) for special issues dept. Varied work and young colleagues. Jaygar Careers. 730 5148.

CHRISTIES. Contemporary art require part time secretary. Phone Miss Lessware 581 7536.
SECRETARY (SENIOR) for Directors, Fashion Design Centre, W.1: own office: to £2,800. L.V.s.—Belle Agy. 01-486 2896.

SECRETARIAL

SECRETARY TO SENIOR PARTNER

c. £2,500+(NEGOTIABLE)

AN INTERNATIONAL FIRM OF ACCOUNTANTS WITH OFFICES EASILY ACCESSIBLE FROM RUSSELL SQUARE, EUSTON AND KING'S CROSS STATIONS IS LOOKING FOR A COMPETENT AND RESOURCEFUL GIRL (21 TO 30) TO WORK FOR THEIR SENIOR PARTNER.

You will be dealing with his correspondence, appointments, travel arrangements, etc. Previous experience in an accountant's office preferable but not essential. You will need good shorthand and typing ability and be used to an electric typewriter.

We will offer you a salary of £2,500 +, L.Vs. and a Christmas bonus if you have the right experience.

Please telephone Miss Wilson on 01-387 0966 to arrange an early interview.

SECRETARY TO STAFF MANAGER

£2,500

REUTERS LTD

The worldwide general and business news agency requires a fully experienced Secretary for the staff manager. The work is of a confidential nature and, in addition to the usual secretarial skills, applicants should be capable of organizing routine office administration efficiently.

This is an interesting and varied job for a resourceful and well organised young lady with a high degree of initiative and responsibility. The starting salary will be around £2,500 per annum and there are the usual benefits associated with a large company.

Please telephone or write to:

Mrs. J. Lawton, Reuters Ltd.,
85 Fleet Street, London, EC4P 4AJ
Tel.: 01-353 6060, Ext. 262

DO YOU

HAVE AN INTEREST IN HOUSING?
HAVE EXCELLENT P.A./AUDIO SKILLS?
WANT TO WORK IN SLOANE SQUARE?

We have a demanding post, working for the head of division responsible for the development of Housing Corporation policy and regional strategies. Up to £2,650 (under review). 25p L.Vs. Holidays honoured.

TEL. GRAHAM HOWARD,
THE HOUSING CORPORATION, 733 9991,
FOR AN INTERVIEW

PERSONAL SECRETARY
to assist Company Secretary

We are looking for someone with a high standard of shorthand and typing who can handle highly confidential matters in a business like manner.

Our normal hours are 9-5, but some flexibility will occasionally be necessary.

Our elegant Mayfair offices are close to Marble Arch, and we can offer an attractive salary, Staff Restaurant and other benefits.

To arrange an interview ring Miss Middlemas on 01-449 6022, or write to her at Cape Industries Limited, 114 Park Street, London W1Y 4AB.

ARE YOU THE GIRL WE ARE LOOKING FOR?

Walt Disney Productions—2 top Secretarials required for Heads of our Foreign Sales and Marketing Divisions at our Pall Mall office. Interesting and absorbing jobs. Pleasant working conditions and good salary plus LVs. Hours 9.30 to 5.30. Please telephone 01-839 8010.

MERCHANT BANK in the City

has a vacancy for a Secretary to director.

Salary £2,550, L.V.s. Holiday arrangements honoured. Hours 9.30-5 p.m.

FOR APPOINTMENT TELEPHONE

Mr Hosford on
01 606 6474

A SECRETARY—WHO ISN'T

Like a chance to prove that you are a P.A. in the true sense of the title? Would you like to see your job developing into a real career? Is your present boss not-one he takes you seriously? If the answer is "Yes" we'd like you to meet our client, the M.D. of a well-known co.; he's been waiting to meet someone like you for a long time! Salary neg. around £2,700. For further information.

Tel. Andrea Foote at
589 4461/584 4223
NEW HORIZONS
49 Brompton Road, S.W.3

OIL BROKER

Requires Secretary

Small company Victoria area

01-799 5316

KNIGHTSBRIDGE

Writer requires stable and capable Secretary with good shorthand and typing; 10 a.m.-5 p.m. Knowledge of French and ability to work on her own. Golfball typewriter.

Ring 584 8437

between 10 a.m. and 1 p.m.

MAYFAIR PUBLIC RELATIONS CONSULTANCY

Secretary wanted for 2 directors. £2,200 negotiable.

PHONE: DAVID WESTON,
01 499 0171.

Tempting Times

TALENTED TEMPS JOIN COVENT GARDEN

Enjoy the most interesting appointments in a wide range of Business and Non-Commercial bookings from next Monday. Top rates are paid to Secretaries and typists and we welcome all ages warmly. Ring now or call in.

COVENT GARDEN BUREAU
53 Fleet St., E.C.4.
353 7696.

TEMP. FOR INTERNATIONAL AD. AGENCY

5 bookings start this month—3 of them on Monday and they are only available through us. Who are we?—International Secretaries, Bond Street. So ring us on

491 7108

MONEY MAKERS!

Bernadette Temps get the best jobs too. Secretarics, audio and copy typists. Call now for work on Monday.
BERNADETTE OF BOND ST.,
No. 55—next door to Fenwicks

01-629 3669.

INTELLIGENT TEMPS—use your brains as well as your skills. We offer good rates for director-level assignments. Contact Maggie Webb 493 8982, Career Girl Ltd., 13-14 New Bond St., W.1.

RARETYPES £1.45 p.h. to all our Temporary Secretaries. Available, adaptable and amazingly efficient. Join us at Career Plan. 01-734 4284

STUDENT GIRLS (University) with typing for interesting temporary office work, hospitals, broadcasting, etc.—PROSPECT TEMPS. 629 2200/629 1351.

SECRETARIAL

ST. MARY'S HOSPITAL

SECRETARY

required to
CONSULANT in
DIAGNOSTIC CYTOLOGY
and CYTOGENETICS

Secretarial duties include typing of selected reports and keeping filing records of cases. Successful applicant would be expected to arrange staff rotas, contact patients by telephone and assist in preparation of research papers for publication. Experience of medical terminology useful but not essential. Salary scale £2,274 to £3,706 per annum including London Weighting depending on age and experience. Additional allowances payable for certain shorthand and or typing certificates.

Applications in writing, giving names of two referees, to District Personnel Officer, St. Mary's Hospital, Praed Street, London, W.2. by 11th July, 1975.

KENSINGTON AND CHELSEA AND WESTMINSTER AREA HEALTH AUTHORITY
North West District

The City University SECRETARY

to work with a Research Team in the Department of Social Science and Humanities. We are seeking a competent shorthand typist, able to cope with the general running of the unit (consisting of approximately six Research Staff).

Starting salary at the rate of £2,604 inclusive of London Allowance and Threshold Payments. Four weeks annual leave plus one week at Christmas and Easter, including statutory holidays. The appointment is for a period of two years.

For application form please contact: The Personnel Office, The City University, St. John Street, London EC1V 4PB. Tel. No. 253 4399 (Ext. 354 or 488).

AN INTERESTING JOB

Overseas Government Agency in W1 needs another Recruitment Assistant (24ish). Free to organize own work within basic framework, compose (and type) own letters.

Shorthand needed for occasional interview reports. LVs, 32½ hour week, salary £2,400.

Ring 01-636 1629 Ext 508

SECRETARY/PA

The Senior Partner of City firm of Chartered Surveyors requires a Secretary/P.A. This interesting and demanding post requires the talents of a young lady in the 25-30 age range.

Excellent shorthand, typing, personality, tact and above all a sense of humour. This adaptable lady will be paid a salary of £3,000 per annum, plus L.V.'s. and free Private Patients Plan.

Please telephone Mrs Ann Downes on 626 9081

COLLEGE LEAVER PERSONNEL

£1,800

An excellent opportunity for a well-qualified young secretary to become thoroughly involved and learn all aspects of Personnel Management.

SENIOR SECRETARIES,
175 New Bond Street, W.1.
01-499 0092: 01-493 5907

INTERNATIONAL FIRM OF ARCHITECTS

require for their West End office a young
SECRETARY/ RECEPTIONIST

The applicant will be required to take some responsibility and help with the initiation of exciting projects in various parts of the world. A good salary will be paid, commensurate with ability. 01-580 7238.

IRON CURTAIN

A young but brilliant and dynamic Guy in a fabulous Merchant Bank in E.C.3 is looking for a bright P.A./Sec. to work with him. Fascinating job dealing mainly in Russia and countries behind the Iron Curtain. French helpful. Salary around £2,750. Age 24-30. Ring Sally Jane Phillips, Special Appointments Division of ADventure, 629 5747.

£2,500

Shorthand Sec. with knowledge of audio to work for a team of executives in City-based Trust Co. There is a very happy, enjoyable atmosphere in the dept. The hours are 9-5 and you will also get L.V.s.

242 2691
Mrs Perkins
CLAYMEN AGENCY
31-33 High Holborn, W.C.2.

NATIONAL MEDICAL SOCIETY (SW1 Needs young, administrative secretary age 20+. Salary to £2,800 pa. Apart from servicing some non-technical committees, she will be involved in administrative and confidential secretarial duties. Excellent friendly environment. 4 weeks holiday. Managing Director, Massey's Executive Selection, 100 Baker Street, W.1. 01-935 6581.

PHONE TODAY! — Immediate and regular top temp. assignments in Advertising, Cosmetics, Publishing and TV. Paid weekly. £50-plus.—Marlene Lerner Personnel, West End: 22 Baker Street, 935 3012/4430; or City: 20-23 Holborn, E.C.1. 01-242 5148.

WE HAVE advance bookings in Publishing/Advertising starting Monday for Secretaries with good skills, 100/50 w.p.m., up to £38. For those and plenty of other temp. bookings ring: London Town Bureau, 836 1994.

MEDICAL SECRETARIES: Drs. and hospitals need you for urgent long or short assignments. Highest rates.—Ring M. & S. Agency. 629 2321 for details.

INTERESTING JOBS. Secretaries £1.45: audio to £1.50: typists £1.15: visitors and students welcome.—Belle Agy. 439 0731 (Open Sat.) 405 4844.

TEMPORARIES get a good deal from M. & J. Personnel. West End and City jobs at Senior level.—Call 388 0174.

SECRETARIAL

WELSH NATIONAL SCHOOL OF MEDICINE
(UNIVERSITY OF WALES)

PERSONAL ASSISTANT/SECRETARY TO THE PROVOST

required with a high degree of personal initiative and diplomacy for the range of confidential duties involved. (A secretarial assistant is also available.) Applicants should have a good educational background and also be thoroughly proficient in shorthand and typewriting. This is a superannuable post with annual leave including customary statutory holidays of not less than 35 days per year.

The salary is currently within the range £1,809-£3,285 per annum plus "threshold" payment; from 1st October, 1975, the scale is due to be revised to £2,370 by increments to £4,206 per annum and from that date a cost of living increase (currently under negotiation), to include "threshold" element is due to be added to the scale.

Further particulars for this appointment can be obtained from the Registrar, Welsh National School of Medicine, Heath Park, Cardiff, CF4 4XN, to whom applications (suitable for reproduction) and including the names of three referees, should be submitted within 10 days of the appearance of this advertisement.

Telephone enquiries to the ASSISTANT REGISTRAR (CARDIFF (CODE 0222): 755911, EXT. 2028).

HAMBURG

Ourstanding Secretary with fluent German and excellent shorthand/typing in both English and German is required for head of P.R. Department of International Group in the music and recording industry. Excellent salary.

Phone Mrs. Amanda Houlihan on

01-499 7287

STELLA FISHER IN THE STRAND BRIGHT GIRLS CALL HERE FIRST

Summer College Leavers and women of all ages who seek secretarial or other office work leading to wider responsibilities (or interesting temp jobs through the summer months) will find the choice great at:

STELLA FISHER BUREAU
110/111 Strand, W.C.2.
01-836 6644
(Opposite Strand Palace Hotel)
Also open Saturday mornings 10 a.m.-12.30 p.m.

MAKE YOUR FUTURE SECURE

We can offer immediate help to skilled secretaries seeking long- or short-term assignments in London, including the City and Central areas. Whether you are looking for temporary work or are wishing to change your career, come to the professionals.

We have immediate vacancies in publishing, merchant banking and the diplomatic service. For more information please 'phone 01-499 0971, or write to:—

EXECUTIVE SECRETARIES LTD
1-11 Hay Hill (off Berkeley Street) London W1

MAKE YOURS MUSIC!

General Manager responsible for marketing world-famous American record labels in this country on behalf of big British entertainment group, urgently needs competent, young Secretary keen on music and capable of helping him with a wide range of responsible tasks. Good conditions, terrific discounts and £2,500.

Mrs. Salem
CHALLONERS
91 Regent Street, London W.1
01-734 9476

SECRETARY, LISTEN

TO £2,500

The Managing Director of a household goods firm with worldwide contacts needs your maturity and experience in S.W.6. Please dial 499 9774.

Listen, but don't speak

SORRY EVERYONE! Haven't had time to let you know about all our top P.A./Sec./Admin./Retail jobs this week! We are so busy. People have found out how good we are! Anyway—big welcome—Coffee fair—tea like nectar and efficiency enormous and it's Joan Fernie Personnel, 115 Park Street, W.1. 408 2412/2415/2499.

CENTRAL SCOTLAND. Resident Private Secretary required October/November by M.P. Fully furnished cottage, stabling and 1 acre available if required. Experienced shorthand, ability to use own initiative and deal with people essential. Box 2676 M, The Times.

FASHION CONSCIOUS Secretary wanted for Marketing dept. of International Organisation. Must have good Sh./Type and plenty of initiative. Age 20/25. Salary to £2,500 + excellent fringe benefits. Phone Bernadette of Bond St. 629 5669.

£2,850 +. Medical Welfare Foundation seeks executive Secretary for their newly appointed Director. The Foundation undertakes Conferences, Exhibitions Projects related to social services and health care. Free lunches. Bond St. Bureau 499 1558.

SECRETARIES have a second summer in South Africa. Work for Manpower now, and in the autumn you could be flying to the sun. Good rates of pay and holiday pay. Ring Carole Vernon-Allen, 930 0041, at Manpower Ltd.

SW1/PA for export manager. Own office. £2,600 + LVs. CENTACOM STAFF. 937 6535.

PART TIME SECRETARY for small office in Gloucester Road, S.W.7. Mornings preferred, good salary by arrangement, age 40-60. Ring 01-373 7283.

P.A./SECRETARY. £2,700 + LVs. (25p a day) for someone who welcomes a chance to compose own letters. Brook Street. Bureau 437 5115.

STOCKBROKER £3,000 + !—Top Sec./P.A., 25-40, needed for Senior Partner of leading City stockbrokers. Includes personal work, household accounts etc.: no figures: sound shorthand-typing: steady job record and ability to work under pressure: substantial annual bonus. JOYCE GUINNESS BUREAU. 589 4827.

FRENCH/SPANISH or German college leavers. Shorthand in English. Language skills. 734 8362.

SECRETARY for worthwhile work at London Council of Social Service, NW1. Salary about £2,200 to £2,400. Tel.: Mrs. Janet Shah, on 01-388 0241.

GERMAN/ENGLISH telephonist, with experience. £2,200. Language Bureau. 734 8362.

SECRETARY required for Professor and department of Microbiology. Applicants should be competent shorthand typists and some previous secretarial experience preferable. Salary on scale £2,274-£2,700, including London Weighting. Apply in writing, stating age and giving details of education and experience, to the Secretary, Guy's Hospital Medical School, London Bridge, SE1 9RT, quoting Ref MC3.

P.A./SALARY TO £3,800. A special job involving responsibility for a small hospital department. Brook Street Bureau 584 0661.

SECRETARIAL

WANTED IMMEDIATELY

A firm of Chartered Accountants in the West End requires a

PERSONAL SECRETARY

to one of the partners. Shorthand requirement, 110 w.p.m. and typing at 65/70 w.p.m. Salary £2,200 plus, 3 weeks holidays, (this years arrangements honoured).

If interested 'phone Brenda on 01-935 8594, or 01-387 3662 between 9.30-5.30 Mon.-Fri., to arrange an appointment.

FASHION SECRETARY

To join a fun-loving Mayfair Fashion House specialising in kids and clothes; you'll be working for the Sales Director who's a young guy with a great sense of humour, and earning up to £2,500; all in all it's a really great job

Chat to Sheila on 493 2964

ACORN
79 New Bond St., W.1.

SECRETARY, LISTEN

Senior skills and a mature approach win a top position in W.1 property, assisting the chief accountant with the aid of two juniors. To £2,250. Please dial 629 4906.

Listen, but don't speak

YOU CAN BELIEVE . . .

We are situated in beautiful surroundings with own grounds in Regent's Park!

We require an inflappable Secretary, 24 plus, for our educational research team. Interesting, varied and rewarding work, requiring sense of both humour and responsibility. Salary up to £2,600 a.a.e.

Phone 01-722 8871, ext 48.

ANYONE FOR CRICKET?

An interest in cricket is helpful, plus good shorthand/typing, to act as P.A. to a lovely man who does P.R. and promotional work for the cricket world. £2,400 plus L.Vs.

Ring
ADventure
01-499 8992

SECRETARY/PERSONAL ASSISTANT required for the Finance Officer and Accountant. Excellent conditions of employment. Generous holidays together with refectory facilities and superannuation scheme. Salary negotiable to a maximum of £2,613 p.a. (at present under review). Apply in writing, giving full details of previous experience, to the Finance Officer, King's College (T), Strand, London, WC2R 2LS.

FREE LUNCH. Flexible hours for fantastic Secretary, S.W.1, £2,200.—Belgravia Bureau, 584 4343.

SITUATIONS WANTED

RESPONSIBLE JOB and s/c home for divorcee 30 and son 5 in return for loyalty and efficiency. Experienced PA Secretary, TV interviewer researcher, Cordon Bleu cook. Excellent references. Mrs. Bond, 01-229 9851 (office hours).

GERMAN ENGINEER, 34, mechanical engineering requires temp. or perm. job where knowledge of German language is useful.—Box 0042 S, The Times.

2 MALE STUDENTS seek work abroad urgently. Weston-super-Mare 29175.

3 STUDENTS, male, 21, want vac work.—Farnham 6919.

SORRY EVERYONE! Haven't had time to let you know about all our top P.A./Sec./Admin./Retail jobs this week! We are so busy. People have found out how good we are! Anyway—big welcome—Coffee fair—tea like nectar and efficiency enormous and it's Joan Fernie Personnel, 115 Park Street, W.1. 408 2412/2415/2499.

FLAT SHARING

SW1.—Girl to share room in lux. flat, £39 p.c.m.—584 1776 day, 821 1522 after 6.
PIED A TERRE. Hampstead, overlooking heath, offered. £8.50 p.w., lady 30+, share room. 435 0436.
YOUNG LADY requires permanent job as stewardess on yacht. Phone Pudsey 74013.
3RD GIRL over 25, share newly decorated flat, Barons Court, £48 p.c.m., convenient airport. Tel. 603 2194, eves.
S.W.2.—3rd girl, single room, luxury flat, 2 months to 30/9 p.c.m. 730 4720, after 6.00 p.m.
W.8.—Immediately, 4th girl share room, £28 p.m. 937 2083 after 6.00 pm.
HOLLAND PARK, girl, 24+ to share large room, garden flat, £32 p.c.m. 727 3185, after 6.
W1 maisonette, girl to share, own room, £18 p.w. 01-229 2637.
LARGE SELECTION accommodation. Short let/flats/sharing. All areas from £10 p.w. Executive Flat Sharers. 235 6188.
GIRL 25 plus, to share with one other attractive Fulham flat. £12 p.w. all incl. with colour TV, stereo, cleaner, etc.—736 8386 (eves.).
S.W.7. Own double room in flat £52 p.c.m. 373 9965 (eves.).

FLAT SHARING

2ND PERSON, 25-30, own room, large, comfortable N.W.6 flat. £8 p.w. incl. C.H. 969 9280 after 6.
MOTHER AND CHILD (over 6) share Chelsea flat with same. £11.50 p.w.—Phone Anne 0084.
W.1.—2nd girl to share room, large flat. £50 p.c.m.—935 2[illegible].
W.14.—Girl, 25-35, share lux. house, c.h., own large room, p.c.m.—603 0405 (rooms), 2173 (office).
W.8 HOUSE, great room for one, 22-ish; £11.50 p.w. John, 937 6[illegible].
FLATSHARERS.—Piccadilly, 0216. Professional people share.
CHISWICK.—Girl 21 plus to share house, own room, £24 p.w. incl. 995 4574 evenings.
N.W.2. 2nd Girl, share room, cons flat. £26 p.m. 452 5382.
S.W.10, Drayton Gardens. Responsible male 25-35, to share. Non-smoker preferred. Own large room, large private C.H. flat. Refs.—Telephone 373 5[illegible].
W.1.—3rd person to share mews flat. Own room. £70 p.m. Ring 402 4674 after 6.
FLAT MATES.—Specialists.—Brompton Rd., S.W.3. 589 6[illegible].
W.8. 1 girl to share room, house. C.H., T.V., 4 mins. St. Kens. Tube, £12 p.w. 0900 after 6.
4TH GIRL, own room, N., £8.30 p.w.—Phone: 228[illegible].
N.W.8. Prof. girl, share short let. £32 p.m. 722[illegible] eves.
S.E.24, 20 mins. Victoria.—1 room and bath, share house. p.w.—Tel.: 930 [illegible].
2ND GIRL, own room, share Kensington flat. £10 p.w. 937 4058 eves.
SELF-CONTAINED flatlet required for educated young business[illegible] pref. north London, near tubes. Would share, but need sitting room/bathroom etc. Highest refs.—370 1412, [illegible] day.
SHARE-A-FLAT Queens Hse., ter Sq. No advance, [illegible] 5835.
QUEENSGATE. Large room, comfortable flat, 1 person, £2 or 2 sharing £55 pcm. 589 5954, 584 4089.
LUXURY S.W.6 FLAT, gde room. £16 p.w.—Telephone 0281.

RENTALS

HAMPSTEAD

Modern "Town House" secluded enclave surrounded by communal gardens, situated the very heart of Hampstead Town. Our travelling very regretfully leaves home for one year in[illegible] Reception room leading cellent kitchen, fitted[illegible] stracy modern amenity, bedrooms, fourth below study, two bathrooms, garage. Viewed and highly commended at £120 p.w.

This and many other quality flats and houses in best residential districts North West London interviewed by appointment with The Specialist Agents.

GEORGE KNIGHT PARTNERS
9 Heath Street,
Hampstead Village, N.
Telephone: 01-455 2[illegible]

NO APPEAL

We don't have to appeal to landlords to instruct us—our reputation as London's active and long established letting Agents brings us lovely homes of widely varying character to let each and every day—more than ever before.

For details of our ever-changing selection, personally viewed and recommended, contact one of our specialist negotiators at:

GEORGE KNIGHT PARTNERS,
9 Heath Street,
Hampstead Village, N.W.3.

Tel. 01 435 22[illegible]

EATON SQ. Unique maisonette, 3 bedrooms, 3 reception rooms and 3 bathrooms. Available months. Plaza E.A.

HOLLAND VILLAS RD. Excellent house, 5 bed., 2 b., 2 b. £120 p.w. Graham Ltd., 01-584 [illegible]

COTTAGE FOR 3. [illegible] rooms, k. & b. £40 p.w. 584 7881.

SCOTT GILROY for [illegible] furnished flats/houses, lets. £35-£400 p.w.

ARCHITECT'S new flat, 1 bed. flat, Bedrm., lounge, k. & b. p.w. Swiss Cottage.

WESTMINSTER mansion flat, 2 bedrooms, 2 large reception rooms, £1,500 p.a. Carpets, curtains and [illegible] £2,000. 493 18[illegible]

KENSINGTON. Designer cottage, 3/3 reception, 2 baths, recept., din kitchen, roof garden. Tel.: 741 1438 or 727 [illegible]

EALING.—New conversion flat, C.H. Fully furnished, p.m. 998 9993; 960 2[illegible]

N.W.2. 2nd Girl, share room, cons flat. £26 p.m. 452 5382.

S.W.10, Drayton Gardens. Responsible male 25-35, to share. Non-smoker preferred. Own large room, large private C.H. flat. Refs.—Telephone 373 5[illegible].

W.1.—3rd person to share mews flat. Own room. £70 p.m. Ring 402 4674 after 6.

FLAT MATES.—Specialists.—Brompton Rd., S.W.3. 589 6[illegible].

W.8. 1 girl to share room, house. C.H., T.V., 4 mins. St. Kens. Tube, £12 p.w. 0900 after 6.

4TH GIRL, own room, N., £8.30 p.w.—Phone: 228[illegible].

N.W.8. Prof. girl, share short let. £32 p.m. 722[illegible] eves.

S.E.24, 20 mins. Victoria.—1 room and bath, share house. p.w.—Tel.: 930 [illegible].

2ND GIRL, own room, share Kensington flat. £10 p.w. 937 4058 eves.

SELF-CONTAINED flatlet required for educated young business[illegible] pref. north London, near tubes. Would share, but need sitting room/bathroom etc. Highest refs.—370 1412, [illegible] day.

SHARE-A-FLAT Queens Hse., ter Sq. No advance, [illegible] 5835.

QUEENSGATE. Large room, comfortable flat, 1 person, £2 or 2 sharing £55 pcm. 589 5954, 584 4089.

LUXURY S.W.6 FLAT, gde room. £16 p.w.—Telephone 0281.

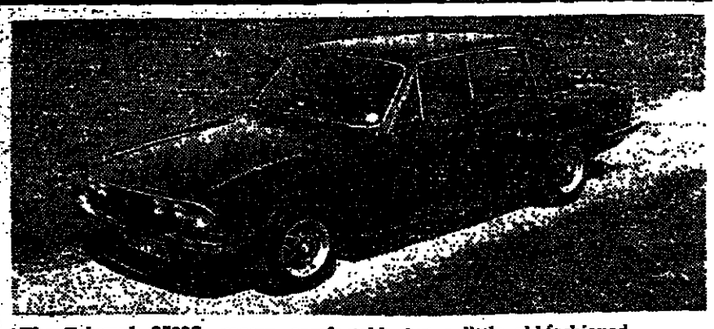
FLAT SHARING

SW1.—Girl to share room in lux. flat, £39 p.c.m.—584 1776 day, 821 1522 after 6.
PIED A TERRE. Hampstead, overlooking heath, offered. £8.50 p.w., lady 30+, share room. 435 0436.
YOUNG LADY requires permanent job as stewardess on yacht. Phone Pudsey 74013.
3RD GIRL over 25, share newly decorated flat, Barons Court, £48 p.c.m., convenient airport. Tel. 603 2194, eves.
S.W.2.—3rd girl, single room, luxury flat, 2 months to 30/9 p.c.m. 730 4720, after 6.00 p.m.
W.8.—Immediately, 4th girl share room, £28 p.m. 937 2083 after 6.00 pm.
HOLLAND PARK, girl, 24+ to share large room, garden flat, £32 p.c.m. 727 3185, after 6.
W1 maisonette, girl to share, own room, £18 p.w. 01-229 2637.
LARGE SELECTION accommodation. Short let/flats/sharing. All areas from £10 p.w. Executive Flat Sharers. 235 6188.
AT W.C.1. 1 female share room, luxury c.h. flat. £24 p.c.m. 278 [illegible].
W.3.—Executive has luxury flat to share with one other. £65 p.c.m. 992 6536 (7[illegible], eves.), 992 6219.
QUEENSWAY.—2 girls to share room in modern flat. Col. TV, C.H. £10 p.w. each. 229 1727 after 6.
2 GIRLS to share large room in pleasant Gower Street flat. £60 p.c.m. ea. Tel. 636 9834 day, or 435 1206 (eves.).
FULHAM.—Small room in flat. £11 p.w.—731 4171 B.Ass.
S.W.1.—3rd person, own room, £9.50 p.w. incl. 370 4[illegible].
3RD PERSON to share Streatham flat with two graduates. £10 p.w. Tel. 671 4067.
GIRL SHARE luxury flat; own room (£12 p.w.) near Clapham Common. Ring 0734 781456 eves.
FULHAM. Female own room, luxury flat, £6.75 p.w. 736 4[illegible] eves.
S.W.14. 5th prof. gentleman own room luxury house. £16 p.c.m. 876 6574 (after 6.30).
5TH ACTIVE MALE, 25-35 N.W.9. All inc. house. £40 p.m. 204 9945.
S.W.1. 3rd person (male), own room, lovely flat. £15 p.w

هكذا من الأصل

...toring

...nputer speed ... wins ...e approval



The Triumph 2500S—roomy, comfortable but a little old-fashioned.

... but relentlessly, Vascar is ... through the land, from ... Greater London, Devon and ... South Wales and shortly to ...ter. Every motorist tempted ...is foot on the accelerator when ...st seems clear should know

... stands for "visual average ...omputer and recorder". It is ... to be the most foolproof ... yet devised for catching ...ts who break the speed limit, ...exible than the radar trap and ...ccurate than the police car's ...eter.

... American invention, it was ...ed in Britain by Essex police which brought its first successful prosecution in October, 1973. ...erropolitan Police began using ...stem in the outer reaches of London in February, and most ...are expected to adopt it in the ...ar or so.

...ssence, Vascar is a small elec... computer fitted to the dash... of a police car and easily ...ed by the driver. It measures the ...aken by a vehicle to travel over ...n stretch of road and works out ...erage speed, which is displayed ...minated numbers on a screen.

...re are two switches, one for time ...e other for distance. Normally, ...olice driver will push the time ... as the suspect car passes a ...nce point, such as a bridge, and ... off after another point is ...d. The distance switch is similarly ...as the police car itself passes the two points. By dividing the time ...into the distance covered, the ...ge speed is arrived at.

...ernatively, the distance can be ...ded by the police in advance and ...d into the computer. That gives ...ystem its flexibility: the police ...an be in front of the suspect, ...inary or even travelling in the ...site direction.

...e arrival of Vascar was greeted ... some reservation, notably from Royal Automobile Club, which ...ght there might be too much ...in for human error. Now there ...is general agreement among the ...e, the courts and even motorists ... it is a fair, accurate and effective ...m.

...nearly two years of operating ...ar, the Essex police have brought ...e than 1,500 prosecutions and lost ...one; and that had nothing to do ... any shortcomings of the system. ...possibility of human error is con...d but police officers undergo a ...ous training on Vascar, culminat...in a 25-part examination.

...deed, the RAC has largely shed its ...al doubts. It concedes that police ...ers are trained to a high standard ...admits that a close study of the ...e cases brought so far has shown ...cause for alarm. The Automobile ...ciation also agrees that it is valid ...reliable. If says the device has a ...ty factor as well, because the police ...ot have to chase an offending car. ...hat Vascar, although ostensibly a ...s to the motorist, has apparently ...ast to the motorist, has apparently managed to win general acceptance is due to the sensible way in which it has been introduced. The Essex police force spent two years trying it out and only went ahead when it was convinced of its effectiveness.

The force has been at pains to point out from the start that its object was not to fill the courts with erring motorists but to educate the public in the fairness of the Vascar system and to use it against the real speedsters.

Road test: Triumph 2500S

Performance is not exceptional, but probably as much as most drivers will need most of the time. Flexibility is good and the maximum speed of more than 100 mph leaves plenty in hand for cruising at our permitted motorway limits.

The seats are comfortable and the ride generally good, although a little too soft at times. Despite the improvements to handling, I still found a marked roll, probably more disconcerting to passengers than the driver; the steel-braced radials certainly hold the road well.

The power steering is excellent, taking all the effort out of parking, yet very responsive and with just enough feel, and I liked the smaller steering wheel which has been fitted to this model.

Unlike its rival and contemporary, the Rover 2200, the Triumph offers generous head and leg room in the back and a roomy boot. A modern designer might change the very high sill. There is a good driving position, with pedals well spaced and the minor controls at fingertip reach, even if the Citroen CX (which I described last week) has made steering column stalks seem almost obsolete. The wood veneer fascia and door cappings conjure up a more leisured age of motoring.

There is much to commend the Triumph as a roomy and comfortable saloon, but at £3,271 it is not cheap and this is a very competitive part of the market.

The Triumph six-cylinder saloons have recently been reduced from six models to four, the most notable casualty being the 2.5 litre fuel injection engine, which was a spirited performer if not always the most reliable.

The 2.5 PI's replacement is the 2500S, powered by the twin-carburettor engine and with overdrive, power steering, light alloy wheels and head restraints as standard equipment. Larger carburettors and timing changes and higher overall gearing have given the engine both a little more power and better fuel economy, so the disappearance of the PI should be less noticed.

At the same time, a front anti-roll bar and wider wheels with steel-braced tyres have been fitted to improve handling and the springs modified to give a softer ride. All are worthwhile improvements to a model which wears its age better than most cars introduced in the early 1960s.

All the same, by contemporary standards it is beginning to look and feel dated. Bertone's three-box shape still has elegance and it gives the driver the considerable advantage of being able to see all four corners of the vehicle when parking, but the wedge is now the shape to have. That is not so much for looks (which are subjective) but to reduce drag, which in turn cuts wind noise and improves fuel consumption, as Leyland has demonstrated on its new 18-22 series.

Wind noise in the Triumph can be quite intrusive over about 50 mph and, with the engine tending to complain a bit when pushed, the car does not have the refinement which its price and image demands. On fuel, I managed an overall return of only 23 mpg, although a touring figure using the overdrive top should be more like 27 to 29.

Popular's progress

In launching the new Escort Popular this week, Mr Terry Beckett, managing director of Ford, drew some pointed comparisons with the original Ford Popular of 40 years ago. That was the famous £100 saloon, the price representing 26 weeks' industrial wages, and by an unlikely coincidence the 1975 Popular, at £1,299, represents exactly the same earnings in today's terms.

On the face of it that would suggest the country is no better off than it was in 1935, but an examination of the two cars reveals vast differences in almost every area.

The original Popular had no heater, and ventilation was achieved by opening the windscreen and windows. Even as late as 1960, both a heater and a recirculating air system were optional extras.

The 1935 model had only one colour option, black, while today's has 14. The gearbox had only three speeds, with no synchromesh on first, and the brakes were operated mechanically instead of the present hydraulic system with its dual circuits. Nor did the older car enjoy a boot; luggage had to be carried on a grid. The first Popular had 28 grease points; the current model none.

Forty years ago, the Popular was powered by a 933cc side-valve engine, with a maximum speed of nearly 58 mph, a 0 to 50 mph acceleration time of 34.6 seconds and fuel consumption between 30 and 35 mpg. Today's model has a 1097cc overhead-valve engine, a top speed of 76 mph, accelerates to 50 mph in 17.6 seconds and has a claimed fuel consumption of up to 44 mpg.

Another point about the new Popular is that the handbook contains a special section on "economic driving". The advice is hardly original—it all comes down to regular maintenance and a gentle right foot—but it is useful to have it set out in the handbook and other manufacturers could well follow Ford's example.

Peter Waymark

Broadcasting

Place in Europe gets pride of place tonight with a visit first to Goodwood House (ITV 10.30) and then a studio discussion led by Prince Philip on the upkeep of ...e stately homes of Europe (ITV 11.0). Love locked out launches a new dramatic ...rilogy on marriage. Mollie Sugden and Norman Rossington in the cast suggest ...hat the first play will have some laughs (ITV 9.0). Otherwise War and Peace, the ...olstoy epic, gets into its stride (BBC1 9.25), Man Alive worries about the jury ...ystem (BBC2 9.50) and Jacques Cousteau takes a dive to squint at the squid (BBC1 8.10).—L.B.

BC 1

...55 pm, Dechrau Canu Dech... ...Cannol. 1.30, Ragtime. ...5, News. 1.55, Wimbledon ...on Tennis Championships. ...5, Play School. 4.50, Blue ...er Flies the World: Thail... 5.15, The Small World of ...nuel Tweet. 5.40, Captain ...gwash.

...45 News. 6.00, Nationwide.* ...15 Wimbledon highlights. ...30 Top of the Pops. ...10 The Undersea World of Jacques Cousteau: Night of the Squid.

...00 News.

...25 War and Peace, by Leo Tolstoy, part 2.

...50 Midweek.

...28 Weather.

...ack and white.

...ional variations (BBC 1): ...e Wales—12.55-1.00 pm, ...nsattere Gosaodwen. 6.00-6.15, ...les Today. 8.10-8.30, Heddiw. 9.0-9.00, Criced. Scotland: 00-10.10 am, Weekly Ross. 10-10.35, Robinson Crusoe. 35-11.00, The Record Breakers. 55-12.30 p, Transatlantic Call... ...m. 6.00-6.15, Reporting Scot... d. 11.28, Scottish News Summ... NORTHERN IRELAND: 12.55-... pm, Transmitters Closedown. 0-6.15, Scene Around Six. 28, Northern Ireland News Heads...

Westward

...30 am, Yoga for Health. 11.55, ...ival. 12.25 pm, Around the ...rld in 80 Days. 12.25, Cus...stom. 12.40, Thames. 1.20, ...stward News Headlines. 1.30, ...mes. 4.25, Cowboy in Africa. ...0, Anna and the Kids. 5.50, ...ws. 6.00, Westward Diary. 6.35, ...V. 7.00, The Six Million Dollar ...n. 8.00, Thames. 10.32, Late ...ht News. 10.35, Mands. 11.20, ...ht Gallery. 11.25, Faith for Life.

Anglia

...45 am, ATV. 12.40 pm, Thames. ...5, Anglia News. 1.30, Thames. ...0, Women Only. 2.30, Thames. ...5, Ranger Room. 4.55, The ...azing Chan. 5.20, ATV. 6.00, ...ont Anglia. 6.20, Arena. 6.35, ...V. 7.00, Gambit. 8.00, The Pro...tors. 8.00, Thames. 12.00, The ...ing Word.

Tyne Tees

...40 pm, Starting Point. 12.45, ...ames. 1.25, Where the Jobs Are. ...0, Thames. 2.00, Women Only. ...30, Thames. 4.25, Tarzan. 5.20, ...V. 6.00, Today. 6.35, ATV ...20, The Pezzaders. 7.00, Mid... ...ames. 10.30, Musical Triangles. ...00, Double Top. 11.30, News. ...40, Epilogue.

Scottish

...45 am, ATV. 12.40 pm, Thames. ...25, Road Report. 1.20, Thames. ...25, Tarzan. 5.20, Kirk Douglas. ...pearoads. 5.50, News. 6.00, Scot... h News. 6.05, Isabel on Thurs... ...y. 7.00, The Persuaders. 8.00, ...ames. 10.30, Late Call. 10.35, ...35, New Faces.

Yorkshire

...40 pm, Thames. 1.20, Calendar ...ws. 1.30, Thames. 4.25, Tarzan. ...20, ATV. 6.00, Calendar. 6.35, ...V. 7.00, The Persuaders! 8.00, ...ames. 10.30, Calendar People. ...00-11.55, Police Story.

BBC 2

11.00-11.25 am, Play School. 2.00 pm, Wimbledon Lawn Tennis Championships.

7.30 Newsday.

7.55 Sir Mortimer and Magnus: Schliemann and Gladstone—a passage of arms.

8.10 Two Women: part 1.

9.00 Match of the Day from Wimbledon.

9.50 Man Alive: The Jury: Good Men and true?

10.45 Gardeners' World.

11.10 News.

11.29-11.30, Gwen Watford reads Telling Stories, by Elizabeth Jennings.

Granada

10.30 am, Spiderman. 10.50, It's Fun to Read. 11.00, The Magic of Music. 11.15, The Great Wallenda. 11.35, Cartoon. 11.45, ATV. 12.40 pm, Thames. 1.20, This Is Your Right. 1.30, Thames. 4.25, The Osmonds. 4.50, Survival. 5.15, Dodo. 5.20, Crossroads. 5.50, News. 6.00, Granada Reports. 6.35, Lucy. 7.05, Combat. 8.00, Thames. 10.30, Reports Extra. 11.00, What the Papers Say. 11.20-12.20 am, Homicide.

Border

11.45 am, ATV. 12.45 pm, Thames. 1.25, Border News. 1.30, Thames. 2.00, Women Only. 2.30, Thames. 4.25, Catch Phrase. 4.50, Fantastic Voyage. 5.20, ATV. 6.00, Border News. 6.35, ATV. 7.00, Movin On. 8.00, Thames. 10.30, Police. 11.00, Journey to the Unknown. 11.55, Border News Summary.

Grampian

11.45 am, ATV. 12.35 pm, Grampian News Headlines. 12.40, Thames. 1.20, Lunchtime. 1.30, Thames. 2.00, Women Only. 2.30, Thames. 4.25, Tarzan. 5.20, ATV. 6.00, Grampian News. 6.10, What's Your Answer? 6.35, ATV. 7.00, Six Million Dollar Man. 8.00, Thames. 10.30, Matter of Concern. 11.00, Epilogue. 11.05, Weekday Night (NFBOC). 11.30, Prayers.

HTV

12.40 pm, Thames. 1.20, West Headlines. 1.25, Wales Headlines. 1.30, Thames. 2.00, Women Only. 2.30, Thames. 4.25, Around the World in 80 Days. 4.50, Rainbow Country. 5.20, Help! 5.35, Crossroads. 5.50, News. 6.00, Report West. 6.15, Report Wales. 6.30, Husband of the Year. 7.00, Jason King. 8.00, Thames. 10.30, Great Little Trains of Wales. 11.00, Journey to the Unknown. 12.00, Weather. HTV CYMRU/WALES: As HTV except: 1.20-1.25 pm, Penawr ...dew Newyddion y Dydd. 4.25, Hart i Hart. 4.55-6.10, Mid Newr... 6.01-6.15, Y Dydd. 11.00-12.00, Dyn Cas Gan Dduon. HTV WEST: As HTV except: 1.20-1.30 pm, West Headlines. 6.15-6.30, Sport West.

Thames

10.45 am, A Big Country. 11.15, The 21st Century. 11.40, Galloping Gourmet. 12.05 pm, Yoga for Health. 12.30, Yak. 12.40, Rainbow. 1.00, News. 1.20, Lunchtime Today. 1.30, Keep Britain Slim. 2.00, Good Afternoon. 2.30, The Royal Show. 4.25, Rainbow. 4.45, Cartoon. 4.50, Cowboy in Africa. 5.50 News. 6.00 Today. 6.35 Crossroads. 7.00 Griff. 8.00 Dawson's Weekly. 8.30 This Week. 9.00 Three Comedies of Marriage. David Warner, Sheila White in Bobby Bluesocks, by David Pitzsimmons. 10.00 News. 10.30 A Place in Europe: England: Goodwood House, with the Earl and Countess of March, the Duke and Duchess of Richmond, Roy Strong. 11.00 A Place in Europe: A Future for our past, with the Duke of Edinburgh, the Earl of March, the Marquess of Anglesey, Count Patrice de Vogue, Count Ahlefeldt-Laurvig-Bille, John Cornforth, Robert Kee. What the Papers Say. 12.00 Bone of Contention. 12.15

ATV

11.45 am, The Royal Show. 12.40 pm, Thames. 1.20, Lunchtime Newsdesk. 1.30, Thames. 4.25, Funky Phantom. 4.50, Castaway. 5.20, Rock on with 45. 5.50, News. 6.00, ATV Today. 6.35, Crossroads. 7.00, Barnaby Jones. 8.00, Thames. 10.30, Gardening. 11.00, Checkmate. 11.30, What the Papers Say. 11.45, Father Paschal.

Southern

11.00 am, Yoga for Health. 11.20, Porky Pig. 11.30, Hammy Hamster. 11.45, ATV. 12.40 pm, Thames. 1.20, Southern News. 1.30, Thames. 2.00, Women Only. 2.30, Thames. 4.25, The Count of Monte Cristo. 4.50, The Beachcombers. 5.20, Dodo. 5.25, Crossroads. 5.50, News. 6.00, Day by Day. 6.35, Survival, Shall the Bay Live? 7.00, Dawson's Weekly. 7.35, Barnaby Jones. 8.30, Thames. 10.30, Music in Camera. 11.10, Southern News. 11.20, Movin' On. 12.15 am, Weather. Guideline.

Ulster

12.40 pm, Thames. 1.20, Ulster News Headlines. 1.30, Thames. 4.25, Lost in Space. 5.20, ATV. 6.00, Summer Reports. 6.35, ATV. 7.00, Six Million Dollar Man. 8.00, Thames. 11.00-11.30, Shadow on Childhood.

Radio

1

6.00 am, News. Simon Bates.† 6.00, Noel Edmonds. 9.00, Tony Blackburn. 12.00, Johnnie Walker. 2.02 pm, David Hamilton.† 7.02, Newsbeat. 7.15, John Peel. 7.02, The Big Show. 7.32, The Organist.† 8.02, Folkweave.† 9.02, Edmonds & Ros.† 10.02, Sports Desk. 10.05, Terry Burbridge.† 12.00, News. 12.05 am, Don Durbridge.† 12.31, News Summary. † Stereo.

2

6.00 am, Radio 1. 7.02, Terry Wogan.† (8.27, Racing Bulletin; 9.02, Pete Murray.† 10.30, Wasp Waists. 11.30, Jimmy Young.†. 2.02 pm, Radio 1. 2.02, Wimbledon 75. 1500m only. 5.02, Waggoners' Walk. 5.27, Sam Costa.† 5.17-7.00, 1500m only. Wimbledon 75.

3

7.00 am, News. 7.05, Haydn, Weber, Dvorak.† 9.00, News. 8.05, Mozart, Tchaikovsky.† 9.00, News. 9.05, Mendelssohn. Piano Recital. National Musicians' Platform.† 10.35, String Quartets, part 1. Dvorak, Janacek. 11.15, World ...: David Martin. 11.30, Quar... : Smetana.† 12.05 pm, BBC Symphony Orchestra. Haydn.† 1.00, News. 1.05, Concert, cont. J. Strauss.† 1.48, Piano Recital. Clementi and Beethoven.† 2.25, Amadis. Tragedie Lyrique, by Lully.† 3.30, Reading. 3.40, Amadis, Acts 3, 4 and 5.† 4.45, 10.00 approx. (medium wave). House of Commons debate on Industry Bill (Lab). 4.45, Composer's Portrait: Margaret Lucy Wilkins. 5.45, Homeward Bound.† 6.05, News. 6.10, Homeward Bound (continued). 6.30, Getting it Together. 7.00, Workface Europe. 7.30, Chichester Festival, concert, part 1, Mozart. Brush.† 8.25,

4

6.20 am, News. 6.22, Farming. 6.40, Prayer. 6.45, Today. 7.00, News. 7.20, Sporting Scene. 8.00, Today's Papers. 8.45, Thought for the Day. 7.55, Weather. 8.00, News. 8.30, Yesterday in Parliament. 9.00, News. 9.05, Richard Baker. 10.00, News. 10.05, From Our Own Correspondent. 10.30, Service. 10.45, Story. 11.00, News. 11.05, Wogan's World. 11.50, It's An Odd World (new series with Dennis McCarthy). 12.00, News. 12.02 pm, You and Yours. 12.27, Morecambe and Wise Show. 12.55, Weather.

1.00, The World at One. 1.30, The Archers. 1.45, Women's Hour. 2.45, Listen With Mother. 3.00, News. 3.05, Play: The Darkened Schoolroom. 3.50, Jack de Manio. 4.02, Story. Arthur Askey reads his autobiography. 5.00, PM Reports. 5.55, Weather.

6.00, News. 6.15, Kenneth Williams Playhouse: The Analysis. 6.45, The Archers. 7.00, News Desk. 7.30, Any Answers? 8.00, The Wreck of the Wager by Derek Parker. 8.45, Analysis: Universities Challenge, the Mate of university finance. 9.30, Kaleidoscope. 9.59, Weather. 10.00, The World Tonight. 10.45, A Book at Bedtime: The Mysterious Commissioner. 11.00, The Financial World Tonight. 11.15, Today in Parliament. 11.45, News. 12.06-12.09 am, Inshore forecast.

BBC Radio London, local and national news, entertainment, sport, music. 94.9 VHF, 206 M.

London Broadcasting, news and information station. 97.3 VHF, 261 M.

Capital Radio, 24-hour music, news and features station. 95.8 VHF, 194 M.

Motor Show Place

Volvo

Despite the price increase on 1st July we can still supply (e.g., a NEW 244 Auto at "drive-away" price of £3,185. We'll explain how when you call. Finance required? Take advantage of a bank loan at 10% p.a. interest, paying the 1st instalment with your deposit. Your Rover, Triumph, Jaguar, Daimler, Peugeot, etc., accepted in exchange but if you offer Volvo we'll be over the Moon. "P" registration 1st Aug., don't forget. Contact

ROY CLACK

S.G. SMITH

25 DULWICH VILLAGE LONDON, S.E.21 Tel. 01-693 0202

CAR BODIES RENOVATED by Nelsons (established 1850), accident repair specialists. Cellulosers. Jeffreys Road, Clapham Inr. Stockwell tube/. 622 9314/5, 6.

UNREGISTERED E-TYPE. One of the last 50 made. Offers. Bath 65564.

STAG, Spet.., '74, 9,000 miles automatic, hard/soft top. £3,150.—Phone (if) 6 p.m.: 455 4194.

JAN. 1975, RENAULT 16TX, white, unmarked, under 7,000 miles. Luxury with economy: 1647cc, with overdrive gives impressive performance and fuel saving. Electronic locking and front window operation; rear wiper/washer; extras include Radiomobile, Windmaster draught screens. £2,200 o.n.o., saves hundreds against new fully spec. Cerne Abbas, Dorset (03003) 377.

B.M.W. 2002 TII Floral, M Reg., 1,400 miles, 1 owner, mint condition. £1,950. — Northwood 21792.

MORGAN 1955 +4, renovated, excellent condition. Offers over £1,600. — 01-660 7563, Sat. morning.

NORMAND CONTINENTAL LTD. VOLKSWAGEN AUDI NSU 405 KING ST. HAMMERSMITH W6 01-741 0161

DAIMLER SOVEREIGN SERIES II

Automatic, registered September 1973, Regency red with black trim, tinted glass, headrests, stereo 8, Radiomobile, mileage 18,500.

£3,750 o.n.o.

Bristol 684551

PEUGEOT 304 S, 1973, Saloon, maize, radio, sunroof, 29,000, like new. Owner leaving. £1,360 o.n.o.—Colchester, Wesley 221.

NUMBER PLATE 3 BHR attached Austin Cambridge. £100 o.n.o. 038-086 344.

1975, MARCH, XJ6, 4.2 auto. Long wheel base. Fern grey, matching vinyl, electric sun roof, green leather interior, radio stereo, electric aerial, Sundym glass, electric windows, chrome wheels. One owner under 3,000 miles, private sale. £4,850.—04241 Hastings 423964.

LEX FOR JAGUARS 01-902 8787. Lex for Daimlers 01-902 8787. Lex for Triumphs 01-902 8787. Lex for Rovers 01-902 8787.

COME AND TEST DRIVE the fabulous new Citroen CX at Continental Car Centre, 01-959 8821/2.

TANNERS OF FULHAM

901/921 FULHAM RD., S.W.6

ALL CARS AT PRE-INCREASE PRICES

Austin, Triumph, Morris, Rover

731 4281

SALES AND SERVICE

CHANCE TO BUY THE LAST BMW 3.0 CSL

Only N registration in the country. Immaculate condition. Quad cassette. Front spoiler, every extra.

Unique opportunity £5,250 Tel: 01-788 4673

FERRARI 365 G.T. 2+2

Blue, 42,000 miles, superb car.

12,000 miles service just completed at Marenello.

£3,500.

Tel. Dawnton (0725) 20375.

EUROCARS (LONDON) LTD.

1972 Sept. Citroen DS21 Pallas E.F.I. Manual. 1 owner. 12,000 miles. £1,625.

EUROCARS (LONDON) LTD. Tel.: 01-262 2728/9.

CITROEN, 2 CVs and Dyanes. Immediate delivery. Terms available.—Normans. 01-622 0042 and 01-584 6441.

MERCEDES-BENZ. If you are considering any new model or wish to purchase or sell your low-mileage car, try Chris Strelley at Goodliffe Garage (Croydon) Ltd., 01-681 3881.

NORMAND (MAYFAIR) LTD.

Sole London Distributors of Mercedes-Benz

NEW CARS

230/4 White with blue tex. 280 CE Metallic red with black cloth. Electric sun roof. Tinted glass. 280 SE: Maple yellow with beige cloth. Tinted glass, electric sunroof. 450 SE. Metallic silver with black tex. Tinted glass, sunroof. 450 SEL. Metallic dark blue with parchment velour. Sunroof.

All the above cars have auto trans and p.a.s.

127 Park Lane, London, W.1

01-629 5831

A member of the Normand Group of Companies.

ISO RIVOLTA FIDIA

Exclusive (10 in U.K.) 4-door sports saloon, 1,000 miles only. Reg. April '75. Metallic copper with cream leather interior, tinted glass, air conditioned, power steering, electric windows, etc. Cost when new £15,400. Will accept £7,850 o.n.o. H.P. possible and would consider PX for Rolls, Mercedes, etc. Tel.: 061 225 2351 (home) or 061 205 7491 (office).

BMW retail sales. For the best delivery and prices.—R. Edwards, 01-568 9155.

CHIPSTEAD for your new Alfa, BMW, Lancia, Mercedes—and a sensible deal.—01-727 2611.

CAVENDISH MOTORS offer fine selection of all Rovers and Land Rovers, new and used. Phone Mrs. Simmons, 01-456 0016.

NEW JAGS, Staqs, Range Rovers, immediately available.—Hamilton Autos. Telephone 01-959 8226.

NEW CITROEN 2CV Dlane GS available now. Ring for details or special offer. Continental Car Centre, 959 8821.

WANTED

M.O.T. FAILURES, — Old cars wanted for cash; 1100s and Minis a speciality.—King Motors Ltd., tel.: 01-888 6564.

DIRECTORS CAR wanted, £1,500 approx.—Phone offers 504 0056.

GORDON KEEBLE. Metallic green, 8 track stereo, Webasto roof, alloy wheels, good condition. Investment at £1,700 o.n.o. 01-274 4256 or 01-673 6722 (eves.).

ROLLS-ROYCE AND BENTLEY

BENTLEY "R" TYPE SALOON

Manual. Excellent Condition. £3,250

Bentley S2 1962 Mulliner. All Aluminium Continental Coupé. Full history from new. Unique.

PHONE 01-788 7881

SHADOW '68 shell grey. Fridge, tinted glass, history. £5,500. Yelverton 3446.

1975 ROLLS-ROYCE Silver Shadow. 4-door, finished in silver mink with dark blue hide, fitted with Sundym glass and whitewall tyres, current specifications including quadraphonic tape player. 1,500 miles only recorded. P. J. Evans Ltd., Birmingham 021 643 2911.

1969 ROLLS SHADOW, dark blue with light grey interior, usual extras, low mileage, full history, good condition. £5,950 o.n.o.—Phone 01-202 7746 day, 01-959 3471 home.

1971 ROLLS-ROYCE Corniche 2-door saloon, finished in sage green with dark green hide, fitted with refrigerated air conditioning, Sundym glass and stereo tape player, supplied new by ourselves; 34,000 miles only recorded; £9,650.—P. J. Evans, Birmingham. 021 643 2911.

WANTED

COMPANY DIRECTOR requires Silver Shadow. Hamilton. 01-959 8236.

CAR HIRE

HIRE A MORGAN, MGB, MGB V8, Healey Stag, E-Type, Sportshire Ltd., 01-589 8309.

FOR HIRE with chauffeur, 1974 now shape 280 SE Mercedes, immaculate white. Experienced drivers combining courtesy, reliability with skill. By the day or week. Rates on request. Phone 58BM, Dept RFE, Farnham Common 3688.

RENTALS

KNIGHTSBRIDGE APARTMENTS 01-581 2337

£42 p.w. W.1. Small but good value 2 bedroom mews flat recep., k. & b. Garage available.

£45 p.w. in S.W.3, 2 bedroom flat, now for short let.

£45-50 p.w. for long/short let well furn. 2 bedroom flat, recep., diner/hall, k. & b., c.h., & h.w. inc.

£50 in S.W.7. Spotlessly clean with mod. furn. Spacious 2 room flat large recep., kitchen/diner, bath, c.h.

£55 p.w. near Bond St., worth the climb for 3rd floor spacious 2 bedroom maisonette. recep., k. & b.

£130 p.w. in heart of Knightsbridge. This delightful 4 bedroom house. 35ft recep., dining room, kitchen, 2 bath., c.h., patio.

S.W.5 UNFURNISHED SPACIOUS MAISONETTE

Quiet garden square 2 floor flat, beautifully decorated, 3 bedrooms, elegant drawing room, dining room, kitchen and bathroom, cloakroom, c.h. Small own garden, 5 yr. lease renewable £1,000 p.a. Curtains, carpet and kitchen equipment £5,500.

Tel. 373 6634.

NEAR RICHMOND. Family house to let immediately until September. 5 bedrooms, 2 double, 1 single, 2 reception rooms, kitchen, bathroom, C.H., fully carpeted. Large garden. Near stations and bus routes. £45 p.w. Tel. 894 4446 evenings.

S.W.2/4. Summer let. Beautifully furnished Victorian family house, 3/4 beds., superb kitchen. 10 mins. Central London. Victoria Line. About £50 p.w. 01-671 8354 or 01-622 0898.

KENSINGTON. Two consulting rooms, 3 bedrooms, 2 reception, etc., in attractive terraced house. Prestige address. Suit any profession. 9½ year lease. 01-727 7733.

HAMPSTEAD. Spacious quiet maisonette to let for 6 weeks. August 2nd-Sept. 13th, sleeps 6, dishwasher, colour TV, all mod. cons. £55 p.w. 01-794 2072.

WANTED for immediate use, 3 bedroomed cottage weekends. Mainly for hunting in Southdown country. Contact Wysock-Wright. 01-491 3866.

FULHAM. Modern bachelor flat. Bedroom, lounge, kitchenette, bathroom. Fully furnished, full C.H., £55 p.w. all inclusive. Telephone 01-381 3916.

WESTMINSTER.—Luxury furnished flat, 3 rooms, k. & b., to let late July for 3 months.—01-219 4024.

SW7.—Unique studio-type mews maisonette with terrace: lounge, 2 beds, k. & b., £70 p.w.: refs. required.—01-286 0129.

SUPERIOR FLATS/HOUSES available and required for diplomats, executives. Long/short lets. All areas.—Uptriend Co., 499 7578.

TOURIST FAMILY FLAT, fully serviced, £50 p.w. 567 3555.

NEW CROSS GATE, 3 rooms, k. and b., furnished, sole tenants, pleasant house, suit businessmen. £45-50 p.w. 229 6365/639 6600.

CHELSEA.—Delightful new town house: mod. decor; 4 beds, 4 baths., 2 recepts.; patio and garage; short let.—L.S., 235 0026.

SWISS COTTAGE.—Furnished room to let in luxury flat; use of kitchen and bathroom; c.h.; c.h.w.; parking facilities; would suit business or professional lady; 5 minutes Tube and buses; £48 p.c.m.—01-794 4667, pre-noon, after 6 p.m.

ELEGANT CHELSEA MAISONETTE from 3rd August-13th September; 2 bedrooms, bathroom, reception, kitchen, cloakroom; large patio; £85 p.w., including daily, c.h., T.V. etc.—01-584 0731.

PRIMROSE HILL, N.W.1.—Beautifully furnished 3 bedroomed family house in quiet square to let July 19-August 24; £70 p.w. —Tel.: 722 5118.

ST. JOHN'S WOOD. High standard, quiet, furnished s.-c. flat, large bed-sit, kitchen, shower, w.c., c.h., £24 p.w.—828 6177.

SPECTACULAR 50ft reception, panoramic views over river at Tower Bridge plus 3 double bedrooms, 2 luxury bathrooms and very fine furnishings, antiques, etc., in unique apartment; ideal top executive/diplomat short or long let; £150 p.w. neg. 727 5002/481 1887 eves.

HOLLAND PARK MEWS, W.11.—Unusual mews house with 4 beds, elevated recepl., k. & b., garage; well equipped; £100 p.w. M. & P. 937 5000.

MEDIC/LAW GRADUATES seek flat in London; max. £8 p.w. each; caretaker duties considered. —Tel. 7662, eves.

LUXURY flats/houses wanted and to let. Long/short term.—L.A.L., 937 7884.

CADOGAN SQ. Luxury flat, 1 double and 1 single bedrooms, immaculate decor throughout, TV, all amenities. Good references essential. £65 p.w. 584 1522.

MULLETT BOOKER & CO. require furnished flats/houses from £5-80 gns. p.w. for diplomats and executives.—Tel. 402 6191.

MAYFAIR prestige residential Company suite facing Green Pk. 235 0288.

AVAILABLE NOW. Quality Flats, Houses to let.—L.A.L. 937 7884.

AMERICAN executive needs luxury furnished flat or house up to £120 p.w. Usual fees required. Phillips Kay & Lewis. 629 8811.

WIMBLEDON COMMON. £20. Large light bedsit.—947 5222.

HAMPSTEAD and environs.—We have the best quality furnished flats and houses for discerning families from £30 p.w.—All viewed and recommended by the Letting Department of George K. ght and Partners, 9 Heath Street, N.W.3. 435 2398.

BELGRAVIA. Super garden flat, 2 rooms, etc. £160 p.c.m. 235 4814.

GREENWICH.—Attractively decorated House, 4 beds, 3 reception, 2 baths, laundry, kitchen, garden, c.h., c.h.w. £230 p.c.m.—01-691 1586.

CHELSEA.—Short let service apartments, 1, 2, 3 and 4 bedrooms from £70 p.w. 333 Kings Road, S.W.3. Tel. 01-352 3684.

FERRIER & DAVIES

6 Beauchamp Place, S.W.3. 01-584 3232.

2 bachelor flats in Chelsea £35 inc. Hammersmith 2 rooms £35. 2 girls for 2 rooms £40. With-it 3 room flat with garden £45.

George St., 2 room £50 inc. Putney 3 beds £55. Sth. Ken. Mews 3 beds £66. Cadogan Square 2 rooms, 3yrs. £70. Family House South Ken. Short let £80. Chelsea 4 beds with garden £85.

Wellgrave nr. Thames 5 bed., 2 baths., heated swimming pool £100. S.W.1. house unfurnished house with 3 beds £120 exc.

ROYAL AVENUE, CHELSEA

Apartment on 3 floors, including balcony; superb location; 2-3 double bedrooms, large drawing room, spacious dining room, kitchen, bath., cloaks, etc.; exquisitely furnished throughout.

Rent £140 p.w., long let preferred. — Phone: N.H.P., 01-402 9933/402 9900 or 01-730 8798.

HIGHBURY FIELDS

Luxury s.c. flat: 3 rooms, fitted k. & b.; carpets; c.h.; phone; entryphone; close Victoria and Piccadilly lines.

£32 p.w.

Tel.: 240 3148, day.

W.1 for 4 to 6 weeks, August 1st. Attractive double bedroom, reception, dining room, kitchen, roof garden, coloured TV. Answering service. Domestic help. References essential. £60 p.w. 935 4552 evenings/weekends.

CHELSEA, S.W.3. Outstanding flat, beautifully furnished, to let for approx. 9 mths.; double bedroom, large reception, separate dining room, mod. kitchen. Reasonable rent for right tenant.—352 9851.

HAMPSTEAD.—Sunny, well furnished flat. Large reception, double bedroom, balcony, k.&b. C.H. Private parking. £53 p.w. —722 5943.

KINGSTON.—Fully furnished self-contained flat: 2 bedrooms, 2 reception c.h., fully fitted kitchen: £35 p.w. Family preferred. Tel. 01-549 3835 (evenings).

AROUND TOWN FLATS, 120 Holland Park Ave. W.11. Central London's short let specialists. 2 wks' min. £55 (studio).—£100 (4 bed, house). 229 0033.

UNFURNISHED, ST. JAMES, S.W.1. rooms, kitchen, bath, room, £4,250 p.a. excl. £2,600 f. & f. 834 8961.

PENTHOUSE, W.1.—Modern, fully furnished: 3 beds, roof terrace, 4th July-26th Sept: £50 p.w.—Tel.: 01-935 3709, 9 a.m.-6 p.m.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE FLAT, 4th floor, 1 bedroom, recep., k. & b., 3 mths let. £45 p.w. o.n.o. Boyd & Boyd, 584 6863.

KENSINGTON (W10). Superb large sunny flat: 3 bedrooms, beautifully furnished, C.H., silk curtains, chandeliers, etc.; sorry no children: £59 p.w.—727 5002.

HURLINGHAM.—Unique house with enormous garden; 7 beds., 3 recepts.; mid-July, 2 mths.: £150 p.w.—581 3216, AT HOME IN LONDON.

BLENHEIM CRESCENT, W.11. Vast 5-bed 2-bath house in small Portobello Rd. ambiance. Long let. £65 p.w. ATF 229 0033.

NORLAND SQUARE, W.11. Brand new 2-room flat in superb garden square (tennis court, etc.). Free service, etc., maisonette, etc. £35 for long let. ATF. 229 0033.

MARBLE ARCH. 1 bed. ultra modern flat. £95 p.w.—Estia. 727 5066.

HOLLAND PARK. 2 bed. luxury flat. £100 p.w.—Estia. 727 5066.

MAIDA VALE/ST. JOHN'S WOOD. Short lets now for 2 mths. Superb 5-bed hse. Good mixture of mod. and antique. £400.—Jonathan David & Co., 424 1874.

HOME SERVICES

HOUSE/APARTMENT cleaning, 2/4 hr. sessions competitive rates. Also dinner party service, plumbing/carpentry, etc. 01-402 4891.

SERVICES

YOUR LONDON OFFICE £1.50. Prestige address. Tel. answering. Telex. Xerox. private. Mercury. 30 Baker St. W.1. 01-486 5363.

HOGARTH TUTORIALS courses in Oxbridge entrance and O levels starting Sept. 581 3748.

A & O LEVEL exams, Oxbridge. Marsden Tutors. straight 0-585 5000.

WORKING GIRLS 30 pc lower rates Her-plan Lloyd's Policy BR3 1210.

CONFIDENTIAL COURIERS, ex-officers, late 20s, almost anywhere, any time. 01-521 9504.

PRESTIGE INTRODUCTIONS for dating and marriage. Cocktail party Dolly Peel. 584 1760.

MAN YOUR OWN Hair Saloon at Spiers for expert styling. Instant service at 27 Berkeley Square, W.1. 629 4622.

BRIDGE TUITION and practice classes. G. C. H. Fox, 42 South Audley St., W.1. 499 2834.

OXBRIDGE '75 A. O. C.E.,

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING STARTS HERE

To place an advertisement in any of these categories, tel.

01-837 3311

Manchester office
061-834 1234

Animals and Birds	..	27
Appointments Vacant	10 and	25
Business to Business	..	25
Domestic Situations	..	25
Educational	..	25
Entertainments	10 and	11
Fashion and Beauty	..	27
Financial	..	25
Flat Sharing	..	26
For Sale and Wanted	..	27
Home Services	..	27
Legal Notices	..	25
Motor Cars	..	27
Property	24 and	25
Public Notices	..	25
Rentals	..	27
Secretarial and General Appointments	25 and	26
Services	..	27
Situations Wanted	..	26

Box No replies should be addressed to:

The Times
PO Box 7,
New Printing House Square,
Gray's Inn Road,
London WC1X 8EZ

Deadline for cancellations and alterations to copy (except for proofed advertisements) is 13.00 hrs prior to the day of publication. For Monday's issue the deadline is 12 noon Saturday. On all cancellations a Stop Number will be issued to the advertiser. On any subsequent queries regarding the cancellations, this Stop Number must be quoted.

PLEASE CHECK YOUR AD. We make every effort to avoid errors in advertisements. Each one is carefully checked and proof read. When thousands of advertisements are handled each day mistakes do occur and we ask therefore that you check your ad and, if you spot an error, report it to the Classified Queries department immediately by telephoning 01-837 1234 (Ext 7180). We regret that we cannot be responsible for more than one day's incorrect insertion if you do not.

"... Stand fast therefore in the liberty wherewith Christ hath made us free, and be not entangled again with the yoke of bondage."—Galatians 5 : 1.

BIRTHS

BIDDULPH.—On June 30th, to Rahda and Desmond Biddulph—a son.

BUTLER-COLE.—On June 30th, 1975, to Susan and Nicholas—a son (Benjamin Falcon Clarke).

CARMICHAEL.—On June 28th, at Sivani Hospital, Dodoma, Tanzania, to Deborah (nee Stephenson) and Robin Carmichael (Peter Robin), brother for Matthew.

COX.—On June 30th, at St. Peter's Hospital, Chertsey, to Biddy and Thomas—a daughter (Susannah), a sister for Harriet.

EVANS.—On June 27, at St Peter's, Chertsey, to Kristien (nee Tanner) and Christopher Evans, a daughter (Diana Clare Kristien).

HINDLEY.—On July 1st at the Lindo Wing, St. Mary's, Paddington, to Marion (nee Stanton) and Christopher Hindley—a son, a brother for Alexandra.

HOSKING.—On 28th June, in Geneva, to Desmond and Seymour—a son (David Edric Cameron).

ROWE.—On 28 June, at Redlands Hospital, Glasgow, to Patricia (nee Macpherson) and Michael—a son (James William).

TIPPING.—On mid-summer's day at Westminster Hospital to Jane (nee Liddell-King) and Christopher—a daughter (Freya Rachel Bonn), sister for Benjamin.

WATSON.—On 2nd July to Alison (nee Gibb) and John Watson—a son.

BIRTHDAYS

JARV. Checkmate. Happy Birthday. —Love Framnic.

TOM POMEROY here's to another year of outstanding achievement.

MARRIAGES

HART : SOKOL.—On June 27th, in Buenos Aires, Paul, son of Dr. and Mrs. Dudley Hart, of Hampstead, London, to Alicia, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Roberto Sokol, of Olivos, Buenos Aires.

OWEN : ROBINSON.—On 2nd July, 1975, in London, Gerald Neville Owen, to Ursula Robinson, formerly Lessware.

DEATHS

ARKLE.—On July 1st, peacefully at Beckwell Hill House, Backwell, Florence, aged 78 years, beloved wife of the late Frank Manning Arkle, funeral service at Backwell, July 4th, 11 a.m. at St. Bridget's Church, Cholwey, Nr. Bristol.

SALDON.—On July 1st, 1975, Vera, the very much loved wife of James and daughter of William Henry John Drown and the late Martha Gabrielle Dregen. Service at Cambrook, parish church on Monday, July 7th at 12 noon. Flowers may be sent to Messrs. K. B. Sills, Cranbrooke, Kent (2084).

BAYLEY.—On July 2nd, in hospital, after a sudden illness, Kenneth Egremont Anson Bayley, R.N.V.R., D.S.C., of Southwood Cottage, Bosham, Sussex. Cremation Friday, 4th July, at the Chichester Crematorium at 11 a.m. No flowers, please, but donations, if desired, for Guide Dogs for the Blind.

DEATHS

ADGCOME.—On July 2nd, 1975, at 1 Sedley Court, Sydenham Hill S.E.26, Major George Edward Rupert Edgcome, aged 78 years, son of the late Reverend George Edgcome. Service at Beckenham Crematorium on Friday, July 4th, at 2.20 p.m. No flowers, please. Enquiries to Francis Chappell & Sons, 8 Dartmouth Rd., S.E.23. Tel. 01-699 3646.

GREENWOOD.—On June 28th suddenly in London, Charles Antony Alexander, aged 30 years, greatly loved husband of Christine, dear father of Paola, Michael and Susan. Cremation Golders Green, July 4th at 2.45 p.m. Family memorial service at Canley Crematorium on Wednesday, June 9th, at 11 a.m. All letters to 35 Woodland Avenue, Coventry CV5 6DB.

HENSTRIDGE.—On 2nd July, peacefully, May (Midi), aged 74 years, loving and loving wife of Reverend E. M. Henstridge, of Starannui, Dorset. Funeral 3.15 p.m. Tuesday, 8th July, Marnhull Church, followed by cremation, ashes interred later at Whitstable, but garden flowers only or preferably donations to Harmophilia Research Centre, Oxford.

HOUGHTON, HAROLD, C.B.E.—On June 29th, in hospital, loved and loving husband of Eva and devoted father to Christopher. Cremation private. Please, no flowers.

HUCKER.—On 30th June, 1975, suddenly, Dr. Albany Hucker. Funeral service at Sherborne Abbey at 12 noon, Monday, 7th July, 1975.

HUEFFER.—On July 1, 1975, Muriel Maddox, widow of Oliver Maddox Hueffer (nee Harris). Service at West London Crematorium, Harrow Road, Kensal Green, W.10, on Tuesday, July 8, 2.45 p.m. No flowers.

JOHNSON.—On 29th June, 1975, suddenly at his home 7 Shakespeare Rd., Droylsden, Manchester, William Francis (Bill), aged 65 years, husband of Elsie Johnson, father of Andrew, Alan and Mary. Funeral private. Enquiries A. Dowse, Funeral Service, Tel: 061 336 2859 and 60033.

LENANTON.—On July 2nd, 1975, Hubert Ray (Henry), after a long illness fought with the greatest courage, darling husband of Barbara (Tony) dearly loved stepfather of Johnna and Erica. Funeral strictly private for family only. Flowers to W. & F. Groombridge, 31 Quarry Hill Rd., Tonbridge. Memorial service in Hadlow to be announced later. No letters, please.

LEWIS.—On 1st July, Thomas Plodd, of Whitehouse Farm, Earsham, Bungay, Suffolk, in his 84th year after a long illness doggedly borne. No flowers please but donations if desired to the Canine Defence League.

MACKAY.—On 2nd July at home, Donald Reid, aged 72, dearly beloved husband of Norah, and father of David, Janet and Robert. Cremation private. no flowers.

MILL.—On July 1st, 1975, peacefully in Glossop, Derbyshire, Sara Grace (nee Dixon), aged 90 years. Widow of Rowland Mill and beloved mother of Leonard, William and Nan (Scott). Service at Stockport Crematorium on Monday, July 7th, at 12 noon. No flowers please.

MUELLER.—On June 29th very suddenly at Lymington, Hampshire, Robert Frederick, aged 48, beloved husband of Dona and father of Robert Jr., Jonathan, Tobie and Christopher. Funeral service at 12.30 Friday, July 4th, at the Chapel at Paddington Cemetery, Hill Hill, N.W.7.

NALDRETT-JAYS, EL-LEWA.—GEORGE NALDRETT JAYS PASHA, O.B.E., Chief of Police, Cairo, and Alexandria, Egypt. British war medals, 1914-18, 1914-15 star, Egyptian Order of the Nile officer, Italian Order of the Crown, Commander, Greek Order of the Phoenix, Commander, Greek Military Medal for exceptional services rendered, Jordanian Order of Hamayoouni, Commander, Order of the Apostle Mark, Commander. Peacefully, at home, on June 30th, beloved husband of Margaret. At his own request cremation was private and took place on Wednesday, 2nd July. All inquiries to F. A. Holland and Son, Terminus Road, Littlehampton, Sussex. Tel. Littlehampton 3939.

NEY.—On 30th June, 1975, in a coma after sudden unexpected operation in hospital in Honolulu. Pray. God peacefully. Tamara Alexandra Ney in her 57th year, beautiful and greatly loved and loving daughter of Julia M. Davis of 75 Gwendolen Avenue, London, S.W.15. Wonderful and greatly loved sister of Margot Hadges of 22 rue de l'Yvette, Paris, and dearly loved and happy wife of Marshall of 2877 Kalakaua Avenue, Honolulu 96815, Hawaii. No flowers or letters, please.

PORTMAN.—On July 1st suddenly in hospital, Miriam Katherine, of Brockhurst, Chiddingfold, Surrey, in her 83rd year, beloved wife of the late Guy and devoted mother of Diana, Peter, Justin and grandmother of Michael, Jonathan, Davinia and Belinda. Funeral service Chiddingfold Parish Church, Tuesday July 8th at 3 p.m. Flowers to Millard Funerals Ltd., Hyldestile, Godalming, Surrey. No letters, please.

READ.—On 1st July, peacefully, aged 82, Vanda, of Camelia Cottage, Sunningdale, Mother of Michael and Marigold. Family funeral at Sunningdale Parish Church, on Tuesday, 8 July, at 2.30 p.m. No mourning.

ROBERTSON JUSTICE, JAMES HARALD NORVAL.—On 2nd July peacefully at home in Hampshire. Beloved husband of Irina.

SEABROOKE.—On July 2nd, 1975, peacefully in a nursing home, Nora Louise, of the Cottonwood Hotel, Bournemouth. Beloved wife of the late Geoffrey Stanford Seabrooke and mother of Diana. Cremation will take place privately in Bournemouth. No flowers or letters, please.

SOUTHGATE.—On June 30th, 1975, peacefully, William Arthur aged 83 years, of Tadworth, Surrey, beloved husband of Winifred and father of David, Audrey and Stuart. Funeral service at the Church of the Good Shepherd, Tadworth, on Monday, July 7th, at 2.30 p.m. Cut flowers may be sent to Shorlock & Sons, Trevills House, Dorking.

SPICER.—On July 2nd, 1975, peacefully, in his sleep at the Hereford Nursing Home, Adrian Evan (McGregor) Spicer, beloved husband of Esther and father of Julian and Christopher. The Funeral is at Arisaig at 5 p.m. Friday, July 4th. Cut flowers only.

DEATHS

TOWERS.—On June 30, peacefully, in hospital, Gilbert Leslie (Bra) Towers, beloved husband of Jean and dear stepfather of Jeannette. Funeral private. Please, no flowers.

WILLIS.—On July 1st 1975, in a nursing home, Maude "Fluff" Willis, of 30 Cygnet House, S.W.3. Service, Putney Vale Crematorium, Tuesday 8th July, 12.30 p.m. Flowers may be sent to J. H. Kenyon Ltd., 49 Marloes Rd., W.8.

WILLIAMS.—On 1st July, 1975, suddenly, at 9 Kidderpore Avenue, N.W.3, Judith Mary Owen Williams, formerly of 4 Primrose Hill Studios. Service, Golders Green Crematorium (East Chapel), tomorrow (Friday), at 4.45 p.m. Family flowers only.

WOOD, MURIEL E, late of Shanghai, at Norfolk & Norwich Hospital on 2nd July, 1975, aged 79. Funeral St Faith's Crematorium, Norwich, Monday, 2.30 p.m. No flowers. Donations to Imperial Cancer Research.

WRIGHT.—On June 30th, at The Royal Show, Stoneleigh, Samuel John (S.J.), dearly loved husband of Vi (Prue) and father of Michael, Peter, Brigid and Susan. Private cremation. Please, no flowers, but if wished, donations to Help the Aged, 8 Denman Street, London W1A 2AP.

MEMORIAL SERVICES

COZENS-HARDY.—The memorial service for Gladys, widow of Edward, third Baron Cozens-Hardy, will be at St. Andrew's Church, Letheringsett, Norfolk, at 5 p.m. on Wednesday, July 16th, 1975.

IN MEMORIAM

HEMPEL, CONSTANTIN. Loved and loved for ever. Anouska.

TULLOCH.—Major General Derek Tulloch, C.B., D.S.O., M.C. In loving memory. Mary, Bill and James.

FUNERAL ARRANGEMENTS

J. H. Kenyon LTD.
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
Day or Night Service
Private Chapels

49 Edgware Road, W.2
01-723 3277

49 Marloes Road, W.8
01-937 0757

PUGH & CARR, KNIGHTSBRIDGE, florists for all occasions, 118 Knightsbridge. 584 8236.

FORTHCOMING EVENTS

SEAMUS HEANEY will sign copies of "North" his acclaimed new poems at the Arts Council Shop, 30 Sackville Street, off Piccadilly W1, on Wednesday, 9th July, at 1 p.m.

INTERNATIONAL COIN and Stamp Fair, Lyceum Ballroom, The Strand, London, W.C.2: 4th/5th July, 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. (20p). Buy and sell with many British, American and Commonwealth dealers (including two Post Office Agents and the Post Office) in Coins, Medals, Banknotes, stamps and postal material. Also displays by individual collectors. N.N.N.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

WHITE, SYDNEY GEORGE WHITE, late of Lemno Hospital, Shenton Park, Western Australia, died there on 3rd October, 1973. Estate about £3,000. The widow and kin of the above-named are requested to apply to the Treasury Solicitor (B.V.), 35 Old Queen Street, Westminster, London, S.W.1, failing which the Treasury Solicitor may take steps to administer the estate.

BLOOMFIELD, FREDERICK BLOOMFIELD, late of 142 Ancona Road, Plumstead, London, SE18, died there on 22nd February, 1975. (Estate about £2,700.)

The mother of the above-named is requested to apply to the Treasury Solicitor (B.V.), 35 Old Queen Street, Westminster, London, S.W.1, failing which the Treasury Solicitor may take steps to administer the estate.

SMITH, THOMAS FENWICK SMITH, late of 7 Brecon Road, Henleaze, Bristol, died at Bristol on 7th November, 1973. (Estate about £8,000.)

The widow and kin of the above-named are requested to apply to the Treasury Solicitor (B.V.), 35 Old Queen Street, Westminster, London, S.W.1, failing which the Treasury Solicitor may take steps to administer the estate.

BABY GRAND. Walberg. See Sales and Wanted.

KENSINGTON. — Two consulting rooms.—See Rentals.

SUMMER TUTOR/COMPANION.—London.—See Educational.

HOUSE/APARTMENT CLEANING. See Hom' Services.

CARPET Re-Exhibition.—Sapphire Carpets—See Sales & Wants.

A & O EXAMS, Oxbridge. See Marsden Tutor, under Services.

LEADING SCHOOL but want to do A or O Levels in one yr. See Hogarth Tutorials—Services.

LONG TERM parking agreement. See Sales and Wants.

HELP CONQUER CANCER with a Legacy. Legacies and Covenants in favour of the Cancer Research Campaign will support many worthwhile research projects. The campaign is the largest single supporter of research into all forms of cancer, including leukaemia in the U.K. Details from Dept. TXL, Cancer Research Campaign, Freepost London SW1Y 5YL.

ENGLISH for foreign executives—see Business to Business.

TO CUT CONFERENCE COSTS—see Business Services.

GARAGE, S.W.7.—See London and Suburban prop.

HAVERSTOCK HILL.—4 bed house—see London and Suburban.

MORTGAGES and remortgages—see Business to Business.

IMMIGRANTS. FINANCE for industry—see Business to Business.

WANTED, THE ENGLISH ASSOC. New office—see Comm. and Industl. offices.

LABELS, LABELS, LABELS, all styles—see Business Services.

COMING TO WIMBLEDON ? Visit Aziza Galerie.—See Art Exhibitions.

CONTACT NEEDS volunteer drivers to take out old people one Sunday afternoon a month.—01-230 0330.

ANOREXIA NERVOSA. — Compulsive fasting, stuffing. 748 4557.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

DON'T BURN YOUR BRIDGES !

If you can't find the right man to fill that engineering position try recruiting through The Times.

On 10th July, 1975

The Times presents another in its successful series entitled FOCUS ON ENGINEERING VACANCIES.

This special feature, highlighting all types of engineering vacancies is for one day only. Can you afford to miss it ?

To book your space, or for more details, ring

The Times Appointments Team

01-278 9161
or Manchester 061-834 1234.

WHAT ARE YOU DOING FOR LUNCH ON JULY 8th ?

Why not sell flags for us ? Please do.

Ring 01-935 0185 for details or send donations to:

BRITISH HEART FOUNDATION

Room TFD
57 Gloucester Place,
London, W.1.

ARCHAEOLOGY
HAUGHMOND ABBEY
SHROPSHIRE

The Department of the Environment requires Volunteers for excavation from 1st July to 1st-26th September, 1975.

Apply to J. J. West, Haughmond Excavation, Room 224, Fortress House, 23 Savile Row, London W1X 1AB.

CANCER RESEARCH

Please help the Imperial Cancer Research Fund in its fight against cancer. Your donation or in Memoriam will help us beat it nearer the day when cancer is defeated. Please send now to

THE IMPERIAL CANCER RESEARCH FUND,

Dept. 160D, P.O. Box 123,
Lincoln's Inn Fields,
London WC2A 3PX.

CATER FOR BUSINESSMEN.—If you can offer a service from Catering to Computers then sell it through The Times daily Business to Business Columns. Phone Sally Fountaine on 01-278 9351 or the Manchester Office 061-834 1234 for details on how to reach Directors, Managers and the whole business spectrum and cater for their needs.

ATMOSPHERIC country house required. We need a rather faded Mansion for 3 weeks television filming from 24th September to 10th October. Ideal house should be quiet within approx 100 miles of London. Georgian or early Victorian in style. Must contain 2 really large rooms. Useful if partly furnished in period. Interesting grounds.—Ring 01-743 1972 or 0537.

SCHOOL EXAMS. (See Oxbridge '75 under Services.) (Talbot Rice.)

12 RONDELS country house required. See Property Wanted.

STUDIO TO LET. See Small Business Premises.

CONFIDENTIAL couriers available. See Services.

WINE BAR MANAGER required by Lawrence Hanson. See Gen. Vacs.

EXCEPTIONAL JOB for graduate or university leaver.—See General Appointments Vacant.

SUMMER CRASH COURSES, French, German, etc.—See U.K. Hols.

ARTHRITIS AND RHEUMATISM—Does diet assist ? This is one of the topics discussed in the Summer edition of ARC magazine of the Arthritis and Rheumatism Council. Send 30p for one year's subscription (3 issues) to A.R.C., 5 Charing Cross Road, London WC2H 0HN.

MAY WE COME TO TEA ? Contact needs hostesses to have old people to tea Sunday afternoons. 01-240 0341.

FRENCH LADY, 36, seeks stay with English speaking family as paying guest, in large town, 7-28th September. Mrs. Bronnicky, 90 av. de Choisy, 75013 Paris.

WANTED—obsolete passenger liner with berths for up to 2,000 passengers. See Business to Business.

DON'T HORSES need holidays too ? The Home of Rest for Horses provides rest and recuperation for hard worked horses, roomy boxes, good grazing and 24 hour vet veterinary surgeon are part of the service which depends entirely on voluntary donations. Please send whatever you can: The Secretary, The Home of Rest for Horses, Speen Farm, Aylesbury, Bucks. Hampden Row 362.

REUNDANT ? — Do as I did.— See under Businesses for Sale.

RETIRED LAWYER, 70, healthy, wishes to live in socialist community, pleasant surroundings, permanent. Box 0140 S, The Times.

LOST, Terminal 3 Heathrow, Monday night, 30th June, small black address book containing addresses mainly for Middle East. Owner would be most grateful for its return. CCI-552 4101, Nassli Ltd., P.O. Box 27, Wednesbury, Staffs.

THRIVING BOOKSHOP for sale.—See Business to Business.

£385 PER ACRE. Small farm land. See Farms and Smallholdings.

OVERLOOKING THAMES.—Modern flat, 3 upper floors.—See London & Sub. props.

UNIROSE zero, one, seven, two, seven ; three, nine, zero, two for prize, charming and many other goodies.— Phone for new brochure.

ENGLISH language instructors N. Africa ; also after hols. See under Public and Educational.

NORTH YORKSHIRE is where ideal holidays keep repeating.

SCHOOLMASTER to teach French in Glos. See Pub. & Ed.

WHY NOT MOVE your business to pastoral Somerset and cut your costs. See Country Props.

TRAINEE CHEF.—No exp. necessary.—See Gen. Vacs.

YACHTS AND BOATS
CHARTER AND HIRE

70FT. 6 BERTH luxury cruiser with Paris U.K. and continental waterways. Darrell Lea, 121 Holland Pk. Ave. W11. 01-727 0117/8.

COWES, 1975. Dragon Charters have 3 motor yachts available for charter for the week, 6th July, 10 berths, 44ft sloop, 8 berths and 35 ft p.s., 6 berths for self-drive hire to suitably qualified persons. For further details and rates, Call Captain Arbuthnot, Bristol Channel Sails Repairers, Cardiff (02222) 54121, during normal working hours, Monday to Friday.

CLUB ANNOUNCEMENTS

HADLEY'S OF LONDON

Late night Restaurant that unashamedly brings back The Age of Gracious Living.

Four shows nightly
Gourmet Cordon Bleu menu
International cabaret twice nightly
Dine and Dance with The Hadley Girls
Open Sundays
Reservations : 629 8947
8 MILL STREET
(off Conduit Street)
LONDON, W.1.

TONIGHT THE GASLIGHT
A GENTLEMANS CLUB

For your personal pleasure and discreet entertaining. Good company—friendly service at sensible prices. No membership required for out of town or overseas visitors.

Tel: 930 1648.
4 Duke of York Street, S.W.1.

THE BRISTOL SUITE.—For a night to remember Gentlemen, all you have to do is go to 14 Bruton Place, Mayfair (off Berkeley Sq.), London W.1. P.S.—Our only entrance is beneath the Red canopy.

RESTAURANTS

TIDDY DOLS, 2 Hertford St., Mayfair, W.1. English fare, live entertainment, disco and historical setting. From £5.50 all inclusive. Tel.: 499 2367/8.

UK HOLIDAYS

AMBLESIDE PARK HOTEL
★★★ ★★★

This beautiful hotel, AA 3 star, stands in 40 acres of its own grounds. 100 yards Lake Windermere, of which it has a beautiful view. 50 yards from nearest road. Conference facilities for 500 (not opened). Vacancies all weeks of this summer. We invite you to telephone

Ambleside 2571

SANDWICH BAY.—Flat, facing sea, on exclusive private estate; sleeps 6; from July 15th to August 15th; £60 p.w.—Ring 239 1015, evenings.

CHILDREN'S Cosmopolitan holiday in Sussex Manor House. Ages 9-16. July 16th-August 14th.—Telephone inquiries Aberfeldy 618.

WEST SUSSEX.—Seaside holiday flat, sleeps 3-6. Close to sands. Sea.—The Warrent, East Wittering, Chichester. 0243 665152.

RADNOR, Nr. Presteigne. Secluded comfortable flat in private estate available now. Sleeps 4. £20-£30 p.w. Presteigne 396.

WESTMINSTER FLAT, 2 rooms, K/B. Sleep 2-4 from £30 p.w. Telephone 0273 55332.

LONDON (ROEHAMPTON).—Family house to let; July 19 for two weeks; fully equipped.—01-788 4602 (after 5 p.m.).

ENCHANTING Elizabethan cottage overlooking sleepy Suffolk green. Sleeps 6 from August on. £50 p.w. 01-933 9892.

WOOLSERY MANOR, nr. Bideford North Devon. Janet and Roy Hughes welcome you to their home. Large comfortable rooms, coc'tail bar, good food and wine. Bed, breakfast and evenings meals. Further details: Clovelly 366.

COUNTY CORK. To let for long or short periods, s/c. wing, house near Bandon close to sea. 1 sitting, kitchen, bathroom, 2 beds. Could sleep 6. Rent according to length of let. Burwash 882367 after 6 p.m.

WATER-SKIING WEEKENDS in Devon. Friendly mixed parties. Beginners welcome. Also parakiting and riding. Weekend Ski Club. 01-730 0351.

CENTRAL LONDON flat, 2 dble, 1 single bed. £35 p.w.; July 5-19. 727 4155.

EDINBURGH finely appointed Georgian top flat, 5 minutes Princes Street. Sleeps 4; available until 24th August. £65 p.w. Dunoon (0369) 4460.

THE LINKS Country Park Hotel and Golf Club, Rustington, West Sussex. Gracious living in a beautiful setting on North Norfolk Coast. Tel. West Ruston (026-375) 691.

CHARMING, Welsh Cottage, all amenities including T.V., deep freeze, etc. Sleeps 4/5. Balvicar 1476.

ALDEBURGH, Suffolk. Sea front Flat to let, sleeps 6, garage. Now until July 31. Aldeburgh 2066.

OFF THE BEATEN TRACK. In hills inland from Clovelly; good food, private bathrooms, heated outdoor pool; vacancies in July/August. Brochure from Mrs. Moorhead, Woolfordsworthy, Bideford, North Devon EX39 5RG. Tel. Clovelly 461.

NORFOLK.—Traditional country cottage in beautiful surroundings. T.V., fitted kitchens, linen, full central heating. Ideal for autumn holidays. Some vacancies July and after 30 August. 10p. stamp for colour brochure from Dept. 5, Norfolk Country Cottages, South Raynham, Fakenham, Norfolk.

NEW FOR 1975. Heated outdoor pool, petting farm, games room, choice of hotel rooms or furnished service flats, 4 miles inland from Clovelly. Brochure from: Moorhead Hotel, Woolfordsworthy, Bideford, North Devon EX39 5HG. Tel.: Clovelly 461.

FARMHOUSE in Perthshire hills offers warm hospitality. Bed, breakfast, dinner if required. Telephone Inchture 349 or Forfar 2595.

VACANCIES for permanent residents now available in the West Wing of Warnes Hotel in Worthing. Away from the bustle of the main hotel, but with full facilities, the West Wing is self contained and a delightful place to live. Ask Mr. Tilly for details. Warnes Hotel, Worthing. Tel. Worthing (09063) 35022.

SELF-CATERING holiday flats and B.B. at many centres during the summer months. University Holidays Ltd., Sudbury, Suffolk CO10 6ED. (078-75) 76280 (24 hr.).

ALBANY HOTEL, Barkston Gardens, S.W.5, welcomes you. Recently modernized. Nr. West London Air Terminal. 01-370 6211.

COTTAGES OR HOUSES in England (incl. London), Wales.—Dartmead Ltd., 143 Holland Pk. Ave., W11. 01-727 0047/8.

HIGHLAND CRUISES. Small parties cruising comfortably in sheltered waters weekly. July-October. Single/double cabins, £65 per person includes good food and wine. Apply: Motor Yacht Sarnia, C.11 Buccleuch Park, Inverness.

HOLIDAY LET, S. & E. Beautiful Suffolk manor house.—Haslemere 5107.

CORNWALL. Lovely moorland farm cottage, bed, breakfast & eve. meal. Good food. Hunt. Moss', Blisland, Bodmin 0208.

SUPER FAMILY HOUSE, near Rye, Sussex, tennis court, games room, 7 beds, 1st August, £100 per week.—828 3822.

COMPLETELY furnished country cottage on private estate. Sleeps 4. London 1 hour. Apply Lodge, Old Swallands, Penshurst, Kent. Tel. Penshurst 264.

CHARMING Cotswold Cottage, fully furnished. Sleeps 8 15 Bedrooms; available mid-July on. From £45 p.w.—Mrs. Hughes, Fincote House, Andoversford, Glos.

TUNBRIDGE WELLS. Holiday bedsitting rooms, comfortable, 211-215 Upper Grosvenor Rd. 35583.

PENTHOUSE, W.1.—4th July-26th Sept: £90 p.w.—See Rentals.

PEMBROKESHIRE.—Quiet, modern bungalow in St. David's; garage, garden, rear benches; sleeps 5; col; July 5th-19th; £30 p.w.—Lodge, Mill, 31577.

HISTORIC YORK. Pleasant, 18th-century house sleeps 8; large walled gdn., 26 July-16 Aug.; £85 p.w.—41 Clifton. 0904 53535.

DORSET.—Sturminster 3 miles, sea 20, secluded house, sleeps 8, available 2-30 Aug.—Shaftesbury 2085.

GWENT. Close to the Wye Valley, 5 miles from Severn Bridge.—A detached 2-bedroom Lodge to a small country estate, sleeps 4. Ideal centre for touring and exploring Wye Valley and Forest of Dean. Apply Estate Office, Llandevenny House, Caldicot, Gwent. Tel. Caldicot 420027.

WEST DORSET.—Nicely furnished farm Cottage, sleeps 5 miles, sleeps 5, unexpectedly available, August 31st to October 17th. Moderate rent to careful tenant. Minimum fortnight.—Wetherston Farm, Powerstock, Bridport. Telephone 211.

JULY 5th-19th.—CORNWALL, harbour-side cottage overlooking sea, sleeps 6. Phone Falmouth 42656.

LUXURIOUS, Cornwall. Super modernised farmhouse, sleeps 6. Delightful position. Secluded but convenient both roads. £30 p.w. Phone Stenalees 3251.

HOVE.—Seafront s/c flat, adjacent beach. Sleeps 6. Fully equipped, sun roof. £40 p.w. Brighton 771111.

JAGUAR
V.12
find an owner

JAGUAR V12 E Type, 2 x 2 convertible white and magnol. Must be Acorn condition. Telephone (not Fridays).

After being booked on our successful series plan (4 days with one day free) the advertiser received the right reply on the very first day and was able to cancel the rest of his series. If you wish to find or sell a car

Ring

us now on

01-837 3311

It could be your road to success. Let The Times help you.

"Why we raised £7,000 for the Royal Hospital"

by Mrs. Peggy Hackett

"The worst thing is the young car crash victim. Bang—and suddenly you can't move a limb, ever again. That must be dreadful and it could happen to any of us. I felt so sorry for a young girl at the Hospital: she was pretty, engaged and everything. Now she's incurable....

"The first time I went to the Royal Hospital I thought, my God, it's a barn of a place—I bet it costs a bit to heat. Then I realised that if you're spending your life in a wheelchair, you need a bit of space....

"It's not always possible to give money. But I think a lot of people might like to give home comforts. I wish the patients all had TVs in their rooms, and books and magazines are always helpful. If anyone gave us a car or a boat with an outboard, we could raffle it and raise some money....

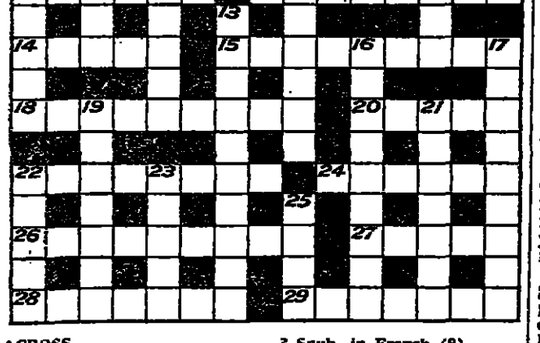
"They've just started building a new wing for the young patients, which is marvellous, because it can't be good for them to mix with the older ones. Of course, they had to build it on part of the lawn, but they even managed to sell the turf...."

Mrs. Peggy Hackett has served on the Surrey Committee to raise money for the Royal Hospital since 1959. Their latest achievement was to buy a "Possum" machine to enable one of our patients to "talk" on a typewriter.

Details of the RHH's work, its £600,000 imaginative plans for a New Wing for the Young Disabled and the John Howard House at Brighton, can be obtained from the address below. There are, now, 250 incurably handicapped people in our care, shortly increasing to nearly 500. Do write.

Appeals Secretary, Air Com. Rtnscn,
The Royal Hospital and Home for Incurables, West Hill, Putney, London SW15 3SW.

The Times Crossword Puzzle No 14,036



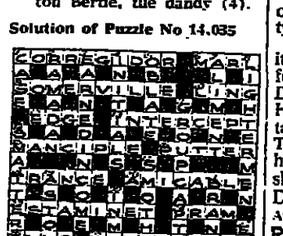
ACROSS

1 Where Jock keeps a half-portion of porridge ? Insane almost ! (7).
5 Age-old lay (7).
9 It's about a Tolkien treeman (5).
10 "The —— haunt of flies on summer eves" (Keats) (9).
11 No swank about this inventor (6).
12 Turning one's back on a job with a steam yacht (8).
14 Guerrilla leader in SE Asian country has African capital (5).
15 Doped with cool sort of liniment (9).
18 What kept Stock Exchange going before storm burst ? (9).
20 Free theatre tickets daily ? (5).
22 Like cake baked by domestic servant, say ? (4-4).
24 How to go without money, see, in a depression (6).
26 But 'e lives, oddly enough, in the hall (9).
27 Proverb, but not of Old Testament times (5).
28 Dismissal of senior officer, a cavalryman (7).
29 We have to number among us the Italian as somewhat useful (7).

DOWN

1 Provident society could ruin house cover ? (5, 4).
2 Most popular local time (7).
3 Saub, in French (9).
4 Egeria's pupil, a supporter of mine-workers (4).
5 Game barely lost (5, 5).
6 This is one of them made from 5 ac's 2 (5).
7 Hardly a suit, but led holding nothing over a jack (7).
8 Some Cyprus type in need of a rub-up (5).
13 An animated bird (6, 4).
16 A little eye work ? (9).
17 An acrobatic turn—one of Antonio's four ? (9).
19 So Miss Love gets involved with chemical diffusion (7).
21 Wisdom's proverbial supporters (7).
22 The cry of Caesar's revengeful spirit (5).
23 Scholar princess ? (5).
25 Home, we hear, of Burlington Bertie, the dandy (4).

Solution of Puzzle No 14,035



RHINE VALLEY HOLIDAYS by NATIONAL and EUROPABUS

In conjunction with PINGER Rhineland Holiday Hotels. £66 inclusive of travel from London. Spend a glorious week at Remagen in the heart of the fabulous wine region. Travel by National Express Coach from London (Victoria Coach Station) every Friday evening until October to arriving at the Hotel Pinger Saturday lunchtime for 7 nights with full board. Enjoy the many and varied delights of this area—visit Cologne and other fine towns—sample vintage wines—take excursions or just relax amid splendid Rhineland scenery. Leave Remagen the following Saturday arriving back in London Sunday morning.

Details from National Travel agents or National Travel (SE) Ltd., Victoria Coach Station, London SW1W 9TP. Tel. 01-730 0202.

MONEY SAVERS

NAIROBI, DAR ES SALAAM, LUSAKA, LAGOS, ENTEBBE, ACCRA, SINGAPORE, TOKYO, SYDNEY, AUCKLAND, ROME, SEYCHELLES, MAURITIUS, EUROPE.

Largest selection, lowest fares. Guaranteed scheduled departures

FLAMINGO TRAVEL
76 Shaftesbury Avenue, W.1
Tel. 01-437 7781/2
Open Saturday
Airline Agent

TRAVELAIR

INTERNATIONAL LOW COST TRAVEL

Immediate confirmations to East, West, South Africa, Australia, New Zealand, and the Far East. Late bookings a speciality. Contact:

TRAVELAIR
International Low Cost Travel
2nd Floor
40 Great Marlborough St.
London W1V 1DA
Tel 01-437 6016/7 or
01-439 7305/6
CAA ATOL 109D

ECONOMY

JO'BURG FROM £178 RETURN
AUSTRALIA FROM £198 ONE WAY
NEW YORK FROM £99
ATHENS FROM £57 RETURN
Many other worldwide destinations
JETBACK TRAVEL
155 Praed St., London, W.2.
Tel. 01-723 4287. Airline Agents.

FLY IT COSTS LESS FOR MORE !

Mauritius Seychelles, East, West and South Africa, North/South America, India, Pakistan, Australia, Japan, and destinations in Europe. Guaranteed departures.

Travel Centre (London),
2/3 Dover Chambers,
119 Oxford Street,
London W1R 1PA.
01-437 3059/9511/5788.
C.A.A. ATOL 213BC.

AUSTRALIA— NEW ZEALAND

Jet/ship from £198
Overland from £160
World wide flights available, e.g.
Sydney £189
Also Euro tours
NAI FLIGHT DECK
181 Earls Court Road, SW5
01-370 6437/8/9
(Airline Agents)

LONDON/NAIROBI.—Trans Africa expeditions dep. U.K. 20th Sept. and 10th Dec. 13 wks. via Europe, Sahara, Zaire/Sudan and Gaza Strip. Fully inc. £2600. London/Kathmandu. 25th Sept. and 10th Oct. Fully inc. £3500/£3355. Film shows Tues. evenings. Brochure: Dept. TX, Encounter Overland, 25 Battersea Bridge Rd., S.W.11. Tel. 223 2244 or 228 0496.

13TH JULY FOR A WEEK in Geneva £59 includes 1st flight and hostel accommodation in this beautiful city. We also have Shuttar and longer tours as application.—C.P.T., 828 5555. ATOL 309B.

MARBELLA. Scheduled flights plus free car plus villa for an incredible 1 week from £76 per person; 2 wks £96. Villa Holidays, 109/111 Baldwin's Lane, London, N.3. 01-349 0363. ATOL 273B.

ATHENS AND CRETE still available for July and August from £55. Also a few vacancies Corfu and Rhodes. CAA/AITA bonded. Tel. 01-727 7854/9433. Olympic Holidays. ATOL 341B.

INDIA OVERLAND via Middle East. Explore Jerusalem, Baghdad, etc.—For brochure: Capricorn Tours, 21 Ebury Bridge Rd., S.W.1. 01-730 0687.

CORSICA ALICANTE, MALAGA.—Weekly departures from £45 inclusive.—Chancery Travel Ltd. 01-581 3366.

GREECE ! ATHENS.—Still available certain dates July/Aug. Sept. Contact Eurocheck, 01-437 4614 (24hr Airline Agts). Bar hurry!

SAVE £30 + to Europe. Tours, scheduled flights daily. Heathrow T.T.L. 01-223 1578. ATOL 532B

INDIA. Indonesia, Australia, complete overland trip. Fare £198 to Kathmandu in 28 days. Call or write Asian Greyhounds